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STATEMENT

OF THE

PUBLIC ACCOUNTS

OF THE

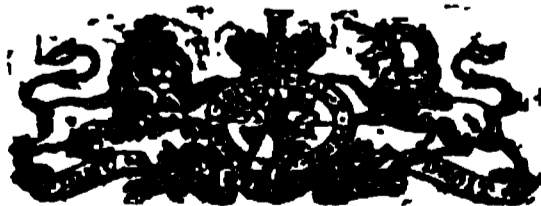
PROVINCE OF QUEBEC

FOR THE

FISCAL YEAR ENDED 30th JUNE

1879

Printed by order of the Legislature



QUEBEC:

PRINTED BY CHARLES FRANÇOIS LANGLOIS

PRINTER TO HER MOST EXCELLENT MAJESTY THE QUEEN

1879.



To the Honorable THÉODORE ROBITAILLE, Lieutenant-Governor of the Province of Quebec.

MAY IT PLEASE YOUR HONOR:

The undersigned has the honor to present to Your Honor the Public Accounts of the Province of Quebec, for the financial year ended 30th June, 1879.

Respectfully submitted,

J. G. ROBERTSON,

Treasurer, P. Q.

Quebec, 3rd December, 1879.

BOARD OF AUDIT,
26th November, 1879.

SIR,

I have the honor, on behalf of the Board of Audit, to submit to you the yearly Statement of the Public Accounts for the year ended 30th June, 1879.

I have the honor to be,

Sir,

Your obedient servant,

GASPARD DROLET,

Chairman.

The Honorable J. G. ROBERTSON,
Treasurer of Province.

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STATEMENT OF THE PUBLIC ACCOUNTS
OF THE
PROVINCE OF QUEBEC
1879

No. 1.

The Honorable Treasurer, in Account with the Province of Quebec, for the fiscal year ended 30th June, 1879.

—		1
1878.		
June 30.....	To Balance in Bank.	
1879.		
June 30.....	To total receipts per	
June 30.....		
To Balance brought		
Ordinary deposits: a		
statement No. 2.....		
Special Funds		
Consolidated Railway		
		\$ 836,995 12

TREASURY DEPARTMENT,
Quebec, 30th June, 1879.

H. T. MACHIN, Assistant-Treasurer.
GASPARD DROLET, Provincial Auditor.

bec, from all sources, during the fiscal year ended 30th June 1879.

PAYMENTS.	\$	cts.	\$	cts.	\$	cts.
Debt :						
Interest on three loans	465,059	69				
Interest on temporary loans	95,594	76				
			560,654	45		
Charges of management			5,759	82		
Sinking Fund			160,682	75		
					727,097	02
Legislation :						
Legislative Council			36,000	00		
Legislative Assembly			93,859	87		
Expenses of elections			15,130	93		
Library of the Legislature			3,000	00		
Clerk of the Crown in Chancery			800	00		
Printing, binding and distributing the laws			2,011	76		
Law Clerk			2,333	32		
					153,135	88
Government :						
Salaries of Public Departments			113,923	39		
Contingencies of do			42,520	00		
Inspectors of public offices			1,266	67		
					157,710	06
Administration of Justice :						
Sheriffs, old districts	17,175	74				
Prothonotaries and Clerks of Circuit	} Law Fee Fund.					
Courts, Crown and Peace		123,100	87			
Court of Appeals		7,401	00			
				147,677	61	
Building and Jury Fund				80	00	
Criminal Prosecutions		8,945	28			
Sheriffs' Contingent Expenses		193,013	14			
Prothonotaries do		2,097	97			
Prisoners, Salaries and Contingencies		21,873	74			
Salaries of the Clerks, Crown and Peace, New Districts ..		2,802	33			
Interpreters to Courts		1,100	00			
High Constables		280	00			
Physicians to gaols.		2,151	04			
District Magistrates		14,497	66			
Miscellaneous		5,271	23			
				252,032	39	
Police :					399,790	00
Police offices, Quebec and Montreal					14,450	26
Prisons :						
Montreal			52,597	69		
Sherbrooke			4,402	31		
					57,000	00
Inspection :						
Salaries and travelling expenses					2,723	95
Education :						
Superior Education, proper		71,000	00			
Superior Education, High Schools, Quebec and Montreal ..		2,470	00			
Superior Education, Compensation to Roman Catholic						
Institutions for grant to high schools		4,940	00			
				78,410	00	
Common Schools				155,000	00	
Schools in poor municipalities				8,000	00	
Normal Schools				46,000	00	
Carried over				287,410	00	1,511,907 17

No. 2.—

STATEMENT of the Receipts and Payments of the Province of

RECEIPTS.	\$	cts.	\$	cts.	\$	cts.
Brought forward.....			1,931,652	71	251,074	05
Legislation :						
Sale of Statutes.....	121	30				
Fees on private bills.....	118	71				
Printing private bills in statutes.....	7	67				
Expenses of Elections, amounts forfeited.....	400	00				
			647	68		
Quebec "Official Gazette".....			35,977	47		
Public Works and Buildings Revenue, rents.....			1,052	50		
Miscellaneous generally (Municipal Code).....			19	94		
Casual Revenue.....			1,016	99		
Interest :						
From Consolidated Railway Fund Deposits.....	1,109	60				
Provincial Bonds.....	6,250	00				
Special Deposits.....	3,876	10				
Quebec City Corporation on note and judgments.....	4,283	15				
Common School Collections by Ontario.....	25,000	00				
Beauport Lunatic Asylum Proprietors, on Loan made to them.....	3,000	00				
St. Jean de Dieu Asylum Proprietors, on Loan made to them.....	3,600	00				
			47,118	85		
Refunds :						
Civil Government						
Judicial Deposits; salaries..	\$1,404	16				
" " contingencies.....	\$200	00				
Accountant of contingencies.	3	77	203	77		
			\$1,607	93		
Legislation :						
Expenses of elections, from E. S. Orr..	\$	4	00			
Legislative Assembly, from Accountant.....	890	55				
Legislative Council, from Clerk of same.....	3,191	75				
Law Clerk, from same on his contingencies.....	187	58				
			\$4,273	88		
Administration of Justice :						
From Judicial Deposits; Auditor's salary and contingencies.....	675	10				
Prison Inspection :						
From D. Tassé, on travelling expenses.....	40	78				
Quebec "Official Gazette" :						
From Queen's Printer.....	45	54				
Public Instruction :						
Amount recovered from A Ste. Marie defaulter.	549	05				
Stamps, Licenses, &c., :						
From J. Savary.....	35	00				
Public Works and Buildings :						
From L. Bergevin, on Rents, &c., of Public Buildings.....	1	20				
Surveys :						
From Crown Lands Department.....	3,600	28				
Carried over.....	\$10,837	76	2,017,486	14	251,074	05

Continued.

Quebec, from all sources, during the fiscal year ended 30th June, 1879.

PAYMENTS.	\$	cts.	\$	cts.	\$	cts.
Brought forward.....			287,410	00	1,511,907	17
Salaries of School Inspectors.....			28,625	00		
Books for prizes.....			6,500	00		
Journals of Public Instruction.....			4,000	00		
Superannuated Teachers.....			8,000	00		
Schools for the Deaf and Dumb.....			12,000	00		
Depository of books, maps, &c.....			6,500	00		
					353,035	00
Special Protestant Superior Education Fund :						
School of Arts and Sciences.....					7	56
Literary and Scientific Institutions :						
Sundry Institutions as detailed in statement No. 7.....			7,680	00		
School of Navigation, Quebec.....			1,000	00		
					8,680	00
Arts and Manufactures :						
Board of Arts and Manufactures.....					10,000	00
Agriculture :						
Agricultural Societies.....			48,527	92		
Council of Agriculture.....			4,000	00		
Agricultural Schools.....			3,200	00		
Journal of Agriculture.....			2,476	40		
Provincial Exhibition of 1877.....			1,882	62		
Provincial Horticultural and Pomological Exhibition.....			1,000	00		
Veterinary Schools.....			3,000	00		
					64,087	03
Immigration and Repatriation :						
Immigration.....			13,685	25		
Repatriation.....			1,114	75		
					14,800	00
Colonization :						
Colonization roads, first class.....			32,000	00		
do do second class.....			6,000	00		
Aid towards the establishment of beet root manufactures.....			439	10		
					38,439	10
Public Works and Buildings :						
Rents, Insurances, Repairs, &c., of Public Buildings, generally.....			38,323	90		
Inspections and Surveys.....			1,450	87		
Public Departments, construction of.....			114,000	00		
Transportation of Crystal Palace, Montreal ..			3,750	00		
Ste. Ann's (Bacon's) Bridge.....			800	00		
Demolition of Jesuits' Barracks.....			1,000	00		
New Jacques-Cartier Normal School, Montreal.....			22,538	14		
Insurances of Court Houses and Gaols.....		1,486	76			
Rents do do		3,488	06			
Repairs do do		2,981	06			
Quebec Gaol, heating apparatus.....		250	00			
			8,205	88		
					190,068	79
Charities :						
Beauport Lunatic Asylum.....	134,071	90				
St. Jean de Dieu Lunatic Asylum, Hochelaga.....	72,680	83				
St. Ferdinand Lunatic Asylum, Halifax, Megantic	3,790	01				
			210,542	74		
Carried over.....			210,542	74	2,191,024	65

Continued.

Quebec, from all sources, during the fiscal year ended 30th June, 1879.

PAYMENTS.	\$	cts.	\$	cts.	\$	cts.
Brought forward.....			210,542	74	2,191,024	65
Belmont Retreat Inebriate Asylum, Quebec.....			700	00		
Marine and Emigrant Hospital, Quebec..			2,666	67		
Lying-in Hospital, care of the Ladies of the Good Shepherd, Quebec.....			2,013	33		
Miscellaneous			41,770	00		
Reformatory Schools.....	5,914	83				
Industrial Schools.....	7,621	89				
			13,536	72		
Miscellaneous generally					271,229	46
					27,209	04
Pension Fund :						
Government's contribution under the Law					1,981	39
Seed Grain Loan, 36 Vict., Cap 2, interest to 1st May, 1879..					7,700	97
Municipalities Fund, C. S. L. C., Cap 10.....					744	00
Registration Service through Crown Lands Department.....			57,934	32		
Surveys do			20,779	90		
General expenditure do			74,039	69		
					152,753	91
Quebec " Official Gazette ".....					16,631	81
Stamps, Licenses, &c					6,392	10
Marriage Licenses, distribution through the Council of Public Instruction					6,426	00
Payments by Revenue Officers out of collections made by them :						
Building and Jury Fund.....			11,558	28		
Licenses.....			17,957	17		
					29,515	45
					2,711,608	83
Pension Fund : amount of pensions paid.....					4,371	61
Payments to Railways, see end of statement No. 7.....					2,715,980	44
					2,303,749	06
					5,019,729	50
Repayment of Temporary Loans to Bank of Montreal, Consolidated Railway Fund			1,450,000	00		
Repayment of Temporary Loan to City and District Savings Bank, Montreal, Consolidated Railway Fund.....			500,000	00		
Repayment of amount received from Insurances for Mile End and Ste. Thérèse Stations, Consolidated Railway Fund Special.....			3,600	00	1,953,600	00
Carried over.....					\$ 6,973,329	50

No. 2.—

STATEMENT of the Receipts and Payments of the Province of

RECEIPTS.	\$	cts.	\$	cts.	\$	cts.
Brought forward.....			7,338,639	11	251,074	05
Quebec, Montreal, Ottawa and Occidental Railway, Revenue account Western Division :						
From traffic, &c , from 12th November, 1878 to 30th June, 1879.....	132,783	75				
From construction account, being payments for same made from traffic revenue.....	40,138	21				
			172,921	96		
			7,511,561	07		
Consolidated Revenue Fund :						
For this amount paid 21st January, 1872, to the Richelieu, Drummond and Arthabaska Railway Company. now reimbursed out of the Consolidated Railway Fund.			79,515	00	7,591,076	07
					\$7,842,150	12
To Balance on hand.....					\$636,988	12
Bank of Montreal.....	\$285,323	29				
Merchants' Bank of Canada.....	293,679	50				
Bank of St. Johns.....	10,000	00				
La Banque Nationale.....	7,129	56				
Mechanics Bank notes on hand.....	365	00				
	\$596,497	35				
Bank of Montreal, Pension Fund.....	19,218	23				
Banque Nationale, Sup. Ed. Sp. Fund.....	11,374	28				
	\$627,089	86				
Bank of Montreal, Consolidated Railway Fund	9,898	26				
	\$636,988	12				

H. T. MACHIN,
Assistant-Treasurer, P. Q.

Continued.

Quebec, from all sources, during the fiscal year ended 30th June, 1879.

PAYMENTS.	\$	cts.	\$	cts.	\$	cts.
Brought forward.....					6,973,329	50
Quebec, Montreal, Ottawa and Occidental Railway, Revenue on account Western Division, amount to pay salaries, traffic expenses, &c					141,979	27
					7,115,308	77
Consolidated Railway Fund : Repayment to Consolidated Revenue Fund of this amount, part of payment made 21st January, 1872, to the Richelieu, Drummond and Arthabaska Railway Company					79,515	00
Add : Warrants outstanding 30th June, 1878.....					7,194,823	77
					41,598	97
					7,236,422	74
Deduct : Warrants outstanding 30th June, 1879, viz : Ordinary.....			11,644	02		
Q. M. O. & O. R. R. Revenue Acc. Western.....			19,616	72		
					31,260	74
					7,205,162	00
Balance.....					636,988	12
					\$7,842,150	12

TREASURY DEPARTMENT,
Quebec, 30th June, 1879.

GASPARD DROLET,
Provincial Auditor.

Account near June, '9.	Excess of Expen- ditures over Receipts.	Balance due	Balance due	Net Total.	Cash received and deposited in Bank.	BALANCES.	
		by Inspectors 30th June, 1878.	to Inspectors 30 June, 1878.			Due to Inspec- tors 30th June, 1879.	Due by Inspec- tors 30th June, 1879.
cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
1 16	47 37	.....	758 53	570 00	.....	188 53
10 47	137 95	.....	668 42	384 00	.....	284 42
2 94	52 00	.....	4,404 94	4,354 85	.....	50 09
2 18	165 29	.....	2,917 47	1,978 63	.....	938 84
7 12	51 74	.....	308 86	298 14	.....	10 72
5 11	6 89	68 22	.....	.....	68 22
9 02	88 48	.....	297 50	158 22	.....	139 28
7 15	344 50	.....	4,421 65	3,829 65	.....	592 00
7 13	437 56	.....	3,174 69	2,465 08	.....	719 61
2 94	117 00	.....	399 94	418 53	18 59	.....
6 94	48 98	.....	125 92	83 51	.....	42 41
3 13	1 79	.....	464 92	396 79	.....	68 13
4 35	1,800 20	.....	128,164 55	126,690 91	.....	1,463 64
5 30	719 88	.....	4,505 18	3,984 12	.....	521 06
2 69	236 38	.....	1,699 07	1,327 00	.....	372 07
5 95	1,090 81	.....	27,156 76	24,565 15	.....	2,591 61
8 12	439 19	.....	3,427 31	3,248 93	.....	178 38
7 95	172 04	.....	429 99	249 62	.....	180 37
.....	20 85	79 57	.....	58 72	14 80	.....	43 92
0 40	503 31	.....	5,473 71	5,050 00	.....	423 71
17 33	4,905 78	.....	9,953 11	9,142 46	.....	810 65
2 54	1,139 62	.....	2,032 16	1,519 75	.....	512 41
5 43	35 48	.....	2,360 91	2,361 91	1 00	.....
2 38	2,811 64	.....	5,314 02	2,813 53	.....	2,500 49
7 73	20 85	15,416 56	6 89	208,576 55	195,895 58	19 59	12,700 56

T. MACHIN,

Assistant-Treasurer, P. Q.

No. 5.—Continued.

STATEMENT of the total receipts through the Crown Lands Department, on account of Territorial Revenue, Special Funds and Suspense Accounts, for the fiscal year ended 30th June, 1879.

SOURCES OF REVENUE.		\$	cts.	\$	cts.	\$	cts.
<i>Woods and Forests.</i>							
Brought forward.....				271,776	51	46,277	79
Amount collected in Bonaventure Territory by L. J. Riopel.....					3,385	92	
do Gaspé.....			709	79			
do do.....			1,411	56			
J. O. Tremblay.....				2,127	33		
do Lake St. John do.....				20,121	96		
do Saguenay do.....			14,026	91			
do do do.....			37	50			
do McLean Stewart.....				14,064	41		
do L. Z. Rousseau.....				3,419	96	314,880	09
<i>Crown Domain.</i>							
Amount of collections during the year.....						6,749	39
<i>Seignior of Lauson.</i>							
Amount of collections during the year.....						7,368	46
<i>Registration Service.</i>							
Amount of collections during the year.....						156	32
Total Territorial Revenue.....							375,321 06

<i>Special Funds.</i>				
Municipalities Fund (Clergy Lands)	Principal.....	3,448 19		
	Interest.....	979 73	4,427 91	
Superior Education Fund	Jesuits' Estates.....	17,020 64		
	do Income Fund	16,909 49	33,930 13	
Special Funds.....				38,358 04
<i>Suspense Accounts.</i>				
Amount received on Land Deposits.....				4,874 56
				<u>\$418,553 65</u>

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TREASURY DEPARTMENT,

Quebec, 30th June, 1879.

H. T. MACHIN,

Assistant-Treasurer.

GASPARD DROLET,

Provincial Auditor.

No. 6.

STATEMENT of the Casual Revenue of the Province of Quebec, for the fiscal year ended 30th June, 1879.

FROM WHOM RECEIVED.	DETAILS.	\$	cts.	\$	cts.
Félix Fortier.....	Clerk Executive Council, for copies of official documents				5 00
Honorable D. A. Ross.....	Attorney-General, from R. N. Hall, Sherbrooke, on bail-bond re the Queen vs. Geo. H. Covey.....				500 00
H. Q. de St. George.....	Registrar, fee on registration of bond.....		2 00		
J. Stevens.....	do do		2 00		
P. E. Duval.....	do do		2 00		
G. H. Dufresne.....	do do		2 00		
L. N. Carrier.....	do do		2 00		
L. A. Blondin.....	do do		2 00		
George Sylvain.....	Crown Lands Agent do		2 09		
C. Patton.....	do do		2 00		
J. C. Pelletier.....	Prothonotary do		2 00		
F. T. Hall.....	do do		2 00		
A. Quesnel.....	Sheriff do		2 00		
F. A. Sirois.....	do do		2 00		
W. M. Sheppard.....	do do		2 00		26 09
Provincial Secretary.....	Fees received in his office for :				
	Fees on certificates of authentication of documents.....		46 00		
	do letters-patent.....		110 00		

Deputy Provincial Registrar.....	Fees received in his office for :		273 90
	do commissions.....		
	do passports.....		7 00
	do permits for transfer of Notarial minutes.....		25 00
			463 90
	Registering four notaries' commissions at \$5.....		20 00
			\$1,014 99

TREASURY DEPARTMENT,
Quebec, 30th June, 1879.

H. T. MACHIN,
Assistant-Treasurer.

GASPARD DROLET,
Provincial Auditor.

No. 7.

GENERAL STATEMENT of the Expenditure made by the Provincial Treasurer, on account of the Province of Quebec, during the fiscal year ended 30th June, 1879.

TO WHOM PAID.	SERVICE.	\$	cts.	\$	cts.	\$	cts.
	PUBLIC DEBT.						
	INTEREST ON PUBLIC DEBT.						
Bank of Montreal.....	For 6 months' interest to 1st Nov., 1878, on £768,000 stg., balance of 1st loan						
Union Bank of Lower Canada.....	For 6 months' interest to 1st May, 1879, on £768,000 stg.....						
Bank of Montreal.....	For 6 months' interest to 1st Nov., 1878, on £842,800 stg., balance of 2nd loan						
Union Bank of Lower Canada.....	For 6 months' interest to 1st May, 1879, on £842,800 stg.....						
Bank of Montreal.....	For 6 months' interest to 1st May, 1879, on \$3,000,000, 3rd loan.....						
	(Temporary Loans.)						
Bank of Montreal.....	For interest on \$ 500,000 to date of repayment.....						
do	do 1,250,000 do						
do	do 100,000 do						
do	do 100,000 do						
City and District Savings Bank, Montreal.....	do 500,000 do						
	Charges of management.						
Bank of Montreal.....	For commissions on Coupons, Stamps, &c., on 1st and 2nd loans.....						
Union Bank of Lower Canada.....	do do						
Bank of Montreal.....	do do on 3rd loan.....						

Sinking Fund.					
Bank of Montreal.....	For twelve months on 1st loan.....			77,599 99	160,682 75
do	On account of twelve months on 2nd loan.....			77,093 34	
Union Bank of Lower Canada.....	Balance of do			5,989 42	
					727,097 02
LEGISLATION.					
EXPENSES OF THE LEGISLATURE.					
Legislative Council.					
G. B. de Boucherville	Clerk of the House,	Twelve months' salary to 30th June, 1879		2,000 00	36,000 00
P. Legaré	1st Asst. do and French Translator,	do do		1,600 00	
Thos. W. Lloyd	2nd Asst. do and English do	do do		1,600 00	
J. A. Jodoin	Clerk of offices, &c.,	do do		1,400 00	
N. Legendre	Clerk of French Journals,	do do		1,400 00	
N. Faucher	Clerk of special Committees,	do do		1,400 00	
S. S. Hatt	Gentleman Usher of the Black Rod,	do do		1,200 00	
L. E. Frenette.....	Copying Clerk,	do do		1,000 00	
Thos. E. Roy.....	Sergeant-at-Arms,	do do		700 00	
F. X. Brault.....	Chief messenger,	do do		800 00	
F. Blais	Messenger,	do do		600 00	
M. F. Drouin	do	do do		450 00	
E. Papillon	do	do do		450 00	
Thél. Chartier.....	do	do do		450 00	
				18,050 00	36,000 00
G. B. de Boucherville	Amount disbursed for expenses of the House to 30th June, 1879.....	\$17,758 25		20,950 00	
do	do unexpended of warrants issued	3,191 75			
Legislative Assembly.					
Hon. Arthur Turcotte.....	Speaker,	Twelve months' salary, to 30th June, 1879, at \$2,000		1,999 92	727,097 02
G. M. Moir	Clerk of the House,	do do to 31st May, 1879, at \$2,000		1,833 26	
Louis-Beaubien	do	do do to 30th June, 1879, at \$1,800		150 00	
Et. Simard	Asst. do	do do		1,600 00	
G. LaRoque.....	Sergeant-at-Arms,	do do		1,600 00	
L. Siméonau.....	Accountant,	do do		1,450 00	
A. L. Dymers	Chief office Clerk,	do do to 31st Jan., 1879, at \$1,300		758 31	
do	do	do do to 30th June, 1879, at \$1,400		583 37	
Thos. Pringle	Writing Clerk,	do do		700 00	
J. J. Duggan	do	do do to 30th Nov., 1878, at \$800		333 30	
do	do	do do to 30th June, 1879, at \$800		533 33	
Carried over.....				11,541 49		727,097 02
					36,000 00

Legislation.—Continued.

TO WHOM PAID.	SERVICE.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
	Brought forward.....	11,541 49	36,000 00	727,097 02
	EXPENSES OF THE LEGISLATURE.—Continued.			
	Legislative Assembly.—Continued.			
J. L. Blanchet.....	Clerk of Routine & Records, Twelve months' salary to 30th June, 1879	900 00		
C. P. Lindsay.....	Clerk of Committees, do do	1,400 00		
Ed Demers	1st Asst. do do \$1,000	999 96		
C. J. Pettigrew.....	3rd Asst. do 7 mo's, 21 days do to 21st Feb., 1779, at \$900	578 00		
C. G. Delagrave	do do Six months' do to 30th June, 1879, at \$900	450 00		
Ed. Lemoine.....	Clerk of Private Bills, Twelve do do	1,400 00		
Ed. S. Belleau	Asst. do do do	900 00		
Crawford Lindsay.....	English Translator, do do	1,400 00		
P. J. Curran.....	Asst. do do	1,200 00		
A. N. Montpetit	French Translator, do do	1,400 00		
Buteau Turcotte.....	Asst. do do	1,200 00		
B. Marquette.....	Translator of Votes and Proceedings, do do	1,200 00		
O. C. de la Chevrotière.....	Clerk of French Journals, do do	1,400 00		
Louis Fortier.....	Asst. do Four to 31st Oct., 1878, at \$900	300 00		
do	do do Eight to 30th June, 1879, at \$1,100	733 32		
Paul E. Smith.....	Clerk of English Journals, Twelve do	1,400 00		
Jos. Whyddon.....	Asst. do do	900 00		
L. P. Lemay.....	Librarian, do do	1,600 00		
Z. Duhamel.....	Postmaster, do do	700 00		
F. X. Gagnon	Asst. do do	600 00		
Ol. Robitaille.....	Chief Messenger, do do	900 00		
Alf. Pellecier.....	Messenger, do do	600 00		
Ed. Littlejohn.....	do do	500 00		
Siméon Gagné.....	do do	500 00		
Jos. Trudelle.....	do do	500 00		
Jacques Morin.....	do do	500 00		
Et. Gauvreau.....	do do	500 00		
Eug. Balzarette.....	do do	500 00		
Robert Angers.....	do do	500 00		
Remi Quirouet.....	do Three do	125 00		
		37,327 77		

Commission for internal economy of the Legislative Assembly.....	Amount disbursed for expenses of the House to 30th June, 1879	do unexpended of warrants issued			
do	do	do	56,532 10	93,859 87	
	<i>Expenses of Elections.</i>				
R. Dickinson.....	For services, &c., as Returning Officer, Bedford, for elections of 1875 & 1876.....		140 00		
M. J. A. Poisson.....	do Drummond & Arthabaska, for general elections of 1878. \$937 93				
Thomas Barron.....	do Argenteuil, do ... 617 38				
J. C. Bachand.....	do Bagot, do ... 536 49				
H. S. Foster	do Brome, do ... 392 57				
P. E. Hurteau.....	do Chambly, do ... 427 10				
E. Riufret	do Champlain, do ... 612 01				
O. Bossé	do Chicoutimi, balance do ... 75 62				
P. H. Cimon	do Charlevoix, do ... 571 83				
A. M. Gagnier.....	do Chateauguay, do ... 383 05				
J. E. Rouleau	do Dorchester, do ... 499 21				
L. W. Sicotte	do J.-Cartier, balance do ... 58 20				
C. G. Beaudoin.....	do Joliette, do ... 550 73				
H. Garon	do Kamouraska, do ... 523 11				
Louis Bégin.....	do Lévis, balance do ... 43 35				
Arsène Michaud	do L'Islet, do ... 469 55				
W. H. Lambly	do Mégantic, do ... 622 38				
R. Dickinson.....	do Missisquoi, balance do ... 16 00				
J. E. Beaupré.....	do Montcalm, do ... 429 97				
J. D. Lépine	do Montmagny, do ... 341 66				
J. G. Papineau.....	do Montreal W., balancedo ... 333 00				
J. A. Blondin.....	do Nicolet, do ... 692 50				
E. Bouchard	do Napierville, balance do ... 5 68				
G. T. Rinfret.....	do Portneuf, balance do ... 39 80				
C. P. Cleveland	do Richmond & Wolfe, do ... 746 00				
H. E. Poulin.....	do Rouville, do ... 540 75				
Jos. Lefebvre	do Shefford, do ... 693 77				
L. H. Masson.....	do Soulanges, do ... 400 44				
W. A. Marchand	do St. Jean, do ... 362 78				
Elie Mailloux	do Temiscouata, do ... 637 78				
L. de G. Lachaine.....	do Terrebonne, do ... 543 81				
L. M. Blondin.....	do Yamaska, do ... 287 99				
S. J. Chalifour	do as extra clerk in office of Clerk of Crown in Chancery. ... 80 00				
Lépine & Darveau.....	stationery, &c., for do do 76 10				
	services, &c., as Returning Officer, Rouville, for election of 1879.....		13,548 54		
H. E. Poulin	do St. Hyacinthe, do		667 32		
J. Nault	Chief of City Police, Quebec, for expenses of force sent to St. Hyacinthe, in connection with election in June, 1879.....		670 27		
Capt. Heigham			104 80	15,130 93	
	Carried over.....		.....	144,990 80	727,097 02

Legislation.—Continued.—Civil Government.

TO WHOM PAID.	SERVICE.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
	Brought forward		144,990 80	727,097 02
	EXPENSES OF THE LEGISLATURE.—Continued.			
	Parliamentary Library.			
Commission for internal economy of the Legislative Assembly.....	For the purchase of Books, &c.....		3,000 00	
	Clerk of the Crown in Chancery.			
22 L. H. Huot.....	Clerk of the Crown in Chancery, for salary and contingencies of office to 30th June, 1879.....		800 00	
	Law Clerk			
A. T. Marsan	Law Clerk, Two months' salary to 31st August, 1878, at \$2,000.....	333 32		
C. A. Pariseault	Asst. do Two do 1,200.....	200 00		
do	Law Clerk, Ten do 30th June, 1879, 1,200.....	1,000 00		
Jos. Roy	Messenger, Twelve do	400 00		
	Law Clerk, to meet contingencies of office.....	1,933 32		
C. A. Pariseault.....		400 00	2,333 32	
	Printing, Binding and Distributing the Laws.			
C. F. Langlois.....	Queen's Printer, to pay for printing and binding the Laws in English, balance of 41 Vic	350 86		
do	do do last session.....	719 76		
do	do do in French do	903 94		
do	do postages and insurance.....	37 20		
	Total Legislation.....		2,011 76	153,135 88

CIVIL GOVERNMENT.

DEPARTMENTAL SALARIES.

Lieutenant-Governor's Office.

Pred. E. Gauthier.....	Private Secretary and A. D. C., Twelve months' salary to 30th June, 1879.....	1,600 33
Geo. Workman.....	do do ,	650 00

Executive Council Department.

Félix Fortier.....	Clerk of Ex. Council,	One month's salary to 31st July, 1878, at \$2,400...	200 00
do	do	Eleven do 30th June, 1879,	1,833 34
Gustave Grenier	Clerk,	One do 31st July, 1878,	104 16
do	do	Eleven do 30th June, 1879,	1,100 00
Olivier Vallée.....	Messenger,	One do 31st July, 1878,	50 00
do	do	Eleven do 30th June, 1879,	527 09
Wilbrod Dubé.....	do & house-keeper,	One do 31st July, 1878,	50 00
do	do	Eleven do 30th June, 1879,	527 09

Provincial Secretary's Department.

Provincial Secretary,	Nine months' salary to 31st March, 1879, at \$3,000...	
Hon. F. G. Marchand	Three	2,250 00
Hon. A. Chauveau	do	750 00
P. J. Jolicœur	do	200 00
do	do	1,833 34
G. W. Colfer	do	1,200 00
O. F. Campeau	do	87 50
do	do	916 67
T. T. Nesbitt	do	87 50
do	do	916 67
J. O. Laurin	do	79 16
do	do	825 00
E. J. Duchesnay	do	79 16
do	do	825 00
Thos. Normandin	do	70 83
do	do	733 34
James McNichols	do	546 67
Paul Blouin	do	60 00
do	do	527 09
Frs. Forget	do	42 91
do	do	435 42

Carried over.

Civil Government.—Continued.

TO WHOM PAID.	SERVICE.	\$	cts.	\$	cts.	\$	cts.
	Brought forward.....					19,098	27
	DEPARTMENTAL SALARIES.—Continued.						880,232 90
	Provincial Registrar's Department.						
J. B. Meilleur.....	Dept. Prov. Registrar, Six months salary to 31st December, 1878, at \$1,600		800 00				
Jean Langelier.....	do Salary from 28th Dec., 1878, to 30th June, 1879, 1,200		613 04				
Amable Bélanger.....	One months salary to 31st July, 1878, 1,310		109 16				
do	Six do 31st Jan'y, 1879, 1,260		630 00				
Etienne Poitras.....	One do 31st July, 1878, 850		70 83				
do	Eleven do 30th June, 1879, 800		733 34				
Herménégilde Roy.....	Six do 30th June, 1879, 800		400 00				
Jean Labrecque.....	One do 31st July, 1878, 600		50 00				
do	Eleven do 30th June, 1879, 575		527 09				
	Crown Law Department					3,933	46
Hon. D. A. Ross.....	Twelve months salary to 30th June, 1879.....		3,000 00				
Hon. A. Chauveau.....	Nine do 31st Mch, 1879, at \$3,000		2,250 00				
Hon. H. Mercier.....	Two do 30th June, 1879, 3,000		500 00				
Jos. A. Defoy.....	One do 31st July, 1878, 2,400		200 00				
do	Eleven do 30th June, 1879, 2,000		1,833 33				
Gustave Ouimet.....	Twelve do do		1,000 00				
Walton Smith.....	Four do 31st Jan'y, 1879, at \$1,600		533 33				
Isaie Véronneau.....	Twelve do 30th June, 1879.....		575 00				
	Treasury Department.					9,891	66
Hon. P. Bachand.....	Five months salary to 30th Nov., 1878, at \$3,000		1,250 00				
Hon. F. Langelier.....	Three do 30th June, 1879, 3,000		750 00				
Gaspard Drolet.....	One do 31st July, 1878, 2,400		200 00				
do	Eleven do 30th June, 1879, 2,000		1,833 34				
H. T. Machin.....	One do 31st July, 1878, 2,400		200 00				
do	Eleven do 30th June, 1879, 2,000		1,833 34				
H. Hemming.....	Twelve do do		1,600 00				
Frank D. Tims.....	do do		1,600 00				

N. A. Giard.....	Clerk,	do	do	31st July, 1878, at \$1,234	1,600 00		
T. R. Nelson.....	Judicial Deposits Clerk,	One	do	30th June, 1879, 1,200	104 16		
S. H. Holt.....	Clerk,	Eleven	do	31st July, 1878, 1,050	1,100 00		
do	do	One	do	30th June, 1879, 1,000	87 50		
Jos. Marmette.....	do	Eleven	do	31st July, 1878, 1,250	916 67		
do	do	One	do	30th June, 1879, 1,200	104 16		
Jas. T. Harrower.....	do	Eleven	do	31st July, 1878, 1,200	1,100 00		
do	Arrears of salary	do	do	30th June, 1879, 1,200	54 16		
do	Twelve months salary	do	do	30th June, 1879, 1,200	1,000 00		
Arthur Evanturel.....	do	Arrears of salary	do	30th June, 1879, 1,200	54 16		
do	do	Twelve months salary	do	30th June, 1879, 1,200	1,000 00		
T. A. Poston.....	do	One	do	31st July, 1878, at \$850	70 83		
do	do	Eleven	do	30th June, 1879, 800	733 34		
T. C. Waugh.....	Clerk,	One	months salary to 31st July 1878, at \$850	70 83			
do	do	Eleven	do	30th June 1879, at 800	733 34		
C. J. Burroughs.....	do	Six	do	do	450 00		
Henry Hughes.....	Messenger & Hse Keeper, One	do	do	31st July 1878, at 600	50 00		
do	do	Eleven	do	30th June 1879, at 575	527 09		
Geo. Trudel.....	Messenger,	One	do	31st July 1878, at 600	50 00		
do	do	Eleven	do	30th June 1879, at 575	527 09		
Crown Lands Department.					19,600 01		
Hon. F. Langelier.....	Commissioner,	Nine	months salary to 31st March 1879, at 3,000	2,250 00			
Hon. F. G. Marchand.....	do	Three	do	30th June 1879, at do	750 00		
E. E. Taché.....	Asst. do	One	do	31st July 1878, at 2,400	200 00		
do	do	Eleven	do	30th June 1879, at 2,000	1,833 34		
E. T. Fletcher.....	Surveyor & Draftsman,	Twelve	do	do	1,600 00		
G. G. Dunlevie.....	do	do	do	do	1,600 00		
Jules Taché.....	do	do	do	do	1,100 00		
P. M. Genest.....	do	do	do	do	900 00		
C. E. Gauvin.....	do	do	do	do	900 00		
F. Chassé.....	Clerk,	One	do	31st July 1878, at 1,350	112 50		
do	do	Eleven	do	30th June 1879, at 1,300	1,191 67		
T. Morkill.....	do	One	do	31st July 1878, at 1,450	120 83		
do	do	Eleven	do	30th June 1879, at 1,400	1,283 34		
J. V. Gale.....	Accountant,	Twelve	do	do	1,800 00		
J. E. Lepage.....	Clerk,	One	do	31st July 1878, at 950	79 16		
do	do	Eleven	do	30th June 1879, at 900	825 00		
Alf. Paré.....	Woods & Forests, Supt.,	One	do	31st July 1878, at 1,450	120 83		
do	do	Eleven	do	30th June 1879, at 1,400	1,233 34		
Victor Derome.....	do	One	do	31st July 1878, at 950	79 16		
do	do	Eleven	do	30th June 1879, at 900	825 00		
T. P. Morin.....	do	Twelve	do	do	600 00		
W. E. Collins.....	Land sales, W. Section,	One	do	31st July 1878, at 1,450	120 83		
do	do	Eleven	do	30th June 1879, at 1,600	1,466 66		
Carried over.....,y.....					21,041 66	52,523 40	880,232 90

A. C. Gaultbault.....	Registrar,	One	do	31st July	1878, at	1,050	87 50
do	do	Eleven	do	30th June	1879, at	1,000	916 67
Alphonse Turgeon.....	Clerk,	One	do	31st July	1878, at	850	70 83
do	do	Eleven	do	30th June	1879, at	800	733 34
E. A. Barnard.....	Director of Agriculture,	Twelve	do	do			1,000 00
J. B. Sirois.....	Messenger,	One	do	31st July	1878, at	600	50 00
do	do	Eleven	do	30th June	1879, at	575	527 09
P. Archambault.....	do	One	do	31st July	1878, at	600	50 00
do	do	Eleven	do	30th June	1879, at	575	527 09
16,508 35							
Public Instruction Department.							
Hon. G. Ouimet.....	Superintendent,	Twelve months salary to 30th June		1879, at			4,000 00
L. Giard.....	Secretary,	One	do	31st July	1878, at	2,400	200 00
do	do	Eleven	do	30th June	1879, at	2,000	2,016 67
H. H. Miles.....	Asst. do	Twelve	do	do			1,600 00
Oscar Dunn.....	French Cor. Clerk & Asst.	do	do	do			1,200 00
L. Devisme.....	Edit. French Journal,	do	do	do			104 16
do	Asst.	One.	do	31st July	1878, at	1,250	1,100 00
G. W. Colfer.....	do	Eleven	do	30th June	1879, at	1,200	400 00
J. H. Richardson	Asst. Edit. Eng. Journal, Twelve	do	do	do			104 16
do	Clerk of Acc. & Statistics, One	do	do	31st July	1878, at	1,250	16 66
do	do	Arrears for July 1878.					1,283 34
L. Lefebvre.....	do	Eleven months salary to 30th June		1879, at		1,400	70 83
do	Asst.	One	do	31st July	1878, at	850	733 34
do	do	Eleven	do	30th June	1879, at	800	400 00
L. J. Pr�gen.....	Clerk,	Six	do	do		800	59 16
P. Pr�vost.....	Store-Keeper,	One	do	31st July	1878, at	710	605 00
do	do	Eleven	do	30th June	1879, at	660	47 08
David Bitner.....	Messenger,	One	do	31st July	1878, at	565	481 25
do	do	Eleven	do	30th June	1879, at	525	40 83
Albert Dor�.....	do	One	do	31st July	1878, at	490	412 50
do	do	Eleven	do	30th June	1879, at	450	
14,874 98							
Inspectors of Public Offices.							
Didace Tass�	Inspector,	Three months salary to 30th Sept.		1878, at		1,200	300 00
Walton Smith.....	do	Three	do	do		do	300 00
do	do	Five	do	30th June	1879, at	1,600	666 67
Pension Fund.....	Amount over paid in June 1879.....						1,266 67
							10 00
	Total Departmental salaries.....						115,190 06
	Carried over.....						115,190 06
							880,232 90

Civil Government.—Continued.

TO WHOM PAID.	SERVICE.	\$	cts.	\$	cts.	\$	cts.
	Brought forward.....			115,190	06	880,232	90
DEPARTMENTAL CONTINGENCIES.							
Lieutenant Governor's Office.							
George Workman.....	For postage, postage stamps, cartage &c.....		51 74				
Louis Gagnon.....	carriage hire.....		181 00				
Sundry Persons.....	subscriptions and advertising in sundry news papers.....		135 53				
Fred. E. Gautier.....	cab hire, telegrams, books, postage, &c.....		140 53				
John Hood & Co.....	European Art & Picturesque World.....		18 00				
Horatio Wyse.....	engraving and printing.....		14 00				
William Welch.....	carriage hire.....		272 75				
Jean Amyot.....	do		24 00				
Do	telegraphing		41 80				
Jeremiah Murray.....	carriage hire.....		45 75				
Montreal Telegraph Co.....	telegraphing.....		51 20				
André Montr. uil.....	carriage hire.....		6 00				
Patrick Cole.....	do		2 25				
L'Abbé L. A. Provancher.....	Naturaliste Canadien and Annales de la Bonne Ste. Anne.....		2 35				
Edouard Cantin.....	carriage hire.....		8 00				
Thomas Andrews.....	a paper box, japanning and lettering same.....		3 40				
Lyon & Paterson.....	pens.....		8 00				
Louis Alnérus.....	framing pictures.....		7 50				
P. G. Delisle.....	printing		5 25				
Charles Hough.....	carriage hire.....		98 00				
J. O. Pilteau.....	books and Foyer Domestique.....		13 35				
M L. Crémazie.....	stationery.....		4 10				
Jos. McBride.....	cab hire.....		14 00				
Jos. E. Lemieux.....	Canadian Hansard.....		16 00				
Lovell printing & publishing Co....	Leggo's Hist. of the administration of Earl of Dufferin in Canada.....		3 00				
Fred. E. Gautier.....	travelling expenses.....		63 51				
Arthur Gautier.....	carriage hire &c, while acting as Private Secretary.....		21 30				
Siméon Marotte.....	advertising and printing, &c.....		13 84				
Marc. Lessard.....	carriage hire.....		2 00				
Anaclet Bélanger.....	frames		2 50				
Olivier Montreuil.....	carriage hire.		11 95				

Civil Government.—Continued.

TO WHOM PAID.	SERVICE.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
	Brought forward.....	2,457 61	2,199 26	115,190 06	880,232 90
	DEPARTMENTAL CONTINGENCIES.—Continued.				
	Provincial Secretary's Department.—Continued.				
Zéphirin Chartré.....	For supplies and repairs.....	69 82			
Joseph Blouin.....	salary as laborer.....	220 00			
Emérence Roy.....	do as charwoman.....	182 50			
P. A. Tremblay.....	printing.....	679 05			
Ferdinand Trudel.....	carriage hire.....	2 23			
Dominion Telegraph Company.....	telegraphing.....	24 79			
Montréal Telegraph Company.....	do.....	194 30			
J. O. Filteau.....	books and Foyer Domestique.....	11 60			
John J. Foote.....	advertising and printing.....	70 28			
L'abbé L. Provancher.....	Naturaliste Cadadien.....	4 00			
Quebec Gas Company.....	Gas.....	36 08			
J. B. C. Hébert.....	a book.....	3 00			
H. Beaupré.....	books.....	2 00			
M. L. Crémazie.....	stationery.....	3 27			
R. Carswell.....	a book.....	8 00			
Thomas L. Wilson.....	do.....	5 50			
William C. Seaton.....	a working model of the fore part of a ship.....	86 00			
H. Jacobs.....	pens.....	10 00			
Wid. Robert Smyth.....	salary as charwoman, at School of Navigation.....	21 75			
W. S. Noad.....	a book.....	4 50			
Jos. Davenport.....	do.....	3 50			
F. X. Garant.....	pens.....	6 00			
P. A. Tremblay.....	stationery.....	27 82			
G. A. Lafrance.....	binding.....	57 50			
Jos. E. Lemieux.....	Canadian Hansard.....	14 00			
Jas. T. Paterson.....	a book.....	3 00			
H. Alphonse Turgeon.....	copying.....	4 00			
Lovell Printing and Publishing Co.	a book.....	3 00			
M. L. Crémazie.....	postage stamps.....	26 00			
Jos. Hamel & Frères.....	carpeting.....	4 55			
A. Côté & Co.....	stationery.....	5 00			
Léger Brousseau.....	do.....	14 90			

Civil Government.—Continued.

TO WHOM PAID.	SERVICE.	\$	cts.	\$	cts.	\$	cts.
	Brought forward.....					115,100 06	00,832 90
	DEPARTMENTAL CONTINGENTS.—Continued.						
	Provincial Registrar's Department.—Continued.						
V. Bélanger & Co.....	For hardware.....		13 55				
Quebec Post Office.....	rent of box.....		1 50				
G. H. Cherrier.....	a Directory.....		3 00				
	Crown Law Department.				2,630 00		
C. H. E. Cherrier.....	For Directories.....		6 00				
Sundry Persons	subscription to sundry newspapers.....		250 50				
Dominion Telegraph Co.....	telegraphing.....		39 47				
Montreal Telegraph Co.....	do.....		279 95				
Quebec Post Office.....	postage.....		129 24				
Hon. Alex. Chauveau.....	travelling expenses.....		152 00				
L. W. Sicotte.....	cadastral plans and books of the subdivisions of the Parish of Montreal.....		91 00				
M. L. Crémazie.....	postage stamps.....		42 00				
W. H. LaRoche.....	ice.....		5 00				
John Lovell	Law Books and L. G. Jarist.....		52 75				
J. O. Filteau.....	Payer Domestique.....		4 00				
Hon. D. A. Ross.....	.....		24 00				
R. Carawell.....	.....		7 00				
A. B. Cherrier.....	.....		4 00				
Jos. A. Defoy.....	.....		50 00				
Veuve Siméon Bilodeau.....	.....		120 00				
Téléphore Lemieux.....	framing a map of the Province of Quebec.....		3 00				
H. Jacobs.....	pens.....		15 00				
Louis Forland.....	a desk.....		20 00				
Jos. E. Lemieux.....	Canadian Harnard.....		14 00				
Gustave Ouimet.....	extra work.....		100 00				
Lovell Printing and Publishing Co.....	a book.....		3 00				
Paul Wiillard.....	services as Stenographer.....		20 94				
M. Miller & Son.....	stationery.....		31 21				
M. Boiteau.....	carriage hire.....		1 50				

Alfred Morissette	do	do	274 00
do	do Clerk	do	88 00
K. A. Sutton	do	do	616 00
James J. Gahan	do	do	604 00
G. J. Andette	do	do	670 00
J. M. Turcot	do	do	670 00
C. A. Parant	do	do	670 00
Joseph Caron	contingent expenses of office.	do	269 18
Edmond Poitevin	services as night guardian &c.....	do	390 00
Dominion Telegraph Co.....	telegraphing	do	44 01
Montreal Telegraph Co.....	do	do	103 29
A. Côté & Co.....	printing.....	do	180 00
James Carrel	do	do	55 50
George T. Cary	do	do	122 20
P. A. Tremblay	do and blank books.....	do	115 50
J. V. Gale	disbursements.....	do	70 61
J. Giroux	binding.....	do	56 45
Siméon Marcotte	printing and stationery.....	do	361 10
Quebec Gas Company.....	gas.....	do	21 64
Louis Guérard	office furniture and repairs	do	87 65
David Lyon	pens.....	do	36 00
City Distr. Telegrap Co.....	rent of box.....	do	16 00
John Musson & Co	ice.....	do	10 00
F. X. Genest	salary as Extra Clerk.....	do	368 00
J. P. Dery	stationery	do	15 05
Léonard Lefebvre	materials and repairs.....	do	19 02
Thomas L. Wilson	a book.....	do	5 50
Burland Desbarats L. & P. Co.....	printing.....	do	71 00
W. S. Noad	a book.....	do	4 50
M. Miller & Son	blank books and stationery.....	do	713 00
Jos. E. Lemieux	Canadian Hansard.....	do	14 00
Lovell printg. and publishg Co.....	a book.....	do	3 00
C. E. Holwell	stationery.....	do	47 50
Lépine & Darveau	do	do	16 70
Pierre Isidore Bazin	joiner's work.....	do	73 81
Pierre Miller	Miller's timber reckoner	do	15 00
J. N. Proulx	translating.....	do	35 00
G. A. Lafrance	binding.....	do	242 85
Bélanger & Co	hardware.....	do	34 80
L'Abbé	La Revue de Montréal.....	do	3 00
Le	printing	do	8 55
Thoma	materials and work.....	do	27 28
G. G.	translating	do	5 00
Thoma	glassware and crockery.....	do	20 10
Gave	matting.....	do	26 86
Carried over.....			7,916 10
			16,941 95
			115,190 06
			880,232 90

J. A. Langlais.....	stationery.....	756 13			
Sundry P. & M. ns.....	subscriptions to and advertising in sundry newspapers.....	302 99			
James Carrel.....	printing.....	39 50			
Dawson & Co.....	stationery, &c.....	132 35			
L'Abbe L. Provancher.....	salary as asst. editor of the Journal of Agriculture.....	25 00			
Ernest Gagnon.....	contingent expenses of office.....	269 48			
Octave Guisset.....	salary as chemist.....	649 70			
Alphonse d'Eschambault.....	do Extra Clerk.....	730 00			
Vve Prisque Vésina.....	do charwoman.....	173 75			
Vve J. B. Peltier.....	do for taking care of office.....	189 51			
F. X. Gagnon.....	postage stamps.....	538 00			
P. A. Tremblay.....	printing.....	7 00			
J. B. C. Hébert.....	salary as Extra Clerk.....	670 00			
Dominion Telegraph Co.....	telegraphing.....	49 84			
Montreal Telegraph Co.....	do.....	214 98			
L'Abbé L. Provancher.....	Naturaliste Canadien.....	2 00			
Louis Normandin.....	telegraph account at Boucherville.....	20 89			
J. M. Mackay.....	books.....	6 00			
L. W. Sicotte.....	12 copies cadastral plans and books of the subdivision of Parish of Montreal.....	240 00			
J. Vernier.....	Chemicals.....	19 75			
Thomas Décoteau.....	travelling expenses as game keeper.....	32 00			
J. O. Filteau.....	Foyer Domestique.....	4 00			
Co John Musson & Co.....	ice.....	5 00			
I. P. Déry.....	stationery.....	58 35			
M. L. Crémazie.....	do.....	4 40			
W. D. Campbell.....	notarial deeds and services.....	20 00			
John J. Foote.....	advertising and printing.....	100 00			
H. Jacobs.....	pens.....	15 00			
Laframboise & Co.....	printing.....	4 00			
H. Alphonse Turgzon.....	extra work.....	68 00			
A. C. Guilbault.....	do.....	68 00			
C. C. Stewart & Co.....	a date stamp.....	3 00			
Jos. E. Lemieux.....	Canadian Hansard.....	7 00			
J.-B. Rolland & Fils.....	stationery.....	11 95			
John Hood & Co.....	a book.....	22 00			
Wyse & Co.....	engraving.....	22 50			
Paul Wiallard.....	services as stenographer.....	13 80			
Siméon Leage.....	books, freight, &c.....	33 58			
Montreal Horticultural Society.....	publishing their report 1877-78 in pamphlet form.....	200 00			
Siméon Marcotte.....	printing.....	128 70			
Prosper Verret.....	1 box toilet soap.....	1 50			
J. M. Tardivel.....	artists' materials.....	49 70			
Dawson Brothers.....	sundries.....	31			
Dominion of Canada Plumbago Co.....	pencils.....	108 00			
	Carried over.....	7,116 16	25,341 23	115,190 06	880,232 90

Civil Government.—Continued.

TO WHOM PAID.	SERVICE.	\$	cts.	\$	cts.	\$	cts.
	Brought forward.....	7,116	16	25,341	23	115,190	06
	DEPARTMENTAL CONTINGENCIES.—Continued.					880,232	90
	<i>Agriculture and Public Works Department.</i> —Continued.						
Ed. A. Barnard.....	For travelling expenses.....		85 00				
Joseph Pichette.....	freight on goods returned from Paris Exhibition.....		113 54				
Thomas Andrews.....	rules, penknives, &c.....		11 65				
Charles P. Davidson.....	costs and fees re Cunningham and Leggatt.....		65 99				
J.-B. Shorey.....	Brook's deodorising powder.....		12 00				
P. G. Délisle.....	printing.....		4 00				
Zéphirin Duhamel.....	postage stamps.....		85 00				
Tessier & Delage.....	Notarial Deeds and copies.....		12 00				
L'Abbé Ths. A. Chandonnet.....	La Revue de Montreal.....		3 00				
F. O. Vallerand.....	coal oil.....		1 50				
Grand Trunk Railway	freight on goods returned from Paris Exhibition.....		35 39				
Institut Canadien de Québec.....	1000 copies of a pamphlet, intitled : "Concours d'Élo- quence sur l'Agriculture ".....		150 00				
Lévy & Bouchard.....	stationery.....		8 90				
A. Côté & Co.....	printing.....		19 85				
Cie. d'Imprimerie Canadienne.....	2009 copies Landry's Traité Populaire d'Agriculture, Théorique et Pratique.....		752 75				
J.-B. Derome.....	purchase of Mathematical Instruments.....		58 65				
do	express charges and freight.....		25 23				
J. E. Oliver.....	kindling wood.....		10 00				
Prudent Roussel.....	soap, candles, &c.....		9 20				
Sampson & Co	mounting Surveyor's Instrument		15 00				
M. Miller & Son.....	stationery.....		88 10				
H. A. A. Brault.....	Notarial Agreement and copy.....		5 00				
Alphonse Bourassa.....	freight, &c.....		12 63				
J.-B. Gosselin.....	salary as Extra Clerk		42 00				
J. L. A. Bélanger.....	feather duster, twine, &c.....		5 80				
Thos. W. Ritchie.....	consultation re Mr. Contant, contractor for female prison.....		10 00				
Arthur Ruies.....	salary as extra clerk.....		31 00				
H. B. Bigney & Co.....	Tuttle's History of Canada.....		8 75				
G. H. Cherrier.....	Directories.....		42 00				
Ed. H. Nesbitt	disbursements.....		25 01				

Charles Lionais.....	services and disbursements connected with exploration for phosphate on Lake St. John Road.....	54 75	9,000 00			
Michaelo Regalli.....	repairs in statuary, &c.....	10 00				
Octave Culasel.....	pamphlets on Beet root sugar	5 00				
Canadian Express Co.....	charges on a case of sugar beet seed.....	12 50				
Louis Perrault & Co.....	stationery.....	52 65				
Department of Public Instruction.						
C. Boucher Richard.....	For indexing books, &c.....	34 50				
Louis Giard.....	salary as Catholic Secretary of Council of Public Instruction.	216 66				
Hon. Gédéon Ouimet.....	travelling expenses.....	371 00				
Aug. Juneau.....	book binding.....	17 85				
C. H. E. Cherrier.....	Directories.....	14 00				
Joseph Tassé.....	a book.....	6 00				
J. A. Langlois.....	books and stationery.....	292 57				
Dawson & Co.....	do do	50 60				
Sundry persons.....	subscription to newspapers.....	127 20				
Louis Jos. Prégen.....	salary as extra clerk.....	368 00				
Zéphirin Chartré.....	office supplies and repairs.....	160 39				
Alphonse Drouin.....	specimen of writing.....	15 00				
Joseph Blouin.....	salary as laborer.....	220 00				
Henry H. Miles.....	salary as Protestant Secretary of Council of Public Instruction.....	200 00				
do	travelling expenses.....	134 42				
J. T. Paterson.....	books.....	13 00				
Télesphore Lemieux.....	binding.....	719 37				
Léger Brousseau.....	postage stamps.....	645 00				
Pierre Prévost.....	expenses for packing and transporting prize books to School Inspectors.....	35 69				
Albert Doré.....	postage stamps.....	31 06				
Paul Blouin.....	salary as office keeper.....	100 00				
Dominion Telegraph Co.....	telegraphing.....	1 76				
Montreal Telegraph Co.....	do	41 81				
J. M. MacKay.....	bill holders.....	80 00				
Rev. Paul Nicolas.....	a complete series of Les Missions Catholiques, including year 1878	23 20				
J. O. Filteau.....	Foyer Domestique, books and pamphlets.....	45 65				
M. L. Crémazie.....	postage stamps.....	6 00				
Horace Tétu.....	books.....	2 35				
G. A. Lafrance.....	binding.....	4 00				
Louis Giard.....	travelling expenses.....	8 00				
Quebec Gas Co.....	gas, &c.....	68 16				
L. W. Sicotte.....	cadastral plans and books of the subdivision of parish of Montreal.....	60 00				
Carried over.....		4,112 24	34,341 23	115,190 06	886,232 60	

Civil Government.—Continued.

TO WHOM PAID.	SERVICE.	\$	cts.	\$	cts.	\$	cts.
	Brought forward.....	4,112	24	34,341	23	115,190	06
	DEPARTMENTAL CONTINGENCIES.—Continued.					880,232	90
	Department of Public Instruction.—Continued.						
College of Ottawa.....	For subs. towards improvements on museum and physical cabinet		20 00				
David Lyon.....	pens.....		4 50				
Oscar Dunn.....	carriage hire.....		4 00				
City District Telegraph Co.....	rent of box.....		16 00				
Hon. Judge C. Dunkin.....	attendance at 2 meetings of Pr. Committee of Council of Pub. Instruction		45 00				
Hon. Judge C. D. Day.....	attendance at 2 meetings of Pr. Committee of Council of Pub. Instruction		25 35				
J. W. Dawson M. D.....	attendance at 3 meetings of Pr. Committee of Council of Pub. Instruction		43 00				
R. W. Heneker	attendance at 5 meetings of Pr. Committee of Council of Pub. Instruction		83 50				
Hon Jas. Ferrier.....	attendance at 2 meetings of Pr. Committee of Council of Pub. Instruction		27 00				
W. W. Lynch.....	attendance at 1 meeting of Pr. Committee of Council of Pub. Instruction		20 00				
A. Cameron.....	attendance at 2 meetings of Pr. Committee of Council of Pub. Instruction		54 00				
Amédée Frénette.....	copying		20 00				
John Lovell.....	L. C. Jurist		4 00				
P. Poulin.....	repairing clocks		6 00				
Thomas L. Wilson.....	a book.....		11 00				
M. L. Crémazie.....	an Inkstand		1 75				
Mgr. L. F. Lafèche.....	attendance 2 meetings of Council of Public Instruction.....		6 50				
Mgr. Ed. Chs. Fabre.....	do 2 do		30 00				
Mgr. Dominique Racine.....	do 2 do		32 00				
Hon. P. J. O. Chauveau.....	do 2 do		35 00				
Mgr. J. Thomas Duhamel.....	do 2 do		75 00				
M. L. Z. Moreau.....	do 2 do		49 50				
Mgr. Antoine Racine.....	do 2 do		30 00				
Mgr Jean Langevin.....	do 2 do		31 00				

P. S. Murphy.....	do	2	do	.....	47 50
Hon. Thomas Ryan.....	do	1	do	.....	20 00
Louis Jos. Prégen.....	preparing statistical statements				22 00
H. Jacobs	pens.....				20 00
W. S. Noad.....	a book.....				4 50
Oscar Dunn	1,000 copies Manuel de Dessin Industriel on account.....				400 00
Quebec Book Depository.....	Books, maps &c.....				489 11
Rev. M. M. Fothergill.....	travelling expenses.....				17 35
Théophile Jansenne.....	copying				22 00
Jos. E. Lemieux.....	Canadian Hansard.....				13 00
Lovell printg. & Publishg. Co.....	books & L. C. Jurist				26 75
Bossange & Gardner	books				18 96
Oscar Dunn.....	travelling expenses				20 00
Bolton McGrath.....	freight and Postage				16 35
C. E. Holiwell	stationery.....				28 75
M. Mathieu	La Revue Légale & Extra Numbers.....				11 25
Samuel Boivin.....	postage				13 00
Jos. Hamel & Frères.....	carpeting &c.....				43 96
Provl. Assoc. of Pr. Teachers	a grant for year 1877-78.....				50 00
H. H. Miles.....	Office petty disbursements.....				6 71
Blumhart & Co.....	stationery & blank books.....				140 14
J. B. Prince.....	services as Bailiff				11 85
J. J. Foote	printing				133 50
Louis Nap. Servais	books.....				47 00
C. Charette	services as Bailiff.				2 00
Aug. Gay.....	freight & postage.....				12 00
P. F. Béland.....	do				3 50
Bossange & Gardner.....	disbursements in connection with Paris Exhibition.....				28 75
L. P. Vallée	Souvenir Album du Saguenay				2 00
Léger Brousseau.....	printing				401 96
Ferdinand Trudel.....	carriage hire.....				6 00
L'Abbé T. A. Chandonnet.....	La Revue de Montréal				4 50
Chs. Jones.....	freight and custom house entry.....				21 68
A. Côté & Co	printing.....				350 16
L. E. Frevette.....	salary as extra clerk.....				336 00
J. B. Shorey.....	Brook's deodorizing powder.....				6 00
Phoenix fire Insurance Co.....	premium of Insurance on Library and Furniture.....				66 05
C. J. Hutton.....	books.....				113 70
Wyse & Co.....	engraving.....				3 50
Léon Arel	ice				4 00
I. P. Déry.....	1 ebony roller.....				1 25
Chs. R. Tuttle.....	1 copy of Royalty in Canada.....				1 50
Roy & Co.....	set of shelves (Etagère).....				5 75
L'Abbé L. A. Provencher.....	Naturaliste Canadien.....				2 00
Alfred Rochon.....	on account of costs re School Commissioners of Aylmer.				20 00
Carried over.....					7,802 32
					34,341 23
					115,190 06
					880,232 90

Civil Government.—Continued.—Administration of Justice.

TO WHOM PAID.	SERVICE.	\$	cts.	\$	cts.	\$	cts.
	Brought forward.....	7,802	32	34,341	23	115,190	06
	DEPARTMENTAL CONTINGENCIES.—Continued.						
	Department of Public Instruction.—Continued.						
James Paterson.....	For binding.....	10	00				
Hon. L. A. Jetté	attendance at 1 meeting of Council of Public Instruction.....	18	00				
E. P. Mohr.....	pens.....	2	25				
Augustin Raymond.....	bottles red ink	1	20				
Hon. L. R. Church.....	attendance at 1 meeting of Protestant Committee of Council of Public Instruction.....	27	00				
J. B. Rolland.....	books.....	5	75				
Siméon Marcotte.....	printing	10	00				
Arthur Lavigne	a music book.....	3	50				
Ministre de l'Agriculture.....	registration of geographical maps.....	4	00				
William Hill	services, as accountant.....	7	50				
H. B. Bigney & Co.....	books.....	8	75				
G. H. Cherrier.....	Directories.....	20	00				
Eusèbe Sénécal	printing.....	75	00				
Citizen's Insurance Guarantee Co...	premium on J. H. Richardson's Insurance	20	00				
Oscar Dunn.....	services and disbursements connected with investigation at Beaumont.	26	90				
Albert Doré.....	petty office expenses.....	57	83	8,100	00		
	Civil Service Board.			42,441	23		
Félix Fortier.....	To pay salary and contingencies of Board.....			75	00		
	Amount unexpended of warrants issued.....			42,516	23		
	Total for Departmental Contingencies.....			3	77		
	Total for Civil Government.....					42,520	00
							157,710 06

ADMINISTRATION OF JUSTICE.						
LAW FEE FUND.						
Sheriff's salaries.						
Hon. P. J. O. Chauveau.....	Sheriff, Montreal, Salaries of Office for 12 months to 30th June, 1879,	\$8,441 66				
Hon. C. Allyn.....	do Quebec, do 11 do 31st May, 1879,	5,774 98				
G. F. Bowen.....	do St. Francis, do 12 do 31st Mch, 1879,	1,900 00				
L. M. Coutlée.....	do Ottawa, do 9 do 21st Dec., 1878,	750 00				
M. Sheppard.....	do Bonaventure, Salary from 1st April to 12th Nov., 1878,	309 10				
			17,175 74			
Prothonotaries and Clerks of Circuit Courts, Crown and Peace.						
Hubert, Honey & Gendron.....	Prothonotary, &c., Montreal, Salaries and contingencies of Office to 30th June, 1879,	\$63,852 85				
Fiset, Burroughs & Campbell.....	do do Quebec, do do	33,694 10				
P. E. Panneton, Dep.....	do do Three Rivers, do fr. 1st April to 17th June, 1878,	1,338 02				
Short & Morris.....	do do St. Francis, do 31st May, 1879,	6,276 60				
C. E. Schiller.....	Clerk of the Crown, Montreal, do 30th Sept., 1878,	641 90				
Schiller & Bréhaut.....	do do do 30th June, 1879,	2,307 90				
W. E. Duggan.....	do do Quebec, do do	1,549 93				
C. E. Schiller.....	Clerk of the Peace, Montreal, do 30th Sept., 1878,	1,100 38				
Schiller & Bréhaut.....	do do do 30th June, 1879,	4,567 52				
D. Murray.....	do do Quebec, do do	4,833 85				
L. U. A. Genest.....	do do Three Rivers, do 31st Mch., 1879,	2,537 82				
Jos. T. Paradis.....	Crier of Courts. Kamouraska, 12 month salary, 30th June, 1879,	300 00				
Ed. Borne.....	Clerk of Circuit Court, Magdalen Islands, 12 months salary to 4th Feb., 1879,	100 00				
			123,100 87			
L. W. Marchand.....	Clerk Court of Appeals, Montreal, salaries and contingencies of office to 30th June, 1879		7,401 00		147,677 61	
T. J. Taschereau.....	Sheriff, Beauce, to pay Petty Jurors.....				80 00	
	Building and Jury Fund.					
	Criminal Prosecutions,					
J. Dunbar.....	For services rendered as Crown Counsel during the year ended 30th June, 1879,		1,368 50			
F. X. Lemieux.....	do do do		699 40			
W. Prévost.....	do do do		186 00			
L. P. Chaloult.....	do do do		100 00			
	Carried over.....		2,353 90		147,757 61	1,037,642 96

F. A. Sirois.....	do	Kamouraska,	do	.....	1,050 00
J. D. Lépine.....	do	Montmagny,	do	.....	1,400 00
Hon. P. J. O. Chauveau.....	do	Montreal.	do	.....	68,703 31
Rev. Ladies of G. Shepherd.....	For gaol for females, Montreal	do	do	.....	12,769 63
L. M. Coutlée.....	Sheriff, Ottawa,	do	do	.....	6 50 00
Hon. C. Alley.....	do	Quebec,	do	.....	34,335 20
P. Guévremont.....	do	Richelieu,	do	.....	4,350 22
J. A. Rouleau, ex.....	do	Rimouski,	do	.....	900 00
C. F. Lapointe.....	do	do	do	.....	3,550 00
do	do	do	to pay amounts due by late Sheriffs Fournier & Rouleau	.....	4,347 44
P. H. Cimon.....	do	Saguenay,	for contingencies of office for year ended 30th June 1879...	.....	1,600 00
L. Taché.....	do	St. Hyacinthe,	do	.....	1,648 27
G. F. Bowen.....	do	St. Francis,	do	.....	7,752 22
Z. Rousaille.....	do	Terrebonne,	do	.....	7,429 06
S. Dumoulin.....	do	Three Rivers,	do	.....	7,983 11
Jérémie Levasseur.....	For his accounts connected with contingencies of late Sheriffs of Gaspé.	do	do	.....	186 75
Prothonotaries' Contingencies.					193,013 14
Hubert, Honey & Gendreau.....	Prothonotary, &c, Montreal, 12 months contingencies of office to 30th June 1879.	do	St. Francis,	do	810 77
Short & Morris.....	do	do	do	.....	1,287 20
Coroners' Salary and Contingencies.					2,037 97
Jos. Jones.....	Coroner, Montreal,	12 months salary to 30th June 1879.	do	\$444 40	906 74
Valère Guillet.....	do	Three Rivers,	do	222 20	1,027 66
J. G. LeBel.....	do	Bonaventure,	do	55 52	271 90
P. L. Gauvreau.....	do	Rimouski,	do	100 00	253 00
Ludger Tétu.....	do	Kamouraska, salary from 1st July 1878 to 5th May 1879.	do	84 62	87 60
E. C. P. Chevretils.....	Coroner, Arthabaska, fees and disbursements for twelve months	do	do	.....	458 20
Jules Taschereau, joint.....	do	Beauce,	do	.....	334 84
A. Morisset, joint.....	do	do	do	.....	289 56
L. Labrègue, joint.....	do	do	do	.....	51 40
A. A. Fergusson.....	do	Beauharnois,	do	.....	308 30
Jos Ducharme, joint.....	do	Bedford,	do	.....	164 00
J. G. LeBel, joint.....	do	Bonaventure,	do	.....	225 65
J. A. Verge, joint.....	do	do	do	.....	982 66
Thél. Boily.....	do	Chicoutimi,	do	.....	152 52
J. A. LeBel, joint.....	do	Gaspé,	do	.....	174 90
John Tilly, Deputy.....	do	do	do	.....	5,688 93
E. G. Pelletier.....	do	Iberville,	do	.....	Carried over.....
E. Lemieux.....	do	Joliette,	do	.....	1,037,942 96
L. Désautier.....	do	do	do	.....

Administration of Justice. — Continued.

TO WHOM PAID.	SERVICE.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
	Brought forward.....	3,900 00	380,021 11	1,037,942 96
	District Magistrates—Continued.			
F. H. O'Brien.....	D. M., Chicoutimi,	1,200 00		
L. G. Harper.....	do Gaspé,	1,200 00		
C. B. Rouleau.....	do Ottawa,	1,200 00		
L. A. Billy.....	do Rimouski,	1,200 00		
G. E. Rioux.....	do St. Francis & Bedford,	1,200 00		
E. J. Hemming.....	do Arthabaska,	9,900 00		
H. J. J. Duchesnay.....	do Beauce,	148 00		
Jos. O. Joseph.....	do Beauharnois,	104 00		
F. D. Gauvreau.....	do Bonaventure,	84 00		
C. Loupret.....	do Iberville,	184 00		
L. U. Fontaine.....	do Joliette,	180 00		
A. Fraser.....	do Kamouraska,	152 00		
Jas. Oliva.....	do Montmagny,	184 00		
L. J. A. Bernier.....	do Quebec,	176 00		
O. Dorion.....	do Richelieu,	200 00		
C. H. H. Cimon.....	do Saguenay,	228 00		
B. A. T. de Montigny.....	do Terrebonne,	40 00		
J. M. Desilets.....	do Three Rivers,	180 00		
F. H. O'Brien.....	do Chicoutimi,	124 00		
L. G. Harper.....	do Gaspé,	838 65		
C. B. Rouleau.....	do Ottawa,	129 25		
L. A. Billy.....	do Rimouski,	425 38		
G. E. Rioux.....	do St. Francis & Bedford,	426 98		
M. Granger.....	Ex-Clerk D. M. Court, St. Jacques l'Achigan, for transfer of Books, &c., to Clerk Circuit Court.....	645 30		
Jérémie Pitre.....	do Ristigouche,	10 00		
A. P. Beaulieu.....	do N.-D. du Lac,	10 00		
J. Roy.....	do Rivière du Loup (en bas),	12 00		
J. O. Gagnier.....	do Lévis and Lotbinière,	7 10		
J. M. Michaud.....	do Trois Pictules,	12 00		
J. O. Sirais.....	do Grand Rivière,	5 00		
N. P. Massicotte.....	do St. Geneviève de Batiscan,	10 00		
	do	16 00		

J. O. Mailhot.....	do	St Jean Deschallons, do	.....	6 00
W. H. Annett	do	Gaspé Bassin, to purchase bl'k bo'ks, &c., do	.....	20 00
Jos. Thibault.....	do	St. Anne des Monts, do	.....	20 00
J. G. Gregg.....	do	Fox River, do	.....	20 00
Miscellaneous.				14,497 66
Capt. H. Heigham.....	Chief of City Police, Quebec, for pay lists for self and detective Skelling-	ton, for 6 months to 30th June, 1879.....	\$ 300 00	
do	Chief of City Police, Quebec, for pay lists of Special Police from 4th	January to 30th June, 1879.....	1,065 00	
do	do	for contingencies.....	4 00	
do	do	for clothing Special Police.....	57 00	
Wm. Lee.....	Amount of his account	do	385 50	
Capt. H. Heigham.....	Chief of City Police, Quebec, for expenses in connection with Criminal Justice...		1,811 50	
H. C. St. Pierre.....	Advocate, Montreal, for professional services in Habeas Corpus and other cases...		589 87	
L. P. Chaloult.....	do Kamouraska, do		51 29	
Estate late J. G. Colston.....	do Quebec, do		89 32	
Jules E. Larue.....	do do do		115 30	
J. Dunbar.....	do do do		6 00	
R. Allyn	do do do		297 73	
C. P. Davidson.....	do Montreal, do		80 20	
T. W. Ritchie.....	do do do		216 33	
F. X. Archambault.....	do do do		118 00	
D. R. Barry.....	do Quebec, do		87 33	
Prévost & Préfontaine.....	do Montreal, do		10 00	
Jas. O'Halloran.....	do do do		40 00	
C. Fitzpatrick.....	do Redford, do		27 99	
R. N. Hall	do Quebec, do		40 25	
J. F. V. Bureau.. ..	do Sherbrooke, do		53 25	
Hon. Chief Justice Meredith	do Three Rivers, do		7 00	
	For his disbursements as President of the Superior Court, from 1873 to 17th	March, 1879.....	71 77	
Lands & Elliott	For services as Special Constables re Bartly accused of murder.....		138 00	
Geo Skelington	Detective for services.....		75 00	
M. Bolger	do do		12 00	
Dr. Vallée.....	For Chemical Analysis, &c.....		50 00	
Dr. J. Baker Edward.....	do do		70 00	
Dr. F. A. H. Larue.....	For services, &c., re Cardinal & Farrell.....		140 00	
G. Drolet	Auditor, P. Q., proportion of Salary charged to this service		400 00	
D. Murray	Clerk of the Peace, Quebec, for stamps in pauper cases		75 00	
N. A. Giard.. ..	To meet traveling expenses		60 00	
Jos. A. Defoy	For compiling Tariffs of all Law Courts and Registrars, and duties payable to	the Crown.....	250 00	
G. T. Cary.....	for printing blank forms.....		5 50	
Carried over.....				4,983 63
				394,518 77
				1,037,912 96

Administration of Justice.—Continued.—Police, Reformatories, Prison Inspection, Education.

TO WHOM PAID.	SERVICE.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
	Brought forward.....	4,988 63	394,518 77	1,037,942 96
	Miscellaneous.—Continued.			
A. Côté & Co.....	For printing blank forms.....	7 50		
A. Côté & Co.....	For printing blank forms, &c. for Judicial Deposits	4,996 13		
T. Lemieux.....	For printing blank books & binding for do	275 10		
	Total for Administration of Justice.....		5,271 23	
	Policies		399,790 00	
C. J. Coursol	Judge Sessions of the Peace, Montreal, his Salary for July 1878			66 66
Bréhaut & Desnoyers.....	Police Magistrates, Montreal, Pay-lists & accounts of Office to 30th Sept. 1878.....			2,810 38
Desnoyers & Dugas.....	do do do 30th June 1879.....			8,305 15
do	do do for winter clothing for his constable.....			53 50
do	do do for summer do do			60 00
M. C. Desnoyers.....	For Special Services from 7th to 24th Oct. 1878			116 15
	Judge Sess. of the Peace, Quebec, 6 months Salary to 31st Dec. 1878.....	11,411 84		
P. A. Doucet	do do of his constable... ..			1,200 00
do	do do for winter clothing do ...			207 48
do	do do for contng. of Office to 30th Sep '78.			38 50
C. G. Holt.....	do do 6 months Salary to 30th June 1879.			38 80
do	do do of his constable... ..			1,200 00
do	do do for summer clothing do ...			207 48
do	do do for Conting of Office to 26th Mch '79.			35 00
do				84 16
Mathew Moran	For services as Constable in the late Provincial Police.....	3,011 42		
Chas. Hough	For carriage hire in 1877-78 for do	27 00		
			14,450 26	

Reformatory, Montreal				
Rév. Frère Eusèbe.....	Amount paid Institution during twelve months to 30th June 1879.....	52,597 69		
Reformatory Sherbrooke.				
G. F. Bowen, Director.....	Amount paid Institution during twelve months to 30th June 1879.....	4,402 31	57,000 00	
Prison Inspection.				
L. L. L. Desaulniers	Prison Inspector, 3 months Salary to 30th Sept. 1878.....	500 00		
D. Tassé.....	do 4 do 31st Oct. 1878.....	133 33		
H. H. Miles	do Salary from 1st July to 25th Nov. 1878.....	159 99		
Dr. A. L. de Martigny.....	do 12 months Salary to 30th June 1879.....	1,200 00		
L. L. Desaulniers.....	do to meet traveling expenses.....	80 00		
H. H. Miles	do do	80 00		
D. Tassé.....	do do	59 33		
Dr. A. L. de Martigny.....	do do	311 30		
Walton Smith.....	do do	200 00		
	Total for Administration of Justice, Police, Reformatories and Prison Inspection.....	2,723 95		473,964 21
EDUCATION.				
Superintendent of Public Instruction :				
For Superior Education—proper.....				\$71,000 00
	do High Schools, Quebec and Montreal.			2,470 00
	do Compensation to R. C. Institutions for grant to High Schools.....			4,940 00
For Common Schools :				
	Schools in Poor Municipalities.....	78,410 00		
	Normal Schools.....	155,000 00		
	Salaries of School Inspectors.....	8,000 00		
	Books for Prizes.....	46,000 00		
	Journals of Education	28,625 00		
	Superannuated Teachers.....	6,500 00		
	Schools for the Deaf and Dumb.....	4,000 00		
	Depository for Books, Maps, &c.....	8,000 00		
	Protestant Superior Education Fund, Schools of Arts and Sciences (drawn against amount deposited).	12,000 00		
		6,500 00	353,035 00	
Superintendent of Public Instruction, to meet expenses.....				
Hon. G. Ouimet.....		7 56		
	Carried over.....	353,042 56		1,511,907 17

do	statutory percentage of eight per cent. deducted from Agricultural Societies for Agricultural Instruction, under 32 Vic., Cap. 15, Sec. 87.....	\$3,882 23	48,527 92		
Council of Agriculture.....	Council of Agriculture.				
	Grant for 1878-79		4,000 00		
	Journal of Agriculture.				
G. E. Desbarats.....	For balance due him for publishing the Journal.....	\$286 66			
L'Abbé Provancher.....	services as contributor 9 months to 31st May, 1879.....	250 00			
Eusèbe Sénécal.....	publishing the Journal.....	1,342 83			
Firmin H. Proulx.....	Proprietor Gazette des Campagnes, for services.....	200 00			
Ostave Cuisset.....	Asst. Editor and chemist, for 3 months salary to 30th June, 1879.....	182 00			
E. A. Barnard.....	To pay expenses connected with publication.....	40 00			
do	On account of cost of collaboration.....	175 00			
			2,476 49		
	Agricultural Schools.				
Agricultural School.....	Ste. Anne, for its share of grant, for 1878-79.....	\$800 00			
do	do do	800 00			
do	do do 1877-78 and 1878-79.....	1,600 00			
	Provincial Horticultural and Pomological Exhibition.		3,200 00		
Montreal Horticultural Society.....	Grant for 1878-79.....		1,000 00		
	Veterinary Schools, French and English.				
Council of Agriculture.....	Grant for 1878-79		3,000 00		
	Provincial Exhibition of 1877.				
Jos. Archer, senr.....	Balance due him for erection of buildings.....		1,882 62		
	Total for agriculture.....			64,087 03	
	Immigration.				
John Poupore.....	Agent, Quebec, salary and disbursements for June and July, 1878.....		730 44		
do	do do gratuity of one month salary on retiring from the service.....		100 00		
	Carried over.....		830 44	64,087 03	1,883,629 73

Immigration.—Continued.—Colonization, Public Works and Buildings.

TO WHOM PAID.	SERVICE.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
	Brought forward.....	830 44	64,087 03	1,883,629 73
	Immigration.—Continued.			
	do do salary and disbursements, from 1st August, '78 to 30th June, 79.	3,479 02		
	do Montreal, do to 30th June, 1879.....	7,175 79		
	do London, salary for twelve months to 30th June, 1879.....	2,000 00		
	Superintendent of the Knowlton Home, to enable her to place young immigrants in this province.....	200 00		
	Colonisation Fund (Repatriation.)		13,685 25	
	Asst. Commissioner Agriculture and Public Works, for disbursements.....	500 00		
	Agent Worcester, Mass., U. S., salary and disbursements to 31st March, 1879...	530 00		
	For services rendered in Ditton, Emberton and Chesham.....	84 75	1,114 75	
	Colonisation.			
	Asst. Commissioner Agriculture and Public Works, to pay for work on 1st class roads.....			
	Asst. Commissioner Agriculture and Public Works, to pay for work on 2nd and 3rd class	38,000 00		
	Aid towards the establishment of Beet-root Sugar Manufactories.			
	Buffalo, to pay Louis Walkhoff, of Kiew, Russia, for a hopper, horse-hoe, and beet-root seed.....			
	For freight, &c., on above from Kiew to Quebec.....	439 10	38,439 10	
	Total of Agriculture, Immigration, Repatriation and Colonisation.....			117,326 13

PUBLIC WORKS AND BUILDINGS.			
RENTS, INSURANCES, REPAIRS, &c., OF PUBLIC BUILDINGS.			
Parliament Buildings.			
For pay-lists of caretakers, heating, light, &c., for twelve months.....	2,091 50		
plumbers work and materials.....	614 05		
carpenters work and materials, office, furniture, &c.....	419 79		
trees for ground.....	6 25		
carting water for reservoirs.....	78 00		
gas and gas fittings.....	634 66		
painting, papering, &c.....	30 00		
carting safe from Police Station.....	3 50		
carting furniture from Police Station.....	2 00		
a keg of white paint and plumber's work and materials.....	39 25		
oil cloth, carpets, widow curtains, &c.....	222 80		
coal oil and lamp chimnies.....	4 12		
painting and papering.....	102 28		
a table cover.....	7 50		
painting, &c.....	38 75		
dyeing curtains.....	38 00		
hardware.....	21 37		
galvanised wire rope.....	12 00		
attending to clocks during two years.....	80 50		
window curtains.....	12 00		
masons and plasterers work.....	90 50		
.....	7 75		
.....	16 00		
.....	1 12		
.....	7 40		
.....	68 25		
.....	7 20		
plumbers work.....	143 53		
advertising in "Chronicle," for tenders for roofing.....	9 60		
do "L'Evenement," do.....	11 76		
do "Daily Mercury," do.....	14 08		
roofing left wing with galvanised iron.....	477 00		
carting away rubbish.....	3 50		
.....	5 88		
.....	12 00		
of Her Majesty's portrait.....	8 50		
building lumber.....	25 93		
wall paper.....	52 70		
Carried over.....	5,374 10		2,000,955 80

J. B. Derome.....
 E. Vandy.....
 P. Gauvreau.....
 G. Larocque.....
 P. Kiley.....
 Quebec Gas Co.....
 W. M. McDonald.....
 Louis Turgeon.....
 J. Hamel.....
 Theo. Andrews.....
 Behan Brothers.....
 F. T. Thomas.....
 B. Leonard.....
 Jos. Hamel & Frère.....
 J. Jobin.....
 C. A. Pfeiffer.....
 Bélanger & Co.....
 S. J. Shaw & Co.....
 Duquet & Co.....
 Rev. Ladies G. Shophard.....
 F. X. Dussault.....
 Ant. Dallaire.....
 A. Côté & Co.....
 J. & W. Reid.....
 Chas. Bergeron & Co.....
 O. Jackson.....
 Lévy & Bouchard.....
 Adolphe Huot.....
 J. J. Foote.....
 Siméon Marcotte.....
 G. T. Cary.....
 Z. Vandy.....
 Louis Vézina.....
 Fri. Martel.....
 Cha. Martel.....
 Theo. Fournier.....
 Simon Peters.....
 G. C. de Zouche & Sons.....

Public Works and Buildings.—Continued.

TO WHOM PAID.	SERVICE.	\$	cts.	\$	cts.	\$	cts.
	Brought forward.....	5,371	10			2,900,955	86
	REPAIRS, INSURANCES, REPAIRS, &c., OF PUBLIC BUILDINGS.— <i>Continued.</i>						
	<i>Parliament Buildings.—Continued.</i>						
L. Guérard.....	For cabinet work.....	31	00				
L. J. A. Bélanger.....	paints, &c.....	65	45				
Glover Fry & Co.....	a table cover.....	7	50				
F. & J. Morgan.....	a marble top for washstand.....	23	75				
Canadian Rubber Co.....	stair pads.....	52	84				
Estate V. Bélanger.....	hardware.....	20	55				
Odilon Roy.....	To pay premium of insurance on \$76,000, on buildings, furniture and L'..... following fire Insurance..... Indian, North British..... London and Liverpool..... and Western.	1,723	63	7,296	11		
	<i>Government House.</i>						
W. M. McDonald.....	For painting iron railings and flagstaff.....	40	00				
do.....	painting and papering.....	14	50				
Glover Fry & Co.....	Oil cloth, &c.....	16	31				
Connolly & Lalapippe.....	Carpets, &c., for Hon. Solicitor General's Office.....	67	25				
F. T. Thomas.....	Glassware.....	10	59				
F. Vézina.....	painting, papering, &c., do.....	48	45				
F. Gauvreau.....	repairs and materials.....	26	19				
Ovide Picard.....	a Lamp.....	12	05				
Louis Robitaille.....	Repairs.....	111	89				
F. X. Dussault.....	masonry work.....	13	00				
J. E. Girou.....	repairing flags.....	10	67				
Louis Robitaille.....	furniture and repairs for his Honor, the Lt. Governors Office— To pay premium of Insurance an \$6,000, on buildings and furniture, distributed amongst the following fire Insurance Companies, viz : Royal Canadian, North British and Mercantile, Queen, Royal, London and Liverpool and Globe, Scottish Commercial, and Western.	52	36				
Odilon Roy.....		30	00			436	20

C. Ryan.....	McGill Normal School, Montreal.				
Odilon Roy.....	For repairs to heating apparatus..... To pay premium of furniture, Insurance (..... British and Liverpool at	150 00			
	Old Police Station, Jacques Cartier Square, Montreal.	67 44	217 44		
J. Faucher de St. Maurice.....	To pay premium of insurance on \$12,000, on building, distributed amongst the following Fire Insurance Companies, viz : Royal Canadian, North British and Mercantile, Queen, Royal, London and Liverpool and Globe, Scottish Commercial, and Western.....		12 45		
	House No. 35 Jacques-Cartier Square, Montreal.				
Odilon Roy.....	To pay premium of insurance on \$6,000, on building, divided amongst the following Fire Insurance companies, viz : Royal Canadian, North British & Mercantile, Royal, Queen, Liverpool & London & Globe, Scottish Commercial, and Western.....		36 00		
	Building No. 63 St. Gabriel Street, Montreal.				
New City Gas Co	For gas.....	152 15			
Corporation of Montreal	water tax.....	61 55			
M. Denis.....	glass & glazing.....	3 90			
O. Deblols & Co	repairing heating apparatus.....	73 88			
Evans Bros.....	firewood & coal	156 09			
E. K. U. Dequoy.....	To pay for cleaning, &c	121 90			
Odilon Roy.....	To pay) on building, distributed insurance companies, viz : sh and Mercantile, Royal, & Globe, Scottish Com-	32 00	661 38		
	New Registry Office, Quebec.				
Thos. Pampalon.....	For two new doors.....	24 00			
Louis Laroc	brick flooring & mason work	176 65			
	Carried over.....	202 65	8,599 89		2,900,955 86

Public Works and Buildings.—Continued,

TO WHOM PAID.	SERVICE.	cts.	\$	cts.	\$	cts.
	Brought forward.....	203 65	8,599 68		2,000,050 88	
	RENTS, INSURANCES, REPAIRS, &c., OF PUBLIC BUILDINGS.— <i>Continued.</i>					
	<i>New Registry Office, Quebec.—Continued.</i>					
F. Gauthier	For preparing a receptacle for stolen property	31 04				
do	two ventilators	2 41				
Louis Marcotte.....	repairing iron doors, &c.....	148 89	384 98			
	<i>Spencer Wood.</i>					
Sundry persons	For maintenance.....	4,454 71				
do	repairs.....	205 37				
do	fuel and light	2,159 66				
Ogilvie Roy.....	To pay premium of Insurance on \$40,000, on building, and stables, distributed amongst the following Insurance Companies, viz: Royal Canadian British & Mercantile, Queen, Royal, London pool and Globe, Scottish Commercial, and W	459 00	7,249 74			
	<i>Local Normal School, Quebec.</i> (Old Chateau.)					
Ovide Picard.....	For tinmiths and plumbers work	73 78				
A. Côté & Co.....	repairing chimnies and foundation walls	85 88				
Ogilvie Roy	To pay premium of Insurance on \$8,000, on building, distributed amongst the following Fire Insurance Companies, viz: Royal Canadian, North British and Mercantile, Queen, Royal, Liverpool and London and Globe, Scottish Commercial, and Western	60 00	221 66			

Odillon Roy.....	<i>Old Jacques Cartier Normal School, Montreal.</i>	.....	.....	36 00	.....
do	To pay the Lancashire Fire and Life Insurance Co., premium of insurance on \$8,000.....	.....	.....	62 50	.....
	<i>New Jacques Cartier Normal School, Montreal.</i>				
do	To pay the Royal Canadian Insurance Co., premium of insurance on \$25,000.....	.....	.....	97 60	.....
Piton & Cimon	<i>New Public Departments.</i>	.....	.....
	For laying down a plank sidewalk on the Grande Allée.....	.....	.....
	<i>House Corner of Notre Dame and Claude streets, Montreal.</i>				
Odillon Roy.....	To pay premium of Insurance on \$2,000 on building, distributed amongst the following Fire Insurance Companies, viz : Royal Canadian, North British and Mercantile, Queen, Royal, Liverpool and London and Globe, Scottish Commercial, and Western.....	.....	.....	10 00	.....
	<i>Jesuits Barracks property.</i>				
Dr. H. Larue.....	To pay laborers at researches in ruins	37 80			
J. B. Derome.....	do leveling grounds	262 25			
F. X. Dussault.....	For repairing walls of cistern.....	17 50			
Louis Marcotte.....	For blacksmiths work.....	16 82		334 37	
	<i>Durham Terrace.</i>				
C. Côté & Co.....	For masons work and materials .....	.....	.....	3,558 45	
	<i>Provincial Police Station, St. Ann street, Quebec.</i>				
J. Hamel & frère.....	For blankets in December 1877	10 00			
H. A. Bédard.....	do	6 80			
Drum Cabinet Mfg. Co.....	a looking glass.....	1 00		17 80	
	<i>Departments of Provincial Secretary and Public Instruction.</i>				
G. Langlois.....	For cleaning water spouts	3 50			
	Carried over.....	3 50		20,572 68	2,000,955 86

Public Works and Buildings.—Continued.

TO WHOM PAID.	SERVICE.	\$	cts.	\$	cts.	\$	cts.
	Brought forward.....	3	50	20,572	68	.....	2,000,955 86
	RENTS, INSURANCES, REPAIRS, &c., OF PUBLIC BUILDINGS.— Continued.						
	Department of Provincial Secretary and Public Instruction.— Continued.						
F. Gauvreau.....	repairing furniture, &c.....	45	81				
P. Vallière.....	six chairs.....	7	50	56	81		
	Provincial Registrars Department.						
F. Gauvreau.....	For a table with desk	17	00				
L. Robitaille	a book-case with pigeon-holes	30	93				
Drum Cabinet Mfg. Co.....	a desk.....	28	00				
E. Roussel.....	carpenters work	18	00	93	93		
	Treasury Department.						
E. Roussel.....	For repairs, Office furniture, &c	224	38				
Thos. Andrews.....	plumbers work	112	12	336	50		
	Crown Lands Department.						
Jackson & Roberge.....	For painting, paving, &c	197	93				
Eugène Duval.....	building a wood shed	15	00				
Ovide Picard.....	plumbers and tinmiths work.....	88	16				
P. J. Basin.....	repairs	294	26				
H. Gagnon.....	carpets, &c.....	274	07	869	42		
	Agriculture and Public Works Department.						
Déry, St. Laurent & Co.....	For a stove.....	3	75				
F. Gauvreau.....	Office furniture	215	34				

P. Vathaire.....	do	18 00			
V. Lavigne.....	repairing insect cabinet.....	4 00			
	Queens Printers Office.		241 89		
Thos. Andrews.....	For plumbers work.....	3 83			
F. Gauvreau.....	repairs and materials.....	21 15			
	Departments Generally.		24 98		
H. G. the Archbishop of Quebec.....	For 12 months ground rent to 31st March 1879, Parliament Buildings.....	4,444 40			
Mrs. R. E. Caron.....	12 months rent to 30th April 1879 of Departments of the Province.....	1,300 00			
R. H. McGravy.....	do Crown 1.....	1,260 00			
H. S. Scott.....	do Queens Printers' Office, and taxes.....	369 25			
Société de Construction Permanente de Québec.....	do Treasury Department.....	800 00			
L'Abbé Casgrain.....	arrears of rent of do from 1st Nov. 1875 to 26th Dec. 1877.....	1,276 43			
Russell Hotel Co.....	12 months rent and taxes of a room for use of Public Instruction Department.....	214 50			
Jos. Paquet.....	firewood.....	2,865 48			
Augt. Trudel.....	removal of snow.....	40 00			
Louis Vézina.....	do.....	756 00			
James Connolly.....	coals.....	106 00			
Dinning & McNaughton.....	do.....	33 75			
McNaughton & Co.....	do.....	9 95			
Dr. C. E. Bradley.....	Vesuvian Kindlers.....	110 40			
G. T. Cary.....	advert. in "Daily Mercury" for tenders for removal of snow.....	15 84			
Siméon Marcotte.....	do "L'Événement" do.....	11 20			
J. J. Foote.....	do "Chronicle" do.....	12 80			
P. A. Tremblay.....	do "L'Éclair" do.....	7 74			
A. Côté & Co.....	do "Le Journal" do.....	12 00			
	do do for tenders for firewood.....	33 15			
Lévy & Bouchard.....	do "L'Éclair" do.....	17 28			
G. T. Cary.....	do "Mercury" do.....	29 92			
J. J. Foote.....	do "Chronicle" do.....	25 60			
Siméon Marcotte.....	do "L'Événement" do.....	36 00			
G. Larocque.....	Superintending delivery of wood.....	300 00			
City Corporation, Quebec.....	Water rates and taxes.....	2,056 00			
C. P. Champion.....	Coals.....	25 80			
			16,128 49		
				38,323 90	
					2,080,955 86
	Total of Rents, Insurance, Repairs, &c.....			38,323 90	
	Carried over.....				

Public Works and Buildings.—Continued.

TO WHOM PAID.	SERVICE.	\$	cts.	\$	cts.	\$	cts.
	Brought forward.....			38,323	90	2,000,955	86
	<i>Inspections and Surveys.—Continued.</i>						
P. Gauvreau	For traveling expenses visiting Court Houses and Gaols and other public buildings and works...		70 80				
J. B. Derome.....	do do		45 20				
S. Lesage.....	do do		53 60				
Jos. A. Defoy.....	For traveling expenses.....		25 35				
P. A. Peterson, C. E.....	do inspecting Railways, &c.....		49 18				
John Lindsay, C. E.....	do do		88 08				
C. Mederschein	inspecting a Russian Stove at Treasury Department.....		1 50				
J. O. Méthot.....	salary and traveling expenses inspecting Public Works and Buildings.....		756 99				
R. R. Poitras	traveling expenses do		56 50				
Liber Chandler.....	do inspecting Railways.....		46 17				
Prudent Vallée.	services as Arbitrator in expropriation of the Panet property.....		25 00				
Paul Cousin	One months salary as Extra Clerk.....		93 00				
Alf. Trudelle.....	do do		77 50				
T. E. Gauvreau.....	do do		62 00	1,450	87		
	<i>Public Departments.</i>						
Piton et Cimon.....	On account of contract for construction.....		74,509 26				
do	For extra materials and work.....		21,010 47				
do	amount allowed by arbitrators on contract.....		12,309 25				
Paul Cousin	eleven months salary in connection with plans.....		1,002 00				
Alfred Trudelle.....	do do		835 00				
T. E. Gauvreau.....	do do		668 00				
Louis Déry.....	do do superintending works.....		882 00				
J.-B. St. Michel.....	do do		882 00				
H. O. Sullivan.....	surveying the Cricket field, making plan, &c.....		160 00				
J. K. Poitras.....	services and disbursements as Arbitrator.....		489 00				
Jos. Archer, senior.....	do do		340 00				

F. X. Berlinguet.....	do	300 00		
Paul Cousin.....	services in connection with Arbitration.....	63 00		
Jévy & Bouchard.....	advertising in "L'Eclair", "for tenders for heating.....	38 40		
A. Côté & Co.....	do "Le Journal," do	74 00		
M. S. Foley & Co.....	do "Journal of Commerce," do	9 60		
Montreal Herald Printing and Pu- blishing Co.....	do "Herald," do	104 00		
M. C. Mullin & Co.....	do "Evening Post," do	38 44		
J. J. Foote.....	do "Morning Chronicle," do	62 40		
S. Marcotte.....	do "L'Événement," do	65 62		
G. T. Cary.....	do "Daily Mercury," do	72 16		
H. Beaugrand.....	do "La Patrie," do	85 50		
	<i>Crystal Palace Montreal.</i>		114,000 00	
Proprietors.....	For advertising in "Le National," for tenders for demolition, &c.....	20 40		
Graham & Co.....	do "Star," do	25 00		
Montreal Herald Printing and Pu- blishing Co.....	do "Herald," do	23 40		
Bernier Frères, Cousineau & Gohier	demolition and transportation of the building to the Exhibition Grounds...	3,500 00		
Cousineau & Gohier....	constructing a Shelter for materials.....	100 00		
A. Lévêque.....	superintending removal.....	81 20		
			3,750 00	
	<i>Ste Anne's or Bacons Bridge.</i>			
S. Lesage.....	Ast. Com. A. & P. Works, to pay for work.....		800 00	
	<i>Demolition of the Jesuite Barracks, Quebec.</i>			
Piton & Cimon.....	For balance of contract		1,000 00	
	<i>New Jacques Cartier Normal School, Montreal.</i>			
A. Laberge & fils.....	For work and materials in connection with contract.....	12,021 14		
do	In full of all claims for extras.....	4,000 68		
Chas. Garth & Co.....	For whistle mouth pieces and ventilators under A. Laberge & fils' contract.....	143 30		
Day & Deblois.....	iron work do do do	38 75		
Lauson & Valin.....	a piece of rough stone and work do do do	3 60		
O. M. Lavoie.....	placing, &c., dials of four clocks do do do	38 10		
H. Lévêque.....	wood work to support clocks do do do	30 00		
O. Deblois & Co.....	materials and work do do do	574 51		
Chas. Garth & Co.....	heating apparatus.....	2,991 00		
A. Lévêque.....	on account of services superintending construction.....	1,200 00		
O. Gagnéux.....	salary and traveling expenses superintending works.....	707 25		
J. A. U. Beaudry.....	surveying grounds on Sherbrooke, Beaudry and Panet streets.....	113 00		
			159,324 77	
	<i>Carried over.....</i>	21,861 33		2,000,955 86

Public Works and Buildings.—Continued.

TO WHOM PAID.	SERVICE.	\$	cts.	\$	cts.	\$	cts.
	Brought forward.....	21,861	33	159,324	77	2,000,955	86
	<i>New Jacques-Cartier Normal School, Montreal.—Continued.</i>						
Léandre Fanteux.....	For coal fuel.....	369	17				
J. Faucher de St. Maurice.....	To pay the Royal Insurance Co., premium on \$25,000 and carpenter's risk..	177	05				
do	do British America Assurance Co., premium on \$15,000 carpenter's risk.	67	50				
do	do Northern Insurance Co., do	63	09				
				22,538	14		
	CHARGEABLE TO BUILDING AND JURY FUND OF EACH DISTRICT CONCERNED.						
	<i>Rents of Court Houses and Gaols.</i>						
Rev. Ladies of the Hotel Dieu.....	For twelve months ground rent, Quebec Gaol.....	400	00				
Thos. Desjardins.....	do rent to 30th April 1879, of Gaoler's House, Kamouraska.....	100	00				
S. Dumoulin.....	do ground rent (des Hauts) to 11th Nov. 1879, Court House and Gaol, Three Rivers.....	26	76				
Heirs Chas. Panet.....	two years interest to 1st May 1879 on \$8,000 at 6 0/0, cost of property adjoining the Old Court House, Quebec.....	960	00				
	<i>Insurances of Court Houses and Gaols.</i>			1,486	76		
J. Faucher de St. Maurice.....	To pay balance of premium of Insurance to 1st May 1879 on Court House and Gaol, Montmagny.....	39	70				
do	do the Royal Insurance Company premium of Insurance on Building and furniture Court House and Gaol, Sherbrooke.....	28	14				
H. R. Turgeon.....	do the Mutual Fire Insurance Co., of Stanstead and Sherbrooke assessments to Sept. 1st 1878 on Court House and Gaol, Sherbrooke.....	21	50				
Odilon Roy.....	do premiums of Insurance on the undernamed Court Houses and Gaols, the risks being distributed amongst the following Fire Insurance Companies, viz: Royal Canadian, North British and Mercantile, Queen, Royal, Scottish Commercial, Liverpool and London and Globe, and Western:— Court House and Gaol, Arthabaska, building and furniture...	98	00				

Public Works and Buildings.—Continued.—Charities.

TO WHOM PAID.	SERVICE.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
	Brought forward.....	172 22	186,837 73	2,000,955 86
	<i>Repairs of Court Houses and Gaols.—Continued.</i>			
Ed. Côté.....	For lumber and repairing fence Gaol, Quebec	38 35		
Ant. Moreau	roofing hangard with galv. iron do	320 00		
G. T. Phillips.....	repairing heating apparatus do do	115 74		
F. X. Dusseault	repairs to furnace Temp. Court House do	22 70	646 31	
Ph. Drolet	making outside doors do	28 00	50 70	
A. Côté & Co.....	advertising in "Le Journal" for tenders for demolishing and removing ruins of Old Court H. Quebec.....	\$ 19 50		
Lévy & Bouchard.....	do "L'Eclairer" do	11 70		
G. T. Cary	do "Mercury" do	19 36		
Siméon Marcotte	do "L'Événement" do	16 00		
J. J. Fuchs	do Chronicle do	14 40		
W. H. Smith	lightning rods and placing same Court House and Gaol, Rimouski.....	80 96		
P. H. Cimon, Sheriff	A. Trudel's account repairing floor do Saguenay	144 90		
D. Campbell.....	For window shades for Court House and Gaol, Terrebonne.....	60 50		
E. Pacaud.....	furniture for Offices Superior Court, Court House, Three Rivers.....	62 36		
		60 00	2,981 06	
G. T. Phillips.....	Amount held back until the heating apparatus had been tested.....		250 00	
	Total for Rents, Insurances, Repairs, &c.....			190,068 79
	<i>CHARITIES.</i>			
A. Lemoine.....	To meet expenses of Lunatic Asylum, Beauport.....	134,071 90		
Rev. Sœur St. Frs. Xavier.....	do St. Ferdinand d'Halifax.....	3,790 01		

do St. Thérèse de Jésus.....	do St. Jean de Dieu, Montreal.....	\$70,750 17			
Mr. Howard, M. D.....	do Physician to do	1,466 68			
Mr. E. Roy.....	do do	160 00			
Mr. N. Perrault, M. D.....	do do	305 00			
Grand for 1878-79 to the Belmont Retreat Inebriate Asylum, Quebec.....					
Mr. P. Wells.....	do Marine and Emigrant Hospital,	do			
Monsignor Casseau.....	do Lying-in Hospital,	do			
Miscellaneous.					
Thos. Davidson.....	Grant for 1878-79 to Corporation of the General Hospital,	Montreal.....	4,800 00		
Rev. Sœur M. M. Reid.....	do Indigent Sick,	do	3,200 00		
H. L. Bishop Fabre.....	do St. Patrick's Hospital,	do	1,600 00		
Rev. Sœur Amable.....	do Sœurs de la Providence,	do	1,120 00		
do	do St. Vincent de Paul	do	600 00		
Rich. Holland.....	do Protestant House of Refuge,	do	800 00		
Rev. P. Dowd.....	do St. Patrick's Orphan	do	640 00		
Mrs. James Rose.....	do University Lying-in	do	480 00		
Rev. Sœur M. de Liguori.....	do Magdalen Asylum (bon rasoirs),	do	720 00		
Mrs. A. C. Papineau.....	do Roman Catholic Orphan Asylum,	do	320 00		
Cliff Sœur M. M. Reid.....	do Sœurs de la Charité,	do	800 00		
do	do do for foundling Hospital,	do	200 00		
Mrs. M. Greenbields.....	do Protestant Orphan Asylum,	do	640 00		
Rev. Sœur Rose de Lima.....	do Lying-in Hospital, care Sœurs de la Miséricorde,	do	480 00		
Rev. V. Rousselet.....	do Bonaventure Street Asylum,	do	430 00		
do	do Nazareth Asylum for destitute children,	do	400 00		
C. O. Perrault.....	do Dispensary,	do	320 00		
Mrs. H. W. Thomas.....	do Ladies Benevolent Society for Widows and Or-	do			
	phans, including late House of Refuge,	do	850 00		
Mrs. Alex. Holmes.....	do Home and School of Industry,	do	320 00		
Rev. P. Dowd.....	do St. Bridget Asylum,	do	800 00		
Rev. Frère Eusèbe.....	do Frères de la Charité de St. Vincent de Paul,	do	500 00		
Rev. Sœur M. M. Reid.....	do Hospice de Bethléem,	do	500 00		
Rev. L. Z. Lauzon.....	do Hospice de St. Joseph du Bon Pasteur,	do	200 00		
Mrs. E. Ault.....	do Protestant Infants Home,	do	400 00		
W. Murden, M. D.....	do Womens Hospital,	do	500 00		
H. M. Crawford.....	do Church Home,	do	200 00		
Dr. L. A. E. Derjardins.....	do Kye and Bar Institution,	do	250 00		
Rev. Sœur St. Jean.....	do Chrétienne Ladies' Association of the Roman	do			
	Catholic Orphan Asylum and Nazareth	Quebec	1,140 00		
	Asylum,	do	3,200 00		
A. Lemoine.....	do Indigent Sick,	do			
Carried over.....			25,610 00	215,923 74	2,191,024 65

Charities.—Continued.—Miscellaneous.

TO WHOM PAID.	SERVICE.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
	Brought forward.....	25,610 00	215,922 74	2,191,024 65
	CHARITIES.—Continued.			
	Miscellaneous.—Continued.			
Monsignor Caseau.....	Grant for 1878-79 to Asylum of the Good Shepherd,	Quebec ...	800 00	
Geo. Vensey.....	do Ladies Protestant Home,	do ...	750 00	
Frank Holloway.....	do Male Orphan Asylum,	do ...	420 00	
R. H. Smith.....	do Finlay Asylum,	do ...	420 00	
Mrs. B. Glover.....	do Protestant Female Orphan Asylum,	do ...	420 00	
H. O'Connor.....	do St. Bridget's Orphan Asylum,	do ...	750 00	
Rev. Sr. St. Jean.....	do Dispensary,	do ...	200 00	
do	do Sisters of Charity, for old and infirm persons,	do ...	200 00	
Louis Falardeau.....	do Hôpital du Sacré Cœur de Jésus,	do ...	1,000 00	
do	do do Dispensary,	do ...	200 00	
do	do do Foundling Hospital,	do ...	200 00	
Miss Lucy Lamb.....	do Women's Christian Association,	do ...	200 00	
S. Dumoulin.....	do Indigent sick,	Three Rivers...	2,500 00	
do	do Seurs de la Charité, for Foundling Hospital,	do ...	400 00	
Rev. L. L. Dupré.....	do General Hospital,	Sorel...	700 00	
Rev. Sr. Gaddu.....	do St. Hyacinthe Hospital,	St. Hyacinthe ...	500 00	
do	do do Orphan Asylum,	do ...	200 00	
do	do do for grants 1875-76-77	do ...	600 00	
do	do Ouvroir de St. Hyacinthe,	do ...	200 00	
Rev. Sr. M. M. Reid.....	do Hospice Youville,	St. Benoit ..	200 00	
do	do Asile de la Providence,	Côteau du Lac...	300 00	
do	do Hospice St. Joseph,	Beauharnois...	200 00	
do	do Hospice Ste. Marie,	Ste. Marie de Monnoir...	200 00	
do	do Asile de la Providence,	Mascouche...	200 00	
do	do Hospice St. Jean,	St. Jean...	200 00	
do	do Sisters of Charity,	do ...	200 00	
do	do Hospice La Jemmerais,	Varennes...	200 00	

do	Hugues	do	Hospice Sœurs de la Providence,	St. Vincent de Paul...	200 00		
do	Elisabeth	do	Hôpital de la Providence,	Joliette...	200 00		
do	Mathieu	do	Hospice Laprairie,	Laprairie...	200 00		
do	M. M. Reid	do	Hôpital St. Joseph,	Chambly...	200 00		
do	Marguerite du S. Cœur.....	do	Asile de la Providence,	Ste. Elizabeth...	200 00		
do	Marie Sébastien.....	do	Sœurs de la Providence de Notre Dame de l'Assomption...		200 00		
do	Cyprien	do	Asile de la Providence,	Ste. Ursule...	200 00		
do	Sté. Thérèse.....	do	Hôpital de Ste. Anne Lapocatière.....		200 00		
do	Marie du Sacrement.....	do	Sœurs de la Charité,	Rimouski...	500 00		
do	St. Jean	do	Hôpital St. Ferdinand d'Halifax.....		200 00		
do	Amable	do	Hospice Yamachiche	Yamachiche...	200 00		
do	Dupuy	do	Sherbrooke Hospital and Orphan Asylum,	Sherbrooke...	500 00		
do	Marie Prosper	do	Sœurs de la Charité,	Lanoraie...	200 00		
Rev. N. O. Larue.....		do	Hôpital St. Paulin,	St. Paulin...	200 00		
Rev. Sr. M. M. Reid.....		do	Hôpital de Longueuil,	Longueuil...	200 00		
Rev. A. H. B. Lassiseraye.....		do	Hôpital St. François du Lac,	St. Frs du Lac...	200 00		
						41,770 00	
Reformatory Schools.							
Rev. Ladies of the Good Shepherd		Quebec, for twelve months board of children under their charge.....			3,300 00		
do	do	do	do	do	2,614 83		
		Montreal, for eleven				5,914 83	
Industrial Schools.							
Rev. Sisters of Charity		Levis, for eleven months board of children under their charge.....			2,200 00		
Rev. Ladies of the Good Shepherd.....		do	do	do	5,421 89		
		Montreal, for twelve				7,621 89	
							271,229 46
Total for Charities							
MISCELLANEOUS.							
Sundry Persons.....		For expenses connected with reception of His Excellency the Governor General and Her Royal Highness the Princess Louise in June 1879			3,386 01		
Lt.-Col. Bacon.....		pay lists of Officers and men of the Prince of Wales Rifles, 3rd Batt. Victoria Rifles and 5th Royal Fusiliers of Montreal with Staff in connection with Quebec labor Riots in June 1878.....			4,099 94		
							2,462,254 11
				Carried over.....	7,485 95		

Miscellaneous—Continued.

TO WHOM PAID.	SERVICE.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
	Brought forward.....	7,485 95	.....	2,462,254 11
	Miscellaneous.—Continued.			
Lt.-Col. Turnbull.....	For pay list of Officers and Troopers of B Troop of Canadian Hussars in connection with Quebec labour riots	396 14		
Major W. M. McDonald.....	pay list of Officers and Troopers of No. 1 Troop of Canadian Hussars in connection with do	407 70		
Lt.-Col. J. B. Forsyth	To pay Quarter Master Julien's account for rations in connection with do	135 10		
Capt. Heigham.....	Chief of City Police, Quebec, for carriage hire during riots	66 85		
E. Holloway.....	For cost of lighting, & the Quebec Curling Rink for use of the Volunteers during the riots	23 60		
Lt. Col. Lamontagne	Brigade Major, carriage hire during the Riots	11 50		
Gingras & Langlois	For eatables furnished Volunteers do	113 74		
N. Laforce.....	meals do do	382 00		
do	mattresses do do	51 95		
W. H. Laroche.....	refreshments do do	7 50		
Gingras & Langlois.....	eatables do do preserving the Peace on 12th July 1878.....	55 85		
M. C. Desnoyers	services and disbursements as Special Commissioner re the firing on Citizens by Volunteers at St. Henri on 12th July 1878.....	250 00		
Bischoff, Bompas and Bischoff.....	Attorneys, London, balance of their Bill re Arbitration.....	2,939 49		
do	do do re Hon. Attorney General vs Queen Insurance Co.....	979 87		
do	do do on account of costs re Bourgoin et al. vs. the Montreal, Ottawa and Occidental Railway.....	981 11		
D. Z. Gauthier.....	Advocate, for fees, &c., in three cases vs. the South Eastern Railway Co. and the Hon. Provincial Treasurer, <i>Tiers Scier</i>	125 10		
Chas. Fitzpatrick.....	do do to meet expenses in re Lafamme killed on the Levis and Kennebec Railway	30 00		
T. W. Ritchie, Q. C.....	For professional services re Guibord in 1876	20 00		
do	Bill of costs re Tanneries Land Suit.....	138 80		
E. T. Paradis	Advocate, for Bill of costs re L'Enuyer vs Marchand, and Molleur vs Marchand and Hon. G. Ouimet	191 50		
Hon. J. A. Jetté	For his mission to England to plead before the Privy Council re Arbitration.....	2,451 10		
D. J. Montambault.....	Treasurer Quebec Bar, towards publication of Law Reports. Quebec.....	1,000 00		
J. U. Gregory	To pay for provisions in aid of distressed settlers of the Labrador Coast.....	1,002 15		

Charges on Revenue—Crown Lands Expenditure.

TO WHOM PAID.	SERVICE.	\$	cts.	\$	cts.	\$	cts.
	Brought forward.....						2,499,145 56
	CHARGES ON REVENUE -- CROWN LANDS EXPENDITURE.						
	REGISTRATION SERVICE.						
	Quebec office.						
72 P. L. Morin.....	For twelve months' salary to 30th June, 1879	1,600	00				
Joseph Lachaine.....	do do do at \$2 50 per day....	912	50				
P. Potvin.....	service as chain-bearer, &c., to 30th June, 1879.....	547	50				
do	repairs in office.....	2	00				
A. Côté & Co.	twelve months' rent of office.....	200	00				
Joseph Lachaine.....	petty disbursements.....	1	37			3,263	37
	Three Rivers.						
G. A. Bourgeois.....	For two months' salary to 31st August, 1878.....	266	66				
L. O. Arcand.....	twelve do 30th June, 1879.....	1,200	00				
P. Guillet.....	two do 31st August, 1878.....	100	00				
G. A. Bourgeois.....	disbursements of office.....	383	21				
do	rent of office.....	29	66				
L. O. Arcand.....	disbursements of office.....	859	28			2,838	81
	Joliette.						
M. Crépeau.....	For two months' salary to 31st August, 1878.....	233	32				
do	disbursements of office.....	148	69				

U. Dorval.....	twelve months' salary to 30th June, 1879.....	1,100 00	1,709 86		
do	disbursements of office.....	227 95			
<i>Soulanges and Vaudreuil.</i>					
E. Lalonde.....	For two months' salary to 31st August, 1878.....	166 66	192 09		
do	disbursements of office.....	25 43			
<i>L'Assomption and Montcalm.</i>					
O. Pelletier.....	For two months, salary to 31st August, 1878.....	200 00	1,534 93		
do	disbursements of office.....	324 19			
A. W. Lippé.....	nine months' salary to 31st March, 1879.....	825 00			
do	disbursements of office.....	185 74			
<i>Montreal.</i>					
J. B. Varin.....	For two months' salary to 31st August, 1878.....	266 66	2,633 19		
do	disbursements of office.....	224 98			
F. W. Blacklock.....	twelve months' salary to 30th June, 1879.....	1,200 00			
do	do special allowance.....	547 50			
do	disbursements of office.....	347 55			
J. B. Varin.....	allowance for August, 1878.....	46 50			
<i>Terrebonne.</i>					
J. A. Hervieux	For two months' salary to 31st August, 1878.....	233 32	2,072 71		
do	disbursements of office.....	443 72			
J. H. Leclair	do do	295 67			
do	twelve months' salary to 30th June, 1879.....	1,100 00			
<i>Hull (Ottawa.)</i>					
O. Ledue.....	For two months' salary to 31st August 1878.....	233 32	1,936 82		
do	disbursements of office.....	46 51			
Jas. McArthur.....	do do	556 99			
do	twelve months' salary to 30th June 1879.....	1,100 00			
Carried over.....			16,181 78	2,499,145 56

Charges on Revenue—Crown Lands Expenditure.—Continued.

TO WHOM PAID.	SERVICE.	\$	cts.	\$	cts.	\$	cts.
	Brought forward.....			16,181	78		
	REGISTRATION SERVICE.—Continued.						
	Beauharnais.						
L. A. Seers.....	For two months' salary to 31st August, 1878.....		233 32				
do	disbursements of office.....		120 95				
John Sullivan.....	do do		359 70				
do	twelve months' salary to 30th June, 1879.....		1,100 00				
				1,813	37		
	Montmagny.						
Eugène Casgrain	For twelve months' salary to 30th June 1879.		1,400 00				
do	disbursements of office		948 88				
do	rent of office		100 00				
P. X. Gendreau.....	two months' salary to 31st August 1878		183 32				
do	disbursements.....		21 00				
				2,653	20		
	Richelieu.						
R. H. Kitson.....	For two months' salary to 31st August 1878			166	66		
	General.						
F. M. Lachaine	For twelve months' salary to 30 June 1879		1,400 00				
G. A. Varin.....	do to 31st July 1878 at \$1,250 p. year...		104 16				
do	eleven months do to 30th June 1879 at \$1,200 do ...		1,100 00				
L. N. Dufresne.....	twelve months do do at \$2 per day.....		730 00				
P. Kéroack	do do do do		730 00				
Paul Picard.....	do do do do		730 00				
Chs. Chartré.....	do do do do		730 00				
L. H. B. Garneau .	do do do do		730 00				
G. A. Varin.....	travelling expenses, inspecting.....		354 90				
Chs. Chartré	do do		17 70				
Joseph Caron.....	sundry works for office.....		23 93				
do	express charges		37 09				
W. O. Scott	do on instruments		46 50				
W. Wurdeman	do repairing		5 25				
						2,499,145	56

J. M. Tardivel.....	do	repairs to hot water tank and boiler.....	7 00		
Sampson & Co.....	do	two parallel rulers.....	3 00		
B. Vohl.....		travelling expenses inspecting.....	2 25		
P. L. Morin.....		Surveying rail-road line in Portneuf.....	45 81		
Joseph Lachaine.....		tracing vellum paper.....	1 05		
Rice Sharpley.....		sheets, covers and portfolios for livres de renvoi and binding.....	107 54		
G. A. Lafrance.....		antiquarian and Whatman's paper.....	244 60		
M. Miller & Son.....		seven sets of rubber stamps.....	24 50		
J. A. Langlais.....		covers for livres de renvoi and mounting maps.....	299 15		
Siméon Marcotte.....		mounting maps.....	58 85		
Blumhart & Co.....		one clock for office.....	1 50		
J. P. Déry.....		tin boxes for plans.....	4 20		
C. C. Stewart.....		blank forms.....	9 00		
Joseph Giroux.....		copying descriptions.....	191 15		
T. Lemieux.....	do	do.....	112 25		
G. A. Varin.....	do	do.....	78 85		
L. Lefebvre.....	do	do.....	23 25		
A. Côté & Co.....	do	do.....	11 30		
J. Prendergast.....	do	do.....	27 20		
J. V. Dugal.....	do	do.....	46 05		
Arthur Fréchette.....	do	do.....	21 10		
James Cannon.....	do	do.....	62 75		
J. W. O'Brien.....	do	do.....	45 10		
E. Rousseau.....	do	do.....	20 50		
C. Deguise.....	do	do.....	12 80		
Madame Rinfret.....	do	do.....	16 65		
J. A. Marquis.....	do	do.....	17 65		
Mde. Clochette.....	do	do.....	53 40		
C. P. Casgrain.....	do	do.....	39 50		
M. Hardy.....	do	do.....	14 70		
Mde. Désilets.....	do	do.....	36 95		
J. C. Desmeules.....	do	do.....	14 25		
A. Vaillancourt.....	do	do.....	255 36		
Aug. J. Huot.....	do	do.....	137 40		
M. Furois.....	do	do.....	25 00		
Mdlle. Furois.....	do	do.....	50 05		
Geo. Bellerive.....	do	do.....	80 60		
G. A. Labranche.....	do	do.....	23 10		
Jos. Martel.....	do	do.....	40 95		
Madame Dufort.....	do	do.....	41 85		
L. A. Lapointe.....	do	do.....			
Mde. Dénéchaud.....	do	do.....			
Doctor Bradley.....	do	do.....			
P. E. Gingras.....	do	do.....			
Cicéron Talbot.....	do	do.....			
Carried over.....			9,822 92	20,815 01	2,499,145 56

Charges on Revenue—Crown Lands Expenditure.—Continued

TO WHOM PAID.	SERVICE.	\$	cts.	\$
	Brought forward	9,822	92	20,8
	REGISTRATION SERVICE.—Continued.			
	General.—Continued.			
J. P. B. Casgrain.....	For copying plans.....	526	61	
Paul Picard..C.....	do.....	157	86	
A. C. Talbot.....	do.....	65	68	
J. Langlois.....	do.....	762	18	
L. P. Gauvreau.....	do.....	43	50	
H. T. Jackson.....	do.....	43	60	
E. Ledue.....	do.....	40	50	
P. O. Lefrançois.....	do.....	47	36	
J. B. Amyot.....	do.....	496	16	
G. A. Bourgeois.....	do.....	41	62	
O. A. Dubé.....	do.....	719	24	
C. D. Morency.....	copying and mounting plans.....	85	32	
F. X. Berlinguet.....	copying plans and descriptions.....	89	91	
Ullaire Legendre.....	having plan of Fermeot signed by Mr. Bourgeois.....	5	00	
L. W. Sicotte.....	making books of references for St. Rémi and St. Michel Archange.....	89	70	
Joseph Lachaine.....	inspecting, &c.....	231	48	13,2
	Surveys of Towns, Parishes and Townships.			
G. F. Austin.....	For survey of Carillon, St. Andrews, &c., in Argenteuil.....	1,367	75	
J. P. B. Casgrain.....	do St. Rosalie.....	333	94	
Thos. Berlinguet.....	do St. Dominique, St. Pie, St. Liboire do.....	1,450	00	
L. P. Gauvreau.....	do St. Simon, St. Hugues, Ste. Hélène do.....	1,586	26	
F. Legendre.....	do St. François and Ste. Marie Beauce.....	200	00	
R. J. Ross.....	do St. Frédéric and St. George do.....	300	00	
P. E. Lavergne.....	do St. Lazare, &c., Bellechasse.....	689	08	
C. Laurier.....	do Lanorale, &c., Berthier.....	750	09	
P. V. du Tremblay.....	do St. Hilarion, Isle aux Coudres Charlevoix.....	888	08	
J. C. Desmoules.....	do St. Irénée, de Sales, &c., do.....	445	50	
E. D. Henderson.....	do St. Malachie Dorchester.....	200	00	
Ant. Painchaud.....	do Magdalen Islands Gaspé.....	555	29	
Z. Dupuis.....	do St. Pascal Kamouraska.....	150	00	

F. L. Pelletier.....	Rivière Ouette	100 00	do	100 00
Renévald Tétu.....	St. Louis, Kamouraska village	250 00	do	250 00
P. J. B. Fournier.....	St. Alexandre	983 52	Kamouraska...	983 52
Eugène Fafard.....	do	140 00	do	140 00
do	St. Anne	190 00	L'Islet...	190 00
Thos. Breen.....	St. Jean Port Joli	482 27	do	482 27
A. Bourget.....	St. Eugène, St. Aubert	330 00	Lévis...	330 00
John Neilson.....	St. Henri de Lauzon	337 65	do	337 65
F. l'agé.....	St. Etienne de Lauzon	88 90	Lotbinière...	88 90
H. O'Sullivan.....	St. Gilles	358 45	Mégantic...	358 45
J. B. O. Legendre.....	Nelson township	100 00	do	100 00
L. Gosselin.....	Somerset	266 58	Montmorency...	266 58
N. V. LeFrançois.....	St. François d'Orléans	175 00	do	175 00
P. Jobidon.....	St. Tite des Caps	40 53	do	40 53
L. Stein.....	Island of Orleans	2,088 28	do	2,088 28
G. C. Rainboth.....	St. Patrice, Napierville...	1,553 63	do	1,553 63
Jos. Lachaine.....	do	50 00	Ottawa...	50 00
Jos. Burke.....	St. Aimé, St. Robert, St. Marc, St. Louis	1,977 31	Richelieu...	1,977 31
L. S. E. Grondin.....	St. Mathieu, St. Fabien,	265 75	Rimouski...	265 75
C. S. Lepage.....	St. Octave de Mévis, Mévis	844 50	do	844 50
J. L. Michaud.....	Matane	200 00	do	200 00
J. Hill.....	St. Donat	492 09	do	492 09
Alfred Hamel.....	St. Hilaire	237 81	do	237 81
A. T. Michaud.....	St. Clet	53 25	Roxville.....	53 25
J. N. Patton.....	Ile Perrot	25 00	Soulanges...	25 00
C. E. Towle.....	Costabook, Stanstead Plains	2,213 08	do	2,213 08
Jos. Barnard.....	St. Jude	100 00	Stanstead...	100 00
P. A. Tôté.....	St. Arsène and Cacouna	84 35	St. Hyacinthe...	84 35
J. E. St. Pierre.....	Belgouerie du Lac and N. D. du Lac	1,085 44	Témiscouata...	1,085 44
G. A. Doucet.....	Trois Pistoles and Ile Verte	1,092 47	do	1,092 47
J. A. Roy.....	Information re surveys in	24 00	do	24 00
H. Leber.....	survey of St. François du Lac	700 00	Yamaska.....	700 00
W. A. Ashe.....	verifying surveys.....	2,698 92	do	2,698 92
E. Devilla.....	do and instruments.....	1,529 47	do	1,529 47
H. O. Sullivan.....	do	679 98	do	679 98
P. M. Lachaine.....	do	697 10	do	697 10
		31,142 14		31,142 14
		60,223 78		60,223 78
		7,289 46		7,289 46
		57,934 32		57,934 32
		820 38		820 38
		2,373 00		2,373 00
		8 34		8 34
		2,523 52		2,523 52
		5,726 24		5,726 24
		67,934 32		67,934 32
		2,499,145 66		2,499,145 66

Less—Expended over amount of warrants issued and included
in supply bill for financial year to end 30th June, 1880.....

Surveys.

Survey of Aldfield Township.....
do Amherst do
Inspection in Armagh do
Survey of Arundel and Joly Townships.....

Carried over.....

Charges on Revenüe.—Crown Lands Expenditure.—Continued.

TO WHOM PAID.	SERVICE.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	¢ cts.	\$ cts.
	Brought forward.....				57,934 32
	Surveys.—Continued.				2,499,145 56
N. C. Mathieu.....	Survey of Clyde Township.....				1,339 30
S. L. Brabazon.....	do Clarendon do				196 06
J. B. Richard.....	do d'Israeli Village				661 15
G. LeBoutillier.....	do Douglastown				82 94
G. Gagnon.....	do Dufferin Township.....				300 00
G. Garon.....	do Duquesne do				156 15
G. B. du Tremblay.....	do Iberville				1,138 45
J. B. O. Legendre.....	do Ireland and Thetford Townships				392 49
T. C. de la Chevrotière.....	do Langelier Township				916 03
J. Bignell.....	Survey of Litchfield and Clarendon townships.....				798 93
J. A. Snow.....	do lots in Low township.....				39 75
Mrs C. Quinn.....	do Lussier do				77 43
J. P. Dery	do Montauban do				634 70
E. Deville.....	do Quebec to Lake St. John.....				533 83
E. J. Harkin	do Radnor.....				95 90
P. H. Dumais	do Rivers au Rat &c.....				1,518 00
T. C. Michaud.....	do Thetford and Galtby townships				257 36
G. B. du Tremblay	Survey of Tadoussac and Bergeronnes township.....				2,177 91
H. O'Sullivan	Plan and report of line Inverness.....				6 00
H. Legendre	Copy of plan of River Matawin.....				20 50
W. S. Parke	One map of the Eastern Townships				2 00
E. Deville	One hundred and sixty seven copies of work on astronomical calculations.....				100 50
	amount unexpended of warrants issued.....				17,170 62
	Total Surveys.....				3,609 28
	GENERAL EXPENDITURE.				
	Board of Examiners of Land Surveyors.				
Alexander Sewell.....	For allowance to members of board				719 00

Expenses of Agencies, &c.													
				Agency,		\$	cts.						
E. Heath.....	Coulonge.....			Salary for year.....		800	00						
				Commission.....		143	24						
				Disbursements.....		207	25						
				Postages.....		20	90						
												1,171	39
R. Farley	Gatineau.....			Salary for year.....	do	800	00						
				Commission.....		529	45						
				Disbursements.....		228	51						
				Postages.....		29	21						
												1,587	17
J. A. Cameron.....	Petite Nation.....			Salary for year.....	do	800	00						
				Commission.....		261	44						
				Disbursements.....		55	00						
				Postages.....		12	24						
												1,128	70
A. B. Filion.....	do			Salary for year.....	Sub-Agency	450	00						
				Commission.....		189	17						
				Disbursements.....		205	60						
				Postages.....		20	15						
												864	92
O. B. Kemp.....	Magog.....			Salary for year.....	Agency	400	00						
				Commission.....		385	77						
				Disbursements.....		416	00						
				Postages.....		8	04						
												1,204	81
Chs. Patton.....	St. Francis.....			Salary for year.....	do	600	00						
				Commission.....		452	26						
				Disbursements.....		349	50						
				Postages.....		21	14						
												1,423	00
A. Gagnon.....	Arthabaska.....			Salary for year.....	do	800	00						
				Commission.....		375	81						
				Disbursements.....		353	55						
												1,529	36
P. A. Proux.....	Chaudière.....			Salary for year.....	do	600	00						
				Commission.....		311	85						
				Disbursements.....		290	50						
				Postages.....		10	77						
												1,213	12
E. Renault.....	Montmagny.....			Salary for year.....	do	800	00						
				Commission.....		148	68						
				Disbursements.....		409	50						
				Postages.....		18	90						
												1,377	08
				Carried over.....								11,499	55
												715	00
												78,714	23
												2,499,145	56

Geo. Duberger	Saguenay	do	Salary for year..... Commission	600 00 73 97					
			Disbursements	608 35					
			Postages	8 43					
					1,290 74				
J. O. Tremblay	Lake St. John	do	Salary for year..... Commission.....	800 00 108 11					
			Disbursements ..	1,094 00					
			Postages	16 66					
					2,018 77				
Israel Dumais	do	Sub-Agency	Salary for year..... Commission.....	200 00 162 53					
			Disbursements	67 05					
			Postages	10 70					
					430 28				
L. Z. Rousseau	St. Charles	Agency	Salary for year..... Commission	600 00 57 43					
			Disbursements ..	358 62					
			Postages	4 77					
					1,020 82				
L. A. Dubord	St. Maurice	do	Salary for year..... Commission.....	1,200 00 228 72					
			Disbursements.....	634 02					
Wm. Lamb	do	do	Salary for year.....	800 00					
					3,862 74				
J. B. Delfausse	L'Assomption	do	Salary for year..... Commission.....	800 00 179 71					
			Disbursements.....	25 00					
			Postages	6 56					
					1,011 27				
C. E. Belle	Parts of L'Assomption and Petite Nation Agency,		Salary for year..... Commission.....	1,200 00 178 49					
			Disbursements	1,135 70					
			Postages	2 43					
			Carried over.....	2,516 62	25,578 96	715 00	78,714 22	2,499,145 56	

Charges on Revenue.—Crown Lands Expenditure.—Continued.

TO WHOM PAID.	SERVICE.	\$	cts.	\$	cts.	\$	cts.	\$	cts.
	Brought forward.....	2,516	62	25,578	96	715	00	78,714	22
	GENERAL EXPENDITURE.—Continued.								
	Expenses of Agencies.—Continued.								
J. P. Landry	Parts of L'Assomption and	800	00						
	Petite Nation Agency,								
C. J. Marchand.....	do	150	00						
	Salary for year.....	18	80						
	Salary 1st April to								
	30th June, 1879.....								
	Disbursements.....			3,485	42				
A. J. Russell.....	Ottawa Agency,	2,044	90						
John Macdonald.....	do	150	00						
	Salary for year.....			2,194	90				
John Hume	Inspector of Agencies,	1,200	00						
	do	592	15						
	Disbursements.....								
				1,792	15				
C. H. de Salaberry.....	Forester,								
Alfred Blais	Game protector,			1,400	00				
E. Copping	do			10	74				
Israël Dumais.....	do			11	28				
	Salary for year.....	11	28						
	do to 1st Aug., 1878	43	00						
	do								
	do								
	disbursements.....			54	28				
A. Labbé.....	do	14	00						
	Salary to 1st Aug., 1878	10	00						
				24	00				
O. Latraverse	do			11	28				
F. Richard.....	do			10	61				

W. C. Willis	do	do	.....	9 24
J. F. Saillant.....	do	do	12 60	
		Disbursements.....	83 75	
				96 25
J. Bte. Chevalier	do	do	22 00	
		Salary to 1st Aug., 1878	11 28	
				33 28
P. Clancy.....	do	do	12 10	
		Disbursements.....	6 00	
				18 10
J. P. Lachance.....	do	do	2 00	
		Salary to 1st Aug., 1878	8 97	
				10 97
Thos. Descoteau.....	do	do	10 20	
		Disbursements.....	11 50	
				21 70
Chs. Robert	do	Salary to 1st Aug., 1878	.....	13 31
J. Z. C. Miquelon.....	do	do	.....	11 15
Wm. Clark.....	do	do	.....	10 61
John Darby	do	do	.....	10 61
James Hodgins.....	do	do	.....	10 61
P. Grace.....	do	do	.....	10 61
J. E. Cayouette.....	do	do	11 83	
		Disbursements.....	10 00	
				21 83
A. Beaubien	do	Salary to 1st Aug., 1878	.....	12 50
Jos. Lesage.....	do	do	12 50	
		Disbursement.....	43 00	
				55 50
J. N. Proulx		Superintendent of game protectors, salary for year...	.....	150 00
J. V. Hale		Postage Stamps for Quebec Office .....	.....	600 00
Joseph Caron.....		do on letters received.....	.....	21 65
		Total expenses of Agencies.....	.....	35,691 54
		Carried over.....	.....	36,406 54
			78,714 22	2,499,145 56

Charges on Revenue.—Crown Lands Expenditure.—Continued.

TO WHOM PAID.	SERVICE.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
	Brought forward.....		78,714 23	2,499,145 56
	GENERAL EXPENDITURE.—Continued.			
	Advertising,			
"The Daily Mercury"	Quebec, Advertising sale of Phosphate lands.....	12 80		
"L'Evenement"	do do	27 52		
"Le Constitutionnel"	Three Rivers, do do	7 60		
"Le National"	Montreal, do do	13 60		
"L'Opinion Publique"	do do	17 00		
"The Herald"	do do	31 20		
"The Free Press"	Ottawa, do do	16 00		
"Le Fédéral"	do do	10 00		
"La Gazette"	Montreal, do do	7 60		
"Le Pioneer"	Quebec, do do	7 00		
"The Morning Chronicle"	Quebec, do do	7 36		
"Le Journal"	Arthabaska, do do	26 92		
"Le National"	Montreal, do do	11 20		
"La Patrie"	do do	10 00		
"Journal of Commerce"	do do	11 10		
"L'Union"	St. Hyacinthe, do do	16 00		
"The Examiner"	Quebec, do do	5 60		
"Journal of Commerce"	Montreal, do do	18 50		
"The Daily Mercury"	Quebec, do do	21 40		
"The Canadian Illustrated News"	Montreal, do do	16 00		
"L'Opinion Publique"	do do	16 00		
"The Morning Chronicle"	Quebec, do do	13 68		
"The Daily Mercury"	do do	11 20		
"L'Éclair"	do do	24 48		
"The Quebec Guide"	Advertising	5 00		
"The Aylmer Times"	Aylmer advertising re : official visit in Coulonge agency.....	15 00		
"The Herald"	Montreal, sundry advertisements	319 78		
			698 54	

Refunds.					
C. Larivière	Refund on 30 in 3, Allumette		4 00		
J. Lemelin	do 21 in 1, Armagh		6 52		
A. Beaulieu	do 42 in 1, Blake		2 00		
J. Coleman	do 18 in 5, Hampden		7 94		
L. J. Riopel	do 20 in 2, Hope		2 00		
Henry Purdy	do 23 in 3, Harrington		8 00		
J. T. Dussault	do 22 in 7, Inverness		16 12		
J. Breaker	do lots in 8, Jersey		46 40		
Edmé Paré	do 16 in E range, Pabos		4 00		
Ross Brothers	do 6 in 6, Portland West		2 50		
A. G. Lajoie	do 22 in 9, do		106 80		
G. Duberger	do 34 in 2, Saguenay		37 50		
O. Ouellet	do 20 in 11, Somerset		27 40		
L. Gagnon	do part of 27 in 2, Tessier		14 60		
O. E. Belle	do applied on 6 in 5, Grenville		10 16		
E. Renault	do of timber dues applied on lots in Armagh		150 40		
W. J. Hughes	do do on 44 and 45 in 8, Jersey		120 20		
P. A. Proux	do do on lots in do		160 05		
E. Renault	do do on lots in Mailloux, &c.		114 60		
L. J. Riopel	do do on C in Casapédia range of Maria		11 50		
C. Patton	do do in Marston		83 60		
D. F. de St. Aubin	do do on lot in Matane		10 55		
L. J. Riopel	do do in New Richmond		20 50		
do	do do on lots in Metapédia Township		79 30		
L. Robitaille	do		57 50		
J. Walker	do		18 85		
David Poyer	do on timber cut by G. Breaker on 36 in 7, Shenly		21 20		
C. Patton	do do applied on lots in Whitton		73 35		
G. B. Hall & Co.	do of bonus and ground rent on limits in Ottawa territory ..		5,796 20		
J. Cochrane	do of bonus and ground rent		160 00		
Dunlop & Ellis	do of bonus on limits		400 00		
L. A. Côté	do of dues on cord wood		51 45		
A. McMaster	do of stumpage dues		144 35		
G. B. Hall & Co.	do of cost of survey Lac Tortue, by E. J. Harkin, P. L. S. ..		85 40		
Crown Domain.			7,853 94		
Joseph Larin	Don mission and disbursements		768 44		
C. E. Gauvin	Survey of beach lot at St. Romuald		8 71		
Carried over			777 15	44,959 02	78,714 22
					2,499,145 56

Charges on Revenue.—Crown Lands Expenditure.—Continued.

TO WHOM PAID.	SERVICE.	\$	cts.	\$	cts.	\$	cts.
	Brought forward.....		777 15		44,959 02		78,714 22
	GENERAL EXPENDITURE.—Continued.						2,499,145 56
	Crown Domain.—Continued.						
J. E. Larue	Professional services		42 00				
Joseph Laurin.....	Do purchase for the Crown properties at Lévis		127 40				
S. de Lotinville.....	Fees for 1,200 notices to sundry persons in seigniory of Batiscan		300 00		1,246 55		
	Seigniory of Lauzon.						
Joseph Laurin..	Commission and disbursements.....		970 14				
O. Pageau.....	Refund on lot in St. Henri de Lauzon		12 25				
J. E. Larue.....	Professional services		37 50				
Estate J. G. Colston.....	do re Regina re. Grand Trunk Railway.....		100 00		1,119 89		
	Special Service.						
Hon. F. Langelier.....	Travelling expenses on official business.....		45 10				
E. E. Taché.....	Assistant Commissioner, travelling expenses on official business		19 45				
W. E. Collins.....	Special allowance & travelling expenses on departmental business		440 85				
L. L. Rivard	do do do		27 50				
L. D. Lemoine.....	do do do		601 00				
H. G. Vennor.....	Inspection and report on phosphate lands		36 75		1,170 65		
	Crown Instalments.						
C. Lebel.....	Disbursements re cancellation of lot 9 in 6, Armand, do ..		4 90				

A. Renault.....	do	lots 2 and 3 in C. Ashburton.....	0 50		
M. Roy	do	lot 18 in 3, Auckland.....	1 00		
C. Roy.....	do	15 in 12, Armagh	2 00		
C. Allard	do	lots 19 and 20 in 5, Ashuap- mouchouan	0 60		
G. L. Paradis.....	do	lot 15 in 5, do	0 60		
Jos. Jean	do	8 in 12, Bagot.....	1 60		
Ls. Arpin	do	49 in A, Begon, &c.. ..	3 50		
V. Charbonneau	do	lots 19 in 2, &c , Beresford	1 40		
L. Bouchard.....	do	4 and 9 in 1, Bourget, &c..	0 70		
B. Michaud.....	do	lot 9 in 2, Buguay	0 70		
E. Esnouf.....	do	lots 35 to 50 in 1, Cap Rosier ...	3 10		
J. Boudreau.....	do	lot 3 in 3, Carleton	0 70		
P. C. Beauchesne.....	do	3 in 2, do	1 00		
A. Dubord.....	do	lots in Caxton, &c.....	4 00		
E. Lacoste.....	do	lot 21 in 6, Caxton.....	0 50		
L. Paradis.....	do	4 in 2, Charlevoix.....	0 60		
J. Brault.....	do	30 in 8, Chertsey.....	0 60		
Jos. Grenon.....	do	lots in Delisle.....	1 40		
J. Léonard.....	do	lot 20 in DeSalaberry.....	0 90		
C. Allard.....	do	lots 22 & 23 in 1, Desmeules....	1 50		
E. Choinard.....	do	1 & 2 in 3, Dionne.....	2 70		
L. McAuley.....	do	lot 11 in 3, Douglass.....	0 80		
L. F. Boucher.....	do	49 in 1, Escoumains.....	3 10		
A. Blais.....	do	8 in 3, Fournier.....	0 50		
G. T. Lefougel.....	do	5 in Gaspé Bay North.	1 50		
N. Poirier.....	do	pt. of 17, &c., in 2, Hamilton ..	3 00		
Jne. Scott	do	lot 15 in 1, Hampden.....	0 60		
A. S. Young.....	do	lots in Hope.....	2 10		
J. A. Leprohon.....	do	lot 8 in 2, Joliette.....	2 50		
J. B. Lajoie.....	do	6 in 10, Kilkenny.....	1 00		
E. Choinard.....	do	19 in 4, Lafontaine, &c.....	3 40		
T. Bryson.....	do	15 in 2, Mansfield.....	0 60		
F. S. Cyr.....	do	lots in Maris.....	1 80		
J. Quinn.....	do	do	1 50		
J. P. Gagnon.....	do	lot 5 in 4 Metabetchouan.....	0 70		
O. Martin.....	do	15 in 2 Metapédia.....	1 50		
H. Laroche.....	do	lots in Metapédia, &c.....	3 60		
T. Nicole.....	do	lots 4 in 2, Montmagny.	0 50		
J. Robertson.....	do	lots in New Richmond.....	1 85		
C. Desforges.....	do	lot 28 in 6, Newport.....	0 60		
Jos. Berthelot.....	do	lots in Nouvelle.....	2 40		
P. Tanguay.....	do	in Panet, &c.....	2 30		
Jos. Savard.....	do	9 & 14 in 5, Parent.....	0 70		
A. Savard.....	do	in do &c....	2 60		
Carried over.....			73 05	48,496 11	78,714 22
					2,499,145 56

Charges on Revenue.—Crown Lands Expenditure.—Continued.

TO WHOM PAID.	SERVICE.	\$	cts.	\$	cts.	\$	cts.
	Brought forward.....		73 05	48,496 11	78,714 22	2,499,145 56	
	GENERAL EXPENDITURE.—Continued.						
	Crown Instalments.—Continued.						
J. T. N. Savage.....	Disbursements re cancellation of lot 54 in 2, Percé, &c.		0 70				
J. T. Tuso.....	do do lots 8 to 10 in E. range, Percé..		0 50				
E. Levesque.....	do do lot 21 in 10 Pohenegamouk.....		2 90				
J. Enright.....	do do lots in Port Daniel.....		2 85				
R. W. Farley.....	do do in Portland, &c.....		8 00				
W. H. Downs.....	do do 1 & 2 in 2, Ristigouche.....		0 89				
A. Rousseau.....	do do lot 4 in B, Shawenegan.....		0 50				
R. Farley.....	do do 21 in 12, Templeton.....		0 50				
G. Caron.....	do do 38 in 6, Viger		1 80				
do do	do do 46 in 9, do		1 80				
L. M. Lapointe.....	do do 22 in 2, do &c.....		2 10				
R. W. Farley.....	do do 12 in 3, Wakefield		3 50				
C. C. Lajeunesse.....	do do 42 in 3, Wexford		1 10				
A. McLeod.....	do do 2 in A, Whitton.....		0 90				
do	do do 17 in 5, Winflow.....		3 10				
M. Neville.....	do do 17 in No. 2, &c., Witworth...		1 10				
Jos. Dionne.....	do do 30 in 4, Woodbridge.....		0 60				
J. J. Vautin.....	do do 47 & 16 in 2, York.....		0 50	106 39			
	Gold Mines.						
H. J. J. Duchesnay	Salary for year.....		400 00				
do	Travelling expenses		8 00				
L. L. Rivard	Copy of a report on gold mines.....		3 30	411 30			
	Bolton and Magog Serips.						
Antoine Gagnon	Serips redeemed and applied on July 1878 returns in lieu of scrip No. 932, 934, 940, 941, 934, 942 and 943 at \$25 each now cancelled		175 00				
do	Serips redeemed and applied on January 1879 returns in lieu of scrip No. 937, 938 and 939 now cancelled.....		75 00				
do	Serips redeemed and applied on lots 23 and 24 in 5th range of Garthby in lieu of serips No. 935 and 936 now cancelled.....		60 00				
						300 00	

<i>Belton and Magog Lands.</i>					
Daniel Austin	Infull of all claims for lands and money on 5047 5/6 acres of land granted per order in Council of 28th Feby. 1879.....			3,835 72	
<i>Law Costs.</i>					
H. C. Pelletier	Fees and costs re Hare Island matters	245 55			
Wm. Fraser.....	do re Regina vs Langlois re Hare Island	195 68		441 13	
<i>Old Ledger Accounts.</i>					
P. A. Proux.....	Amount applied on his November and December 1878 returns...			197 23	
<i>WOODS AND FORESTS.</i>					
<i>Bonaventure Territory.</i>					
O. Martin.....	Inspecting limits in Bonaventure.....	27 00			
<i>St. Maurice Territory.</i>					
Wm. Crawford.....	Inspecting limits in River Vermillion.....	90 50			
<i>Ottawa Territory.</i>					
B. McGrath.....	Survey of limits in River du Lièvre	\$292 00			
A. G. Forests	Plan &c. of limits in River Gatineau.....	20 00			
E. J. Duchesnay.....	Copy of plan &c. of limits above River du Lièvre.....	13 37			
<i>General.</i>		325 37			
L'Eclairer	Quebec, advertising sale of timber limits.....	\$ 33 12			
The Morning Chronicle.....	do do	106 18			
L'Evénement.....	do do	51 84			
L'Opinion Publique.....	do do	70 00			
The Herald	do do	90 72			
The Free Press	do do	21 60			
Le Franco Canadien	do do	43 92			
L'Union	St. Johns do	11 20			
The Gazette.....	St. Hyacinthe do	12 00			
The Free Press.....	Sherbrooke do	9 60			
L. D. Lemoine.....	Ottawa do amended timber regulations.....	2 12			
J. Penny.....	Fees as auctioneer at sales of limits	36 00			
	Three boxes specimens of canadian woods		488 30		
<i>Total Woods & Forests.....</i>			931 17		
<i>Carried over.....</i>			54,719 05	78,714 22	2,499,145 56

Charges on Revenue.—Crown Lands Expenditure.—Continued.

TO WHOM PAID.	SERVICE.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
	Brought forward.....	1,178 38		59,246 84	78,714 22	2,499,145 56
	GENERAL EXPENDITURE.—Continued.					
	SUBSIDY ACCOUNTS.—Continued.					
	Deposits.—Continued.					
M. Gagnon.....	Applied on part of 5 in 4, Chicoutimi.....	4 00				
P. Lessard.....	do lot 37 in 8 Cranbourne.....	16 22				
M. Pelletier.....	Refund 13 in 1 Demers.....	4 86				
L. McQuarrie.....	Applied lots in Denholm &c.....	15 00				
J. McAndrews.....	Refund lot 34 in 4 Derry.....	15 00				
H. Andrews.....	Applied 28 in 3, De Salaberry.....	11 30				
W. J. Dufour.....	do 6 in 6, De Sales.....	4 20				
A. Resida.....	do lots 11 & 12 in 2, Ditchfield.....	24 00				
B. Ibbotson.....	Refund 21 & 22 in 3 do.....	24 00				
F. Blanchet.....	do lot 20 in 4, Fournier.....	6 78				
M. Ouellet.....	Applied 7 and in 6, Garneau.....	1 00				
M. Hammond.....	do 16 in 4, Gore.....	50 00				
M. Juneau.....	do pt. 7 in 5, Gosford.....	3 60				
Widow J. Juneau.....	do do do.....	3 60				
L. Z. Rousseau.....	do lots do do.....	133 80				
F. Moisan.....	Refund pt. 17 in 5, do.....	9 30				
Victor Glada.....	Applied lot 28 in 8 Grantham.....	112 50				
M. Dallaire.....	do 16 in 5, Grayhurst.....	7 52				
R. J. McLean.....	Refund 7 in 4, Augmentation of Grenville.....	6 00				
F. P. Beigold.....	Applied 17 in 2, Hamilton.....	61 75				
C. Fonguellar.....	do 14 in 3, Hampden.....	6 12				
Jno. Whipple & al.....	do 1 in 6, Hartley.....	2 00				
Jos. Dumont.....	do 4 in 6, Hocquart.....	6 00				
C. J. Coursol.....	do lots 29 & in 1, Howard.....	64 50				
Rev. A. Labelle.....	do 32 & 33 in 3, do.....	1 00				
F. Savary.....	Refund on Islands in Lake Sept Iles.....	3 00				
King Brothers.....	Applied on lots in Ireland.....	258 60				
La. Lapointe.....	do lot 8 in 1, Kildare.....	18 88				
F. Thérien.....	Refund 16 in 8, Kilkenny.....	3 55				
A. Latendresse.....	Applied 5 in 3, do.....	5 00				
J. Wadleigh.....	Refund 11 in 4, Kingsey.....	43 05				

A. Thibault	35 in A, Lafontaine.....	do	2 00			
J. Gauthier.....	19 in 1, Laperrière.....	Applied	4 00			
O. Poirvin	19 in 6, Laperrière.....	do	6 00			
B. Furnies	14 in 3, Leeds	Refund	11 50			
T. Stephens	39 in 1, Lestie	Applied	16 20			
Win. Helmer	58 in 4, do	do	20 00			
J. Cadieux.....	Refund on lot 7 in 8, Loohaber.....	Refund	12 70			
F. Lacroix	26 in 1, Malhot.....	Applied	11 46			
J. Duthie.....	B, Casapédia range of Maria.....	Refund	1 20			
G. Bryson.....	16 in 2, Mansfield.....	Applied	24 90			
C. Patton.....	pt. of 12 in 2, Marston.....	Refund	1 17			
Rev. J. O. Godin.....	lot 2 in 2, do	do	4 00			
Jane C. Dodge.....	8 in 1, do	do	1 00			
E. Bouchard.....	lots 20 & 21 in A, Metabetchouan.....	Applied	3 00			
Ed. Boivin.....	lot 12 in A, do	Refund	13 26			
P. Rivard.....	4 in 2, Montauban.....	do	6 00			
Is. Otat.....	pt. of 4 in 7, McNider.....	Applied	3 00			
B. Grenier.....	on 17, New Port Village Range....	do	6 00			
Jas. Duguay.....	15, do	do	9 62			
J. Walsh.....	A in 6, New Richmond.....	do	31 45			
N. Wright.....	25 in 4, Onslow.....	do	13 25			
King Brothers	property at Pabos.....	do	580 00			
J. McGrath.....	lot 88 in 1, Pabos	Refund	4 00			
M. Brutherton.....	16 East Range Little Pabos.....	Applied on	4 00			
R. Sutton.....	13 do	do	4 00			
R. Desroches.....	20 West do	do	4 00			
Wm. Johnson.....	19 West do	do	4 00			
H. Tétu.....	14 East do	do	4 00			
W. H. Annett.....	lots 75 to 87 on 1, do	do	12 76			
King Brothers.....	B, Grand Pabos	do	6 00			
J. Doucet et al	lot 36 in 2, do	do	4 00			
C. Blais & M. Cloutier.....	75 in 4, Parent	do	10 16			
F. Bouch R.....	20 in 4, do	do	3 28			
D. Boucher.....	20 in 4, do	do	3 32			
J. Laperrière.....	E in 9, Percé.....	do	8 70			
F. Lapointe.....	16 in 2, do	do	4 80			
J. X. Lavoie.....	13 East range do	Refund on	20 80			
J. Simonneau.....	12 do	Applied	4 32			
L. J. O. Riopel.....	10 in 2, Port Daniel....	do	90 20			
C. Lyonnais.....	Refund on lots in Portland.....	Refund	5 50			
T. Aspden & L.....	lot 5 in 8, do	do	117 00			
W. J. Wilson.....	9 in 9, do	do	5 00			
J. A. Gemmill.....	16 in 3, do	do	5 00			
S. J. Lough	3 in 2, do East.....	do	5 00			
R. C. Harris.....	3 in 1, do	Applied on	194 00			
A. Payette.....	16 in 9, do	Refund	2 00			
do	16 in 9, do	Applied	2 50			
Carried over.....			3,404 55	59,246 84	78,714 22	2,499,145 56

Charges on Revenue.—Crown Lands Expenditure.—Continued.

TO WHOM PAID.	SERVICE.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
	Brought forward.....	3,404 55	...	59,246 84	78,714 22	2,499,145 56
	GENERAL EXPENDITURE.—Continued.					
	SUSPENSE ACCOUNTS.—Continued.					
	Deposits.—Continued.					
J. W. McLaren.....	Refund on lots in Portland East.....	20 00				
G. R. J. Donaldson.....	do pt. of lot 2 in 2, do do	5 00				
J. G. Miller.....	do lots 24 & 25 in 4, do West.....	10 00				
do	Applied do do	1 00				
A. McNaughton.....	do 9 & 10 in 10, do do	196 60				
Jo. Labrie.....	Ref. nd lot 2 in 4, Romieux.....	30 00				
T. Roy.....	Applied 2 in 4, do do	6 00				
J. B. Stewart.....	do A Gore, Sherrington.....	80 50				
J. E. McNeal.....	Applied on lots 9 & 10 in 5 Sheen.....	1 00				
D. Boulanger.....	do pt. lot 22 in 3 St. Denis.....	9 03				
O. Gagné.....	do lot 26 in 4 do	2 97				
F. Bri-son.....	Refund 4 East range Tadousac	4 00				
J. G. Miller.....	do lots in 12 Templeton.....	20 00				
J. M. Currier.....	do lot 17 in 7 do	5 00				
N. P. Bell.....	do 19 in 13 do	10 00				
J. McLaurin.....	Applied on limits in do	34 00				
do	Refund of balance deposit do	6 00				
J. S. Hall.....	do on 11 Gore do	5 00				
F. J. Wilson.....	do lots do	20 00				
H. Breton.....	do lot 9 in 7 Tring.....	43 00				
T. Lecours.....	Applied on 35 in 7 Upton.....	154 00				
A. Cates.....	Refund on lots in Wakefield.....	15 00				
Geo. Fooks.....	do lot 26 in 6 do	5 00				
F. G. Huldane	Applied 12 in 1 do	10 00				
W. H. Wilson	do 17 in 2 do	2 00				
P. Farrell	do 12 in 9 do	30 00				
O. Ferland.....	do 31 in 7 Ware	35 70				
do	Refund do do	2 50				
Jas. McCabe.....	do lots 14 & 15 in 3 Wells.....	10 00				
A. McLure	do lot 1 in 6 Wentworth.....	5 82				
G. Lavoie.....	do 2 in 6 do	6 00				

H. St. Jean	do	22 in 2	do	Wexford					
D. Lépine	Applied on lots 41 and 42 in 3.			Whitton					
J. P. Jones	Refund on lot 73, E. W. Range,			Woodbridge					
F. P. Jones	Applied on	30 in 5,		Wright					
A. Dubreuil	do	40 in 6,		do					
Ls. Duhamel	Refund on lots 44 and 45 in 7,			York					
J. Kavanagh	do	lot 10 in 2,							
B. Konauk	Applied on his returns								
C. T. Dubé	do	do							
W. H. Annett	do	do							
Israel Dumais	do	do							
C. E. Belle	do	do							
A. B. Fillion	do	do							
J. A. Cameron	do	do							
E. Leath	do	do							
P. A. Proux	do	do							
L. J. O. Hopel	do	do							
J. O. Tremblay	do	do							
Geo. Duberger	do	do							
H. Caron	do	on Duberger's returns							
A. Ouellet	do	on Sylva's do							
Louis G. Gilet	do	on his returns							
R. Furley	Refunded	do							
Timber Deposits.					7,867 62				
A. Cronier	Applied on lot 28 in 4' Bouchette								
C. Pirelli	do	21 in 5, Cathcart							
G. H. J. McBean	do	1 in 2, Northfield							
M. McBean	Refund on lots 19 & 30 in 2, Northfield								
M. Paquin	Applied on lots 35 in 5, Portland West								
A. Chut-four	do	35 in 6, do							
F. X. Lamothe	do	19 in 7, do							
C. Dubois	Refund	23 in 2, Wakesfield							
Ls. Duhamel	do	38 in 6, Wright							
A. Charpentier	Applied lots 44 & 45 in 7, do								
	do	lots 32 in 60 do							
Amount of warrants unexpended					488 53	8,355 55			
Total General Expenditure						67,002 39			
Total Crown Lands Expenditure						67,490 94			
Carried over							74,039 09		
							152,753 91		
							152,753 91		2,490,145 56

Charges on Revenue.—Continued.

TO WHOM PAID.	SERVICE.	\$	cts.	\$	cts.	\$	cts.
	Brought forward.....			162,763	91	2,499,146	53
	<i>To meet demands on Municipalities Fund, Con Stat L. C. Cap. 110, Sec. 7.</i>						
D. J. Trudel.....	Sec.-Treas., Munic. Council of Champlain, for 1 year's interest to 10th June 1878..		72 00				
A. O. Desilets.....	do do county of Nicolet, for 1 year's interest to 10th June 1878		72 00				
Chas. Boivin.....	do do 2nd Division County of Charlevoix, on account of interest		600 00				
	<i>Quebec Official Gazette.</i>			744	00		
C. F. Langlois	Queens Printer. 12 months salary to 30th June 1879.....	2,000	00				
C. Pageau	Book-Keeper, 1 do 31st July 1878 at.....\$ 1,050	87	50				
do	do 11 do 31st June 1879.....	916	67				
Thos. Molony	do 12 do do	800	00				
Ed. Trudelle.....	do 1 do 31st July 1878.....	70	83				
do	do 11 do 30th June 1879.....	733	34				
N. Bouré.....	do 1 do 31st July 1878.....	45	00				
do	do 11 do 30th June 1879.....	458	34				
C. F. Langlois.....	Queens Printer, to pay L. G. Desjardins for printing the Official Gazette to 31st May 1879.....	10,866	23				
do	do for contingencies of Office, including postages.....	609	36				
do	Amount unexpended of warrants issued.....	16,586	27				
	<i>Licenses.</i>	45	54	16,631	81		
T. S. Judah.....	Chairman of License Commissioners, Montréal, to pay salaries of the Commissioners, Secretary and Contingencies of the Board.\$3,401 32						
L. P. Vohl	Powder Inspector, Quebec, twelve months salary to 30th June 1879... 100 00						
L. P. Lachance.....	License Inspector, Chicoutimi, for Bills of Costs in prosecutions..... 197 79						
Els. Pelletier.....	do Témiscouata, do do	236	20				
James Creighton.....	For Bill of Costs re Pelletier vs Creighton.....	39	00				
Cyr. Suzor.....	Advocate, Bill of costs re St. Amand and Corporation of St. Ambrose and P. A. Doucet.....	75	08				
L. C. Bélanger	do do re Griffith vs Viens.. ..	25	00				
Charland & Paradis.....	do do re Inspector vs Côté and Rhéaume.....	255	10				
Alexis Duaseault	do do re Langlois vs Morin.....	11	25				
Wm. Griffith	do do for fees in Revenue Cases.....	30	00				

J. J. Foote	For printing blank forms.....	253 72		
Dawson & Co.....	do	198 60		
G. T. Cary	do	33 00		
do	do amendments to License Act	30 32		
			4,886 31	
Stamps.				
Br. American Bank Note Co.....	For printing Law, Registration and Assurance Stamps.....	\$ 645 00		
L. Taché.....	assurance stamps returned.....	6 97		
Bloakley Coullée & Ryan.....	do	217 74		
do	blank forms, books, &c. transferred to Prothonotary Montreal...	121 45		
do	traveling expenses connected with delivering up stamps.....	20 00		
G. T. Cary	printing blank forms.....	30 00		
J. J. Foote.....	do	3 00		
Canadian Express Co	charges on Stamps from Montreal	49 06		
A. Driscoll.....	Commission paid by him for Post Office orders for stamps.....	\$ 2 10		
F. Lemieux.....	blank books.....	57 00		
G. P. Bowen.....	assurance stamps returned.....	53 47		
			1,205 79	
G. Amyot.....	Ex-Agent Quebec Fire Loan, for a tabular Statement of [Hypothees].....	300 00		
				6,392 10
Total for Stamps, Licenses, &c.....				
Marriage License Fund.				
Mon. G. Ouimet.....	Superintendent of Public Instruction, amount to be distributed amongst the various Protestant Institutions.....			6,426 00
Pension Fund.				
Mrs. C. Lespérance.....	Her pension for twelve months to 30th June, 1879.....		105 50	
C. A. Thomas.....	His do five do 30th Nov., 1878, at \$154 77		64 49	
Mrs. C. A. Thomas.....	Her do seven do 30th June, 1879,		45 15	
J. J. Prendergast.....	His do twelve do do		624 00	
P. Cahill.....	His do do do		202 19	
W. F. Collins.....	His do do do		1,151 60	
Jos. Bouchette.....	His do do do		1,660 00	
Mrs. M. E. L. Marsan.....	Her do ten do		138 20	
J. B. Duggan.....	His do seven do		85 19	
Mrs. Cyr Pettigrew	Her do five do		35 75	
Amable Bélanger.....	His do six do		303 96	
Mrs. Dr. Sam. Rinfret.....	Amount contributed by her late husband to the Fund.....		55 58	
				4,371 61
				187,319 43
	Total of Charges on Revenue.....			
	Total expenditure by Warrant, exclusive of Railways, repayment of Temporary Loans, &c.....			2,686,464 99
	Carried over.....			2,686,464 99

Charges on Revenue.—Continued.—Railways, &c.

TO WHOM PAID.	SERVICE.	\$	cts.	\$	cts.	\$	cts.
	Brought forward.....					2,686,464	99
	PAYMENTS BY REVENUE COLLECTORS OUT OF COLLECTIONS MADE BY THEM.						
	Building and Jury Fund.						
Sundry Sheriffs.....	Paid by them to Potty Jurors.....	10,709	00				
do	do for repairs.....	672	62				
do	do for petty disbursements.....	176	66		11,558	28	
	Licenses.						
Sundry Persons.....	Expenses of Collections on Licenses, and duties refunded.....				17,957	17	
	Total expenditure exclusive of Railways, repayment of Temporary Loans, &c....					29,515	45
	Railways.					2,715,980	44
Montreal, Portland & Boston.....	Amount paid them.....	31,819	38				
St. Francis & Mégantic Interna- tional.....	do	128,296	75				
Mi-isquoi & Bla k River	do	17	256	76			
Lake Champlain & St. Lawrence Junction.....	do	61,028	00				
Quebec Central	do	68,850	00				
South Eastern	do	95,000	00				
Lévis & Kennebec.....	do	517	35				
						402,768	23

Quebec, Montreal, Ottawa & Occidental Railway Commission.				
Expenditure for Construction.....	1,456,842 62			
do	414,138 21			
For Salaries and Contingent expenses.....	30,000 00	1,900,980 83		2,303,749 06
Q. M. O. & O. Railway Revenue Account.				
For Salaries, Traffic expenses, &c.....				141,979 27
Repayments of Temporary Loans.				
For amount borrowed		1,450,000 00		
do				
For amount of Insurance for the Ste. Thérèse & Mile End Stations destroyed by Fire.....		500,000 00		1,950,000 00
				3,600 00
Total Expenditure.....				7,115,308 77
Taken from				
35 Vic., Cap. 3.....	\$ 6,426 00			
do 36 Vic., Cap. 6.....	7 56			
do 39 Vic., Cap. 5.....	439 10			
do 40 Vic., Cap. 2.....	4,137,363 56			
do 40 Vic., Cap. 5.....	667,097 02			
do 40 Vic., Cap. 10.....	6,353 00			
do 41 Vic., Cap. 5.....	5,775 92			
do 41 Vic., Cap. 1.....	119,985 50			
do 42 Vic., Cap. 1.....	1,776,434 24			
do Consolidated Revenue per Resolution of the Legislative Assembly.....	22,538 14			
do Revenue by Officers.....	29,515 45			
do Special Warrants.....	201,394 01			
do Receipts.....	141,979 27			
				\$7,115,308 77

TREASURY DEPARTMENT,

Quebec, 30th June, 1879.

H T. MACHIN,
Assistant-Treasurer, P. Q.
GASPARD DROLET,
Provincial Auditor.

No. 8.

STATEMENT of the amount of Fees (including Fees by Law Stamps) received by certain officers connected with the Administration of Justice, and of the payments made to the same and others, during the fiscal year ended 30th June, 1879, under C. S. L. C., Cap. 93.

NAMES.	OFFICE.	Fees received.	Payments for salaries, &c.	Deficit of fees over payments.	Excess of fees over payments.
		\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
					1,281 09
Hon. P. J. O. Chauveau.....	District of Montreal.....	9,722 75	8,441 66	.....
Hon. C. Alleyne.....	do Quebec.....	4,113 85	5,774 98	1,661 13	
G. F. Lowen.....	do St. Francis.....	1,564 12	1,900 00	335 88	
L. M. Coutlée.....	do Ottawa.....	41 70	750 00	708 30	
M. Sheppard.....	do Bonaventure.....	.....	309 10	309 10	
	<i>Prothonotaries and Clerks of Circuit Courts.</i>				
					16,420 15
Hubert, Honey & Gendron.....	District of Montreal.....	80,273 00	63,852 85	.....
Fiset, Burroughs & Campbell.....	do Quebec.....	29,218 50	33,694 10	4,476 60	
P. E. Panneton, Dpy.....	do Three Rivers.....	.....	1,338 02	1,338 02	
	<i>Clerks of the Crown.</i>				
G. E. Schiller & Schiller & Bréhaud.....	District of Montreal.....	164 30	2,949 80	2,785 50	
W. E. Duggan.....	do Quebec.....	68 05	1,549 93	1,491 88	

<i>Clerks of the Peace.</i>				
C. E. Schiller & Schiller & Bréhaut.....	District of Montreal.....	2,724 70	5,667 90	2,943 20
D. Murray.....	do Quebec.....	1,293 90	4,833 85	3,539 95
L. U. A. Genest.....	do Three Rivers.....	419 50	2,537 82	2,118 32
<i>Prothonotaries, Clerks of the Circuit Court, Crown, Peace, &c.</i>				
Short & Morris.....	District of St. Francis, Prothonotary, &c.....	9,021 40	6,276 60	2,744 80
Ed. Borne.....	do Gaspé, Magdalen Island, Clerk of the Circuit Court...	.....	100 00	100 00
J. T. Paradis.....	do Kamouraska, Crier.....	135 00	300 00	165 00
L. W. Marchand.....	Clerk, Court of Appeals.....	8,683 10	7,401 00	1,282 10
J. F. Maguire.....	District of Bonaventure, Clerk of the Peace.....	13 00	.....	13 00
Commission allowed distributors.....		147,446 87	147,677 61	21,971 88
		.....	1,184 52	.....
		\$147,446 87	148,862 13	21,971 88
		\$ 1,415 26		\$ 1,415 26

TREASURY DEPARTMENT,

Quebec, 30th June, 1879.

H. T. MACHIN,

Assistant-Treasurer,

GASPARD DROLET,

Provincial Auditor.

No. 9.—Continued.

STATEMENT of Receipts and Expenditure on account of the Building and Jury Fund, under Chapter 109 of the Consolidated Statutes of Lower Canada, for the financial year ended 30th June, 1879.

	EXPENDITURE.	\$	cts.	\$	cts.	RECEIPTS.	\$	cts.	\$	cts.
	Brought forward.....					Brought forward.....			51,564	68
						By amount received from A. Terreau for debris of Old Court House Quebec.....			100	00
						By amount received from the City Corporation, Quebec, for account due to this fund on 1st. August 1878.....			16,344	00
						By Balance carried down.....			68,008	68
									412,982	29
									480,990	97
June 30th, 1879 ...	To balance brought down.....									

TREASURY DEPARTMENT,
Quebec, 30th June, 1879.

H. T. MACHIN,
Assistant-Treasurer,
GASPARD DROLET,
Provincial Auditor.

STATEMENT of the Expenditure and Receipts through the Queen's Printer, for the Official Gazette, and printing and distributing the Laws, for the fiscal year ended 30th June, 1879.

EXPENDITURE.	\$	cts.	RECEIPTS.	\$	cts.
C. F. Langlois, Queen's printer 12 months salary.....	2,000	00	By amount deposited during the year for "Official Gazette"	35,977	47
C. Pageau, book-keeper	1,004	17	By sale of statutes.....	121	30
T. Molony, clerk	800	00	By private bills printed in statutes.....	7	67
E. Trudelle, do	804	17	By refund on Official Gazette.....	45	54
N. Bouré, messenger	503	34			
C. F. Langlois, to pay L. G. Desjardins, for printing the Official Gazette.....	10,865	23			
Contingencies of office, including postages.....	609	36			
<i>Printing &c. of the Laws</i>					
C. F. Langlois, to pay printing balance of english version 41 Vic.....	350	86			
do printing French version last session.....	903	94			
do English do	719	76			
do postages and insurance.....	37	20			
				2,011	76
Balance of receipts over expenditure..				\$18,598	03
				17,553	95
				\$36,151	98

TREASURY DEPARTMENT,
Quebec, 30th June, 1879.

H. T. MACHIN,
Assistant-Treasurer.

GASPARD DROLET,
Provincial Auditor.

No. 11.

STATEMENT of Reports of Council and Special Warrants, under authority of 31 Victoria, Chapter 9, clause 47, prepared by the Auditor of the Province, as thereby requested.

SERVICE.	DETAILS.	REPORTS OF COUNCIL.		Amount of Special Warrants.	Amounts expended	Balances not expended.
		Nos.	Date.			
				\$	cts.	\$
Agricultural Schools	To pay last year's grant, voted but not paid before end of fiscal year.....	248	1978 August 1	800 00	800 00	
Rents of Court Houses & Gaols.	To pay heirs C. Panet, interest on value of property adjoining Quebec Old Court House, bought from them.....	245	do 1	480 00	480 00	
Agriculture : Provincial Exhibition of 1877.....	To pay Jos. Archer, senior, balance due him for construction of wooden buildings erected in 1877, on the grounds of exhibition.....	246	do 1	1,882 62	1,882 62	
Miscellaneous Generally.....	To pay Rev. L. Provancher for balance due him on price of purchase of an entomological collection in buffet with cork-lined drawers.....	247	do 1	526 99	526 99	
Expenses of elections	To supply insufficiency of appropriation.....	292	do 23	8,775 25	5,130 93	
Books for prizes	do do	294	do 23	2,500 00	2,500 00	
Depository of books, maps &c..	do do	295	do 23	2,500 00	2,500 00	
Transportation &c., of Crystal Palace	do do	388	Oct. 12	650 00	650 00	
Demolition of Jesuits' Barracks.	To supply absence of appropriation.....	389	do 12	1,000 00	1,000 00	
Miscellaneous Generally.....	do insufficiency do	390	do 12	5,688 52	5,688 52	
Library of the Legislature.....	do do	416	do 23	1,500 00	1,500 00	
Miscellaneous Generally.....	Help to distressed settlers, Labrador coast	445	Nov. 11	1,002 15	1,002 15	
Transportation &c , of Crystal Palace	To supply insufficiency of appropriation.....	494	Dec. 3	100 00	100 00	
Miscellaneous Generally.....	Help to distressed people, Etang du Nord and Havre des maisons.	508	do 7	550 00	550 00	
Depository of books, maps &c..	To supply insufficiency of appropriation.....	509	do 11	1,500 00	1,500 00	
Miscellaneous Generally	do do	1879				
Public Depart's Construction...	do do	37	Feb. 11	2,000 00	2,000 00	
	do do	54	do 11	13,000 00	13,000 00	
						3,644 32

Genl. expenditure Crown Lands.	To pay Daniel Austin in full of all claims &c., on 5047 5/6 acres of land in Bolton and Magog	85	do	28	3,835 72	3,835 72		
do	To supply insufficiency of appropriation.....	106	March	13	20,203 97	20,203 97		
Registration Service.....	do do	106	do	13	17,934 32	17,934 32		
Surveys	do do	106	do	13	10,779 90	10,779 90		
Journal of Public Instruction..	do do	116	do	19	1,600 00	1,600 00		
Immigration and Repatriation.	do do	131	do	21	4,800 00	4,800 00		
Seed-grain Loan.....	To pay Bank of Montreal interest to 1st May, 1879 (Capital still due \$18,720)	152	do	31	7,739 13	7,700 97	38 16	
Reformatories	To supply insufficiency of appropriation.....	155	April	2	12,000 00	12,000 00		
Public Departs' Construction...	do do	164	do	9	26,000 00	26,000 00		
Rents of Court Houses & Gaols	do do	176	do	23	576 43	479 76	96 67	
Lunatic Asylums.....	do do	186	do	26	5,561 08	5,542 74	18 34	
Miscellaneous Generally.....	do do	187	do	26	2,000 00	2,000 00		
Stamps, Licenses &c.....	do do	188	do	26	1,500 00	1,392 10	107 90	
Quebec Gaol.....	To pay G. T. Philips, contractor for heating apparatus, amount kept from him during last fiscal year, until the apparatus had been tested and found satisfactory.....	218	May	3	250 00	250 00		
Miscellaneous Generally.....	To supply insufficiency of appropriation.....	219	do	3	2,000 00	2,055 42		
do	Reception of His Excellency the Governor General and Her Royal Highness Princess Louise.....	254	do	23	4,000 00	3,386 01	613 99	
Administration of Justice.....	To supply insufficiency of appropriation.....	255	do	23	40,000 00	40,000 00		
Industrial Schools.....	do do	287	June	17	621 89	621 89		
					205,857 97	201,394 01	4,519 38	

TREASURY DEPARTMENT,
Quebec, 30th June, 1879.

GASPARD DROLET,
Provincial Auditor.

No. 12.

[CONSOLIDATED MUNICIPAL LOAN FUND, LOWER CANADA.

STATEMENT shewing the amounts of Loans, the arrears due by each municipality on its respective Loan, up to 30th June, 1879, and the amount at the credit of Sinking Fund, up to same date.

MUNICIPALITIES.	Amount of Loan.	Contingent Account.	Interest Account.	Interest on Loan.	Total Arrears.	Amounts at credit of Sinking Fund
	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
Acton	24,000 00	94 71	13,643 24	14,763 07	28,501 02	469 62
Arthabaskaville	4,000 00					4,142 12
Ascott and Westbury	8,000 00					889 47
Aston	1,000 00					
Aubert Gallion	1,000 00	0 90	377 12	805 47	1,183 49	
Bolton	13,000 00	18 57	7,856 79	13,202 74	21,078 10	
Chambly Basin	10,500 00	15 21	5,442 20	9,485 81	14,943 22	
Fermont	32,000 00	42 57	18,787 06	32,067 34	50,896 97	
Granby	30,000 00	114 62	21,574 67	33,297 94	54,987 23	
Grande Rivière	1,575 00	4 17	538 10	1,152 11	1,694 38	
Grantham, Wendover and Simpson	10,000 00	12 11	2,128 18	2,315 91	4,456 20	
Huntingdon	7,000 00	26 78	4,190 04	4,783 71	9,000 53	
Inverness	18,000 00	21 09	4,281 66	4,732 98	9,035 73	
Laprairie	4,000 00	4 77	1,785 38	3,437 35	5,227 50	
Laterrière	3,300 00					1,281 49
Lévis	40,000 00	36 03	13,756 40	30,748 87	44,541 30	
Lingwick	10,000 00	40 55	6,813 99	8,884 09	15,738 63	
Longueuil	12,000 00	17 15	6,425 05	11,055 76	17,497 96	
Magog	12,000 00	16 43	7,071 10	12,040 22	19,127 75	
Megantic	5,840 00	22 11	2,963 22	2,130 34	5,115 67	
Montreal	800,000 00		11,600 40	134,446 61	146,047 01	
Notre-Dame du Mont-Carmel	1,000 00	0 90	225 12	545 83	771 85	
Ottawa	131,600 00	413 55	123,208 13	167,065 33	290,687 01	

Phillipsburg.....	Village.....	2,000 00	16 84	5,781 86	9,058 84	14,867 84	619 40
Princeville.....	do	12,000 00	0 10	68 25	218 38	286 73	
Pointe du Lac.....	Parish.....	400 00					1,800 20
Plessisville.....	Village.....	2,000 00					
Quebec.....	City	50,000 00	19 89	10,593 63	30,362 31	40,965 83	
Boxton.....	Township.....	30,000 00	117 72	24,531 75	35,541 78	60,191 25	
Shefford	County.....	215,000 00	538 82	100,693 70	136,243 59	237,476 11	
do	Township	57,500 00	219 71	42,095 39	64,397 63	106,712 73	
Sherbrooke	Town	80,000 00	70 14	4,643 08	20,859 32	25,572 54	
Somerset North.....	Township	16,000 00	23 59	7,945 15	10,367 24	18,335 98	
Stanbridge.....	do	50,000 00	46 62	5,711 90	11,394 34	17,152 86	
Stanstead.....	County.....	71,000 00	110 84	24,079 66	28,486 30	52,676 80	
Stukely North.....	Township.....	16,000 00	21 81	9,917 60	16,476 71	26,416 12	
do South	do	10,000 00	14 13	6,198 38	10,297 94	16,510 45	
Ste. Anne de la Pêrade	Parish	20,000 00	23 62	11,218 02	19,593 15	30,834 79	
St. Armand West.....	do	15,000 00	13 73	2,489 62	5,121 23	7,624 68	
Ste. Cécile de Beauharnais.....	do	10,000 00	12 31	5,785 21	9,948 63	15,746 15	
St. Frédéric, Beauce.....	do	1,000 00	0 13	137 37	491 06	628 56	
St. François.....	do	1,000 00	0 90	367 96	795 82	1,164 68	
Ste. Geneviève de Batiscan.....	do	750 00					253 13
St. Germain de Rimouski.....	do	50,000 00	72 36	32,970 82	52,334 42	85,377 60	
St. Hélène de Kamouraska.....	do	1,200 00		32 44	269 99	302 43	
St. Hyacinthe.....	Town.....	16,000 00		26 76	1,045 92	1,072 68	
St. Jean-Baptiste	Village	2,000 00	0 52	335 79	1,083 15	1,419 46	
St. Jean d'Orléans.....	Parish	8,000 00	11 42	5,646 73	8,795 94	14,454 09	
St. Joseph, Beauce.....	do	1,000 00	0 90	367 97	795 82	1,164 69	
St. John's.....	Town	20,000 00	79 83	9,741 87	14,328 32	24,150 02	
Ste. Marie de Monnoir.....	Parish	4,000 00	15 56	2,953 72	4,499 56	7,468 84	
Ste. Marie, Beauce.....	do	1,000 00	0 90	368 26	795 41	1,164 57	
Ste. Marie Madeleine.....	do	800 00	0 75	244 74	581 38	826 87	
St. Maurice.....	do	1,000 00	0 90	265 05	665 89	931 84	
St. Michel, Bellechasse.....	do	24,000 00	34 98	16,124 65	25,738 85	41,898 48	
St. Narcisse.....	do	1,000 00		52 38	307 88	360 26	498 53
St. Polycarpe	do	1,000 00	0 90	328 27	748 42	1,077 59	
St. Prosper	do	1,000 00	0 26	177 38	556 29	733 93	
St. Romuald d'Etchemin.....	do	20,000 00	76 73	14,185 39	22,010 77	36,272 89	
do de Farham	do	30,000 00	114 62	15,978 37	20,463 93	36,556 92	
St. Stanislas, Rivière des Envies.....	Parish	1,000 00					
St. Valère de Bulstrode.....	do	6,000 00	5 45	1,233 46	2,404 22	3,643 13	
Terrebonne	County	94,000 00	292 65	87,981 49	119,315 60	207,589 74	
Three Rivers.....	Town.....	220,000 00	364 22	137,215 65	227,043 89	364,623 76	
Carried over.....		2,342,465 00	3,226 07	841,157 57	1,400,391 40	2,244,775 04	10,044 02

No. 13.

STATEMENT of Warrants issued and remaining unpaid on 30th June, 1879.

Year of issue.	No.	TO WHOM PAYABLE.	Amount.	Total.
			\$ cts.	\$ cts.
1868-69.	427	Félibert Létourneau.....	10 00	
	479	Joseph Napoléon Richard.....	50 00	
	564	Ml Bausmand.....	10 00	
				70 00
1873-74..	2450	Colonization Society No. 3, Bonaventure.....		150 00
1876-77..	570	Chas. Robin & Co.....	124 29	
	571	Frs Lebrun.....	7 40	
	574	Dr. O. T. Cornick.....	32 75	
	748	F X. Dion.....	100 50	
				264 94
1878-79..	1649	J. & W. Reid.....	1 12	
	1782	Lauson & Valin.....	3 60	
	2134	Amable Bélanger.....	50 66	
	2193	Hon. C. Alleyne.....	524 99	
	2217	Simon Peters.....	25 93	
	2249	L. Vézina.....	3 00	
	2284	Dr. G. E. Roy.....	50 00	
	2287	O. Robitaille.....	100 00	
	2291	J. B. Johnston & E D. Worthington.....	27 70	
	2292	A. T. Michaud.....	30 00	
	2296	J. G. LeBel.....	13 88	
	2298	Representatives late Ludger Tétu ...	9 62	
	2300	W. C. de G. Languedoc.....	125 00	
	2302	N. O Faucher.....	40 00	
	2312	Desrochers & Desilets	11 87	
	2314	Jos. Pelletier & Tiburce Dessaint.....	20 27	
	2315	A. Bender.....	22 50	
	2318	C. Duberger.....	22 50	
	2322	Jos. X. Lavoie.....	200 00	
	2323	Ernest Pacaud.....	4 95	
	2324	E. Pacaud & L. D. Paquin.....	7 55	
	2325	F. H. O'Brien.....	300 00	
	2327	C. B. Rouleau.....	300 00	
	2332	C. A. Dugas.....	28 40	
	2334	E C. P. Chevreffs.....	251 15	
	2350	Widow Leaspérance.....	8 79	
	2353	P. Cabill.....	16 85	
	2354	W. F. Collins.....	95 97	
	2355	Jos. Bouchette.....	130 00	
	2359	A. Belanger	50 66	
	2382	H. E. Poulin.....	667 32	
	2385	Piton & Cimon.....	432 00	
	2386	L. J. A. Bélanger	65 45	
	2387	Glover Fry & Co.....	7 50	
	2388	F. & J. Morgan.....	23 75	
	2389	C. F. Langlois.....	17 00	
	2390	S. Lesage.....	167 00	
	2391	E. A. Barnard	175 00	
		Carried over.....	4,031 98	484 94

No. 18.—Continued.

Unpaid Warrants.—Continued.

Year of issue.	No.	TO WHOM PAYABLE.	Amount.	Total.
			\$ cts.	\$ cts.
		Brought forward.....	4,031 98	484 94
1878-79..	2392	F. X. Dussault	17 50	
	2393	do	42 45	
	2394	E. Cochois.....	17 37	
	2395	Canadian Rubber Co..	52 64	
	2396	Louis Marcotte.....	16 82	
	2397	Wm. Evans.....	26 75	
	2398	B. H. Leprohon....	800 00	
	2399	Hon. P. J. O. Chauveau.....	3,219 64	
	2400	P. Kiley.....	6 50	
	2401	S. Lesage.....	356 01	
	2402	do	100 00	
	2403	L. P. Vohl.....	25 00	
	2404	Piton & Cimon.....	2,425 87	
	2405	C. A. Scott.....	19,616 72	
	2406	Estate V. Bélanger & Co.....	20 55	
				30,775 90
		Total of warrants remaining unpaid on 30th June 1879.....		\$31,260 74

TREASURY DEPARTMENT,

Quebec, 30th June, 1879.

H. T. MACHIN,

Assistant-Treasurer.

GASPARD DROLET,

Provincial Auditor.

No. 14.

STATEMENT of Judicial and other Deposits under 35 Vic., Cap. 5, and 36 Vic., Cap. 14, shewing the amonnt deposited and paid previous to 1st July, 1878, the deposits and payments made during the fiscal year ended 30th June, 1879, the interest received and paid, and the balance in banks on 30th June, 1879.

	\$	cts.	\$	cts.	\$	cts.	\$	cts.
Amount deposited previous to 1st. July 1878.....					2,537,776	74		
do do during fiscal year ended 30th June 1879.....					310,141	80		
Total amount of deposits.....					2,847,918	54		
Amount paid previous to 1st July 1878... ..			2,365,573	23				
do do during fiscal year ended 30th June 1879			340,929	37				
Total paid on deposits.....					2,706,502	60		
Balance on deposits.....							141,415	94
Interest accerned previons to 1st July 1878.....					82,292	94		
do allowed by Banks during fiscal year ended 30th June 1879.....					20,524	48		
Total Interest.....					102,817	42		
Less paid the Bank of Montreal, Montreal.....					14,785	29		
Less :					88,032	13		
Amount paid previous to 1st July 1878 as per statement published.			28,533	56				
do do during fiscal year ended 30th June 1879.								
Refunded Administration of Justice and Civil Government,—								
Proportion of Auditor's salary.....	400	00						
Books, Printing &c., &c.....	275	10						
Salary of Book-keeper	1,204	16						
Proportion of Clerk's Salary	200	00						
	2,079	26						
Refunded Treasury Department Con-tingencies,—								
For postage.....	200	00						
Amount paid under the law to Sheriffs, Prothonotaries &c	1,860	25						
			4,139	51				
Total charges against interest.....					32,673	07		
Balance of interest.....							55,359	06
Total balance on hand							\$196,775	00
Carried over.....							196,775	00

No. 14.—Continued.

STATEMENT of Judicial and other Deposits.—Continued.

	\$	cts.	\$	cts.	\$	cts.	\$	cts.
Brought forward.....							196,775	00
Balance at credit of Judicial Deposits in following banks :								
Bank of Montreal, Montreal.....					9,696	39		
La Banque d'Hochelaga, Joliette.....					16	81		
La Banque Jacques-Cartier, Montreal.....					99,968	65		
The Consolidated Bank, St Hyacinthe.....					5,392	42		
do do Sherbrooke...					8,376	30		
The Merchants' Bank, St. John's.....					4,517	68		
do do Sorel.....					6,901	05		
The Mechanics Bank, Beauharnois.....					2,593	35		
The Union Bank, Ottawa					4,428	13		
do do Quebec.....					53,018	53		
do do Three Rivers.....					1,865	69		
							196,775	00

TREASURY DEPARTMENT,

Quebec, 30th June, 1879.

H. T. MACHIN,
Assistant-Treasurer.

GASPARD DROLET,
Provincial Auditor.

REPORT
OF THE
COMMISSIONER OF CROWN LANDS
OF THE
PROVINCE OF QUEBEC
FOR THE
TWELVE MONTHS ENDED 30th JUNE
1879

Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly



QUEBEC:
PRINTED BY CHARLES FRANÇOIS LANGLOIS
PRINTER TO HER MOST EXCELLENT MAJESTY THE QUEEN

1879.

REPORT
OF THE
COMMISSIONER OF CROWN LANDS
OF THE
PROVINCE OF QUEBEC
FOR THE
TWELVE MONTHS ENDED 30th JUNE, 1879.

To His Honor THÉODORE ROBITAILLE,

Lieutenant Governor of the Province of Quebec.

MAY IT PLEASE YOUR HONOR :

In conformity to the law, I transmit to Your Honor, herewith, an account of the transactions of my Department for the twelve months ended 30th June, 1879 :

CROWN LANDS.

During these twelve months, there were 176,910½ acres of these lands sold for the price of \$68,119.27, on account of which, and of sales previously made, the sum of \$43,101.60 was collected.

There were also 196 lots, containing 17,424½ acres, located as free grants on certain colonization roads.

The quantity of land surveyed and subdivided into farm lots was, on the 1st of July, 1879, 6,208,326 acres.

CLERGY LANDS.

There were 3,976 acres of Clergy lands sold during the period above mentioned, for the price of \$2,207.57, and the collections on account of these lands amounted to \$4,427.91.

The Clergy lands remaining disposable on the 30th of June, 1879, comprised a superficies of 173,858 acres.

JESUITS' ESTATES.

The sum of \$33,930.13 was collected in the seigniories and other properties called Jesuits' Estates.

The cost of collection formed an expense of \$4,521.59.

CROWN DOMAIN.

The revenue derived from the sale of beach and deep water lots was \$5,724.16. That of the Crown Domain proper, \$1,025.23.

The expenses incurred in the collection of these sums amounted to \$1,246.55.

SEIGNIORY OF LAUZON.

The rents, &c., in this seigniory yielded the sum of \$7,258.46, the collection of which cost \$1,119.89.

WOODS AND FORESTS.

The divers collections made through the Crown Timber Agents or directly in my Department, for timber dues, ground rents, transfer premiums, &c., formed a total of \$314,880.09.

The different sums above mentioned, together with certain fees and deposits, amounting to \$8,206.07, form the total receipts of the Department of Crown Lands, for the twelve months ended 30th June, 1879, viz: \$418,553.65.

For more ample details on these subjects and on all other affairs of my Department for the year in question, I have the honor to refer His Honor the Lieutenant Governor to the Appendices accompanying this report.

The whole respectfully submitted.

E. J. FLYNN,
Commissioner of Crown Lands.

DEPARTMENT OF CROWN LANDS,
Quebec, 15th January, 1880.

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APPENDIX

TO THE

REPORT OF THE COMMISSIONER OF CROWN LANDS

FOR

THE 12 MONTHS ENDED 30th JUNE, 1879.

APPENDIX No. 1

RETURN of Officers, Clerks and Messengers in the Department of Crown Lands, for the year ending 30th June, 1879.

Branches.	Name.	Designation.	Date of appointment.	Salary.	By whom appointed.	REMARKS.
	Hon. F. G. Marchand.....	Commissioner.....	1879, March 19.....	\$ 3,000	Official Gazette.	
	E. E. Taché	Assistant-Commissioner	1861, September 20.....	2,000	Order in Council.	
	E. T. Fletcher.....	Senior Surveyor and Acting D. S. G	1841, December 21.....	1,600	Surveyor-General Parke.	
	G. G. Dunlevie	Surveyor and Draughtsman..	1852, March 22.....	1,600	Comm. of Crown Lands.	
	Jules Taché.....	Surveyor and Draughtsman..	1868, June 6	1,100	do	
	P. M. A. Genest.....	Draughtsman and Surveyor.	1872, October 13.....	900	Order in Council.	
	C. E. Gauvin.....	Draughtsman and Surveyor..	1876, January 3.....	900	do	
	F. Chassé	Clerk	1855, May 28	1,300	Comm. of Crown Lands.	
	T. Morkill	Clerk	1858, April 24.....	1,400	do	
	W. E. Collins.	Clerk in charge.....	1859, November 28.....	1,600	do	
	L. Berthelot..	Clerk and acting Registrar..	1861, September 25	1,200	do	
	A. Paré.....	Superintendent	1867, November 2.....	1,400	Order in Council.	
	Victor Derome.....	Clerk	1873, October 7.....	900	do	
	T. P. Morin	Clerk	1876, February 26.....	600	do	
	J. V. Gale	Accountant	1856, September 11.....	1,800	Comm. of Crown Lands.	
	L. E. Lepage.....	Clerk	1874, January 7.....	900	Order in Council.	
	L. D. Lemoine.....	} Clerks in charge..... {	1858, April 22.....	1,600	do	
	L. L. Rivard.....		1868, June 16	1,800	do	
	D. C. Mackenzie.....	Clerk	1860, January 18	1,300	Comm. of Crown Lands.	
	J. N. Proulx	Clerk	1873, January 1.....	1,000	Order in Council.	
	Jules Faucher.....	Clerk	1878, May 31.....	1,000	do	
	J. Caron.....	Office keeper	1876, May 23.....	525	Comm. of Crown Lands.	
	C. Dumontier.....	Messenger.....	1864, March 26.....	525	do	

Department of Crown Lands,

E. E. TACHÉ,

Assistant-Commissioner.

Quebec, 30th June, 1879.

APPENDIX No. 2.

LIST of Crown Lands and Timber Agents, &c., showing the Agency, Residence, Annual Salary, date of appointment and Commission on land collections paid during the year ending 30th June, 1879.

Names of Agent.	Agency.	Residence.	Annual Salary.	Date of appointment.	Commission paid during the year on land collections.	REMARKS.
Edmund Heath.....	Coulange.....	Clarendon.....	\$ 800	13 August, 1869.....	\$ ots. 143 24	Services discontinued 2nd October, 1878. Vice J. B. Lepage.
Robert Farley.....	Gatineau.....	Hull.....	800	do.....	529 45	
J. A. Cameron, jr.....	Petite Nation (part of).....	Thurso.....	800	16 April, 1875.....	261 44	
O. B. Kemp.....	Magog.....	Waterloo.....	400	13 August, 1869.....	385 77	
C. Patton.....	St. Francois.....	Robinson.....	600	do.....	452 36	
A. Gagnon.....	Arthabaska.....	Arthabaskaville.....	800	do.....	375 81	
P. A. Proux.....	Chaudière.....	St. Francis.....	600	27 Jan'y, 1876.....	311 85	
C. T. Dubé.....	Grandville.....	Rivière-du-Loup.....	800	13 August, 1869.....	66 00	
J. B. Lepage.....	Kimouski.....	Kimouski.....	800	do.....	97 99	
Geo. Sylvain.....	do.....	do.....	800	2 Oct., 1878.....	11 42	
L. J. Riopel.....	Bonaventure.....	New Carlisle.....	600	7 May, 1873.....	124 68	
G. Duberger.....	Saguenay.....	Murray Bay.....	600	13 August, 1869.....	73 97	
J. O. Tremblay.....	Chicoutimi.....	Chicoutimi.....	800	do.....	108 11	
I. Dumnais.....	Lake St. John.....	Roberval.....	200	do.....	162 53	
L. Z. Rousseau.....	St. Charles.....	Quebec.....	600	do.....	57 43	
A. Dubord.....	St. Maurice.....	Three Rivers.....	1,200	do.....	228 72	
J. B. Delfausse.....	L'Assomption.....	Joliette.....	800	do.....	179 71	
C. E. Belle.....	L'Assomption and Petite Nation (parts of).....	Montreal.....	1,200	6 May, 1864.....	178 49	
C. J. Marchand.....	do.....	Ste. Agathe des Monts.....	600	15 March, 1879.....	.....
W. H. Annett.....	Gaspé (part of).....	Gaspé Basin.....	400	3 Feb., 1870.....	108 75	
L. Roy, senior.....	do.....	Cap Chat.....	300	do.....	14 19	
E. Paquet.....	Magdalen Islands.....	.....	.....	4 Oct., 1873.....	.....
E. Rennalt.....	Montmagny.....	Montmagny.....	800	5 Feb., 1873.....	148 68	
A. B. Filion.....	Petite nation (part of).....	Grenville.....	450	20 Dec., 1872.....	187 17	
J. hn Hume.....	nspector.....	Leeds.....	1,200	13 August, 1869.....	.....
John Eden (Estate of).....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2 50
J. N. Verge (Estate of).....	.....	.....	.....	.....	5 17
						Late Agent, Gaspé Agency. do Bonaventure Agency.

E. E. TACHÉ,
Assistant-Commissioner.

Department of Crown Lands,
Quebec, 30th June, 1879.

APPENDIX No. 3.

SPECIAL RETURN of Crown Lands and Timber Agents, &c., Agencies, date of appointment, annual salary and commission allowed, also employees attached to each agency, year ending 30th June, 1879.

Name.	Agency.	Date of appointment.	Annual Salary.	Commission on Land Returns.	REMARKS.
C. E. Belle, Agent.....	L'Assomption & Petite Nation, (Parts of)	6th May, 1864	\$ 1,200	\$ cts. 178 49	Timber agent only; since 16th March.
J. P. Landry, Clerk.....	.....	1st March, 1874	800		
A. Delord, Agent.....	St. Maurice	26th " 1859	1,200		Land and Timber Agent.
Wm. Lamb, Clerk.....	.....	2d Sept, 1861	800		
A. J. Russell, Agent.....	Upper Ottawa.....	June, 1846	* 2,600	No commission allowed..	Timber Agent only. The Crown Timber office, Ottawa, acts for the Provinces of Ontario and Quebec, and also for the Dominion of Canada, in the collection of Slide Dues; the proportion of salaries, &c., to be borne by the General and Provincial Governments when decided.
C. S. McNutt, Assistant .....	.....	13th April, 1858	* 1,800		
J. Ritchie, Clerk.....	.....	22d June, 1864	* 1,400		
E. T. Smith, Clerk.....	.....	25th " 1864	* 1,000		
J. Macdonald	Ottawa	1st July, 1873	150	.....	Deputy Slide Master.
McLean Stewart, Agent. General Collector of Timber and Slide dues, Quebec.....	.....	27th Sept., 1845	* 2,000	No commission allowed..	The above remarks opposite the name of A. J. Russell also apply to this Agent.
John McKay, Assistant..	.....	27th May, 1864	* 1,200		
Pierre Milier, Clerk.....	.....	7th Nov., 1872	* 1,000		
C. Deslavery.....	Forest Ranger, Chambly	17th July, 1868	1,400	.....	O. C. 7 November, 1872.

* These salaries are paid by the Federal Government.

Department of Crown Lands,
Quebec, 30th June, 1879.

E. E. TACHE,
Assistant-Commissioner.

APENDIX No. 4.
 LIST of Agents, &c., Jesuits Estates, Seignior of Lauzon, Crown Domain and Gold Mines, for the year ending 30th June, 1879.

Name.	Nature of Agency.	Date of appointment.	Commission paid during year.	REMARKS.
Laurin, Jos.	Crown Domain and commuting Agent, Con- sive of Quebec, Superintendent Beach and Deep Water Lots, and Agent for Seignior of Lauzon	1865, September 5, and 1868, January 3.....	\$ 1,335 18 ^c	
Varin, J. B.	Collecting and Commuting Agent, Jesuits' Estates, District of Montreal.....	1840, April 1.....	1,100 00	
Lottinville, F.	Collecting and Commuting Agent, Cap de la Madeleine and Jesuit's Estates, City of Three Rivers.....	1855, June 1.....	136 75	
Guillet, Jr. La.	Collecting and Commuting Agent, Seignior of Batiscan.....	1848, June 1.....	153 61	
Huot, P.	Collecting and Commuting Agent, Jesuits' Estates, District of Quebec.....	1868, January 3.....	* 1,813 83	
H. J. J. Duchesnay.	Inspector of Gold Mines.....	1878, February 4.....	400 00	

* \$213.83 of this sum, belongs to year 1878—June Returns.

Department of Crown Lands,
 Quebec, 30th June, 1879.

E. E. TACHÉ,
Assistant-Commissioner.

APPENDIX No. 5

STATEMENT of the number of acres sold, amount of sales, and amount of collections for the year ending 30th June, 1879.

Date.	Service.	Number of acres sold.	Amount of sales.	Amount of collections.
12 months to June 30th, 1879..... •	Crown Lands.....	176,910½	\$ cts. 68,119 27	\$ cts. 45,343 84
	Clergy Lands.....	3,976	2,207 57	4,427 91
		180,886½	70,326 84	49,771 75

E. E. TACHÉ,
Assistant-Commissioner.

Department of Crown Lands,
Quebec, 30th June, 1879.

APPENDIX No. 6.

STATEMENT showing the number of acres of Crown Lands allocated by Sales and Free Grants; also the number of acres surveyed and the number of acres for sale from 1st July, 1878 to 30th June, 1879.

Year.	Acres sold.	Free Grants.	Surveyed.	Number of acres for sale.	—
1st July, 1867, to 31st December, 1868	202,703	10,502	54,014	6,170,275	
1st Jan., 1868, to 30th June, 1870	151,103	8,051	538,256	6,549,477	
1st July, 1870,	163,056	21,302	120,498	6,485,617	
1st " 1871,	168,183	11,212	174,320	6,480,542	
1st " 1872,	125,622	7,130	57,584	6,406,374	
1st " 1873,	162,770	4,271	118,979	6,358,312	
1st " 1874,	88,200	4,015	28,453	6,294,550	
1st " 1875,	69,240	3,666	86,657	6,308,361	
1st " 1876,	78,329	5,790½	54,801	6,279,042½	
1st " 1877,	132,659	7,962½	57,610	6,259,777½	
1st " 1878,	176,910½	17,424½	68,876		
Total.....	1,518,795½	101,266½	1,361,047		

RECAPITULATION.

For sale, 1st July, 1877.....	6,259,777½
Number of acres granted from 1st July, 1878, to 30th June, 1879	{ Sold.....176,910½
	{ Free Grants... 17,424½
	194,335 deduct.
	6,065,442½
Add number of acres surveyed	68,876
Also, number of acres reverted to the Crown during the year from cancelled sales.....	74,008
	142,884
For sale, 30th June, 1879	6,208,326½

Department of Crown Lands,
Quebec, 30th June, 1879.

E. E. TACHÉ,
Assistant-Commissioner.

APPENDIX No. 7.

Province of Quebec, Return of Lands granted by Letters Patent from 1st July, 1878, to 30th June, 1879.

Grants of, and under 100 acres.		Grants above 100 and under 500 acres.		Grants of 500 acres and upwards in virtue of transfers, &c.		Total number of grants.		Total number of acres granted.		Whether by gratuitous grant or sale.	Grand total of acres granted.	
No. of grants.	No. of acres.	No. of grants.	No. of acres.	No. of grants.	No. of acres.	No. of grants.	No. of acres.	No. of grants.	No. of acres.			
374	28,992	236	43,459	1	817	374	28,992	28,992	43,459	Sale.	Granted to 30th June, 1878	6,063,278
				1	557	237	43,459					
				1	547					Gratuitous.	Granted from 1st July, 1878, to 30th June, 1879..	83,557
				1	877							
				4	2,798	4	2,798			Total.	Grand total.....	6,146,835
39	2,813			1	4,110	614	75,249	614	75,249			
				1	700	39	2,813	39	2,813	Gratuitous.	Granted from 1st July, 1878, to 30th June, 1879..	83,557
				1	685							
				3	5,495	3	5,495	3	5,495	Total.	Grand total.....	6,146,835
						656	83,557	656	83,557			

E. E. TACHÉ,
Assistant-Commissioner.

Department of Crown Lands,
Quebec, 30th June, 1879.

APPENDIX No. 8.

STATEMENT of Receipts of Department of Crown Lands for twelve months ending 30th June, 1879.

	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
Woods and Forests	314,880 09	
Registration service.....	155 32	
Jesuits's Estates.....	33,930 13	
Crown Domain.....	6,749 39	
Seignior of Lauzon.....	7,258 46	
Crown Instalments.....	43,101 60	
Surveyors' Fee Fund.....	563 38	
Clergy Instalments.....	4,427 91	
Registration Fees.....	442 25	
Patent Fees.....	57 85	
Assignment Fees.....	52 00	
Settlement Fees.....	1,075 14	
Location Fees.....	353 00	
Casual Fees.....	45 57	
Investigation Fees.....	62 00	
Inspection Fees.....	200 00	
Gold Mines.....	301 00	
Old Ledger account.....	24 00	
		413,679 09
SUSPENSE ACCOUNT.		
Deposits.....		4,874 56
		418,553 65

E. E. TACHÉ,
Assistant Commissioner.

Department of Crown Lands,
Quebec, 30th June, 1879.

APPENDIX No. 9.

STATEMENT of Expenditure of Department of Crown Lands for the year ending 30th June, 1879.

	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
●		
Old Ledger account.....	197 23	
Agents' Salaries.....	19,233 93	
Agents' Disbursements, travelling expenses.....	\$ 4,004 34	
Do do Bushranging.....	7,359 92	
	11,364 26	
Registration Service... ..	65,223 78	
Surveys.....	17,170 62	
Refunds.....	7,853 94	
Board of Examiners.....	715 00	
Commission Agents.....	4,217 43	
Woods and Forests.....	931 17	
Special Service.....	1,170 65	
Postage.....	875 92	
Crown Instalments.....	106 39	
Jesuits' Estates.....	4,521 59	
Crown Domain.....	1,246 55	
Seignior of Lauzon.....	1,119 89	
Clergy Instalments.....	6 20	
Advertising.....	698 54	
Gold Mines.....	411 30	
Law costs.....	441 13	
Bolton and Magog scrip	300 00	
Bolton and Magog Lands	3,835 72	
		141,641 24
SUSPENSE ACCOUNTS.		
Timber Deposits.....	488 53	
Deposits.....	7,867 02	
		8,355 55
		149,996 79
Government, balance unexpended and refunded to Treasurer.....		6,210 86
		\$156,207 65

E. E. TACHÉ,
Assistant Commissioner.

Department of Crown Lands,
Quebec, 30th June, 1879.

APPENDIX NO. 10.

STATEMENT of monies paid to Bushrangers, during the year ending 30th June, 1879.

	\$	cts.	\$	cts.
Upper Ottawa Agency,				
W. Clarke.....	738	40		
James Hodgins.....	524	00		
John Darby.....	168	00		
Patrick Grace.....	510	00	1,940	40
Lower Ottawa Agency,				
Alexander Daly.....	194	50		
John A. Cameron.....	190	00		
A. B. Fillion.....	189	25		
Jas. Currie.....	45	95	619	70
St. Maurice Agency,				
J. V. Genest.....	137	99		
J. B. Lajoie.....	192	00	329	00
St. Francis Agency,				
Wm. Wright.....	165	00		
M. Westly	124	50	289	50
Arthabaska Agency,				
J. Z. C. Miquelon.....			252	55
Chaudière Agency,				
J. E. Cayouette	201	50		
F. E. Verreault.....	84	00	285	50
Magog Agency,				
A. F. Simpson.....			367	50
Montmagny Agency,				
J. Langlois.. .	10	50		
H. Couture.....	209	00		
Elie Chouinard.....	110	00	329	50
Grandville Agency,				
L. Pelletier.....	229	00		
Soter Chounard.....	16	20		
L. M. Lapointe.....	16	80		
F. Richard.....	64	50		
Alfred Morin..	18	00	344	50
Rimouski Agency,				
A. E. Rioux.....			287	80
Bonaventure Agency,				
F. Giroux.....	61	00		
John Hall.....	102	00		
O. Martin.....	178	50		
J. Berthelot.....	46	00		
James Robertson.....	160	50	548	00
Gaspé Agency,				
Jos. Eden.....			17	50
Saguenay Agency,				
C. H. DuBerger.....	102	50		
John McLaren.....	410	85	513	35
Lake St. John Agency,				
Joseph Jean.....	304	50		
P. Lindsay.....	366	00		
Paul Dumais'....	361	00	1,031	50
St. Charles Agency,				
E. Lajeunesse.....	37	50		
Joseph Bureau.....	166	12	203	62
			\$7,359	92

E. E. TACHÉ,
Assistant Commissioner.

Department of Crown Lands,
Quebec, 30th June, 1879.

APPENDIX No. 11.

LIST OF GAME OVERSEERS connected with the Department of Crown Lands, showing district, residence, date of appointment, salary and disbursements paid during the year ending 30th June, 1879.

NAME.	DISTRICT.	RESIDENCE.	Date of appointment.	Amount paid.		Salary.	Disbursements.	REMARKS.
				\$	cts.			
1. N. Proulx, Superintendent	Eastern Townships	Quebec	1st February, 1876	150	00	150 00		Discontinued 1st August, 1878.
2. W. C. Willis	Eastern Townships	Sherbrooke	November, 1867	9	24	50 00		
A. Blais	Rimouski	Causapscal	November, 1867	10	74	50 00		do
A. Labbé	Charlevoix	St. Urhain	March, 1873	10	00	50 00	14 00	do
O. Latraverse	Sorel	Sorel	June, 1874	11	28	50 00		do
E. Copping	Montcalm	Montcalm	June, 1874	11	28	50 00		do
Is. Dumais	Lake St. John	Roberval	November, 1874	11	28	50 00	33 00	do
F. Richard	Kamouraska	Ste. Anne de la Pocatière	April, 1875	10	61	50 00		do
J. F. Saillant	Saguenay	Tadoussac	October, 1875	12	50	50 00	83 75	do
J. B. Chevalier	Iberville	St. Jean	April, 1876	11	28	50 00	22 00	do
Patrick Clancy	Chatoauguay, &c.	Hemmingford	May, 1876	12	10	50 00	6 00	do
J. P. Lachance	Quebec, &c.	Stoneham	May, 1876	8	97	50 00	2 00	do
Chs. Robert	Quebec, &c.	Quebec	October, 1876	13	21	50 00		do
Thos. Décoteau	Nicolet	Three Rivers	January, 1877	10	20	50 00	11 50	do
J. Z. C. Miquelon	Wolfe	St. Camille de Wotoun	February, 1877	11	15	50 00		do
W. Clarke	Coulouges	Bryson	February, 1877	10	61	50 00		do
John Darby	Ottawa	Ottawa	February, 1877	10	61	50 00		do
James Hodgins	Pontiac	Shawville	February, 1877	10	61	50 00		do
P. Grace	Lower Division of Ottawa	Wright	February, 1877	10	61	50 00		do
J. E. Cayouette	Chaudière	St. Claire	March, 1877	11	83	50 00	10 00	do
Alfred Beaubien	Nicolet County	Nicolet	March, 1878	12	50	50 00		do
Joseph Lesage	Maskinongé County	St. Léon	March, 1878	12	50	50 00	43 00	do

Arthur Joly	Montreal	Montreal	August, 1878 .....	.....	No salary.
Thos. Brien dit Desrochers	Montreal District	Pointe aux Trembles, Ho- chelaga	do .....	.....	do
Baptiste Bibeau	Richelieu County	Sorel	do .....	.....	do
Louis Barbelle	Berthier County	Berthier	do .....	.....	do
Thos. Decoteau	Three Rivers District	Three Rivers	do .....	.....	do
John Morris	Chambly, Laprairie, Na- pierville & Beauharnois Counties	St. Lambert	September, 1878 .....	.....	do
Jos. Martel	St. Raymond	St. Raymond	January, 1879 .....	.....	do
Wm. Clarke	Pontiac County	Bryson	do .....	.....	do
G. H. Brabazon	do	Portage du Fort	March, 1879 .....	.....	do
David Raitt	Argenteau County	Lachute	April, 1879 .....	.....	do
Thos. B. Trhey	Stanstead County	Coaticook	August, 1879 .....	.....	do

Reappointed.

do

E. E. TROCHÉ,
Assistant Commissioner.

Department of Crown Lands,
Québec, 30th June, 1879

APPENDIX

Province of Quebec,—Return of Surveys

Surveyors.	Surveys.	Cost of survey.
		\$ cts.
Michaud, T. C.....	Townships of Stratford and Garthby, parts of.....	922 80
Du Tremblay, G. B.....	do Tadoussac and Bergeronnes, "	2,477 91
Lachevrotière, T. C. de....	do Langelier, part of.....	3,037 55
Déry, Ign. P.....	do Montauban, "	634 70
Du Tremblay, G. B.....	do Iberville, "	1,138 45
		8,211 41
Legendre, J. B. O	Townships of Ireland, Thetford and Colraine.....	542 49
Bignell, John	do Litchfield and Clarendon	798 93
Magrath, B	do Aldfield.....	1,884 38
Harkin, E. J.....	do Radnor, Block A	175 90
Quinn, F. P.....	do Lussier.....	77 43
Leboutillier, Geo.....	do Douglas, part of.....	82 94
Richard, J. B.....	do Garthby, "	481 45
do	do do "	179 70
Brabazon, S. L.....	do Clarendon, "	196 06
Casgrain, E.....	do Armagh	8 34
Snow, John A.....	do Low..	39 75
Legendre, H.....	For copies of plans of certain rivers.....	20 50
Dumais, P. H.....	Survey of the rivers Mistassibi, Rat and Wassiemska.....	1,518 00
Griffin, P.....	Seignory of St. Gabriel	2,067 05
Magrath, B.....	Limit lines of timber berths, Nos. 20 and 37 .....	.....
Crawford, Wm.....	Examining burnt lands in district of St. Maurice.....	.....
Déville, E.....	Survey of Quebec and Lake St. John Road, and roads in County of Chicoutimi, north of River Saguenay..	833 83
Lachevrotière, T. C. de....	For copy of plan of Township Langelier	10 00
Sullivan, Hy.....	For copy of plan and report of the survey of the lines of division of Townships of Inverness and Nelson..	6 00

68,876 acres subdivided into Farm Lots at a cost of 10 cents per acre.

N. B.—The foregoing quantities and amounts exhibit the surveys completed and paid up to

Department of Crown Lands,
Quebec, 30th June, 1879.

No. 12.

from 1st July, 1878, to 30th June, 1879.

Area.	REMARKS.
9,191	
15,000	And 3,371 verified, at a cost of \$509.
24,194	Including cost of running 19½ miles of new lines and verifying 12½ miles of old lines, \$765
5,171	being part of 3rd and 4th ranges.
15,030	
63,876	
.....	Verification of part of the line dividing Thetford from Ireland and Colrairie.
.....	do line between, and part of the 1st Range of Litchfield.
38,000	Re-survey of all but the front Range.
.....	Balance, being additional amount allowed on this survey.
21	subdivision of the Common of Douglstown.
.....	do Village of d'Israëli.
.....	do Park lots do
.....	Verification of the front of,
.....	Inspection of certain lines.
.....	Verification of lots 30 and 31 in 7th Range.
.....	Distance (126½ miles) or length of survey.
24,300	
.....	Paid by Woods and Forests Branch.
.....	do do do do

date, apart from the surveys in progress, on most of which advances have been made.

E E. TACHÉ,
Assistant-Commissioner.

APPENDIX No. 12a.

STATEMENT of Surveys shewing the amounts paid during the fiscal year on Surveys completed and paid in full, as well as advances made on those still in progress.

SURVEYORS.	SURVEYS.	Paid by Survey Branch.	Paid by Woods and Forests Branch.	Miles.	COUNTY.
		\$ cts.	\$ cts.		
Legendre, J. B. O	Township of Thelford, verification of part	392 49			Mégantic.
Michaud, T. C	do Gar hby and Stratford, part of each	257 36			Wolfe.
Bignell, J	do Litchfield and Clarendon, verification of line between				
	do Bergeronnes and Tadoussac, part of each	798 93			Pontiac.
Du Tremblay, G. B	Survey of the Rivers Mistassibi, Rat and Wassieuaka	2,177 91			Saguenay.
Dumais, P. H	Township of Aldfield, verification of part	1,518 00		126 1	Chicoutimi.
Magrath, B	For copies of plans of Rivers Matawan and St. Maurice, and part of the Township of Hunterstown.	820 38			Pontiac.
Legendre, H	Township of Clyde, part of	20 50			Markinongé, &c.
Mathieu, N	do Langolier. do	1,339 30			Ottawa.
Lachevrière, T. C., de	do Radnor, Block A	906 03			Champlain.
Harkin, E. J	do Low, lots 30 and 31 in 7th range	95 90			do
Snow, John A	do Iberville, part of	39 75			Ottawa.
Du Tremblay, G. B	do Amherst, do	1,138 45			Saguenay.
McMartin, G. E	do Joly and Arundel, part of each	2,373 00			Ottawa.
Crawford, W	do Garthby, subdivision of the Village of d'Israeli. Dufferin. part of	2,523 52			do
Richard, J. B	do Montauban, do	661 15			Wolfe.
Gagnon, G	do Clarendon, the front of the Township	300 00			Chicoutimi.
Dery, J. P	do Douglas, survey of the Common of Douglastown. Lussier, part of	634 70			Portneuf.
Brabazon, S. L	do Inverness and Nelson, copy of plan and report of survey of line of division	196 06			Pontiac.
Leboutillier, Geo		82 94			Gaspé.
Quinn, F. P		77 43			Montreal.
Sullivan, Hy		6 00			Mégantic.

Garon, G.....	Township of Duquesne, part of.....	156 15	.....	.....	Rimouski.
Denville, E.....	Quebec and Lake St. John Road, and certain roads in County of Chicoutimi.....	533 83	.....	.....	.....
Lâchevrotière, T. O., do	For copy of plan of Langeller Township.....	10 00	.....	.....	ChAMPLAIN.
Gasgrain, E.....	Inspection of certain lots in Township of Armagh.....	8 34	.....	.....	Montmagny.
Parke, W. S.....	For a map of the Eastern Townships.....	2 00	.....	.....	.....
Denville, E.....	For 167 copies of Work on Astronomical calculations	100 50	.....	.....	.....
		17,170 62	.....	.....	.....
Magrath, B.....	Survey of limit line between timber Berths No. 20 and 37, on the River du Lièvre.....	.....	17,170 62	.....	.....
Crawford, W.....	Survey of limit lines on River Vermillion, a tributary of the River St. Maurice .....	.....	292 00	.....	Ottawa.
Forest, A. G.....	For copy of plan and field notes of Gutinan and Grande Terre limits .....	.....	90 50	.....	.....
Duchesnay, E. J.....	For copy of plan and field notes of River du Lièvre limits.....	.....	20 00	.....	do
Griffin, P.....	Seigniory of St. Gabriel, part of .....	.....	13 37	.....	do
O'Sullivan, H.....	do survey of	300 65	.....	.....	.....
Gauvin, C. E.....	Patrick Farrell's lot	28 00	.....	.....	Quebec.
	Seigniory of St. Gabriel, survey of certain lines.....	15 00	.....	.....	.....
			343 65	.....	.....
			17,930 14	.....	.....

E. E. TACHÉ,
Assistant Commissioner.

Department of Crown Lands,
Quebec, 30th June, 1879.

APPENDIX No. 13.

WOODS AND FORESTS.

STATEMENT of Revenue collected during the fiscal year ending 30th June, 1879.

					\$	cts.	\$	cts.
Amount collected in Upper Ottawa Territory by A. J. Russell					124,743	46		
do	do	do	do	McLean Stewart..	42,976	91		
							167,720	37
do	do	Lower Ottawa	do	Chs. E. Belle.....	37,699	67		
do	do	do	do	McLean Stewart..	335	78		
							38,035	45
do	do	St. Maurice	do	A. Dubord .....	.....	.....	34,024	54
do	do	Arthabaska	do	Ant. Gagnon	5,748	24		
do	do	do	do	McLean Stewart..	117	25		
							5,865	49
do	do	St. Francis	do	Chs. Patton .....	.....	.....	2,050	28
do	do	Chaudière	do	P. A. Proux.....	.....	.....	6,250	22
do	do	Montmagny	do	Eug. Renault.....	.....	.....	6,763	09
do	do	Grandville	do	C. T. Dubé .....	.....	.....	2,561	78
do	do	Rimouski	do	Geo. Sylvain .....	.....	.....	8,504	29
do	do	Bonaventure	do	L. J. Riopel.....	.....	.....	3,385	92
do	do	Gaspé	do	W. H. Annett .....	.....	.....	709	78
do	do	do	do	Louis Roy.....	.....	.....	1,411	55
do	do	Lake St. John	do	L. O. Tremblay...	.....	.....	20,121	96
do	do	Saguenay	do	Geo. Duberger....	14,026	91		
do	do	do	do	McLean Stewart..	37	50		
							14,064	41
do	do	St. Charles	do	L. Z. Rousseau ...	.....	.....	3,410	96
Total.....					.....	.....	\$314,880	09

E. E. TACHÉ,
Assistant-Commissioner.

Department of Crown Lands,
Woods and Forests,
Quebec, 30th June, 1879.

APPENDIX No. 14.

GENERAL STATEMENT, &c., and amount accrued from Timber Dues, Ground Rents, and Bonus during the fiscal year ending 30th June, 1879.

NAMES OF AGENTS.	Areas under license renewed during the year.	S A W L O G S .			Oak.	
		W. Pine over 17 inches diameter.	W. Pine under 17 inches diameter.	Spruce.	Pieces	Feet.
A. J. Russell	18404½	405,041	249,474	.....	6	382
Chs. E. Belle	5542½	104,027	82,174	2,629	.....	.....
A. Dubord	8216	44,597	60,971	80,471	.....	.....
Chs. Patton	617½	.....	48	3,384	.....	.....
Ant. Gagnon	317½	901	13,597	49,401	.....	.....
P. A. Proux	728	4,802	24,706	29,061	.....	.....
Eug. Renault	637	456	1,843	105,978	.....	.....
C. T. Dubé	666	52	328	13,308	.....	.....
George Sylvain	1337½	498	886	96,131	.....	.....
L. J. Riopel	873	.....	118	7,850	.....	.....
Louis Roy	644½	.....	.....	6	.....	.....
W. H. Annett	351	.....	.....	20	.....	.....
J. O. Tremblay	2116½	6,628	13,933	253,934	.....	.....
Geo. Duberger	1884 5/6	2,990	14,351	106,313	.....	.....
L. Z. Rousseau	395	259	200	46,944	.....	.....
	42631 7/12	570,251	462,629	797,440	6	382

APPENDIX No. 14.—Continued.

GENERAL STATEMENT, &c., and amount accrued from Timber Dues, Ground Rents, and Bonus, &c.

NAMES OF AGENTS.	Ash.		Elm.		Tamarac.		White Pine.	
	Pieces.	Feet.	Pieces.	Feet.	Pieces.	Feet.	Pieces.	Feet.
A. J. Russell.....	25	983	1	61	24	768	55,888	2,884,709
Chs. E. Belle....	585	10,558	603	25,541
A. Dubord.....	357	4,401	.....	.....
Chs. Patton.....
Ant. Gagnon.....	2	53	.....	.....	.....	4,853	.....	.....
P. A. Proux.....
Eug. Renault.....	136	3,265	.....	.....
C. T. Dubé.....
George Sylvain.....	58	2,114
L. J. Riupel.....	280	4,880
Louis Roy.....
W. H. Annett.....
J. O. Tremblay.....	151	4,004	.....	.....
Geo. Duberger.....	100	1,000	.....	.....	.....	.....
L. Z. Rousseau.....
	27	1,036	101	1,061	1,253	27,849	56,829	2,917,244

APPENDIX No. 14—Continued.

GENERAL STATEMENT, &c., and amount accrued from Timber Dues, Ground Rents, and Bonus, &c.

NAMES OF AGENTS.	Red Pine.		Birch.		Broom Timber.		Basswood.		Cedar.	
	Pieces.	Feet.	Pieces.	Feet.	Pieces.	Lineal Feet.	Pieces.	Feet.	Pieces.	Feet.
A. J. Russell.....	8,659	323,699	.....	.....	2,600	134,524	6	267	1,550	2,720
Chs. E. Belle.....	99	777	.....	.....	2	76	.....	.....
A. Dubord.....
Chs. Patton.....	17	306	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Ant. Gagnon.....	230	4,646	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
P. A. Proux.....
Eug. Renault.....	114	1,708	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
C. T. Dubé.....
George Sylvain.....
L. J. Riopel.....	111	2,920	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Louis Roy.....
W. H. Annett.....
J. O. Tremblay.....	350	6,300	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	16	.....
Geo. Duberger.....	1,250
L. Z. Rousseau.....	96	1,640	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	9,009	329,999	667	11,997	2,600	134,524	8	343	1,566	3,979

APPENDIX No. 14--Continued.

GENERAL STATEMENT, &c., and amount accrued from Timber Dues, Ground Rents, and Bonus, &c.

NAMES OF AGENTS.	Hemlock.		Spruce.		Firewood.		Shingle wood.	Hemlock bark.	Shingles.	Scantlings
	Pieces.	Feet.	Pieces.	Feet.	Hard.	Soft.	Cords.	Cords.	1000.	Pieces.
					Cords.	Cords.				
A. J. Russell.....	1	36	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Chs. E. Belle.....	515	15½	.....	.....	433½	.....
A. Dubord.....	17½	.....	.....	.....	.....
Chs. Paton.....	160	640	.....	.....	16	715½	3½	864	.....	.....
Ant. Gagnon.....
P. A. Proux.....	4	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Eug. Renault.....
C. T. Dubé.....	333½	.....
George Sylvain.....	589½	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
L. J. Riopel.....	286	8,080	20	.....	.....	.....	9931½	150
Louis Roy.....
W. H. Annett.....
J. O. Tremblay.....
Geo. Duberger.....	60	1,850	24	562	.....	.....	25	.....
L. Z. Rousseau.....
	161	676	346	9,930	1,168½	1,310½	3½	864	1,785½	150

APPENDIX No. 14.—Continued.
GENERAL STATEMENT, &c., and amount accrued from Timber Dues, Ground Rents, and Bonus, &c.

NAMES OF AGENTS.	Staves.	Telegraph Poles.	Pickets.	Rails.	Railway Ties.	Booms at 17 cts.	Spars.	Knees.	Futtocks
	Pieces.	Pieces.	Pieces.	Pieces.	Pieces.	Pieces.	Pieces.	Pieces.	Pieces.
A. J. Russell.....
Chs. B. Belle.....	24	1,300	5,525	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
A. Dubord.....
Chs. Patton.....	100	200	43,490	.....	.....	36	.....
Ant. Gagnon.....	80	.....	22,600	39,329	.....	9	26	26
P. A. Proux.....	1,137	144	.....	.....	.....
Eug. Renault.....	125	800	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
C. T. Dubé.....
George Sylvain.....
L. J. Riopel.....	5,000	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	121	.....	.....
Louis Roy.....	72	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
W. H. Annett.....	63	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
J. O. Tremblay.....	1,130	.....	.....	.....	.....
Geo. Duberger.....
L. Z. Rousseau.....
	5,000	239	1,525	29,125	85,086	144	130	62	26

APPENDIX No. 14.—Continued.

GENERAL STATEMENT, &c., and amount accrued from Timber Dues, Ground Rents, and Bonus, &c.

NAMES OF AGENTS.	Interest.	Tresspass.	Timber Dues.	Ground Rent.	Bonus.	Transfer Bonus.	TOTAL.
	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
A. J. Russell.....	3,118 12	49 39	127,642 36	36,680 50	.....	230 00	167,720 37
Chs. E. Belle.....	989 60	314 13	24,634 12	12,097 60	.....	.....	38,035 45
A. Dubord.....	689 05	.....	16,903 49	16,432 00	.....	.....	34 024 54
Chs. Patton	22 16	75 28	875 50	1,077 34	.....	.....	2,050 28
Ant. Gagnon.....	4 83	103 23	4,966 10	747 33	.....	44 00	5,865 49
P. A. Proux.....	120 33	.....	4,673 89	1,456 00	.....	.....	6,250 22
Fug. Rensult.....	92 05	.....	5,393 04	1,278 00	.....	.....	6,763 09
C. T. Dabé.....	.....	102 25	871 53	1,336 00	.....	252 00	2,661 78
George Sylvain.....	138 24	404 28	5,004 67	2,757 00	200 00	.....	8,504 29
L. J. Riopel.....	2 50	768 86	778 56	1,684 00	152 00	.....	3,385 92
Louis Roy.....	117 73	.....	4 32	1,289 50	.....	.....	1,411 55
W. H. Annett.....	.....	3 89	3 89	702 00	.....	.....	709 78
J. O. Tremblay.....	498 50	7 00	15,037 35	4,483 11	96 00	.....	20,121 96
Geo. Deberger.....	390 23	377 45	8,349 07	4,747 66	.....	.....	14,064 41
L. Z. Rousseau.....	94 81	.....	2,526 15	790 00	.....	.....	3,410 96
	6,278 25	2,405 76	217,664 04	87,558 04	448 00	526 00	314,880 09

N. B.—A sum of \$1,635.66 included in the total amount collected for the fiscal year ended 30th June, 1879, is at present in deposit, and the description of timber therefor is not accounted for in the above statement, it not being yet measured.

Department of Crown Lands,
Quebec, 80th June, 1879.

E. E. TACHÉ,
Assistant-Commissioner.

APPENDIX No. 15.

SPECIAL RETURN of Officers and Clerks at the different Cadastre Offices, year ending 30th June, 1879.

NAME.	DESIGNATION.	SALARY.		REMARKS.
	GENERAL OFFICE.	\$	cts.	
G. A. Varin.....	Secretary		1,204 16	
	MONTREAL.			
J. B. Varin.....	Director—2 months.....	266 66		Services discontinued 1st September, 1878
F. W. Blaiklock.....	Surveyor and Draughtsman.....	1,200 00		
			1,466 66	
	QUEBEC.			
P. L. Morin.....	Director	1,600 00		
P. M. Lachaine.....	Inspector	1,400 00		
P. Petrin	Messenger	547 50		
			3,547 50	
	THREE RIVERS.			
G. A. Bourgeois.....	Director—2 months.....	266 66		do
L. O. A. Arcand.. ..	Surveyor and Draughtsman.....	1,200 00		
P. Guillet.....	Clerk—2 months	100 00		do
			1,566 66	
	MONTMAGNY.			
Hug. Casgrain.....	Director	1,400 00		
F. X. Gendreau.....	Assistant—2 months	183 32		do
			1,583 32	
	BEAUHARNOIS.			
L. A. Seers.....	Director—2 mouths.....	233 32		do
John Sullivan	Surveyor and Draughtsman.....	1,100 00		
			1,333 32	
	JOLIETTE.			
Max. Crepeau.....	Director—2 months.....	233 32		do
Eug. Dorval.....	Surveyor and Draughtsman.....	1,100 00		
			1,333 32	

APPENDIX No. 15.—Continued.

SPECIAL RETURN of Officers and Clerks at the different Cadastre Offices,
year ending 30th June, 1879.

NAME.	DESIGNATION.	SALARY.		REMARKS.
	HULL—COUNTY OF GTTAWA.	\$	cts.	
Chs. Leduc.....	Director—2 months.....	233	32	Services discontinued 1st September, 1878
James McArthur	Surveyor and Draughtsman.....	1,100	00	
			1,333 32	
	L'ASSOMPTION AND MONTCALM.			
Onulphe Peltier.....	Director—2 months.....	200	00	do Services discontinued 1st April, 1879.
A. W. Lippé	Surveyor and Draughtsman.....	825	00	
			1,025 00	
	TERREBONNE.			
J. A. Hervieux	Director—2 months.....	233	32	Services discontinued 1st September, 1878
J. H. Leclair.....	Surveyor and Draughtsman.....	1,100	00	
			1,333 32	
	SOULANGES AND VAUDREUIL.			
E. Lalonde.....	Secretary—2 months.....		166 66	do
	RICHELIEU.			
R. H. Kitson.....	Secretary—2 months.....		166 66	do

(Signed) E. E. TACHÉ,

Assistant Committsioner

Department of Crown Lands,
Quebec, 30th June, 1879.

APPEFDIX No. 15a.

STATEMENT of total Expenditure on account of Cadastre Offices, &c.; also for surveys of Parishes, Towns and Townships, and expenses at the general Office for the management of same, for the year ending 30th June, 1879.

		\$	cts.	\$	cts.
Montreal	Office	2,722	89		
Quebec	do	4,660	00		
Three Rivers	do	2,795	37		
Montmagny	do	2,663	20		
Beauharnois	do	1,813	37		
Joliette	do	1,709	86		
Hull—County of Ottawa	do	1,936	82		
L'Assomption and Montcalm	do	1,534	93		
Terrebonne	do	2,072	71		
Soulanges and Vaudreuil	do	192	09		
Richelieu	do	166	66		
				22,257	90
SURVEYS—Parishes, Towns and Townships.					
Hector LeBer.....	St. François du Lac.....	700	00		
Antoine Painchaud	Magdalen Islands	555	29		
Pierre Jobidon	St. Pierre and Ste. Petronille, Orleans Island	40	53		
Thos. Breen	St. Eugène and St. Aubert.....	482	27		
P. P. V. DuTremblay	St. Hilarion, St. Siméon and Ile aux Coudres.....	888	08		
G. A. Doucet	Trois Pistoles and Green Island.....	1,092	47		
Thos. Michaud	St. Zotique, St. Telesphore, St. Polycarpe, &c.....	53	25		
Etienne Grondin.....	St. Mathieu and St. Fabien.....	265	75		
John Hill	St. Donat.....	492	09		
Geo. Rainboth.....	Township of Buckingham.....	\$	353 63		
do	Ste. Angelique	1,200	00		
		1,553	63		
Félix Pagé.....	St. Giles and St. Narcisse.....	68	90		
Carolus Laurier.....	Lanoraie	750	00		
N. V. Lefrançois.....	St. Tite des Caps	175	00		
J. N. Patton.....	Ile Perrot.....	25	00		
J. Neilson.....	St. Etienne de Lauzon.....	337	65		
Louis Gosselin.....	St. François, Orleans Island....	266	58		
J. C. Desmeules	St. Irénée.....	\$	45 50		
do	Township DeSales	400	00		
		445	50		
Jos. Burke	St. Aimé, St. Robert, St. Marcel and St. Louis, Richelieu County	1,977	31		
P. Alfred Tétu	St. Arsene and Cacouna	84	35		
Alfred Hamel.....	St. Hilaire.....	237	81		
P. E. Lavergne	St. Lazarc and Township of Buckland.....	689	00		
Arthur Bourget.....	St. Henri de Lauzon	330	00		
G. P. Austin.....	St. Andrews, St. Jerusalem, &c.....	1,367	75		
Jas. Barnard.....	St. Judes	100	00		
J. E. St. Pierre	Seigniory of Lake Temiscouata	1,085	44		
E. D. Henderson.....	St. Malachie	200	00	14,263	65
Carried over.....				36,521	55

APPENDIX No. 15a.—Continued.

STATEMENT of total Expenditure on account of Cadastre Offices, &c.; also for surveys of Parishes, Towns and Townships, and expenses at the general Office for the management of same, for the year ending 30th June, 1879.

	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
Brought forward.....	36,521 55	.....
R. J. Ross.....S. George and St. Frédéric of Beauce.....	300 00	
C. S. Lepage.....St. Octave de Metis	644 50	
C. E. Towle.....Coaticooke and Stanstead Plains.....	2,213 08	
L. P. Gauvreau.....St. Simon, St. Hugues and Ste. Hélène.....	1,585 25	
Thos. Berlinguet.....St. Dominique, St. Pie and St. Liboire	1,450 00	
Leonce Stein	2,088 28	
P. J. B. Fournier.....St. Alexandre	983 52	
J. Louis Michaud	200 00	
Félix Legendre.....St. François de Beauce.....	200 00	
Eug. Fafard.....St. Roch des Aulnets and Ste. Anne Lapocatière.....	240 00	
J. P. B. Casgrain.....Ste. Rosalie	335 94	
J. B. O. Legendre.....Township of Somerset.....	100 00	
Zep. Dupuis	150 00	
Romuald Tetu.....St. Louis de Kamouraska.....	250 00	
F. L. Pelletier.....River Ouelle	100 00	
Henry O'Sullivan.....Township of Nelson.....	358 45	
		47,720 57
Inspection and verification of surveys	6,195 34	
Copies of plans	3,194 77	
Copy of Book of Reference.....	1,409 50	
		10,799 61
GENERAL OFFICE.—Expenses of general management		6,703 60
		65,223 78

(Signed) E. E. TACHÉ,

Assistaut Commissioner.

Department of Crown Lands,
Quebec, 30th June, 1879.

APPENDIX No. 16.

STATEMENT showing the number of Letters received by the Crown Lands Department from 1st day of July, 1878, to 30th June, 1879.

Number of Letters received from the 1st day of July, 1878, to 30th June, 1879.....	7138
Number of Orders in Council received during same period.....	O. C., 18

E. E. TACHÉ,
Assistant-Commissaire.

Department of Crown Lands,
Quebec, 30th June, 1879.

APPENDICE No. 17.

STATEMENT showing the number of Instructions given to Surveyors, the number of parishes erected, the number of reports prepared, adjudications and statements made, the number of sales and locations cancelled, the number of lots comprised in such sales and locations, the number of letters written, the number of cheques and vouchers drawn for expenditure from 1st July, 1878, to 30th June, 1879.

Instruction to Surveyors.....	19
Plans and tracings copied.....	415
Parishes and Village erected.....	13
Reports.....	284
Adjudications.....	151
Statements.....	216
Sales and locations cancelled.....	586
Lots comprised in those sales and locations.....	713
Letters written.....	5762
Cheques drawn.....	2050
Vouchers for expenditure.....	4435

CADASTRE OFFICE.

Letters Received.....	966
" written.....	639
Plans copied.....	150
" compared.....	111
Designations copied.....	27,009
" compared.....	28,329
Plans compared with Books of reference, number of lots.....	8431

E. E. TACHÉ,
Assistant-Commissioner.

Department of Crown Lands,
Quebec, 30th June 1879.

APPENDICE No. 18.

RETURN of Extra Clerks, Surveyor and Messenger, employed in the Department of Crown Lands, during the year ending 30th June, 1879.

Name.	Salary per diem.	Date of appointment.	Remarks.
Chs. A. Parent, Clerk	\$2 00	27th November 1874.....	
J. M. Turcotte, do	2 00	17th February 1876.....	
E. A. Sutton, do	2 00	28th do do	
G. J. Audette, do	2 00	18th June 1878.....	
J. J. Gahan, do	2 00	4th July 1878.....	
F. X. Genest, do	2 00	1st August 1878.....	
Alfred Morissette, do	2 00	6th March 1879.....	
Arthur Buies, do	1 00	23rd June 1879.....	
CADASTRE DIVISION.			
L. N. Dufresne, Clerk.....	2 00	25th November 1874.....	
Frs. Keroack, do	2 00	7th October 1875.....	
Paul Picard, do	2 00	8th July 1876.....	
Charles Chartré, do	2 00	25th July 1876.....	
L. H. B. Garneau, do	2 00	6th February 1878.....	
Joseph Lachaine, P. L. Surveyor..	2 50	1st May 1876.....	
MESSENGER.			
Joseph Fiset,.....	1 00	17th January 1878.....	

E. E. TACHÉ,
Assistant-Commissioner.

Department of Crown Lands,
Quebec, 30th June 1879.

APPENDIX No. 19.

STATEMENT of Colonization Roads in the Province of Quebec, together with the names and residences of the agents, the townships traversed by said Roads, the number of acres of land open for location on each, and the regulations or conditions under which Free Grants thereon are made.

TACHÉ ROAD.

GEO. SYLVAIN, Agent, Rimouski.

C. T. DUBÉ, do Rivière-du-Loup (en bas).

EUG. RENAULT, do Montmagny.

acres open for location.

The Taché road, which is only partially constructed, begins in the township of Buckland and traverses the township of Mailloux, in the county of Bellechasse, the townships of Montminy and Patton, in the county of Montmagny, the townships of Arago, Garneau and Lafontaine, in the county of L'Islet, the townships of Chapais, Painchaud, Chabot and Pohenegamook, in the county of Kamouraska, the townships of Armand, Demers, Hocquart and Raudot, in the county of Temiscouata, the townships of Bédard, Chénier, Duquesne, Macpès, Neigette, Fleuriau and part of the township of Cabot, in the county of Rimouski, where it joins the Matapedia road.

MATAPEDIA ROAD.

GEO. SYLVAIN, Agent, Rimouski.

LS. J. RIOPEL, do New Carlisle.

14,021 acres open for location.

This road commences in the parish of Ste. Flavie, on the river St. Lawrence, in the county of Rimouski, and connects with the east end of the Taché road, in the township of Fleuriau, and passes thence (occasionally intersecting the Kempt road), through the township of Cabot, the seigniory of Lake Matapedia and the townships of Lepage and Casupscull, in the county of Rimouski, and the townships of Assemetquagan and Restigouche, to the mouth of the Matapedia, in the county of Bonaventure.

KEMPT ROAD.

GEO. SYLVAIN, Agent, Rimouski.

LS. J. RIOPEL, do New Carlisle.

19,719 acres open for location.

The Kempt road commences on the river Restigouche,* in the township of Restigouche, traversing that township and the township of Assemetquagan, in the county of Bonaventure, the townships of Casupscull and Lepage, the seigniory of Matapedia, the township of Cabot and the seigniory of Metis, in the county of Rimouski, to the river Metis, on the river St. Lawrence.

MATANE AND CAP CHAT ROAD.

GEO. SYLVAIN, Agent, Rimouski.

L. ROY, do Cap Chat.

3,887 acres open for location.

This road commences at St. Jérôme, in the seigniory of Matane, in the county of Rimouski, and passes along the shore of the river St. Lawrence, through the townships of St. Denis, Cherbourg, Dalibaire and Romieu, in said county, and the township of Cap Chat to Ste. Anne's, in the county of Gaspé.

WARE AND LANGEVIN ROAD.

Agent, St. Francis, Beauco.

72 acres open for location.

The Langevin road traverses portions of the townships of Ware and Langevin.

MAILLOUX ROAD.

EUG. RENAULT, Agent, Montmagny.

10,650 acres open for location.

This road starts at a point on the Taché road, in the township of Mailloux, traverses said township and the townships of Roux, Bellechasse and Daaquam, in the county of Bellechasse.

TEMISCOUATA ROAD.

CHS. T. DUBÉ, Agent, Rivière-du-Loup (en bas.)

16,142 acres open for location.

The Temiscouata road commencés at Rivière-du-Loup, running through the townships of Whitworth and Armand, and the seigniory of Temiscouata, to the Province line.

ELGIN ROAD.

EUG. RENAULT, Agent, Montmagny.

2,600 acres open for location.

The Elgin road, in the county of l'Islet, commences at the river St. Lawrence, at Port Joly, in the seigniory of Port Joly, and thence passes on the division line between the townships Fournier, Ashford, Garneau, Lafontaine, Casgrain and Dionne, intersecting the Taché road on the line between the townships of Garneau and Lafontaine.

LAKE ST. JOHN ROAD.

L. Z. ROUSSEAU, Agent, St. Roch, Quebec.

15,558 acres open for location.

The Lake St. John road starts from the township of Tewkesbury, in the county of Quebec, and passes through the township of Cauchon, and the unsurveyed lands of the Crown, also through the township of Metabetchouan, to the village of Metabetchouan, in the county of Chicoutimi.

MARITIME ROAD, (SOUTH SHORE).

W. H. ANNETT, Agent, Gaspé Basin.

LOUIS ROY, do Cap Chat.

21,195 acres open for location.

The Maritime road, south shore, beginning at and passing through the seigniory of Ste. Anne des Monts, traverses the townships of Tourelle, Christie, Duchesnay,

the seigniory of Mont Louis, Taschereau township, la Madeleine seigniory, township Denoue, Grand Vallée des Monts Seigniory, township of Cloridorme, the seigniory of l'Anse de l'Etang and the township of Sydenham as far as the township of Fox, all in the county of Gaspé.

MARITIME ROAD, (NORTH SHORE).

GEORGE DUBERGER, Agent, Murray Bay.

17,214 acres open for location.

The Maritime road, North shore, starts from the river Noire, which separates the township of Callière from the seigniory of Mount Murray, in the county of Charlevoix, traverses the said township of Callière and the townships of Saguenay, Tadoussac, Bergeronnes, Escoumains and Iberville, in the county of Saguenay, thus running along the north shore of the river St. Lawrence, as far as the west line of the seigniory of Mille Vaches, in the county of Saguenay.

CONDITIONS OF FREE GRANT LOCATIONS ON COLONIZATION ROADS.

- 1st. The locatee is to proceed to and occupy at once the land assigned to him. Should he not do so within one month of the date of his ticket, or should he abandon the land after having been placed on it, he will be considered as having lost all claim to receive the land.
- 2nd. He is required to clear and place under crop 12 acres of the land located, within four years of the date of his ticket, to build a house, and to reside on the land until his settlement duty is performed. When this is completed, he will be entitled to his patent.
- 3rd. If under the necessity of being temporarily absent from his location, he will apply to the resident agent, stating the length of his intended absence, and the reason for it, which will be entered on the agent's book, if the reasons for absence seem sufficient. Should he absent himself without permission to do so, or should he remain away longer than authorized, he will be considered as having forfeited his location.
- 4th. Any assignment of or attempt to assign the ticket or location, without the previous knowledge and approval of the agent, will also be considered as a forfeiture of all right in the locatee or assignee.

5th. In all cases of abandonment of location, the located land will be considered immediately open for new location or sale.

No location will be allowed for more than 100 acres to one individual.

NOTE.—The system of Free Grants in this Province (with the exception of grants not exceeding ten acres for schools, town all, etc., and grants not exceeding fifty acres for places of public worship, and one hundred acres for Model or Industrial Farms) is confined by law to land set apart for that purpose on each side of the Colonization roads mentioned in the foregoing statement.

APPENDIX No. 20.

CONDITIONS OF LAND SALES.

NOTE.—These conditions are comprised in the following form of receipt which is given to each purchaser of public lands, under settlement regulations.

No. CROWN LANDS AGENCY.

§

18

Received from _____ the sum of _____,
 being the first instalment of one fifth of the purchase money of _____ acres
 of land contained in _____ lot, No. _____ in the
 range of the township of _____ P. Q., the remainder payable in
 four equal annual instalments, with interest from this date.

This sale, if not disallowed by the Commissioner of Crown Lands, is made subject to the following conditions, viz.: The purchaser to take possession of the land within six months from the date hereof, and from that time continue to reside on and occupy the same, either by himself or through others, for at least two years, and within four years at furthest from this date, clear, and have under crop a quantity thereof in proportion of at least ten acres for every one hundred acres, and erect thereon a habitable house of the dimensions of at least sixteen by twenty feet. No timber to be cut before the issuing of the Patent, except under license, or for clearing of the land, fuel, buildings and fences; all timber cut contrary to these conditions will be dealt with as timber cut without permission on public lands. No transfer of the purchaser's right will be recognized in cases where there is default in complying with any of the conditions of the sale. In no case will the Patent issue before the expiration of two years of occupation of the land, or the fulfillment of the whole of the conditions, even though the land be paid for in full. Subject, also, to current licenses to cut timber on the land, and the purchaser to pay for any real improvements now existing thereon, belonging to any other party.

Agent.

CAUTION. — If the Commissioner of Crown Lands is satisfied that any purchaser of public lands, or any assignee claiming under him has been guilty of any fraud or imposition, or has violated or neglected to comply with any of the conditions of sale, or if any sale has been made in error or mistake, he may cancel such sale, and resume the land therein mentioned, and dispose of it as if no sale thereof had been made.—Extract from 20th Sec.: Act 32 Vict., Chap. 11.

APPENDIX No. 21.

STATEMENT showing the names of the Colonization Roads, the names of the Agents and the number of locations issued on said Roads, from 1st July, 1878 to 30th June, 1879, inclusive, &c.

ROADS.	AGENTS.	Locations issued.	No. of acres.	Locations annulled.	No. of acres.
Taché.....	Geo. Sylvain, C. T. Dubé, E. Renault	137	12,319	4	384
Temiscouata.....	C. T. Dubé.....	8	742	3	300
Matapedia	Geo. Sylvain and L. J. Riopel.....	3	252		
Kempt	do do	4	358		
Matane and Cap Chat....	Louis Roy and Geo. Sylvain.....	1	86½	11	899
Elgin	Eug. Renault	2	200	1	100
Etchemin.					
Mailloux	Eug. Renault.				
Ware and Langevin.					
Lake St. John.....	L. Z. Rousseau.....	1	100		
Maritime (south shore)...	W. H. Annett and L. Roy	3	300		
Maritime (north shore)...	Geo. Duberger.....	37	3,067		
Kennebec.					
	Total	196	17,424½	19	1,683

E. E. TACHÉ,
Assistant Commissioner.

Department of Crown Lands,
Quebec, 30th June, 1879.

APPENDIX No. 22.

Beauce, 20th January 1879.

The Honorable the Commissioner of Crown Lands, Quebec.

SIR,

I have the honor to transmit to you herewith the sworn returns of the miners in the Chaudière Gold Mining Division, made between the 1st July and the 31st December last. You may observe therefrom that nearly all the mining in the division was done on the river Gilbert in the Seigniory of Rigaud-Vaudreuil, parish of St. Francis of Beauce, as the workings on the river des Plantes in the same parish and those on the *Ardoise* stream at St. George, yielded only \$215.75, while the total product of the mines amounts to \$13,617.75.

The extreme dryness of last summer contributed greatly to diminish the production of gold in delaying the operation of washing, and even rendering it impossible during the whole of the month of September; besides which frosty and stormy weather put a stop early in November to all work except that carried on in the subterranean galleries, and the result of the latter, which consists in the extraction of auriferous gravel, cannot be known until after the washing, which will be done in the course of next spring.

Preparatory works are going on this winter, as well on the river Gilbert as on the Des Plantes and the Du Loup, with a view to the vigorous resumption of operations in the early spring.

A large number of Californian and British Columbian miners have written for information respecting the Beauce gold mines; and they all manifest an intention of coming here soon in search of fortune. This has led me to make some inquiries as to the value of these mines, as shown by the practical experience of these latter years; and from information given by the miners, and gathered from a comparison and synopsis of their different reports, I think it may be concluded that the average cost of working an arpent in length of land on the old bed of the river Gilbert is about \$8,000, and that the average production from the same is about \$15,000.

But this should not be considered all that may be expected from this now celebrated river, because no sudden turns nor falls have yet been met with in its old course, and it may naturally be supposed that the particles of gold will be found deposited in much greater abundance in such places than in the rest of its course where it flowed along tranquilly.

Experience also shows that the width of this ancient river, which flowed about a hundred feet lower than the present surface of the soil varied from thirty to two

hundred and fifty feet ; and that while the expense of working will be in proportion to the width, the return will be about the same in the narrow as in the wide portions. Therefore, as it has hitherto been worked only in one of its widest parts, it follows that when a narrower part is reached, the expense of working will be proportionately diminished ; and the yield of gold remaining the same, the net profit should be very much greater than at present.

During the year just expired, I had to adjudicate summarily in thirty civil cases between miners, and I succeeded in procuring an amicable settlement of a certain number of other difficulties among them, thus preventing as much as possible the incurring of law costs.

Before closing, I think it proper to state that the reports of the production of gold are incomplete and much below the truth : not having the assistance of even one constable, it is impossible for the inspector to exercise the superintendence required for enforcing the law over so large a tract as that covered by the mining lands ; and in consequence a large number of gold seekers escape and carry on mining without paying the government licence fees, and of course without making any report of what they have found.

I have the honor to be, &c.,

H. J. J. DUCHESNAY,

Gold Mining Inspector,

Chaudière Division.

APPENDIX No. 22a.

Ste. Marie, Beauce, 3rd October 1879.

The Honorable the Commissioner of Crown Lands, Quebec.

SIR,

I have the honor to transmit to you herewith a return of the amount received for gold mining licences in the Chaudière Division, from the 1st April to the 30th September inclusive, also the licence fees themselves, amounting to \$256.00.

I enclose also the returns of the quantity of gold collected &c., as far as I have been able to procure them from the miners. The total value of the product of the mines since the 1st of January last, according to these returns, is \$15,469.63, but I am positive that this amount should be at least \$10,000 more, for, notwithstanding my repeated visits to the different mines, and all the efforts I made to that effect, it was impossible for me, alone, to reach all the miners, and oblige them to pay license fees and make returns of the result of their labors.

As long as the Inspector has not the assistance of at least a couple of constables, the revenue arising from mining licenses will remain at about the present figure, for it is even now very difficult to collect, and nearly half the miners succeed in evading the law.

With constables under my orders, I am certain that the receipts would increase in sufficient proportion to pay the salary and expenses of the men, and I would undertake in any case that the expense should not exceed the revenue, or if it did, to pay the difference myself.

If, therefore, I were permitted to use the revenue from the licenses in this manner, I could, while paying my own salary and that of a couple of constables, as well as incidental expenses, render effectual the authority which the law gives the Inspector, maintain good order in all ordinary circumstances, by preventing the fighting and stealing which are constantly going on, and by closing up the numerous grog-shops in the neighborhood of the mines; in a word, I could procure respect for and submission to the law, which nearly all have been too long setting at defiance.

I have, &c.,

H. J. J. DUCHESNAY,

*Gold Mining Inspector.**Chaudière Division.*

APPENDIX No. 22b.

Ste. Marie, Beauce, 30th January 1880.

The Honorable the Commissioner of Crown Lands, Quebec.

SIR,

In accordance with my instructions, I transmitted to your department at the beginning of this month, the amount received by me for licenses issued during the three months preceding, for gold mining in the Chaudière Division. All these licences, numbering six hundred and eighty for the whole year 1879, were taken out for mining in the Seigniory of Rigaud-Vaudreuil, which comprises the whole of the parish of St. Francis of Beauce.

I am again obliged to repeat what I stated in my former reports, that this figure represents hardly one half the number of persons who worked at the Chaudière gold mines during the past year, but not having the assistance of any constable or policeman, I was unable to collect any larger amount: it was even impossible for me to put other important clauses of the law in force for the same reason.

I have the honor also to transmit to you herewith, the last monthly statements received from the miners of the quantity collected in the different workings. Notwithstanding all my efforts, prolonged to the present date, I have not succeeded in procuring all the statements, which is the cause of my delay in sending this report. The miners know that the inspector is powerless to make them obey the law, and that without constituting himself at once plaintiff, witness and judge, he cannot impose any penalty for infractions of it, not knowing how to procure proof of the charge, such as might be given by constables; and many take advantage of this circumstance to exempt themselves from making the monthly statements, as well as from the obligation of taking out licenses.

The product of the mines, then, for the last six months of the year 1879, according to these statements, was \$17,502.22, making a total product for the whole year of \$32,971.85; but for the reasons already mentioned, this amount represents only about one half of the quantity really collected, for the law reaches hardly half the miners.

The interest taken in the Chaudière gold mines appears to have become a little more active during the year just expired. Some new companies came to work in them, and a large number of persons visited them, not merely out of curiosity, but in order to become personally acquainted with their value, and the profits that may be derived from them. Many of these persons expressed their intention of returning in the spring and beginning operations in earnest.

One of the principal journals of New-York, speaking lately of the Beauce Gold Mines, placed them six hundred (600) miles south of Quebec, and in the midst of virgin forests ! For the better information of strangers who desire to visit them, it may be well to mention here that they (the mines) are only fifty miles from Quebec, that the greater part of the journey to them can be performed by rail, and that they are situated in the heart of a wealthy rural population of about six thousand souls.

During the year 1879, eleven different companies worked the alluvial mines on the river Gilbert, and five others on the Des Plantes, both in the parish of St. Francis. Two other companies, again, worked in the bed of the river du Loup, near its confluence with the Chaudière, in the parish of St. George, but what was done by these latter may be considered only preparatory to more extensive operations to be begun next spring. A large number of persons, either singly or in small parties, also sought for gold in the dry beds of the Chaudière and its numerous tributaries during the summer and part of the autumn, as is done elsewhere every year, without the possibility of their numbers or the result of their searches being known.

Nothing was done in the working of quartz veins, except that several experienced miners made some explorations, and assayed a number of specimens ; with what result I do not know, but judging from the fact that upon their reports, certain mining companies were immediately formed for the early working of some of the veins, I think it must have been satisfactory.

Some new shafts are now being opened in the parishes of St. George and St. François, at considerable distances from the old workings, and new and rich discoveries were made last autumn on the river Des Plantes, the river du Loup and elsewhere in this division.

These discoveries, coupled with the excitement which prevails in this and even in foreign countries on the subject of the Chaudière gold mines, augmented by the active interest which the government takes in this important question ; the extensive works set on foot on the river du Loup, the intention of the miners to abandon the old system of sluice-washing and adopt the more economical and productive one of hydraulic mining, the large purchases of mining lands by parties who appear eager to set to work upon them without delay ; all seem to indicate that next summer will witness the fulfillment of the prediction contained in my report of the 23rd September 1878.

I have, &c.,

H. J. J. DUCHESNAY,

Gold Mining Inspector.

Chaudière Division.

APPENDIX No. 23.

CADASTRE OFFICE,

Montreal, July, 1879.

E. E. TACHÉ, Esq.,

Assistant Commissioner Crown Lands.

SIR,

I have the honor to inform you that I have, this day, sent by Express the cadastral plans and books of reference made in this office during the year ending the 30th June, 1879, comprising the incorporated village of St. Rémi, parish of St. Rémi and the parish of St. Michel Archange, in the County of Napierville; also the town of Iberville, in the County of Iberville, making the number of fifteen hundred and thirty lots, and thirty-nine thousand, nine hundred and sixty-four arpents cadastered.

The enclosed tabular statement will give the details of the work performed. Besides the foregoing, angular survey of the River Richelieu, in front of the County of Iberville, was made during the winter upon the ice, many verifications and corrections for the Registrars in the District of Montreal, completed, and the general duties of the office performed.

The whole respectfully submitted.

I have the honor to be,

Sir,

Your obedient servant,

F. W. BLAICKLOCK,

P. L. S.

APPENDIX No. 28a.

TABULAR STATEMENT of work performed in the Cadastre Office, Montreal, during the year ending the 30th June, 1879.

LOCALITY.	Gross area of land cadastrated.			Net area of parcels or lots cadastrated.			Number of parcels design- ated in the Book of Re- ference.	Date of the closing of the Cadastre.	REMARKS.	
	Arpents.	Per.	Feet.	Feet.	Arpents.	Per.				Feet.
COUNTY OF NAPIER- VILLE.										
Village of St. Rémi	266	12	212	8,169,463	262	14	127	174	31st August, 1878	The gross area includes the streets.
Parish of St. Rémi	21,512	39	59	.....	21,512	39	59	463	2nd October, 1878
Parish of St. Michel Ar- change	17,247	79	65	.....	17,247	79	65	434	20th December, 1878...
COUNTY OF IBERVILLE.										
Town of Iberville.....	937	50	27,620,480	852	48	49	466	14th June, 1879.....	The gross area includes the streets. Three water lots in the Ri- chelieu River.
	1	09	184	35,500	1	09	184	3	do do	
	39,964	90	196	.....	39,865	90	169	1,530	-----

F. W. BLAICKLOCK,
P. L. S.

Montreal, 30th June, 1879.

APPENDIX No. 24.

Quebec, 7th July, 1879.

*To the Honorable Edmond J. Flynn, Minister,
Commissioner of Crown Lands.*

SIR,

I have the honor to transmit you a Statement of the geodesical work, with Plans and Books of Reference effected by the Cadastre Office of Quebec, for the fiscal year ending the 30th June, 1879.

I have the honor to be,

Sir,

Your obedient servant,

P. L. MORIN,

Ex-Director of Cadastre.

APPENDIX No. 24a.

SYNOPTICAL STATEMENT of work performed by the Cadastre Office of Quebec,
for the fiscal year ending the 30th June, 1879.

LOCALITY.	Superficies of lands cadastrated.	Number of lots entered in the Book of Reference.
Surveying of a part of the parish of St. Simon.....	18,500 arpents.	.

Scaling of the plan of a part of the Railroad on the left shore of the River
St. Lawrence, in the County of Portneuf, 28 miles in length.

Verification of lines of division in the Parishes of Ste. Foye, Ancienne Lorette,
Charlesbourg and Cap Rouge.

Geographical and Cadastral Map of the County of Portneuf, comprising 15
parishes, to the scale of $\frac{1}{2}$ a mile to an inch, measuring 70 feet in superficies.

P. L. MORIN.

Quebec, 7th July, 1879.

APPENDIX No. 25.

CADASTRE OFFICE,

Three Rivers, 24th Dec., 1879.

E. E. TACHÉ,

Assist.-Com. of Crown Lands,

Quebec.

Sir,

I have the honor to transmit to you a general statement of the work performed by me from the 1st of September, 1878, to the 30th June, 1879, in the County of Maskinongé.

During this period I have completed the surveying of the parish of St. Joseph of Maskinongé, and have made the rough plan which I have presented for the examination of the proprietors the 3rd November, 1878, after public notices to that effect. I next made the original Book of Reference of that parish, which contains 1,270 designations of lots covering a superficies of 15,148 arpents.

I also made in the same length of time the surveying and the rough plan of the parish of St. Justin, which plan I have presented for the examination of the proprietors the 12th March, 1879. The Book of Reference of this parish not being yet completed, the number of its subdivisions or lots cannot be entered in this schedule. The weather being favorable to the outside work, and keeping for the bad days the completion of official plans and books of reference of the parishes in question, I proceeded to the surveying and made the rough plan of a part of the parish of St. Didace. This latter parish is the largest of the County of Maskinongé, it covers the three-quarters of the Seigniory of Lanaudière and that part of the township of Peterborough which is situated to the north-east of the line dividing the District of Three Rivers from that of Richelieu.

I have encountered great difficulty in the cadastration of the parish of St. Joseph of Maskinongé; more than 400 lots contained in the plan of this parish form part of meadows or commons lying near the River St. Lawrence, and these parcels being nearly all of very small dimensions and bearing no boundaries, or other marks fit to indicate the limits, I had to spend a considerable time for the examination of titles and procuring informations required for the locating and determining as exactly as possible the position, form and extent of each of those parcels.

Besides the work above mentioned, I have been obliged to make the scaling of a part of the river Maskinongé, Rivière Blanche, of Lac Blanc and Lac Mandeville, of several streams or water-courses, and other roads over a distance of 169 miles.

There still remain in the County of Maekinongé four parishes to be cadastrated, viz: the parishes of Ste. Ursule, St. Léon, St. Paulin, St. Alexis, and a part of St. Didace, which one is nearly completed.

I have the honor be,

Sir,

Your obedient servant,

Ls. O. A. ARCAND,

P. I. S.

APPENDIX No. 25a.

SYNOPTICAL STATEMENT of the work performed by the Cadastre Office of the District of Three Rivers, from the 1st September, 1878 to the 30th June, 1879.

LOCALITY.	Superficies of lands cadastrated.			Number of lots described in the book of reference.	Length in miles in seal- ing roads, rivers, and other irregular fronts.	Date of Closing.	REMARKS.
	Arpents.	Perches.	Feet.				
County of Maskinongé							
Parish of St. Joseph of Maskinongé	15,148	32	232	1,270		3rd Nov., 1878.	The rough plan of the parish of St. Joseph of Maskinongé is dated the 28th June, 1878, but it has been presented for the examination of the proprietors of that parish only on the 3rd November, 1878.
Total.....	15,148	32	232	1,270			

LS. O. A. ARCAND,
P. L. S.

CADASTRE OFFICE,
Three Rivers, 24th Dec., 1879.

APPENDIX No. 26.

L'Islet, 30th June, 1879.

To the Honorable the Commissioner of Crown Lands, Quebec.

SIR,

I have the honor to make the following report of the cadastral operations effected during the fiscal year ended 30th June, 1879, to wit :

County of l'Islet, Parishes Cadastrated.			
	Superficies. Arpents.	Number of lots.	Miles of scaling.
L'Islet.....	19320	700	49½
St. Jean Port Joli.....	19488	557	44
St. Cyrille.....	14112	228	16
Township Lessard.....	5460 acres.	60	4
	58380	1545	113½

In the course of same period I have written out the official book of reference of

St. Gervais.....	688 lots.
St. Cajetan of Armagh.....	690 “
Township Mailloux.....	392 “
“ Roux.....	442 “
“ Bellechasse.....	426 “
	2558

I have also cadastrated that part of the township Fournier annexed to the parish of St. Aubert; the rough plan containing 200 lots, has been submitted to the inspection of the interested parties.

In compliance with instructions from your department, I have drawn a traoting of the fief Ste. Claire ; I have also made inspections in Townships Fournier and Armagh, and made reports thereon.

Respecting the position of the boundary line between parishes of St. Charles and St. Joseph of Levis, I have made enquiries and searches and have transmitted to your department a plan shewing said line, with report accompanying.

Only two parishes in the county of l'Islet remain to be cadastrated, namely : St. Pamphile and Ste. Perpétue, on the Elgin road, all the informations required are already collected and one month's work on the field will complete the surveying.

I have the honor to be,

Sir,

Your most obedient servant,

E. CASGRAIN,

P. L. S.

APPENDIX No. 27.

CADASTRE OFFICE,

St. Jérôme, 9th July, 1879.

E. E. TACHÉ, Esq.,

Assistant-Commissioner of Crown Lands, Quebec.

SIR,

I have the honor to submit the following report of the cadastral operations effected by this office during the year expiring 30th June.

The scaling operations commenced 15th July, 1878, under the direction of J. A. Hervieux, esquire, have been stayed from the 22nd of August to the 16th September, at which date, according to Departmental instructions, I resumed work and closed on the 9th November last.

I have, during the year, cadastrated the parishes of L'Annonciation du Lac des Deux-Montagnes, St. Placide, St. Hermas, St. Colomban and St. Canut.

The whole county of Two Mountains is cadastrated, to the exception of the parish and village of Ste. Scholastique, not cadastrated as yet, for the reasons mentioned in a special report already transmitted to you. The plans of those two localities are nevertheless completed. The whole will be completed in autumn when the surveys effected during the summer will be finished.

I have the honor to be,

Sir,

Your humble and obedient servant,

J. H. LECLAIR.

P. L. S.

APPENDIX No. 27a.

SYNOPTICAL STATEMENT of work performed by the Cadastre Office,
District of Terrebonne, for the fiscal year 1878-79.

LOCALITY.	Superficies of Lots cadastrated.		Number of Lots entered in the Book of Reference.
	Arpents.	Perches.	
<i>County of Two-Mountains.</i>			
Parish of Annunciation of the Lake of Two-Mountains	19,171	73	333
do St. Placide	12,046	11	279
do St. Hermas	14,055	25	243
do St. Colomban	26,686	33	321
do St. Carut	1,290	14	13
Totals	73,249	56	1,189

J. H. LECLAIR,
P. L. S.

St. Jérôme, 9th July, 1879.

APPENDIX No. 28.

E. E. TACHÉ, Esq.,

Assistant-Commissioner of Crown Lands, Province of Quebec.

SIR,

I have the honor to inform you that I have, this day, forwarded by Express, the official plans and book of reference of the several wards of the city of Hull. For the descriptions of said wards, I beg leave to refer you to the Act of incorporation of said city, viz : Vict. 38, Chap. 79, Statutes of the Province of Quebec.

The cadastration of the city of Hull was attended with more than ordinary difficulties, inasmuch as no previous connected plans of the city then existed, and the large proprietors absolutely refused to let me have access to any plans or documents in their possession. They were under the impression that taxes would be levied in proportion to the number of parcels, and as the ownership of the properties was in many cases disputed, they were afraid that information given to the officials of the cadastre might be used by lawyers, bailiffs, &c., in legal proceedings then pending against themselves. When, however, they supposed that the cadastration was nearly completed, they then produced their plans and title deeds and compared them with the official plans and books of reference; they were all apparently satisfied, except Messrs. C. E. Graham, J. M. Currier, M. P., and E. B. Eddy. These gentlemen wished to have their respective properties represented *en bloc* instead of in parcels, as shewn on the plan attached to the deed of *partage* between the several heirs of the late Ruggles Wright, Esq. In ward No. 2, Messrs. Graham and Currier had recently subdivided their respective properties into city lots; yet, notwithstanding this fact, they wished to have them shewn *en bloc* on the official plan, and acting under the advice of M. Leduc, the director, I made the changes they required which will account for the decrease in the number of parcels in said ward.

In ward No. 4, where the lumber yards and piling grounds of Messrs. Batson and Currier, and E. B. Eddy are situated, I did not make the changes required by these gentlemen, not having received definite instructions to that effect from the department, to which I had previously submitted this matter for consideration. In my opinion, such changes would involve a direct violation of the laws in conformity with which the cadastration should be prepared.

The result sought to be obtained by these changes is the closing of the public streets which are in reality the property of the corporation of the city of Hull, and

can only be legally closed by the action of said corporation, in conformity with the provisions of the Municipal Code of Lower Canada.

If, however, I am instructed by the Crown Lands Department to make a new plan and book of reference containing said required changes, I shall, as a matter of course, do so; but until I received such instructions, I do not feel justified in making any changes.

I have already forwarded a tracing of that part of the official plan shewing the position of the localities which it is alleged require to be changed.

In conclusion I beg leave to state that I found it necessary to make many changes and alterations in the official plans and books of reference, with a view to increase or augment their future usefulness; which was the principal cause which prevented me from transmitting them to the Department at an earlier date.

I have the honor to be,

Sir,

Your very obedient servant,

JAS. McARTHUR,

P. L. S.

Aylmer, P. Q., 13th March, 1879.

APPENDIX No. 28a.

SYNOPTICAL Table of Work performed by P. L. S. James McArthur, for the Office of the Cadastre, District of Ottawa, Chs. Leduc, Director, during the fiscal year ending 30th June, 1876, and part of the fiscal year ending 30th June, 1877.

Locality.	Superficies of Land Cadastrated.				No. of parcels designated in Books of reference.	Distance measured on Rivers, Roads, &c.			Date of closing.	Date of transmission to Crown Land Department.	Remarks, changes in the No. of parcel in each Ward.
	Aores.	Rods.	Perches.	Feet.		Miles.	Chains.	Links.			
57 COUNTY OF OTTAWA.									1879.	1879.	Decrease.
City of Hall.										March 13th.	2 Parcels.
Ward No. 1.....	1,511	3	38	91	342	17	40	.....	"	"	143 "
" " 2.....	402	3	13	146	345	9	37	.....	"	"	4 "
" " 3.....	451	1	8	.....	764	13	20	.....	"	"	1 "
" " 4.....	91	1	13	.....	524	9	30	.....	"	"	150 Increase..... 9
" " 5.....	612	3	21	66	567	10	17	.....	"	"
	3,070	1	14	31	2542	59	64				Total decr. 141 Parcels.

APPENDIX No. 29.

The Honorable F. G. Marchand,

Commissioner of Crown Lands,

Province of Quebec.

SIR,

I have the honor to transmit, by Express, this day, the official plan and book of reference of the Township of Wakefield, cadastrated by me, during part of the fiscal year 1878-79.

Said township contains 84,675 acres, and is divided into 604 parcels.

As will be seen, the official plan differs very much from the original plan of the primitive survey, many lakes being represented on the former which have not been shewn on the latter.

I am, at present, engaged in the cadastration of the incorporated village of Gatineau Point, and have a revised plan of the rear ranges of the townships of Hull and Templeton in course of preparation.

I have the honor to be,

Sir,

Your obedient servant,

JAMES McARTHUR,

P. L. S.

Aylmer, P. of Q.,

July, 5th 1879.

APPENDIX No. 29a.

SYNOPTICAL TABLE of works performed by P. L. S. James McArthur for cadastral purposes, in the township of Wakefield, under instructions from the Honorable the Commissioner of Crown Lands, during part of the fiscal year 1878-79.

LOCALITY.	Superficies cadastrated.				Number of pieces designated in Book of Reference.	Length of sealing Rivers, lakes, Roads, &c.			Date of closing.	Date of transmission to Crown Land Department.
	Acres.	Rods.	Perches.	Feet.		Miles.	Chains.	Links.		
Township of Wakefield....	84,675	.....	.....	.....	604	137	.....	.....	30th June, 1879....	3rd July, 1879.....

APPENDIX No. 30.

To the Honorable Commissioner of Crown Lands, Quebec.

SIR,

I have the honor to report to you that during the year ending 30th June last past, I have completed the survey and cadastration of the parishes of St. Urbain and St. Malachie, in the county of Chateauguay, the former containing three hundred and thirty seven lots or parcels, and the latter twelve hundred and seventy-five, making a total of sixteen hundred and twelve descriptions. I have also commenced the survey of the parishes of St. Antoine Abbé and St. John Chrysostome, which parishes, when finished, shall complete the cadastration of the county of Chateauguay.

I am obliged to defer for a couple of weeks the transmission of the plans and books of reference to your department, as the copying of the book of reference of the parish of St. Malachie is not quite completed, and it will take me some time to collate the same and have it re-examined by the Council. A synoptical statement of the work I have performed will be given with the plans.

I have the honor to be,

Sir,

Your most obedient servant,

JOHN SULLIVAN,

P. L. S.

Beauharnois, July 3rd, 1879.

APPENDIX No. 30a.

SYNOPTICAL TABLE of the Cadastre work performed in the district of Beauharnois, during the fiscal year ending 30th June, 1879.

LOCALITIES.	Area in arpents.	Number of Lots.	Date of transmission to Department.
County of Chateauguay.			
Parish St. Urbain.....	15,424	337	
do St. Malachie.....	52,139	1,275	
Totals	67,563	1,612	

JOHN SULLIVAN,
P. L. S.

APPENDIX No. 31.

JOLIETTE, 10th December, 1879.

E. E. TACHÉ, Esq.

Asst.-Commissioner of Crown Lands.

Sir,

I have the honor to enclose herewith a statement of the operations effected by me for the fiscal year ended 1878-79.

The works herein mentioned have been performed on the spot, and ended on the 30th June last, excepting five lots or parcels situated in the parish of Ste. Mélanie, which I could not survey during the summer, because it required about one mile of scaling of the River l'Assomption. I will have to wait then the ice is formed at that place, so as to enable me to make the survey of these five lots which are adjoining and very irregular.

The difficulties encountered in carrying out these operations surpassed those of former years; specially in the parish of St. Ambroise, owing to the high lands and to the too frequent subdivisions; there are also neglected lines, not visible and in litigation.

Since the first of July last, I have been occupied to perform the work of the Office, namely: I calculated the superficies, changed the acres in arpents, for each lot, and made the official plan of the parishes of St. Ambroise, Ste. Mélanie and part of the parish of Ste. Beatrix, with the books of reference.

I have devoted, as heretofore, the greatest attention towards the execution of these works in order to bring it to satisfactory conclusion.

I have the honor to be,

Sir,

Your most obedient servant,

U. DORVAL,

P. L. S.

APPENDIX No. 31a.

SYNOPTICAL STATEMENT of the work performed by the Cadastre Office, District of Joliette. for the fiscal year ending 1878-79.

LOCALITY.	French measure			English measure			Number of lots.	Date of closing.	Length in miles of the sealing of Roads, Rivers, etc.
	Arpents.	Perches.	Feet.	Acres.	Rods.	Perches.			
COUNTY OF JOLIETTE.									
	11,357	79	219	9,595	.....	32	191	30th June, 1879...	25
	21,678	87	259	.....	.....	.....	425	December, 1879...	59
	2,601	11	.....	.....	.....	.....	45	30th June, 1879...	3
	35,637	78	154				661		87

U. DORVAL, P. L. S.

Joliette, 9th December, 1879.

APPENDIX No. 32.

THE HONORABLE E. J. FLYNN,

Commissioner of Crown Lands, Quebec.

SIR,

I have the honor to transmit to you herewith my report of the inspections made by me during the fiscal year 1878-79, in the form of a detailed statement, shewing, by order of counties, the localities, (parishes, towns, villages, &c.,) cadastrated, the dates of the inspections, and the names of the surveyors who made the different cadastrations submitted to my inspection.

These inspections, as you are aware, consist in the examination of the notes of survey and the verification of the plans prepared by the surveyors, and submitted in my presence to the examination of the proprietors in each locality. These precautions are taken in order to insure the correctness of the description of each property, and to give interested parties an opportunity to make any remarks and present any claims they may have to submit.

With regard to the details of these inspections, I take the liberty of referring you to the different reports made by me upon each of them respectively.

In the intervals between the different inspections I had to make, I was occupied in making certain rectifications of the cadastre of the county of Soulanges, where I spent the space of two months, at different times, besides which I completed, in the month of May last, the cadastral operations in the parish of La Presentation, in the county of St. Hyacinthe. This latter work lasted ten days.

During all the rest of the time while I was not engaged in making inspections, I remained at the office, charged with the duty of furnishing surveyors with the necessary information and superintending the preparation of the documents required for their use in their cadastral operations. I also made such corrections as were deemed necessary on the official plans and books of reference of the Department.

The limits which I have marked out for this report do not permit me to dwell at any length on the subject of the Cadastre. I shall, however, avail myself of the opportunity to make a couple of remarks and suggestions as to some improvements which I think it would be desirable to introduce into the working of this branch of the administration.

In the first place, as the localities that remain to be cadastrated are those with regards to which the Department might procure from the surveyors charged with

the work, more precise and ample information than has hitherto been furnished, seeing that they are mostly in the townships belonging to the Crown, it would appear desirable that the surveyors should be called upon to make their reports more complete. They might, for instance, in the contracts between them and the Department, be required to indicate in colors on their plans, the part of each lot on which there are improvements, and to state the extent of such improvements in their books of reference. It would be good also to require of them an account of the different qualities of the soil in each lot, &c. All these details could be supplied at a very slight cost to the Department, and would facilitate the granting or sale of the lands of the Crown.

Finally, in order to do justice to capable surveyors, it is my painful duty to state, before closing this report, that cadastral operations have, unfortunately, sometimes been entrusted to surveyors who were unable to perform the work themselves, which, in nearly all such cases, has been the cause of serious embarrassments to the department and the public. It is necessary, therefore, to take such measures as will prevent the repetition of such occurrences, by employing only such surveyors as are fully capable of doing the work correctly, and making such capacity and personal performance of the duty assigned to them one of the provisions of their contracts.

The whole respectfully submitted,

F. M. LACHAINE,

Cadastre Inspector.

APPENDIX No. 82a.

STATEMENT showing, by order of counties, the localities (parish, city, village, &c.,) cadastrated, the number of parcels contained in each of them, the dates of inspections and examinations which have been made, as well as the names of surveyors who have performed the different surveys submitted to my examination in the Province, from the 1st of July, 1878, to the 30th June, 1879.

Counties.	Localities.	Number of Parcels.	Names of Surveyors.	Date of Inspections.
Ottawa	Buckingham	804	G. C. Rainboth.....	July 17th, 18th, 1878.
Argenteuil	St. André.....	.....	G. F. Austin	July 23rd, 24th, 25th, 1878.
Vaudreuil	Vaudreuil (parish).....	800	H. S. Harwood.....	April 1st, 1879.
do	do (village).....	.....	do	" 2nd, 1879.
do	Como	120	do	" 3rd, 1879.
Napierville	St. Cyprien.....	750	L. Stein	September 5th, 1878.
do	Napierville (village).....	260	do	" 6th, 1878.
do	St. Patrice.....	500	do	December 12th, 1878.
do	St. Edouard.....	460	do	" 13th, 1878.
Rouville	St. Marie.....	450	W. W. O'Dwyer.....	March 26th, 1879.
St. Hyacinthe.....	St. Judes.....	1,100	J. Barnard.....	September 26th, 27th, 1879.
do	La Présentation.....	.....	J. Lachaine.....	
Bagot	St. Liboire.....	.....	T. Berlinguet	September 25th, 1878.
do	St. Dominique.....	.....	do	" 10th, 1878.
do	St. Pie.....	.....	do	November 13th, 14th, 1878.
do	St. Théodore.....	.....	do	May 13th, 14th, 1879.
do	Upton Township.....	.....	do	May 22nd, 1879.
do	" Village .....	.....	do	May 23rd, 1879.
do	St. Hugues.....	.....	L. P. Gauvreau.....	August 21st, 1878.
do	Ste. Hélène.....	.....	do	August 22nd, 1878.
do	St. Simon.....	.....	do	November 12th, 1878.

APPENDIX No. 32a.—*Continued.*

Counties.	Localities.	Number of Parcels.	Names of Surveyors.	Date of Inspections.
Megantic	Somerset & Aug. Towns...	1,200	J. B. O. Legendre.....	June 17th, 18th, 19th, 20th, '79
Levis	St. Henry.....	800	A. Bourget.....	July 11th, 12th, 1878.
Beauce	St. George.....	850	R. J. Ross	July 31st, 1878.
do	St. Frederick.....	.....	do	October 1st, 1878.
do	St. Francis.....	1,700	F. Legendre.....	Jan. 21st, 22nd, 23rd, 1879.
Dorchester	St. Malachy.....	600	E. D. Henderson.....	July 9th, 1878.
Montmorency.....	St. Tite.....	.....	N. V. Lefrançois.....	July 3rd, 1878.
Kamouraska	St. Louis.....	600	R. Têtu.....	September 4th, 1878.
do	St. Alexander.....	1,100	J. B. P. Fournier	November 7th, 1878.
do	St. Paschal.....	.....	Z. C. Dupuis.....	November 19th, 1878.
do	St. Ann.....	800	E. Fafard.....	March 13th, 14th, 1879.
do	St. Pacôme.....	950	F. S. A. Pelletier	June 30th, 1879.
Charlevoix	DeSales Township.....	.....	J. C. Desmeules.....	January 13th, 1879.
do	Isle-aux-oudres ... ..	.....	P. P. V. DuTremblay..	October 16th, 17th, 1878.
Rimouski	St. Jérôme of Matane	600	Ls. J. Michaud.....	December 18th, 19th, 1878.

APPENDIX No. 32b.

THE OBSERVATORY, Quebec, Feb. 6th, 1880.

SIR,

I forward to-day, by favor of your request, dated Feb. 4th, 1880, an abstract shewing the amount of verification work that I had the honor of performing under instructions from your Department, during the fiscal year ended June 30th, 1879. In this abstract I have also included the cost of each work] per mile, as also the average cost for the year, which I hope will prove satisfactory.

I have the honor to be,

Sir,

Your obedient servant,

W. A. ASHÉ,

P. & D. L. S., D. G. E.

E. E. TACHÉ, Esq.,

Assist.-Commissioner of Crown Lands,
Quebec.

APPENDIX No. 32c.

STATEMENT shewing the cost per mile and average cost per mile of the verification surveys performed by W. A. Ashe, P. L. S., during the fiscal year ended June 30th, 1879.

COUNTIES.	Mileage.	Cost per mile.	Total cost of each work.
		\$ cts.	\$ cts.
Charlevoix	264	3 76	993 69
Richelieu and Bagot.....	132	2 79	368 00
Temiscouata, Kamouraska and Rimouski	147½	3 51	515 63
Bagot	93	2 93	272 12
Rimouski.....	93	3 64	338 94
Napierville	87	3 57	310 54
Total.....	816½	20 20	2,798 92

Average cost deduced from above—\$3.43 per mile.

W. A. ASHE,

P. & D. L. S., D. G. E.

APPENDIX No. 32d.

STATEMENT shewing the various surveys in connection with the Cadastral verification of W. A. Ashe, P. L. S., during the fiscal year ended 30th June, 1879.

Date.	Parishes.	County.	Mileage.	REMARKS.
1878.				
June to September....	Baie St. Paul..... Les Eboulements..... St. Irénée..... St. Hilarion..... St. Agnès..... St. Simon..... St. Urbain..... Iles-aux-Coudres.....	Chalevoix.....	264	
October.....	St. Robert..... St. Aimé..... St. Marcel..... St. Louis..... St. Pie..... St. Dominique..... St. Liboire.....	Richelieu.....	66½	
December.....	N.-D. du Portage..... River du Loup..... St. Simon..... St. Mathieu..... St. Fabien.....	Bagot..... Témiscouata... Kamouraska... Rimouski.....	65½ 147½	
1879.				
January.....	Ste. Rosalie..... St. Simon..... St. Hugues..... Ste. Hélène.....	Bagot.....	93	
March.....	St. Simon..... St. Fabien..... St. Mathieu.....	Rimouski.....	93	Further verification of Rivers, Lakes, &c.
May.....	St. Cyprien..... St. Edouard..... St. Patrice.....	Napierville.....	87	
	Total mileage for year.....		816½	

W. A. ASHE,
P. & D. L. S., D. G. E.

APPENDIX No. 32e.

STATEMENT of work performed by Henry O'Sullivan, P. L. S., for the verification of Cadastre, during the fiscal year ending 30th June, 1879.

DATE.	COUNTIES.	PARISHES.	No. of miles.
September October November	Ottawa.....	Ange Gardien and incorporated Village of Buckingham, Township of Buckingham, Seigniorv Petite Nation, comprising Sainte-Angelique, Saint-André Avelin and N.-D. de Bonsecours.....	126
March April		St. Louis..... St. Paschal	33 34
May..... June		Rimouski..... St. Jérôme de Matane.....	38
Total.....			231

Average cost per mile \$4.53½.

HENRY O'SULLIVAN,
P. L. S.

APPENDIX No. 32f.

STATEMENT of verification surveys, effected by E. Deville, during the year 1878-79, in the localities cadastrated ; number of miles scaled and cost per mile.

Date of instructions.	PARISH.	COUNTY.	Miles scaled.	Cost per mile.
				\$ cts.
19th March 1878..	Ste. Marie	Beauce	1	
	St. Joseph.....			
	Ste. Claire.....	Dorchester	164	3 94
	St. Isidore.....			
	St. Lambert.....	Levis		
25th April, 1878....	Lavaltrie	Berthier		
10th May, 1878.....	St. Etienne de Lauson.....	Levis		
7th August, 1878 {	Trois Pistoles	Temiscouata	64	3 57
	L'Ile Verte			
22nd Oct., 1878... {	St. Ferreol.....	Montmorency.....	10	9 80
	St. Joachim.....			
11th Nov., 1878... {	St. Alexandre.....	Kamouraska	114	3 40
	St. Henri de Lauson	Levis		
	St. Jean Chrysostôme.....			
10th January, 1879..	St. Octave de Métis.....	Rimouski		
28th January, 1879..	Lanoraie.....	Berthier		
	St. David.....			
6th March, 1879... {	St. Pie de Guire.....		204	3 43
	St. Zéphirin.....	Yamaska		
	La Baie du Febvre.....			
	St. François du Lac.....			
5th May, 1879.....	Ste. Anne Lapocatière	Kamouraska.....	48	3 27
	St. Roch des Aulnais.....	L'Islet		
Total.....	23	.....	604	3 65

E. DEVILLE.
D. & P. L. S., D. G. E.

Quebec, 1st March, 1880.

APPENDIX

SYNOPTICAL STATEMENT giving the superficies and the number of
Montmagny, Joliette, Beauharnois, Ottawa, L'Assomption, Terrebonne,
1st July, 1878, to 30th June, 1879.

Cadastral Division.	County.	City, Town, Village, Parish, Township.
Montreal	Napierville.....	Village St. Rémi
"	"	Parish of St. Rémi.....
"	"	" St. Michel Archange
"	Iberville	Town of Iberville
Quebec	St. Hyacinthe ..	Parish of la Présentation.....
Three-Rivers.....	Maskinongé	" St. Joseph
Montmagny.....	L'Islet	" L'Islet
"	"	" St. Jean Port Joly
"	"	" St. Cyrille.....
"	"	Township Lessard.....
Joliette	Joliette.....	Parish of St. Ambroise.....
"	"	" Ste. Mélanie
"	"	" Ste. Béatrix.....
L'Assomption ..	L'Assomption ..	" L'Epiphanie
Ottawa.....	Ottawa	Township Wakefield
Beauharnois	Chateauguay	Parish of St. Urbain Premier.....
"	"	" St. Malachie
Terrebonne	Deux-Montagnes	" L'Annonciation du Lac
"	"	" Deux-Montagnes
"	"	" St. Placide.....
"	"	" St. Hermas
		Carried over

No. 33.

lots cadastrated by the Cadastre Offices of Montreal, Quebec, Three-Rivers, as also by the surveyors who operated at a fixed price per lot, from the

Superficial areas of localities cadastrated.							Number of lots entered in the book of reference.	REMARKS.
Acres.	Roods.	Perches.	Feet.	Arpents.	Perches.	Feet.		
.....	266	12	212	174	
.....	21,512	39	59	463	
.....	17,247	79	65	434	
.....	938	59	184	459	
.....	28,550	.....	.....	620	
.....	15,148	32	232	1,270	
.....	10,320	.....	.....	700	
.....	19,488	.....	.....	557	
.....	14,112	.....	.....	228	
5,400	60	
.....	11,357	79	219	191	
.....	21,678	87	259	425	
.....	2,601	11	.....	45	
.....	16,860	.....	.....	456	
84,675	604	
.....	15,424	.....	.....	337	
.....	53,139	.....	.....	1,275	
.....	19,171	73	.....	333	
.....	12,046	11	.....	279	
.....	14,055	25	.....	243	
.....	

APPENDIX

SYNOPTICAL STATEMENT, giving the superficies and the number of
Montmagny, Joliette, Beauharnois, Ottawa, L'Assomption, Terrebonne,
1st July, 1878, to 30th June, 1879.—*Continued.*

Cadastral Division.	County.	City, Village, Town, Parish, Township.
		Brought forward.....
Terrebonne	Deux-Montagnes.....	Parish of St. Columban
"	"	" St. Canut (part).....
Bagot	Bagot	" St. Liboire.....
	"	" St. Dominique
	"	" St. Pie
	"	" St. Ephrem d'Upton.....
	"	Village of "
	"	Parish of St. Théodore.. ..
	"	" Ste. Rosalie.....
	"	" St. Hugues
	"	" Ste. Hélène
	"	" St. Simon
	Soulanges.....	Village of Soulanges
	L'Islet	Parish of St. Roch des Aulnets
	Kamouraska	" Ste. Anne Lapocatière
Napierville	Napierville	" St. Cyprien.....
	"	Village of Napierville.....
	"	Parish of St. Edouard.....
	"	" St. Patrice
	Soulanges.....	" St. Ignace du Côteau du Lac.....
	Vaudreuil.....	" Ste. Jeanne de l'Île Perrot.....
		Carried over.....

No. 33.—Continued.

lots cadastrated by the Cadastre Offices of Montreal, Quebec, Three-Rivers, as also by the surveyors who operated at a fixed price per lot, from the

Superficial areas of localities cadastrated.							Number of lots entered in the book of reference.	REMARKS.
Acres.	Roods.	Perches.	Feet.	Arpents.	Perches.	Feet.		
.....	
.....	26,686	33	.....	321	
.....	1,290	14	....	13	
.....	21,885	.....	.....	543	Cadastration effected by
.....	21,840	.....	.....	531	Thos. Berlinguet.
.....	31,731	.....	.....	1,022	do
18,145	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	393	do
813	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	223	do
21,783	483	do
.....	17,560	.....	.....	374	J. P. B. Casgrain.
.....	30,688	.....	.....	922	L. P. Gauvreau.
.....	20,660	.....	.....	422	do
.....	22,770	.....	.....	441	do
.....	80	50	.....	226	A. T. Michaud.
.....	16,822	.....	.....	491	Eugène Fafard.
.....	20,460	.....	.....	876	do
.....	32,010	25	.....	739	L. Stein.
.....	540	75	.....	410	do
.....	15,980	.....	.....	580	do
.....	23,625	.....	.....	510	do
.....	14,835	.....	.....	526	Jas. N. Patton.
.....	13,150	.....	.....	387	do
.....	

APPENDIX

SYNOPTICAL STATEMENT, giving the superficies and the number of
Montmagny, Joliette, Beauharnois, Ottawa, L'Assomption, Terrebonne,
1st July, 1878, to 30th June, 1879.—Continued.

Cadastral Division.	County.	City, Village, Town, Parish, Township.
		Brought forward
	Kamouraska	Village St. Louis
	"	Parish of St. Louis
	Stanstead.....	Village Rock Island.....
	"	" Stanstead Plain.....
	Beauce	Parish of St. Frédérick.....
	"	" St. George.
	Richelieu	" St. Ours.....
	"	Village of St. Ours.....
	Kamouraska	Parish of St. Paschal.....
	Vaudreuil	" St. Lazare.....
	"	" Ste. Marthe.....
	Kamouraska	" St. Alexandre
	St. Hyacinthe	" St. Judes.....
	Rimouski	" St. Octave de Metis.
	Dorchester	" St. Malachie
	Beauce.....	" St. François
	Rimouski.....	" St. Jérôme de Matane.....
	Charlevoix	Township Desales
	Argenteuil	Parish of St. Jerusalem.....
	Montmorency.....	" St. Tite.....
		Number of localities cadastrated.
	Total.....	62

No. 33—Continued.

lots cadastrated by the Cadastre Offices of Montreal, Quebec, Three-Rivers, as also by the surveyors who operated at a fixed price per lot, from the

Superficial areas of localities cadastrated.							Number of lots entered in the book of reference.	REMARKS.
Acres.	Roods.	Perches.	Feet.	Arpents.	Perches.	Feet.		
.....	Cadastration effected by Romuald Têtu.
.....	399	75	.....	256	
.....	16,835	.....	.....	533	do
262	7	.....	.....	.....	.....	203	C. E. Towle.
1,804	2	18	120	.....	.....	.....	334	do
.....	26,460	.....	.....	439	Robt. J. Ross.
.....	69,715	.....	.....	918	do
.....	24,926	.....	.....	470	Joseph Burke.
.....	105	.....	.....	210	do
.....	18,240	.....	.....	630	Z. C. Dupuis.
.....	19,800	.....	.....	625	H. S. Harwood.
.....	23,352	.....	.....	514	do
.....	42,280	.....	.....	1,095	P. J. B. Fournier.
.....	35,760	.....	.....	1,059	Jas. Barnard.
.....	41,696	.....	.....	1,145	C. Samuel Lepage.
24,650	569	E. D. Henderson.
.....	82,584	.....	.....	1,727	Félix Legendre.
.....	34,560	.....	.....	630	J. Ls. Michaud.
23,560	532	J. C. Desmeules.
.....	35,904	.....	.....	1,960	G. F. Austin.
.....	36,225	.....	.....	377	N. V. Lefrançois.
181,153	2	25	120	1,164,312	12	258	33,812	

APPENDIX No. 34.

SURVEYORS' REPORTS.

Notre-Dame d'Hébertville, 31st March, 1879.

To the Honorable the Commissioner of Crown Lands, Quebec.

SIR,

Having been appointed to perform the surveys in the townships of Albanel and Normandin, at the request of the Colonization Society of the lands of the valley of Lake St. John, I at once proceeded to carry out the instructions which you had kindly entrusted to me on the 30th of October, to wit :

I have now the honor to lay before you my report of my operation in the township of Normandin, the survey of Albanel having been deferred awaiting fresh instructions.

In order to afford the Quebec colonization society the opportunity of drawing for the lots as speedily as possible, I transmitted to the President, Mr. Elisé Beaudet, a copy of the plan and report of my work in the township of Normandin, to give him an idea of the way the subdivisions have been laid out, the locality of the water courses, the burnt areas, the evergreen woods, swamps, &c.

One part of the township has been laid out in two different ways : vide plans No. 1 and 2.

The plan No. 1 exhibits the regular subdivision of the lots on the bearing given on the diagram forwarded to me by the department along with the instructions ; it is this plan which I have adopted and which I now transmit to you.

Below I give a list of the lots which I have ventured to recommend to the parties interested (vide plan No. 1.)

Range IV from No. 10 @ 40 inclusive.

"	V	"	10 @ 50	"
"	VI	"	10 @ 55	"
"	VII	"	10 @ 55	"
"	VIII	"	39 @ 55	"
"	IX	"	39 @ 55	"
"	X	"	39 @ 55	"
"	Sud	"	1 @ 52	"
"	Nord	"	1 @ 52	"

The whole of the lots are well adapted for cultivation, and they are very much alike as regards the quality of the soil, which is of a superior kind, being a

mixture of clay with alluvial mould covered with a layer of rich vegetable soil, the whole territory is clothed with a splendid forest of birch, both black and white-spruce, ash, balsam, yellow and grey pine, &c.

The features of the country, are very similar to those of the fine land in the townships of Signaï, Labarre and Caron, being admirably well drained and nearly all fit for cultivation.

That part over which fire passed in 1870, at the time of the great conflagration of the Saguenay, is ready for ploughing at once, the trees which are nine years dead have hardly any hold on the soil. For the information of any person desirous of settling on these latter lands I would recommend the 7th and 8th Ranges, the greater part of Range South, eighteen lots in the fourth Range, from No. 18 to No. 36, and the same number in the 5th Range.

In the third Range, from No. 1 to 36, more than half of the lots have been ravaged by fire, the soil is dry and sandy. If any of the members of the society should wish to obtain these lots, they would lose nothing as they are well worth their purchase.

A reserve will be required for the erection of a village in the south part of Normandin. The settlers, on Lake St. John, who wish to join the society, are very anxious for it. The most convenient site would be on lots 10, 11, 12, 13, 14 and 15, in the third range.

The tract of land where the ground is most level, that is to say free from hillocks, is between the 4th and 5th range. That between the 5th and 6th range, as far as lot No. 46, is also level, except where a stream has to be followed for about a mile. Between the 6th and 7th range, a slight elevation on lot 24, and a slope to cross the River Ticwapee, are the only impediments on this frontage, one of the finest in the township. That which divides the 7th range from range south, is also valuable and will serve as a front to range south better than the River Ticwapee could do, as above mentioned.

The great belt between Normandin and Albanel also offers the best ground for a front road to range south and to the adjoining range in Albanel.

Finally, I have examined the lands in every direction, and am fully convinced that all the lots described at the beginning of this report, are those best calculated to meet the views of the society and to advance the progress of settlement in this part of the valley of Lake St. John.

The whole humbly submitted.

I have, &c.,

P. H. DUMAIS,
P. L. S.

APPENDIX No. 35.

Extract from the Report of Survey of a part of the Township Simard.

"The land, in this part of the township is generally well adapted for cultivation, particularly the lots in ranges 3 and 4, where the soil is composed of yellow and grey mould of a superior quality and well wooded with spruce, balsam, white birch, aspen, poplar and moose wood. Although a great part of the commercial timber has been removed, a great deal yet remains fit for building.

"The land in the 5th range is dryer but swampy in rear. In range A and in the first range, the surface is rather uneven, and composed of grey alluvion, except lots Nos. 22 and 30 inclusively, where there is some loss by rocks. The clearings in range A are pretty extensive, and are made along the road; the lots are nearly all occupied. That part of the second range comprised between lots 27 and 32, is very much broken up by rocks and is unfit for cultivation."

P. T. C. DUMAIS,

P. L. S.

APPENDIX No. 36.

TOWNSHIP OF TACHÉ.

"The first range being partly broken up by cliffs, is very little fit for settlement, but as it is partly occupied by squatters, I thought I was justified in laying it out into lots. On my way to the rear line of the township, I found no mountains or steep hills, or any extent of rocky land.

"The ground is perfectly level, the soil clayey and alluvial, inexhaustibly fertile.

"Timber of every kind grows here in great abundance. The spruce has been cut into logs, but enough has been left to supply the settlers; there is no pine timber at present, but judging from the stumps, and fragments strewing the ground, I conclude it must have existed in large quantities.

"There are some water powers which may be useful to the settlers hereafter. The colonisation road which it is proposed to run through this township should pass between the 3rd and 4th ranges, where I have laid out a double range for the benefit of the settlers on these two ranges. I have also laid out a double range in front of the 2nd range, and survey at the ranges east and west of the River Gervais, as I was directed, in my supplementary instructions, for the settlers' use."

Geo. B. Du TREMBLAY,
P. L. S.

APPENDIX No. 37.

TOWNSHIP OF DUFFERIN.

"The land opened up by the rear line is of good quality, generally level and the soil composed of a stiff clay covered here and there by yellow mould. It is also equally good in the 5th, 6th and 7th ranges, to the north west of the central line. The growth of timber, both hard and soft, in these ranges is from 25 to 30 years old. The old trunks of trees found in different places prove that all these lands were originally richly wooded in hard and soft timber of large dimensions, the same as on the lands traversed by the lines drawn on the opposite side of the central line, where the fires have not reached.

"Wild fruit trees are found every where, such as cherry, currant and wine. Roads could be opened through all the ranges profitably.

"I would here suggest the immediate opening of a road in the central line, starting from the River Chamouchouan to the rear line, to facilitate the settlement of these ranges; a large number of settlers from here and elsewhere are waiting the opening of the road to settle there; its opening, with the addition of a road along the front of the township, would allow more than 300 families to settle immediately. They could locate themselves on lots, the soil of which is the richest that can be found, level, free from rocks, traversed in all directions by streams, and enjoying a climate superior to that of any locality near Lake St. John.

"Lake "Witouche" abounds in fish, such as the "Witouche," white fish and delicious trout. The same remarks apply to the other lakes where trout is more abundant and superior in quality.

"Good mill sites are to be found on that part of the river "au doré" which intersects the reserve.

"Throughout the whole course of my survey, I found the land through which I have run lines to be excellent, being every where a good stiff mould often overlying a layer of rich yellow mould over clay, and in some places a layer of coarse sand over clay. Every where the land is level and free from rocks.

"I consider this township to be superior to all the others in this territory, as regards soil and climate. The lands are covered with hard and soft wood of good growth, birch, elm, ash, poplar, spruce, fir and some pines, wherever the fire has not passed. Part of the 4th Range, between Demeules' line and the central line, is composed of very rich soil, composed of a layer of sand, lying on clay, covered again by black mould, free from rocks.

"The first range and part of the second and third, have escaped the fire nearly to their whole depth. Fire has devastated certain parts of the two latter ranges in the vicinity of the Desmeules line, as also some large areas traversed by the line of the 3th Range, from the River Mouka, as far as Lake Dufferin.

"As I have already stated, the climate of the township Dufferin is finer than that of all the other townships near Lake St. John, frosts occurring much later in the autumn.

"That part of the River Chamouchouan, called Pimonka, abounds in fish, of eight different species, viz: salmon, trout, doré, white fish, carp, loach, pike, and perch. The trout especially is of superior quality, abundant and large, measuring from 20 to 30 inches in length, it is called Mingouche by the Abenaki Indians.

"The islands in this township marked A, B, C, are covered in the spring and when the water is very high. They, as also D and E, are very well adapted for cultivation.

"The most favorable site for a village would be on the front of the eleventh Range, between Ranges 1 and 2."

I have, &c.,

GEDEON GAGNON,

P. L. S.

APPENDIX No. 38.

TOWNSHIP OF IBERVILLE.

To the Honorable the Commissioner of Crown Lands.

SIR, -

I have the honor to transmit to you the following report of the survey I have made in the township of Iberville, in obedience to instructions which you were pleased to entrust to me, dated 23rd October, 1878.

After having surveyed the seigniorial line, and the centre line from the River to the front of the 9th range, I ran the front lines of the fifth, sixth, seventh, eighth and ninth ranges, and laid off between each respective lot an offset or direction line.

In the survey of this part of the township, I met the river "Sault au Mouton," the banks of which are composed of Metamorphic rocks and are so steep as to be almost inaccessible.

Its course is very rapid, but there is no suitable place for establishing a mill except at the mouth where there is now one in operation.

The Geographical features of the land present nothing worthy of remark.

The surface is undulating and the soil though not alluvial is of good quality. There is neither marsh nor meadow, and the hills are so low as to offer no inconveniences to cultivation.

The ninth, eighth and part of the seventh ranges are covered with a rich growth of timber of every kind. The sixth and fifth ranges have been burnt and are in many places covered with rocks.

The unsubdivided part, lying to the North-East of the central line is composed of a rich soil, well wooded and might be advantageously surveyed.

The settlers on the fourth range are not certain of the exact number of the lots they occupy, because the pickets of the primitive survey of this range which were planted in 1852, on the banks of the river, have been carried away by freshets; a resurvey of this range would be necessary.

The whole area of the land I have surveyed is eleven thousand nine hundred and sixty six acres (11,966).

I have, &c.,

GEO. DU TREMBLAY,

P. L. S.

APPENDIX No. 39.

TOWNSHIP OF AMHERST.

" I find a number of settlers, principally French Canadians, through the township, many having come in since the survey commenced. I have only noted their clearings when intersected by my lines, it being impossible to find out the position of those not in sight without drawing their division lines ; under these circumstances, I have entered their names in an Appendix to the field notes as given by themselves.

" The soil appears to be of the same nature throughout the entire township, it being of yellow and grey loam and in parts slightly mixed sand and gravel, very easily cleared and producing good returns. Several of the settlers who had commenced operations the previous spring, appeared highly satisfied with their crops. Lot No. 22, in range B, having about ten acres cleared, changed hands for the sum of \$150, and several others at smaller prices.

" The country is exceedingly well timbered, good hard and soft wood in abundance, very suitable for building, fencing, &c. ; there is no doubt that in course of time this section will furnish an abundant supply of cord wood for our markets.

" The mountainous portions appear ferruginous, which accounts for the great amount of local attraction I experienced. I have procured several specimens of rock which I herewith forward with my returns.

" There are several good mill sites on the River Maskinongé, furnishing abundance of water-power. I have only noted one mill site, as I am uncertain about the numbers of the lots on which the others would fall.

" The streams and lakes abound with fish, and the country with game. I beg to call your attention to the large amount of game destroyed out of season.

" As respects the development of the country, in the first place, the settler requires roads whereby he can have an egress to enable him to procure supplies in exchange for produce ; the building of the road would employ a number of settlers, thus assisting them to struggle through the first years of hardship, after which they would have sufficient land cleared to subsist independently of other work. I would suggest building a road up the River Maskinongé, crossing at the big turn (commonly known as the Ox bow), and in continuation up Pike Creek to the colonization road, commenced last season, as I believe this portion of the township will be first settled. The winter road might also be improved up the river to the dam, at which the town line crosses."

GEO. E. MACMARTIN,
P. L. S.

APPENDIX No. 40.

TOWNSHIP OF JOLY.

“ This township is very much broken by mountains and lakes, and a large portion of it will never be fit for cultivation. Along River Rouge, a strip of land varying in depth but generally about $\frac{3}{4}$ to 1 mile, on each side, is suitable for cultivation. The soil seems to be a light sandy loam, becoming better in the low ground of the valley. East of this there seems to be little, if any, farming land, with the exception perhaps of a strip along the Cache Creek, and an occasional isolated spot. The western side of the River Rouge, is more promising especially in the vicinity of lake Maskinongé, but much of it is very hilly and quite unfit for cultivation.

“ The southern, eastern and northern boundaries, and the centre line, cross a succession of mountains and it is very rare indeed that any land on them is seen which can be cultivated. These mountains are generally composed of quartz and granite, and very frequently there is no soil whatever, merely a covering of moss.

“ The western boundary, although hilly and in some part very rough, is much better, and some pretty good farms will be found along it.

“ The timber throughout the township is generally spruce, birch, cedar, hemlock and balsam, with occasionally maple, beech and ash.

“ Squatters have settled on nearly all the best farming land along the River Rouge, nearly as high as the North Boundary, and some have settled on the portage road, from the River Rouge, to lake Maskinongé, on unsurveyed lands. It is stated that some 20 more were out exploring last summer, and propose squatting on the east side of the lake this summer, on lands not yet laid out. The improvements are as yet unimportant, namely, the clearing of a few acres of land and building a log shanty as a general rule, but judging by the noticeable change while the survey was being made, it seems probable that all lots of any value in the township will be taken up at once, and unless some means are taken to enforce the recent order in Council, many squatters will soon be found in unsurveyed lands north and west of the township.”

WM. CRAWFORD,
P. L. S.

APENDIX No. 41.

TOWNSHIP OF ARUNDEL.

"The country is generally mountainous, and much of it is very rocky, but some good lots are found on the west side, on which squatters have already made considerable improvements, more especially in the 4th range. On the east side, the only arable land seems to be a valley running north and south of about 20 to 25 chains in width.

"On both sides, the country is covered with good hardwood in most places."

WM. CRAWFORD,

P. L. S.

REPORT

OF THE

SUPERINTENDENT OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION

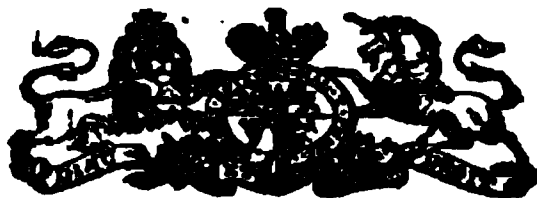
OF THE

PROVINCE OF QUEBEC

FOR THE YEAR

1878-79

Printed by order of the Legislature



QUEBEC:

CHARLES FRANÇOIS LANGLOIS

PRINTER TO HER MOST EXCELLENT MAJESTY THE QUEEN

1879.

(TRANSLATION.)

SECRETARY'S OFFICE

QUEBEC, 4th December, 1879.

To His Honor THÉODORE ROBITAILLE, Lieutenant-Governor of the Province of Quebec.

SIR,

Allow me to forward to Your Honor the report of the Superintendent of Public Instruction for the school year 1878-79.

I remain

Your Honour's

Most obedient servant,

ET. TH. PAQUET,

Provincial Secretary.

(TRANSLATION.)

DEPARTMENT

OF

PUBLIC INSTRUCTION

QUEBEC, 3rd December, 1879.

To the Honorable ET. TH. PAQUET, Provincial-Secretary, Quebec.

SIR,

I have the honor to submit my report upon Public Instruction for the school year 1878-79 and, at the same time, to call your attention to the following remarks suggested by my experience of last year.

PROGRESS.

A comparison of statistics for the past three years gives us the following table :

	1876-77.	1877-78.	Increase.	1878-79.	Increase.
Municipalities.....	949	967	18	970	3
Districts	4,193	4,233	40	4,291	58
School Houses.....	3,826	3,945	119	3,948	3
Schools (under control)	4,115	4,209	94	4,282	73
Number of pupils	232,765	234,828	2,063	239,808	4,980
Average attendance.....	178,621	180,294	1,673	183,740	3,446

The following table should be considered in connection with the preceding one:

	1876-77.	1877-78.	Increase.	1878-79.	Increase.
History.....	65,294	70,826	5,532	74,849	4,023
Arithmetic.....	128,432	134,624	6,192	139,148	4,524
Book keeping.....	12,101	13,859	1,758	14,932	1,073
Geography.....	58,806	63,658	4,852	67,110	3,452
Agriculture	16,665	19,625	2,960	22,846	3,221
Industrial drawing.....	8,351	20,914	12,563	35,429	14,515

The first table shews that the number of municipalities, as well as that of the school houses, has been increased by 3. There is an error in this which I may explain by supposing that more than one fact may have escaped the attention of the inspectors during the interval, which is sometimes considerable, between the visits which the regulations compel them to make.

I find, in effect, in the records of my Department that, during the past year, ten new school municipalities were officially erected. On the other hand, it is a well known fact that school houses can only be built in accordance with a plan approved by the Superintendent, and I have approved 30 of such plans during the same period.

These two tables, taken together, shew a constant and really satisfactory progress in every part of our school organization, but it is in the teaching of industrial drawing, in particular, that we have obtained a success which will astonish the most sanguine. Three years ago we initiated the teaching of this branch, and we now count more than 35,000 children who learn this new subject, one of the most important from the double point of view of practical utility and the science of school teaching. I hope that this success will but increase the zeal of the teachers.

With reference to improvements and reforms, there is more than one fact which it is impossible to show by figures. For instance, we have been working since several years, to improve the school houses and school furniture, to render inspection more efficient, to establish, in each municipality, a uniform and regular system of book keeping, to have proper methods adopted everywhere, &c., but statistics are powerless to show our progress upon all these points. It is only by examining the inspection bulletins that we can do so.

Last year, I published the form of these bulletins. They touch upon all the essential elements of our system, and every day they afford proof of the good will of the population and of the activity of the local authorities.

I think I may positively affirm :

1. That the inspection of schools, notwithstanding certain faults which I will point out further on, has been more efficient than ever, thanks to our system of bulletins ;
2. That the new school houses are far superior to the old ones, and that a great many of the latter have been sufficiently repaired ;
3. That the teachers, in general, are a little better paid than usual and more regularly, although the commercial crisis has been felt in the country parts also ;
4. That the keeping of accounts by the secretary-treasurers is almost irreproachable in every place—it will soon be so in all the municipalities—where my instructions have been complied with, by the adoption of the forms which I published ;
5. That the standard of general capacity of the teachers has been raised, notwithstanding some sad exceptions, especially amongst the young female teachers ;
6. That the science of teaching is gradually becoming more extended ;
7. That the commissioners and trustees are, in general, more zealous than in the past, and that the rate-payers, being more convinced of the necessity of education, seem to be less afraid of school taxes.

Still our progress has been delayed by two special causes which the inspectors are almost unanimous in pointing out : first, the rumor, which was spread throughout the province, that the system of school inspection was to be abolished ; and secondly, the intention, which the Government was supposed to have, of suppressing the "Book Depository."

The inspectors, whose position had become uncertain, may perhaps have allowed their accustomed zeal to diminish, as well as their anxiety to make the two rounds of visits required by the regulations. I have no proof positive of this ; in any case, I can easily believe that the false position in which they were placed by the rumor of their approaching dismissal may have hurt the authority which they usually have in the country. Several amongst them could not even start upon their rounds of autumn visits, owing to the delay in voting the usual sum for school inspection. It is not for me to discuss the policy which caused this state of affairs ; but if I must say that the local school authorities, being subject to less supervision than usual, have in some occasions been guilty of neglect, one must not blame me for it or be surprised. I hope that all will prefer to see in such a state of things an argument in favor of maintaining and developing the system of school inspection.

As to the "Book Depository," it is still more or less a subject of discussion which meets with a persistent opposition from booksellers, and yet it has had its good results, even in the eyes of persons who were the least disposed in its favor. Even if it had only the effect of establishing the teaching of drawing in our elementary schools, of extending that of agriculture and of making the use of geographical maps more general, it still should be recognized as a good work, the beneficial effect of which upon our school organization would amply compensate for the pecuniary sacrifices entailed upon the public chest. But the "Book Depository" has powerfully contributed to establish uniformity in school books, to lower the price of such books, to provide a greater number of pupils with the necessary manuals, to make known the best models for forms and desks, and the best quality of school supplies in general. Now, it is evident that to proclaim the closing of this institution is to completely paralyse a movement to which I had given a strong impulse and which, even if we can imagine a more profitable one, does none the less, produce great benefits.

I here repeat that I discuss neither the actions nor the intentions of the Legislature; it is not my duty to do so; but what I do consider to be my duty, in my quality of highest official of public instruction, is to put the authorities on their guard against too sudden changes in an organization, the merits of which have been proved by long experience and against all new systems advanced *a priori* and without consulting those whose official duties enable them to ascertain the wants of our populations.

SCHOOL STATISTICS FOR CITIES.

The attacks directed against the Catholic school commissioners of Montreal, during the year, make it my duty to give to the public the following explanations as to the system adopted in my Department, of compiling the school statistics for cities.

Statistics must not be confounded with book-keeping. I show, in Appendix No. 3 of my annual report, that the sum levied for Catholic schools in Montreal was \$491,275. These are statistics.

The report of the Catholic commissioners of Montreal shows that they expended \$175,836 in the management of their schools. This is book-keeping.

The commissioners are responsible for their book-keeping, but not for the statistics published by the Department of Public Instruction.

This is the difference between the one and the other.

The commissioners manage their affairs in virtue of specified powers conferred upon them by law, and are only responsible for the money voted by the Legislature or levied upon the rate-payers. The mission of my department is not so limited. For the information of the Canadian public, as well as for that of foreign countries, it must, not only publish the figures admitted by the local authorities, but also make as exact a calculation as possible, of all the expenses which, without coming under its official control, nevertheless refer directly to public instruction. For instance, a day scholar at the Montreal College does not represent, for statistical purposes, only the sum which he pays to the college for his instruction, properly so called; we must add the price of his board in town. If the college were under the control of the commissioners, they could not take such price of board into account, while the superintendent must do so in order to give full information to the public.

Moreover, the city of Montreal has 79 Catholic independent schools, if we include in this number two classical colleges and the convents where boarders are taken. These 79 institutions are attended by 12,644 pupils, and the school commissioners have no report to make as to the cost of educating these children; I am obliged to do so from the nature of my official duties. But these various institutions do not send me as full information as the schools under the ordinary control of the law. I was therefore obliged to have recourse to approximate calculations made by my predecessors. They fixed the average monthly fee paid by each pupil at \$4, which would give the total amount of monthly fees as \$50,576, and the total for the ten months of the school year at \$505,760, a figure which is already higher than that of the \$491,275 shewn in my report. But we would still have to add the \$175,836, of which the Catholic school commissioners of Montreal render a regular account, say \$681,596. The difference between these figures and those I give should compensate for the poor pupils who pay nothing and cover any possible error.

It must also be borne in mind that, in these statistics, we have included the medical colleges, the schools of arts and manufactures, the institutions for the blind, for male and female deaf mutes and the Asylums, and that the monthly fee of \$4 covers all possible expense of the pupils; schooling, board, books, &c.

Let us proceed to the statistics of the city of Quebec.

The contribution of the Catholics of Quebec is shewn in my report as being \$239,640. Now there are about 6,200 pupils who attend the independent schools in this city, if we include in these institutions the Laval University, the Seminary, the Ursuline Convent, that of the Congregation St. Roch, &c. Taking always as a basis for our calculations, a monthly fee of \$4 we have \$248,000 of annual expenditure for the independent Catholic schools alone, say \$8,360 more than the total given in my

report, and still we should add to the preceding estimate all the expenses controlled by the commissioners.

I have to add that the same process of calculation was adopted to make out the statistics of Protestant schools in Quebec and Montreal.

These explanations, it seems to me, suffice to show in its proper light, the position of the Catholic and Protestant commissioners of Montreal and, at the same time, to prove the truthfulness of the statistics supplied by the Department of Public Instruction.

SCHOOL INSPECTION.

At the last meeting of the Catholic Committee of the Council of Public Instruction, notice was given of a proposed bill enacting that in future every institution receiving a grant, classical colleges excepted, should receive the inspector's visits and that when it refuses to do so, its grant shall be withheld.

Every educational establishment which receives a grant from Government should be visited by the inspectors ; this, it would seem, is a reasonable proposition and one quite in accordance with the spirit of our institutions, for if there be an uncontested doctrine amongst those which, in this country, govern the administration of public affairs, it is assuredly the doctrine of investigating the employment made of the sums voted by the Legislature. The people, by its authorized representatives, votes yearly a considerable sum in aid of the great work of education, and it should be kept informed as to the manner in which it is employed.

I understand the objection which may be raised by the directors of certain establishments. It is possible that the inspectors are not their equals, and that they look upon it as being derogatory to have to submit to an official inspection by them. But that is not the question. It is not intended to cause the body of teachers to be humbled before such and such a man, but only to allow the State to know how the money distributed on application is employed.

Would this inspection be of any use ? I think it would have no fault to find with the teaching, properly speaking, but from a hygienic point of view, it would find out reforms to be effected.

The colleges and convents receiving grants should, moreover, make a report to the superintendent as to their method of teaching, their progress during the year, the reforms or improvements which they have tried, in a word, upon the intellectual movement under their direction. By this means, each establishment would become better known in this country and outside of it, and enable the whole body of teachers to profit by its experience.

THE BOOK DEPOSITORY.

At its last session, the Assembly passed a Bill abolishing the Book Depository, and this institution has been maintained only by the rejection *in toto* of the Bill by the Legislative Council. I would really be grieved if the same opposition were shown, in the future, to a work which I consider the most useful of all those which form the aggregate of our school organization, and I deem it my duty to ask the Government and the Legislature, not only to preserve the Depository but also to extend its influence.

To maintain the work is an easy thing, since I only ask for the Depository, the right of existence.

The Depository has received nothing from the Government and has not cost the province one cent since 1877. As an economy of the public funds, its suppression cannot, therefore, be thought of. A forced liquidation, on the contrary, might place in jeopardy a portion of the capital represented by the stock which I have on hand.

If the Depository supports itself as an ordinary business establishment, why should it be suppressed? Would it be on account of the objections of the booksellers who see in it an unfair competition by which they suffer loss?

How does the Depository compete with booksellers? In a very simple manner: I purchase the books from the booksellers themselves or from the authors, and I sell them. If I buy from the booksellers, they allow me a rebate which enables me to sell them at their own figures; there is no competition in this. But if I buy them from the authors, I sell them at the price which I like to fix, after taking into consideration the working expenses of the Depository, &c. I generally reserve a profit of from 12 to 20 per cent. This is where there is competition, for the booksellers are accustomed to far greater profits.

But is this competition lawful? Certainly it is, for it is lawful for the State, as for individuals, to endeavor to give the people a cheap education.

Allow me to explain. The merchants have but one object: to make money. The Government should also have but one: that of doing a service to the people. The greatest service we can do the people is to educate it as well and as rapidly as possible. If, therefore, the sellers of school books interfere with the Government in this respect, let them disappear.

This is the truth plainly spoken and without any hope of pleasing certain interested parties. But let us not be frightened by words. Let us study the matter in itself. Let us see the facts; let us observe what is being done in the neighboring

province. The Government of Ontario not only assumes the ownership of school books, but it also regulates their printing, publication and binding, and even fixes their price.

The date at which the Houses meet at Quebec, gives me an opportunity of reopening my report to insert the following letter :

“ EDUCATION DEPARTMENT, ONTARIO,

“ Toronto, 14th January, 1880.

“ GENTLEMEN,

“ I have been informed by Mr. Warwick and Mr. McPhail, that a combination of publishers, consisting of W. J. Gage & Co., James Campbell & Son, Copp, Clark & Co., and “ The Canada Publishing Company,” exists, with the express object of unduly raising the price to be paid for public school text-books, in order to secure unreasonable profits in their publication. In fact, the course which you are pursuing towards Mr. Warwick and Mr. McPhail, might also be applied to this Department at any moment. In considering, in 1877, the difficult question of authorized text-books for use in the public schools, my conclusion was that this Department should control every text-book in these essential points, namely: as to its need, its merits, its mechanical execution, and its reasonableness in cost. While a maximum retail price was then placed upon each authorized book, it was provisional and open to revision, as circumstances would require.

“ For some time, this question of revision of prices has been under my consideration, and now that this combination has been formed, I propose at once to settle upon a new maximum retail price, which will apply to all text-books in whomsoever the copyright may be vested; and in cases where the publisher controls any copyright, it will be a condition of its continued authorization in the future. In case any publisher should not agree to the maximum retail price as thus revised, which is intended not to be unreasonable either to the public or to the publisher, it will be my duty to recommend to the Lieutenant-Governor in Council the revocation of such authorization. I do not propose to permit of the mere circumstance of the copyright being held by a publisher, to place him and other publishers in a position to combine, and so obtain extravagant profits at the expense of the public.

“ The fact of this present combination having been formed, the probability of which was deprecated by some of the very publishers now concerned in it, will lead me also to a course which will effectually prevent any such combination being attempted in the future.

"The public schools are entitled not only to books of merit, but to cheapness in price, and I see my way to accomplish this, either with or without your concurrence, in the mode in which I propose to check your present attempts.

"(Signed),

"ADAM CROOKS,

"Minister of Education."

"Messrs. W. J. Gage & Co., Jas. Campbell & Son, Copp, Clark & Co., Canada Publishing Company."

CONSOLIDATION OF THE SCHOOL LAWS.

The consolidation of our school laws has been talked of for some time. This work is finally completed, and I shall have the honor of sending it to you shortly in order that you may submit it to the Legislature, if you think it proper.

This consolidation should have a good result. It will enable the public to become acquainted with the law which hitherto has been scattered throughout our statutes published yearly.

I have the honor to be,

Sir,

Your most obedient servant,

GEDEON OUIMET,

Superintendent.

APPENDIX No. I

REPORTS OF SCHOOL INSPECTORS

—••••—
(TRANSLATION.)

Mr. ALEXANDER

Acton-Vale, 15th September, 1879.

To the Honorable Gédéon Ouimet, Superintendent of Education.

Sir,

I have the honor to forward my annual report on the state of public instruction in my district for the year 1879. Annexed to this report, you will find the grand statistical table for the same year.

It is always with a feeling of dread that I undertake the difficult task of preparing the annual report. I would so like to show you matters as they really are and do justice to every one, that I am sometimes afraid to exaggerate. I will endeavour to dispel this fear and to tell you conscientiously all that relates to education in my district.

In general, progress is more satisfactory than last year. The school commissioners seem to me to be desirous of giving more attention, to the duties of their office ; they visit the schools more frequently. What I cannot easily obtain from them is a compliance with the by-laws of the department respecting school-houses. There are a number of school-houses in my district which require considerable repairs. Several of these houses are really barns. When I give orders to have them repaired, I am not listened to. Until you punish these municipalities by

withholding their government grant for disobedience of your orders, they will defy the law and the children will suffer. For, this year, as in previous ones, I have to complain of the irregular attendance of the children. This want of assiduity is due, in many districts, to the bad state of the school-houses. How can we expect children, especially in winter, to leave their warm homes to struggle through bad roads and find at the end of their tramp a dilapidated building in which they suffer from cold all day long. It is easy to understand from this why the children are so irregular in their attendance at school.

I must say that the teaching of drawing, of book-keeping and agriculture is almost null, in my district. One of the principal reasons is that, as a rule, the female teachers don't know a word about these branches and will not take the trouble to learn them. In the second place, the parents are opposed to it and the school commissioners do not trouble themselves about it. Since the teaching of these subjects has become obligatory in the schools, I should have imagined that female teachers, before obtaining their diplomas, would have been obliged to pass an examination thereupon and that each board of examiners would have received instructions to that effect. It appears that such is not the case, since nothing of the kind has been required from candidates for diplomas. In speaking of the boards of examiners, I have again to complain that they give diplomas too easily. The following fact will show it. Some days before the meeting of the board of examiners in August last, a young girl of the township of Acton came and asked me to examine her, saying that if I did not find her competent she would not incur the expense of a journey to St. Hyacinthe. I examined her on grammar and found her weak; I made her write a short dictation in which she made twelve mistakes; I gave her some simple sums in arithmetic and she could not work out one. You may be assured that I told her to go back to school for another year. Instead of following my advice, she was bold enough to go before the board at St. Hyacinthe and obtained a diploma. A change in this state of things is absolutely necessary, in the general interest of the public.

When the distribution of the supplementary grant is made, I beg you will not forget the catholic dissentient corporations in my district, because, as a rule, the rate-payers of these corporations are poor and maintain their schools with difficulty.

Very few commissioners understand the advantage of having a book depository in each municipality. With time, I hope they will be animated with a better feeling and that I will see books supplied gratuitously to the children in each parish.

I will now give details upon everything relating to public instruction in each municipality in particular.

I have the honor to be &c.,

W. J. ALEXANDER,
School inspector.

(TRANSLATION.)

Mr. ARCHAMBAULT.

Varennnes, 22nd October, 1879.

SIR,

I have the honor to forward my report, on the schools of my district for the school year, ending the 30th June last.

Circumstances beyond my control have prevented me from sending it sooner.

You will see, by the grand table, which I send, that the statistics for the said year are as follows :

32 Municipalities :

12 in the County of Chambly,
8 in that of Verchères,
12 in that of Richelieu.

120 Districts :

34 in the County of Chambly,
33 in that of Verchères,
53 in that of Richelieu,

117 School-houses :

33 in the County of Chambly,
33 in that of Verchères,
51 in that of Richelieu.

120 Schools under control in operation :

34 in the County of Chambly,
33 in that of Verchères,
51 in that of Richelieu.

91 Primary Schools :

21 in the County of Chambly,
25 in that of Verchères,
45 in that of Richelieu.

4 Boys' Model Schools :

2 in the County of Chambly,
1 in that of Verchères,
1 in that of Richelieu.

4 Mixed Model Schools :

2 in the County of Chambly,
2 In that of Verchères.

2 Boys' Academies :

1 in the County of Verchères,
1 in that of Richelieu.

10 Girls' Academies or Convents where girls are taught :

4 in the County of Chambly,
3 in that of Verchères,
3 in that of Richelieu.

3 Protestant dissentient schools :

2 in the county of Chambly,
1 in that of Richelieu.

1 Superior protestant school in the county of Chambly :**5 Colleges :**

2 in the county of Chambly,
1 in that of Verchères,
2 in that of Richelieu.

7620 Pupils attend these various schools:

Of this number :

91 are of English origin, of whom 63 are protestants, and 28 catholics.

3736 Pupils attend the catholic elementary schools. .

333 Pupils attend the catholic model schools.

361 Pupils attend the catholic mixed model schools.

394 Pupils attend the catholic boys' academies.

1778 Pupils attend the catholic girls' academies.

84 Pupils attend the protestant dissentient elementary schools.

27 Pupils attend the protestant dissentient superior schools.

803 Pupils attend the Colleges.

699 Pupils from the alphabet to reading fluently.

2130 Pupils reading fluently.

3841 Pupils read well.

5233 Pupils write on paper.

4973 Pupils, arithmetic.

2540 Pupils, mental arithmetic.

795 Pupils, book-keeping.

30 Pupils, mathematics.

106 Pupils, mensuration.

1849 Pupils, english grammar.

3832 Pupils, french grammar.

1139 Pupils, spelling.

2475 Pupils, parsing.

590 Pupils, letter-writing.

3171 Pupils, geography.

3767 Pupils, history.

1251 Pupils, linear drawing, 1st book.

443 Pupils, drawing 2nd book.

25 Pupils, drawing from nature.

843 Pupils, agriculture.

645 Pupils, vocal music.

310 Pupils, instrumental music.

60 male teachers in this district : 13 lay and 47 belonging to religious orders.

157 female teachers: 85 lay and 72 belonging to religious orders.

It is with the greatest regret that I am compelled to repeat again this year almost the same complaints as I expressed in my last year's report, respecting the

orders of the department in connection with the teaching of drawing and agriculture. These two branches have, this year again, met with lamentable opposition in the majority of our municipalities. I would even say that it is greater than last year.

I may say that in several localities it was thought that they might be disobeyed with impunity because all were convinced that the time was approaching when there would be no school inspector to deal with.

In several places they had neglected to provide for the improvement of the tables, forms, desks, maps, for the same reason.

I have no hesitation in saying that this lamentable fact is due to the war which was waged against us, at the church doors, during the past year.

It is my sincere conviction that without these unfortunate attacks we would have made rapid strides in that path of progress which was so happily opened two years ago.

I have seen commissioners who had waited until the end of the year to have their tables, desks and forms made and who hastened to show them to me, in an apartment adjoining the class-room, in which the workmen had placed them.

The same may be said of several secretary-treasurers who showed me their books without a single entry and which were bought, perhaps, the day before my arrival in the municipality.

All this was due to the fact that they were convinced that school inspectors would soon disappear.

Notwithstanding this it will be said that school inspectors do no good and are useless, but no account will be taken of the fact that the greatest endeavours were made to neutralize their efforts.

It is with regret that I mention these truths, which I would have preferred, for the honor of our population, to have passed over in silence, but I considered myself forced to speak out, in order to do you justice and to point out the reason of the want of success of the judicious measures which you have deemed it advisable to take for the improvement of our educational system in this country.

As for myself, I hope it will be understood that, at my age, I am perfectly disinterested; I only make these remarks as a friend of education:

I wish it to be understood that every-where throughout my district the same zeal, the same devotedness and the same spirit of sacrifice, as in the past, is still

shown for ordinary instruction in our schools and other institutions. No opposition is offered to the school law ; on the contrary its complete and harmonious working is desired by all.

The two schools in that portion of the parish of Sorel, which has become the parish of Saint-Joseph, including the point in the county of Richelieu, between the rivers Saint-Lawrence and Chambly, have not been put into operation this year owing to there being no organization.

As to the information relative to the various institutions and schools in municipalities of my district for the current year, they are amply set forth in the bulletins sent in by me immediately after my visits.

I have the honor to be, &c.,

J. N. A. ARCHAMBAULT,
School Inspector.

(TRANSLATION.)

Mr. BÉGIN

Sir,

I have the honor to forward my grand statistical table for the year 1878-79, and at the same time to call your attention to the incessant progress of public instruction in my district.

You will see by this table that three new institutions were opened this year, that the number of pupils has been increased by one hundred and ninety-three and that eleven school houses have been built. The twenty six municipalities of my district now contain 123 institutions of all kinds, 5407 pupils attending them, and 91 school-houses which belong to the school corporations. In this number are not included the seminary and convents of the town of St. Germain de Rimouski.

I consider the building of eleven school-houses as a magnificent result in a year of financial crisis such as that which has just ended. It is due, without doubt, in a great measure, to the initiative of the school authorities ; but I am conscious of having contributed my share towards it by stimulating the zeal of the parties interested and by pressing them to give the children special houses in which they might obtain that knowledge which is indispensable to them. The custom still

existed in certain localities of leasing, not a whole house, but a small apartment in which a school was installed near a family, which was sometimes numerous and the class was taught in the midst of unavoidable noise which disturbed the attention of the pupils. Now it is felt that teaching cannot bear fruit unless it be given in the midst of perfect calm and under circumstances calculated to promote order and good discipline.

I am also happy to state that, from a material point of view, there is a great improvement. Several municipalities have supplied themselves from the government depository with books, copy books, maps, account-books and other articles which are indispensable for every school which wishes to succeed. It is very certain that it is already a great advantage to know where the necessary class-books can be obtained. Those who take an interest in the development of education in this country must be grateful to you, Sir, for your intelligent and persevering efforts in carrying out that happy idea. Our gratitude is also due to the illustrious members of the Council of Public Instruction who incessantly lend you the assistance of their powerful and salutary influence.

The satisfactory results which have already been obtained afford a guarantee of those which the future has in store for us, if the measures, inaugurated with such wisdom and hitherto so successfully applied, are not sacrificed.

It is already easy to notice that the elementary maps, published under your superintendence, as also the account-books for the secretary-treasurers and the readers have done much good, and will continue to do so, more and more, as their use becomes more general in the schools.

The gratuitous distribution of the *Journal of Public Instruction* to the teachers is also a very praise-worthy act of the Council of Public Instruction and I see that it is read and kept with care. As I stated in a previous report, those who devote their lives to the ungrateful and painful task of teaching children, require to be encouraged and stimulated ; they must not be allowed to remain isolated and outside of the sphere of intellectual progress ; on the contrary, it is very useful for them to become acquainted with the best methods of teaching, in order to adopt them in preference to those which are obsolete and not so advantageous. The *Journal of Public Instruction* gives them this information, keeps them posted as to the methods adopted elsewhere with success and enables them to derive instruction therefrom, for themselves and for their pupils. This solicitude, which I may call paternal, on the part of the highest authority in educational matters, cannot but attract the attention of school corporations and of the rate-payers who

would wish to improve the condition of teachers, as much as possible, by giving them a more adequate salary.

I always notice with regret the small salary given to those who are in charge of our schools. When we think, Sir, that in a district like mine where there are 125 teachers, one receives \$200, others from \$100 to \$200, and 111 only get from \$50 to \$80 per annum. One is painfully impressed when he sees persons devoting their health and talents to so difficult and so meritorious a task and not receiving sufficient to support them. However I have never failed to counsel the commissioners not to engage teachers by accepting the lowest tender, but to give them an adequate salary, in order to attach them to their situations and make them more devoted and more attentive to their duties. Teachers who are the worst paid are very unsuccessful as a rule, as one may see by referring to the bulletins which I had the honor of sending you last winter upon each of the schools in my district. In the same manner, the assiduous attendance of pupils is always in direct proportion to the excellence of the school.

Therefore it is very desirable that the school authorities should only secure the services of truly competent persons. Several female teachers in my district are certainly not devoid of aptitude for teaching; but the great fault in many of them is that they do not possess the scholastic knowledge necessary for the general management of a class. It does not suffice to have knowledge if one does not possess the faculty of imparting it to others, or if one is ignorant of the method of keeping order amongst the pupils and of fixing their attention. The few teachers taught at the Laval Normal Schools, who teach in my district, are almost always superior to those who have received their education elsewhere.

It is this defect in the preparation of teachers which has often led me to believe that the government should, if possible, establish a Normal School for girls in the Town of Saint-Germain de Rimouski, which is distant 60 leagues from Quebec.

Situated there, a school of that kind would be of immense service to Public Instruction in the extensive diocese of Rimouski. It is an incontestable fact that very few of the districts which form Gaspesia, can have access to the Laval Normal School, owing to its great distance.

I noticed with much satisfaction that the Board of Examiners for Rimouski is more and more severe in granting teachers diplomas. This is an excellent way to strengthen study in our schools and to remove from the class of teachers, notorious incapables who inflict their presence on certain localities.

In all my visits, I endeavor to have all the branches taught in the most practical manner possible. If reading is done, I insist on a proper tone, good pronunciation and the understanding of the words and sentences which the pupil has before him, and for that purpose I advise the pupils to have small dictionaries. If grammar is the subject, the pupil must not only know the rules by heart but must be able to apply them by means of examples; it is not so necessary to learn the text of the grammar as to be able to clearly understand its rules and their application.

Unfortunately all the teachers do not do this; their pupils know all their grammar by rote and really do not know how to form the plural of substantives. Such cases are few in number, because I have succeeded almost everywhere in setting aside this defective method of teaching. The same applies to arithmetic, history, &c. As to writing, I do not cease to advise pupils to procure copy books with printed models at the head of each page, the teachers, in most instances, being unable to write proper models for the pupils in their schools.

The accounts of the secretary-treasurers are, as a rule, well kept, those who have failed in their duties have been pointed out to you in special reports.

I have the honor, &c.,

D. BÉGIN,
School Inspector.

(TRANSLATION.)

MR. BELAND

Ste. Julie de Somerset, 18th August, 1879.

Sir,

I have the honor to submit my report upon the state of the schools in my district, for the school year 1878-79, ending on the 1st July last.

In the first place, permit me to tender my sincerest congratulations upon the success you obtained at the Great Paris Exhibition. The titles which have been awarded you and your distinguished predecessors do honor to the people of Canada. When such titles come from the most eminent men of all countries, one has reason to be proud of them. The practical result of these distinctions is that it shows our system to be a good one and that it is unnecessary for any one in Canada to seek a

better one. We have only to push forward what is already being well done. This end will be attained if we can only be given that great lever, money, the main spring of every enterprise.

Philip of Macedon said that with a mule laden with gold he could subjugate the most impregnable city. The superintendent, whose zeal and ability are well known, with the same means could do as much. Let him be given a mule laden with gold or even silver and I am convinced that he would completely alter the aspect of things within his jurisdiction. Good teachers would be found in abundance and their success would be proportionate to their talents. Money is the main spring of all things, but how are we to get this money? The answer is very simple: Let us give our boys a practical education; let us teach the children in our country parts to know the nature and the quality of the soil which they will have to cultivate and then every family will have money in abundance. How can we attain this object? Is it by placing our boys under the tuition of female teachers of 18 or 20 years of age? Certainly not. Therefore it is our duty, as sincere friends of education and real progress, to establish in each parish a good boys' school to teach them theoretically and practically the art of cultivating properly. There is no disputing it.

Give me an educated and agricultural people and I will answer for the success of the Government which rules that people. For 20 years and more I have been harping on this string, that we must have a good male teacher in every parish, in order to form good farmers and good citizens, and yet, out of 20 municipalities under my control, there are only 3 male teachers, while there are 115 females.

I have read the reports of my colleagues. Every one laments and deploras one thing or the other. I do the same; and thereby we give offense to the municipalities under our care. Each of them is anxious to see our reports in the expectation that they will be flattered for their efforts. If one desired popularity this would undoubtedly be the way to secure it. But if one is sincerely patriotic, he must tell the plain truth even in the unpleasantest way, in the hope of attaining the chief end, that of instructing and forming the people, first, in a moral point of view, and afterwards in the knowledge of its material interests, without being afraid of criticism. It is not necessary to be a man of letters to teach the people what is best for it. Experience is the best of teachers. Our numerous occupations do not permit us to study the art of turning elegant periods, but we have convinced ourselves of the necessity of telling the truth simply and in ordinary language, so as to be understood by the masses.

The duty of school inspectors does not consist simply in ascertaining the work done, as was stated on the hustings, but chiefly in causing to be done properly the work which has to be accomplished.

If a work shop is established and left entirely to the workmen who are to labour in it; what will happen? Every one will be his own master and the result will be nil. It is necessary that it should be controlled by a head, to obtain a satisfactory result. In the same manner it is useless to establish school upon school, here and there, even under the control of commissioners, two thirds of whom do not know how to read or write; and we will never succeed if the teachers do not feel that, at any time, a person in authority will come to exercise a control over them. We may be told perhaps that the *curés* might and even do exercise the necessary control; but I deny that assertion because in a good many municipalities the commissioners cannot, for one reason or another, come to an understanding with their *curés*. It is a bitter truth but still such is really the case. Moreover a powerful reason is that the numerous occupations of the clergy only leave them time enough to attend to the morals of the scholars, especially in parishes where there are 7, 8, 9, 10, 11 and 12 schools. As these facts cannot be denied, it is absolutely necessary that there should be some one to attend to the moral and material interests of the schools; I mean an inspector.

Besides if we wish everything to go on well, that our institutions be maintained and work properly, we must liberally assist both the workmen and their overseers. This principle is admitted but it is contended that the sources of revenue are gradually diminishing. This is perhaps but too true, but there is a means of increasing these sources, as I have already said. Let us teach our agricultural population the science of agriculture and the treasury will be filled.

You are quite right, Sir, in making agriculture a special study. Every sensible person admits the necessity of such study but, on the other hand, it must be equally admitted that it is impossible to carry it out with any success in our elementary schools taught by girls of 18 or 20 years of age. These young ladies do not know much about it. Then if we wish to be in earnest and sincerely secure the success of this project for the improvement of our agricultural system, let us take the proper means.

These means, I have already said, can only be found in the establishment of good boys' schools in each parish, under a competent teacher with a salary of from four to five hundred dollars. Therefore, in my opinion, a country and particularly an agricultural country can flourish only when it has teachers to form competent farmers, namely: farmers who understand the art of farming. Agriculture, says one agriculturist, is the foster-mother of nations. It is therefore important to treat that mother well if we not wish her to become an ungrateful step-mother. For that purpose, let us teach our children to serve her well; let us establish good boys' schools and these schools will be so many nurseries which will supply us with good

farmers. We really require agricultural schools more than we require railways or convents. All three are necessary but the former are indispensable.

In my previous reports, I complained that everything was sacrificed to the education of the girls. This is just as true to day, for we see convent after convent being built. Do we do as much for the boys? No certainly not; on the contrary we replace male teachers by female teachers because these ladies offer, for the enormous sum of \$100.00, to teach model-schools. Everything always turns out to the disadvantage of the boys. We thus reverse the order of things and the result will necessarily be disastrous. The women will dominate over the men and then order will be reversed. There can be no happiness where there is no order or rather, without order there is no happiness.

Since it is established that female teachers are willing to give their services for very small salaries and voluntarily indulge in a much-to-be-regretted competition amongst themselves, why should we put ourselves out so much in order to get their salaries increased? There is an enormous surplus in that class of people as in all other professions. Can we reasonably expect the rate-payers to do what is not asked of them? surely not. But we should take advantage of this reduction in the price of female teachers to establish a fund for the establishment of good boys' schools under male teachers. This gives me an opportunity of repeating what I have said already in 20 reports: "Our elementary schools are in general as good as we may reasonably expect them to be." They do as much as it is possible to do under the circumstances in which the country is placed.

The poverty of the farmers does not permit of their sending their boys to school during the working season. In our visits to the schools in the summer time, we only find young boys of 5 to 7 years of age. The same may be said of all the school districts which are distant from the churches. Still I may say that there is some improvement in the regularity of the attendance. The prizes given for that object greatly encourage the lads, while we take every opportunity of making them understand that they will one day greatly regret the time they have lost and will be ashamed of their ignorance. We thereby gain over a great many as may be seen by our statistical tables. By adopting the method I have given out to each teacher, I am sure the children will acquire a practical knowledge of their mother tongue. I always tell these young ladies to make even the youngest children learn their grammar by means of short lessons, spelling them well and explaining them thoroughly, by means of well applied examples. Every pupil must write, the boys especially, and the youngest even, having above all as a model, their christian and family names; they will thus learn of necessity to sign their names at least.

I also require that all the pupils listen to and follow attentively all the explanations given by the teachers. Experience proves that something always remains in the mind of each, even of the youngest. Besides it is the way to interest the children, even the smallest, and to make them like school. On the other hand, by that means we obtain silence in the class. To endeavor to make one class study, while one is attending to another class, always results in loss of time for the teacher and for those who only learn reading. What does an immense amount of good is to make the smallest child repeat what the cleverest is called upon to say. This attention on the part of the teacher excites the emulation of all and every little one repeats to his parents the pretty things he is proud to have learnt at school. He does not always understand the meaning of things, but he learns, as he says, pretty things which will remain fixed in his mind and which he will understand later on. Good becomes impressed on the mind as well as evil. We must endeavor to make good fix itself in the mind instead of evil. I find that by this method we produce a profound impression on the intellect of children. Moreover, since by it we obtain general silence, it is already an unparalleled success.

It is much to be regretted that we have not yet succeeded in getting all the class-books supplied by the commissioners.

In the parishes which have fully understood this important question very satisfactory practical results have been obtained. The parish of St. Edouard de Lotbinière adopted this system three years ago and its four schools are first class. The fifth lately established in a new district is equally good. It already gives assurance of success. Several parishes are to follow this good example, at least they have promised me to do so. With time and without a violent shock, we will see the desired improvement.

Before proceeding to the tables of figures, I may say that the threats of abolishing the inspectors throw cold water upon our efforts. Can anything else be expected? It will be easily understood that with one blow it deprives our families of their means of subsistence. If even our salaries had permitted us to put by any savings or deposit them in banks we might be easily consoled. But, on the contrary, we have, in the interest of our children, been compelled to contract debts in the hope of paying them later on. Then, on a sudden, we are cast into the street. What a dreadful prospect! No, this cannot be the case, the matter is morally impossible. In any case, let us persevere bravely to the end in the performance of our duty.

In my new district there are 21 municipalities divided into 112 districts containing 118 schools of all kinds. 82 school-houses have been built, about one-half of which are pretty comfortable while the other half leave much to be desired. Out

of the 118 schools, 100 are primary schools attended by 1,795 boys and 1,792 girls, making a total of 3,587. The average attendance is 2,621 or two-thirds of the whole. This is not a bad result, but I must state that on the average, the boys only count 20 per cent.

There are 2 boys model schools: one at Lotbinière, and the other at St. Calixte de Somerset; 74 pupils attend these schools; average attendance 60. There are also 9 mixed model schools, under female teachers, in which there are 171 boys, average attendance 116 and 227 girls, average attendance 185. Total 398, average attendance 301.

Then we have 2 girls academies attended by 305 pupils, average attendance 245; 3 catholic dissentient primary schools; pupils, 38 boys and 38 girls. Total 76, average attendance 73. One independent school (that of Mr. Joly,) pupils 25 boys, 25 girls. Total 50, average attendance 36.

The pupils of all these institutions form a total of 4,490 of whom 2,129 are boys and 2,361 are girls, average attendance 3,343 or about two thirds, which is a little more than last year. I cannot make out comparative statements because, this year again, a new municipality has been added to my district. I will make special remarks in speaking of each municipality.

I have the honor to be, &c.,

P. F. BÉLAND,
School Inspector.

(TRANSLATION.)

Mr. BOIVIN.

SIR,

I have the honor to submit my report on the schools of the counties of Charlevoix and Saguenay, for the year 1878-79.

During the year ending on the 30th June, 1879, there were 63 primary schools under control, 2 independent schools, 5 model schools, 1 boys' academy and 2 convents in my division. These institutions were attended by 3,479 pupils with an average attendance of 2,625.

Owing to the stoppage of work in many lumbering establishments, a great many families were compelled to seek their living elsewhere and this enables me only to show a slight increase in the number of pupils attending the schools.

This disappointment, although disagreeable and beyond control, should not alarm us to any great extent, for, on the whole, there is certainly an improvement; the number of good schools is increasing every year and the teachers are making the most praiseworthy efforts to do justice to their position.

The school furniture has been greatly improved in many municipalities. New desks whose shape and dimensions are better suited to the wants and convenience of the pupils, have replaced the old ones; forms with backs may be seen in nearly all the school rooms and a great many school houses have been carefully repaired.

The want of uniformity in the class books is still an obstacle to progress in my district; we often find in one school two and even three different grammars and the same applies to other books.

In municipalities where the commissioners themselves provide for the requirements of the pupils, the inspector always succeeds in obtaining uniformity; for in that case he has only to address himself to the secretary, but the contrary always happens in municipalities in which that duty devolves upon the rate-payers: Hence the necessity for each municipality to have a depository of all the articles required by the pupils.

Special remarks for each municipality.....

I have the honor to be, &c.,

J. BOIVIN,
School Inspector.

(TRANSLATION.)

Mr. BRAULT.

Montreal, 14th November, 1879.

SIR,

In my capacity of School Inspector for the counties of Jacques Cartier, Vaudreuil and Soulanges, I have the honor to forward my report for the school year 1878-79.

As shewn in the following table, the schools were, this year, attended by a greater number of pupils than last year and the various branches taught were studied by a greater number. I am happy to be able to establish these facts. They prove conclusively that the population of this district is not indifferent to your efforts for the education of our youth in general and for the purpose of enabling them, on leaving the least of our primary schools, to have a practical and relatively complete education.

	1877-78	1878-79	Increase	Decrease
Municipalities.....	22	23	1	
School Houses.....	109	112	3	
Districts.....	88	94	6	
Schools in operation under control.....	96	111	15	
Primary schools... ..	75	77	2	
Pupils in "	3,169	3,469	300	
Boys, model schools.....	6	6		
Pupils in "	355	414	69	
Girls' model schools.....	1	1		
Pupils in "	90	100	10	
Mixed model schools.....	1	3	2	
Pupils in "	90	279	189	
Boys' academies.....	2	2		
Pupils in "	259	301	42	
Girls' academies.....	9	8		1
Pupils in "	1,152	1,117		35

—	1877-78	1878-79	Increase	Decrease
Mixed academies.....	2	1		1
Pupils in ".....	158	71		87
Protestant primary schools.....	9	10	1	
Pupils in ".....	265	273	8	
Protestant Superior Schools.....	1	1		
Pupils " ".....	51	42		9
Independent Superior Schools.....	1			1
Pupils " ".....	50			50
Independent Primary ".....		1	1	
Pupils " ".....		40	40	
Colleges.....	2	2		
Pupils in colleges.....	452	493	41	
Institutions of all kinds.....	109	112	3	
Pupils ".....	6,081	6,633	548	
Average attendance.....	4,882	4,888	6	
Pupils from A. B, C to fluent reading.....	1,406	1,499	93	
" reading fluently.....	2,006	2,114	108	
" " well.....	2,679	3,020	341	
" who can write.....	3,632	4,164	532	
" learning arithmetic... ..	3,599	4,202	603	
" " mental arithmetic.....	3,226	3,790	564	
" " book-keeping.....	497	559	62	
" " mathematics.....	145	212	67	
" " mensuration.....	366	422	56	
" " english grammar.....	703	796	93	
" " french ".....	2,261	2,644	383	
" " orthography.....	2,427	2,900	473	
" " parsing.....	1,989	2,611	622	
" " letter-writing.....	857	1,116	259	
" " geography.....	1,555	2,023	468	
" " History.....	1,915	2,319	404	
" " drawing, 1st book.....	606	1,520	914	
" " " 2nd ".....	18	18		
" " " from nature.....	14			

—	1877-78	1878-79	Increase	Decrease
" " horticulture and agriculture.....	602	1,129	527	
" " vocal music.....	1,079	971		108
" " instrumental music.....	296	321	25	
Male teachers holding diplomas.....	21	22		2
" in religious orders.....	45	42		3
" not holding diplomas.....	2	2		
Total male teachers.....	71	66		5
Female teachers holding diplomas.....	68	73	5	
" in religious orders.....	70	87	17	
" not holding diplomas.....	8	5		3
Total female teachers.....	146	165	19	
Number of libraries.....		11		
" of volumes		8,455		
Prizes to be distributed.....		400		

This year I visited, for the first time, the municipality of Ile Bizard, which only has two schools, attended by a total number of 118 children. Seeing that the official table of the new districts does not contain the name of this municipality, I did not consider myself authorized to visit it, thinking that it formed part of Mr. MacMahon's district.

The increase of 13, for the schools under control, is only an apparent increase, for in my first report, I did not include in the number of schools those under the management of religious orders, although a day school under control is attached to each of such institutions.

The average attendance which, last year, reached 80 per cent, has, this year only reached 77 per cent, and yet there was but little sickness amongst the pupils this year.

Owing to the irregular manner in which several female teachers keep their roll-calls it is almost impossible to calculate the average attendance. Besides there are some who are unwilling or unable to make out this average, month by month.

I have noticed that there is great improvement in the reading since Mr. Montpetit's readers have come into use. These books are now disseminated throughout all the municipalities of the district. A book which I would like to see in the

hands of a greater number of pupils, and especially of female teachers, is a dictionary of the French language, like that of Benard's, for instance. Without such a book it is impossible for more than one school-mistress to give a definition and explanation of the " words to be spelled or explained " which head the chapters in Mr. Montpetit's books. It is nevertheless necessary that the pupil, who is able to read well mechanically, should understand what he is reading. I am, therefore, sorry to see so little use made of a book without which it is impossible to learn the French language.

In some schools too little attention is paid to the sounding of consonants and too much to the stops, and it often happens that a consonant is sounded and a stop made at the same time. In three or four schools I noticed that the pupils all had the same tone in reading and concluded the sentence in the same monotonous tone, to the entire satisfaction of the teachers, who seemed quite satisfied that this method of reading or singing was reading with expression.

In a good many schools the reading is good, and amongst them I may mention that of Mr. P. Monast, in the municipality of Saint Zotique, in which the reading is probably better than in any other.

The improvement which I have had the pleasure of noticing in the writing is undoubtedly due to the disappearance, in a great measure, of the models written out by the teachers, which have been replaced by models printed in the copy-books or on separate slips. Four or five series of copy-books are used here: that of Payson is the most generally used, and has been introduced into the girls' academies with an excellent effect on the writing. The series of the Christian Brothers is used in the boys' academy at Lachine, as also in the model school of Saint-Zotique. These two institutions are distinguished for their neat and studied writing. During my last visit, I repeated my advice to the teachers to refrain from giving the pupils models written out by themselves. I often considered it necessary, moreover, to advise them to introduce some system in the teaching of this subject; I have often noticed that young children, who held a pen for the first time, were obliged to write letters in alphabetical order and in large characters.

Industrial linear drawing was studied this year by 1,520 pupils, an increase of 914 over last year. This clearly shows that the importance of this new subject is fully appreciated. A much greater number would have been able to study it; but in certain places, we have still to overcome the opposition of the parents or the apathy of the teachers. Amongst the latter are some who say they are unable to teach it because they have never practised it, and others who are not a whit more energetic, but who are less sincere, accuse the parents of opposing its being taught, when they have not made the slightest attempt to teach it. I have endeavored to convince all these teachers of the facility with which drawing may be taught by

following Walter Smith's system. I also lay stress upon the advantage the pupils will derive by learning drawing. I would like to see as many pupils who can draw, as pupils who can write. I have also to meet the objection that in order to be able to draw one must be able to write.

This is what a Belgian author, Pierre Tempels, says, in a work called "*L'Instruction du Peuple*": "Drawing should precede writing. A child should only write when ten years old. He draws at any age. At seven years of age he may know how to trace regular lines. A child accustomed, on the one hand, to read written characters and, on the other hand, having learnt drawing from seven years of age to ten, will, at ten years, be able to write after two month's practice. He who can draw can also write."

Drawing, says the same author, should be the basis and the principal object of teaching, because we cannot find any operation of the mind which is more adapted than drawing to develop the intellect.

Arithmetic was studied by 4,202 pupils, an increase of 603 over last year.

This science, which is of such practical use and which is such a good exercise for the intelligence, is not, on the whole, taught with all the care desirable. In very few schools are numeration and fractions learnt. I would greatly desire that all the pupils should know these parts of arithmetic thoroughly, for when they are well understood, the remainder is easily learnt. It is also necessary to learn well the multiplication tables and those of weights, measures, &c.

In several schools the pupils know how to calculate in pounds, shillings and pence, but are completely ignorant of dollars and cents. In others, the amounts composed of dollars and cents are badly put down; for instance, pupils are allowed to write \$5. 08 as follows: \$5.8 or \$5-8.

In a great many schools, only the sums in the arithmetic book in use are worked out, instead of giving the pupils sums applied to objects with which they are familiar.

Grammar was studied by 2,644 pupils, an increase of 383 over last year.

I would prefer to see this subject studied by a smaller number and better than it is. In some schools, too much haste is shewn in putting in the hands of young children, because they can read fairly, the book which treats of so abstract a subject. The lessons they are given to learn by rote are so much Greek to them. On the contrary, why not give these young children, oral lessons, better adapted to their intellect?

In some schools I found pupils very well up in grammar. Of this number, amongst others, is the model school of St. Ignace, at Côteau du Lac, kept by Mr. Honoré Rondeau.

To me it appears desirable that both male and female teachers, who all teach grammar, should not confine themselves to requiring the pupils to write correctly; they should also insist upon correct speaking, and above all, give the example.

Is it not an anomaly to see in a great number of our schools, teachers speaking incorrectly the language which it is their mission to teach, not only as it should be written, but also spoken?

Geography was learnt by 2023 pupils; increase 468.

This is another subject which might be better taught than it is.

I would desire that at least oral lessons should be given to beginners, taking care to begin by subjects which they know a little. We might, for instance, make them learn at first the geography of their village or parish, and leave aside, for the time being, the equator, meridians, parallels of latitude, &c., inasmuch as endeavoring to make young children understand such abstract matters, only blunts their intellects and inspires them with disgust for a very attractive science.

History was studied this year by 2,319, pupils; increase 404.

It seems to me that this branch should be taught in our primary schools by means of charts and tables. In many schools the children do not understand a word of what they recite in history because the teacher never gives explanations and does not ask the children to repeat them. I must, however, say that in many schools this branch is very well taught.

Agriculture, which was studied by 602 pupils last year, was studied by 1,129 this year, showing an increase of 527. I meet with little opposition to the teaching of this branch in my district.

In bookkeeping, there were 62 pupils more than last year.

The giving of object lessons has not been begun to my knowledge; and yet there is nothing better calculated to instruct children and develop their minds, while exciting their interest, than by giving lessons according to this system. Teachers who have never had any such lessons imagine that it is impossible for them to give them. I, however, hope that before long this excellent method will be adopted in our schools, to give the pupils a varied practical knowledge of natural history, natural philosophy, mechanics, &c.

From time to time lessons might also be given on domestic economy, and the physical education of the children be better attended to.

It is with much pleasure that I notice the Reverend Sisters in charge of the Girls' Academies endeavoring to give their pupils a good practical education by teaching them, in addition to religion (the science *par excellence*,) grammar, arithmetic, &c., &c., sewing, knitting, and the culinary art; in a word, by making them go through a complete course of domestic economy.

Vocal music is taught in the academies which I have just mentioned as well as in the Lachine Academy, the Saint-Laurent and Rigaud Colleges. In some primary schools, particularly the English ones, exists the praiseworthy custom of making the children sing at the end of each class. I hope this custom will become more general.

I made it my duty to visit each school twice during the year. The object of my first visit was to ascertain how far the pupils were advanced, to see that the teachers and pupils were provided with all that was necessary for a good year's study, and to examine the accounts of the municipalities. At my second visit, I found myself in a good position to ascertain the result obtained since my first visit.

This is the method I follow in my inspections and examinations: I reach the school, unannounced if possible, so as to find the teachers, pupils and school in their ordinary state. I am generally accompanied by one or more school commissioners; I note the appearance of the school, its furniture and dependencies. Then comes the examination in the following order: reading, writing, catechism, arithmetic and mental arithmetic, grammar, geography, history, agriculture, drawing, &c. I take note, in a general way, of the result of each examination for each class; thus, for instance, if the pupils of a class have read well, I enter the note *good* in my inspection book. The examination on reading includes reading mechanically, reading with explanations and reading with expression. My examination on grammar includes reciting by rote, dictation, parsing, &c.

The memorandum-book, in which I enter these notes, contains two columns; in the left one are the notes of my first visit, and in the other, immediately opposite, are the notes of my second. It is thus easy for me, at my second visit, to judge of the merits of each school, &c.

In general, teaching is done in this district by the simultaneous method. It is the only method followed in the primary schools as well as in the superior schools, where there are as many teachers as there are groups, that is to say in the twelve establishments under the management of religious orders in this district. In the other schools, as the pupils are too numerous to be left to the care of a single teacher, the mixed method is made use of to a slight degree. In the latter schools,

while the teacher is watching those who are writing or making a class read, one of the best scholars makes those who are only able to read mechanically, say their alphabet, spell or even read fluently. I do not think this method can, in these schools, be applied to all the subjects which are taught in them. A pupil may be able to make beginners read or teach simple arithmetic, &c., but I do not think he is able to teach with profit subjects which require certain explanations. Moreover, the limited space in our class rooms hardly allows of one group leaving their forms to recite their lessons, and the noise caused by many classes, all proceeding at the same time in a small space, would be intolerable. The simultaneous method appears to me to be the only one practicable in this district.

The highest salaries paid to teachers in this district, are as follows: \$550, \$400, \$400, \$375, \$360, \$312, \$305, \$300, \$297, \$283, \$280, \$280, \$210 and \$208.

The salaries of the twelve male teachers in the county, of Soulanges, are from \$400 to \$200, and those of the female teachers in the same county from \$200 to \$100; the female teacher in charge of the school at Côte Ste. Anne, however, only gets \$96.

The four male teachers of the county of Jacques-Cartier get: \$550, \$312, \$305 and \$262 respectively, and the female teachers are also paid from \$200 to \$100, except at Pointe Claire, where each of the six has, since some years, invariably been paid \$88.

The salaries of the five male teachers of the county of Vaudreuil are: \$400, \$375, \$200, \$160 and \$140; the female teachers in this county also receive from \$200 to \$100.

It is Mr. Varner, teacher of the dissentient model school at Lachine, who gets \$550, and the female teachers who are paid as much as \$200 are at the head of English schools.

The municipality which, without being the richest, pays the most in this district for the maintenance of its schools is that of St. Zotique. The following are the salaries it pays: \$400, \$300, \$200, \$200 and \$130. This municipality is also the one which probably gets the most value in proportion for what it pays:

It is still the custom, in several municipalities to notify all the teachers, each year, without distinction, that their engagements will not be continued for the following year. Notwithstanding the clearness of the law on this point, it is broken without any account being taken of the trouble and inconvenience which the perpetrators may bring upon themselves.

In this district, as in others in the province, there are female teachers who owe their diplomas more to the indulgence of the Board of Examiners than to their own

proficiency. I notice with pleasure that the Montreal Board of Examiners have taken steps to grant diplomas only to those who really deserve them.

The male teachers in this district, with the exception of two or three perhaps, are able and attentive.

At my last visit, I found the accounts almost everywhere kept according to the new system.

I have had to take a stand against a custom established in more than one municipality, which consists in making only two children out of a family pay the monthly contribution, even when the parents have more than that number attending school, and are well off.

In examining the minutes of the meetings of certain school municipalities, I noticed serious irregularities against which I put the secretary-treasurers on their guard for the future.

The teachers who appear to me to have been the most successful during the past year, are :

In the county of Soulanges : Messrs. Honoré Rondeau, Guillaume Lalonde, Israël St. Amour, and Mrs. Flore Proulx, of Côteau du Lac ; Mr. O. Caron and his wife, and Messrs. Pierre Monast and Moïse Guérin, of St. Zotique ; Mr. Charles Picotte, of St. Polycarpe ; Messrs. Maurice Lapointe, Luc Lanthier and Rose de Lima Poussin, of the Cedars ; Miss Rose de Lima Roy and Mrs. Catherine Turcotte, of St. Clot.

In the county of Vaudreuil : Miss Emma Souchereau, Ste. Justine de Newton ; Mrs. Thos. Pilon and Miss Marie Foubert, Rigaud ; Miss Emma Richer and Miss Marie Léger, of Ste. Marthe.

In the county of Jacques-Cartier : Miss Kate McGrath and Mr. Varner, Lachine ; Miss Angèle Payment, No. 3, district Ste. Geneviève ; Miss Agnès Désormeau, St. Laurent ; Miss C. Normandeau, Ste. Anne ; Mr. C. Valiquet, Pointe-Claire.

I consider that the best of the twenty-three above named are : Messrs. H. Rondeau, P. Monast, and Mr. Lapointe, and the Misses Emma Souchereau, A. Payment and Mrs. Ths. Pilon.

The whole respectfully submitted.

I have the honor to be, &c.,

C. BRAULT,
School Inspector.

(Translation)

MR. CARRIER.

Levis, 25th August, 1879.

Sir,

I have the honor to submit my report on the present state of the schools in my district of inspection for the school year 1878-79.

I am bappy to state that the most of the schools in my district give very satisfactory results, and that only few leave anything to be desired, and there is increased zeal and devotedness shewn almost every where in the instruction of youth.

I considered it my duty, as in the past, to carefully examine the pupils in all the branches taught to them, so as to establish their progress, and to ascertain, as far as possible, the fitness of the male and female teachers for the discharge of the important duties entrusted to them. I had the pleasure of seeing how much zeal and devotedness is displayed by a large number, by the efforts which they make to fit themselves for their profession, which is so difficult and responsible. I regret, however, being obliged to state that they are so badly remunerated, especially those whose services have been acknowledged for several years past. It would therefore be desirable that the salaries should be higher, if we wish all our schools to continue progressing.

I now pass in review each of the municipalities in my district of inspection.

I have the honor to be, &c.,

ED. CARRIER,
School Inspector.

(Translation)

MR. CRÉPEAULT.

St. Valier, 18th September, 1879.

Sir,

I have the honor to forward my report on the state of public instruction in my district of inspection, for the year 1878-79.

I have the pleasure of showing, by the grand table which accompanies this report, that the number of pupils who have attended school this year has increased by about four hundred. This increase compensates for the falling off which had taken place last year from the preceding year.

Public instruction in this district shows a satisfactory degree of progress. The statistics show that there has been an improvement in every respect. The number of school-houses built on plans supplied by the Department has been increased by several. St. Charles and l'Islet have erected large and fine buildings for convents. St. Valier, on this occasion, has not been behind-hand, and has erected a fine large two-storey school-house, for the boys' and girls' two model schools.

This improvement is owing to the efforts and perseverance of the chairman of the Commission, Mr. F. X. Lamarre, who has done everything in an admirable manner, and thus followed the advice and suggestions of the Department.

You will notice by the grand table, that almost every sub-district in my district has its school-house. It has been found that it is very disadvantageous, not to say impossible, to hold classes in a rented or tenanted house. There is a continual passing to and fro which creates disorder and disturbs the pupils.

Almost all the secretary-treasurers have adopted the new series of account books, which offer many advantages in every respect. The examination of the accounts will thus be shorter and easier, and will, moreover, remove a great many difficulties between the rate-payers and secretary-treasurers, as the investigations which we, the inspectors, have often been called upon to make concerning the accounts of the latter, have too amply proved, and which has been a cause of complaint and ill-feeling with the rate-payers, and a large increase of work for the Department and for ourselves. Only very few secretary-treasurers had to abandon their office; the least efficient had matters explained to them by more competent persons, who did it with pleasure, and made it their duty to come to their assistance.

Mr. Montpetits' graded series of readers is at present in use in the three-fourths of the schools of the district. No book pleases the pupils so well as these, which possess the two-fold advantage of interesting and instructing them, and which contain a large fund of information within the reach of their young minds. Through these readings, the pupils are early initiated into many things which it is necessary to know at the commencement of their career, so as not to be, later on, the victims of men and of circumstances which they will be called upon to encounter in the path of life, when they also must play their part on its stage. Mr. Montpetit, in my opinion, has thoroughly succeeded in instructing these youths, while amusing them by his examples and maxims which tend to improve their morals and impart to them early experience.

The manual of agriculture is adopted in all the schools of this district, with very few exceptions. The children are pleased with this work, as they find therein the explanation and experience of their daily work. Not a parent nor a commissioner objects to it, being fully convinced that the authorities know better than themselves what it is important for their children to learn in order to be able to succeed hereafter.

Mental arithmetic is taught in all the schools. There is no science more useful for farmers and business men than this system of counting and calculating by memory. Therefore, this acquirement is generally appreciated, even by uneducated people. The most ill-disposed rate-payers are happy to see their children learn this science which enables them to work out any sum without any apparent calculation.

Book-keeping is taught, so to speak, only in the model schools, convents and colleges. Very few elementary schools teach this branch, which, nevertheless, is so useful in every position in life, in order to be able to account for the revenue and expenditure of the household, the profits and losses which may occur in business, and generally to know one's financial position.

The introduction of industrial drawing in our schools is progressing very slowly. Not one female teacher, in any elementary school, possesses the slightest notion of it, and very few of those in charge of model schools can teach this branch, which is, nevertheless, destined to render such service to art, industry and society generally. There is no doubt that with intelligence, taste and perseverance, it would be possible, according to W. Smith's system, to learn this science alone and by models, as penmanship is taught; but the female teachers generally display very little taste or aptness for this science, which is appreciated at its true value only by those who are versed in the branches most nearly related to it, such as geometry, &c. In order to hasten the teaching of this speciality, it should be rendered obligatory for candidates

for diplomas, even for elementary ones ; otherwise a long time must elapse before we may see it taught even to a tolerably general extent in our schools.

There are too many grammars approved of by the Council of Public Instruction ; it seems to me that two, one for the elementary schools, and the other for model schools should be sufficient ; this would be a step towards uniformity and a reduction of the expenses which parents are now called upon to meet. Each male and female teacher now comes to a school with his or her pet grammar and has no hesitation to put aside that introduced in the time of his or her predecessor, if it be not the same ; hence arises further unnecessary expense, without sufficient reason therefor, for the parents who grumble and complain with reason. Let us save expense as much as possible if we wish to get them to like our system of public instruction, for the present times are hard and the crisis weighs on them, and they are justified in crying out: " Economize."

The excessive number of female teachers available does not always have a good effect. If, on the one hand, it has the advantage of giving the municipalities a larger choice, on the other it affords an opportunity for the least qualified to hire themselves at the lowest tender. Thus do we find inferior teachers, who, as a rule, get their diplomas from the Boards of Examiners, obtaining situations more easily than those who have been to Normal Schools, although the latter are far better in many respects. The reason is very simple, it is that the teachers who are little qualified hire themselves at the lowest tender, and that illiterate school commissioners, being unable to understand the difference, give the preference to those who ask the least. This is not what is done by municipalities who have the advantage of educated commissioners or who have their *curé* as chairman, such as St. Michel, St. Charles, St. Thomas, L'Islet and elsewhere ; commissioners who are competent judges and who can tell the difference between students of normal schools who make a special study of teaching and who all have the same system which they have already practically applied during their studies, and these young school-mistresses who, after having obtained, with too great facility, a diploma from a Board of Examiners, do not know how to practice what they have been taught, and thus frequently cause their pupils to lose their time. It would be desirable and advantageous for the people to have all their schools taught by religious orders or by pupils of the Normal Schools. We would gain by it on the score of uniformity, progress of the pupils and time saved for all of us.

When will this unfortunate system of engaging at the lowest tender cease ? It will last so long as we do not exact a literary qualification for school commissioners and as we do not decide upon fixing a *minimum* for the salaries of teachers. What

do we see especially at the present time when poverty is so great? A lot of young girls of 17 or 18 years of age hastening to present themselves, with very little knowledge, before the Boards of Examiners to get their diplomas, without caring the least whether they have the aptitude or talent for teaching, but knowing that they will be sure to get a situation by offering themselves at one half the price which the others ask, and by thus succeeding in getting good deserving teachers sent away by illiterate commissioners on the simple pretext of economy and paying a smaller price. What a singular economy!

I must say that all the establishments managed by religious orders meet, as in the past, with the best success, and it is with pleasure we see these establishments increasing in number in our country parts. Two fine and extensive buildings, two storeys high, have been built during the present year for the Nuns. Mr. Martineau *curé* of St. Charles and Mr. Delâge, *curé* of l'Islet, have been good enough to endow their parishes, which were already among the model ones of my district, with these institutions for girls which do so much good in our country places by imparting instruction of all kinds both manual and scientific, necessary and indispensable to enable them, later on, to perform their duty in their sphere of life.

The impressions of the good, the beautiful and of salutary doctrines which young girls receive in the convents are never lost. They like to recollect them later on and to inculcate them, in their turn, into the hearts of those whom they are destined to lead by the hand. This is what is called the first education, that given to the child at its mother's knee. It is the most lasting of all and that which we like best to remember during all ages of life. Educated mothers alone can impart this instruction which has so great an influence upon all our lives and whose effects are important to families and to society.

You will perhaps notice with surprise that the number of girls attending our schools is greater than that of the boys. The difference is very easy to explain. 1o. There is less loss of time with girls than with boys who assist their parents during the spring and autumn work. 2o. The boys, as a rule, have less taste for study, do not like school as much as the girls, owing to the time which they have to lose, which disgusts and disheartens them, when, on returning to school, they find themselves so much behind-hand. 3o. They have no taste and are unwilling to attend schools kept by young girls, as are all the mixed model schools and boys' model schools in this district.

It is not so easy for the boys as for the girls to learn and acquire knowledge to enable them later on to earn their livelihood. In addition to the primary schools, the girls have the mixed model schools, the girls' model schools and convents managed by women. These institutions are very near to each other, and teach, the convents

particularly, the sciences which are adapted and suited to them. They have a taste for them and they are left there as long as they like, seeing that they profit by it.

The contrary is the case with the boys ; as they do not wish to attend schools kept by young girls, and remark that the teaching imparted by the latter does not suit them, they become disgusted with the school, disturb order, lose their time, and end by doing their utmost to make their parents keep them at home.

It must be confessed that these schools are not suitable for them, and that the young female teachers in charge of them are not qualified to teach the proper branches. They require knowledge of commercial transactions, office work, banking, and above all, to be able to do business in English, if they wish, at some future time, to take a position on a railway or in a banking house ; and how can they acquire these branches ? The young girls who keep those mixed and model schools for boys, do not possess this knowledge and are totally ignorant of the English language.

There must be no delusion as to the necessity for our young men, if they wish to fit themselves for any position, to know English, for this language is spoken everywhere and on every occasion ; it is in English that all business is transacted in commerce, offices, banking institutions and railways ; without a knowledge of this language, there is no prospect for our young French-Canadians. We may be told, perhaps, that there are Seminaries and colleges where these sciences are taught, and to which parents may send their children. To this, I reply that the seminaries have their object and system of teaching : their object is to prepare pupils for the priesthood and the liberal professions ; their teaching is adapted to the requirements of those positions, and is unsuited in many respects to young men who desire to go into business in an office or a banking institution. As to industrial colleges, they are too few and scattered, and it is not always easy, or even possible, for poor parents to incur the heavy expense of sending their children to them.

What is required for the education of boys, so that they may not be inferior to the girls in point of knowledge, is to place the direction of our boys' mixed and model schools in the hands of male teachers, well qualified and able to teach, in a practical manner, the branches of education required to occupy any position whatever, either on a railway, in business or in an office.

Therefore, it is altogether necessary, for the future of our young men, that all our mixed model schools and boys' model schools be managed by properly qualified masters, and to leave them any longer under the care of young female teachers is an anomaly and a means of doing nothing whatever for their future.

There should be in our laws on Public Instruction, a clause determining the length of the summer holidays for our schoolchildren. It seems to me that to give two months, as is the practice almost everywhere, is unnecessary and a pure waste of labor. In doing this it is sought to imitate the students of seminaries and colleges. What a fine comparison ! The latter absolutely require repose and relaxation after the fatigue of the serious study to which they have devoted themselves during the year ; two months are not too much for them ; while for the children of our common schools, the holidays are given more for the purpose of enabling them to assist their parents in farm-work and of giving a rest to the teachers than for themselves, as the kind of study to which they devote themselves during the year is not calculated to fatigue them, but on the contrary to improve their health. In my opinion, a vacation of a month or five weeks would be amply sufficient and would save one-tenth of the time.

My district contains 30 school municipalities :

Number of primary schools.....	149
“ boys’ model schools.....	4
“ girls’ “	7
“ mixed “	5
“ boys’ academies.....	1
“ girls’ “	3
“ independent academies.....	8
“ colleges	3
“ institutions of all kinds.....	180

Number of pupils attending primary schools.....	6,468
“ “ “ boys’ model schools.....	217
“ “ “ girls’ “	549
“ “ “ mixed “	390
“ “ “ boys’ academies.....	230
“ “ “ girls’ “	438
“ “ “ independent schools.....	296
“ “ “ colleges.....	272
“ “ “ institutions of all kinds.....	8,860

Number of boys.....	4,270
“ girls.....	4,590

Average attendance.....	7,819
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Number of districts.....	139
“ school houses.....	115
“ pupils in spelling.....	2,330
“ “ who read fluently.....	3,638
“ “ “ read well.....	2,892
“ “ “ write.....	2,892
“ “ “ learn arithmetic.....	3,117
“ “ “ “ mental arithmetic	2,787
“ “ in book keeping.....	409
“ “ “ French grammar	3,022
“ “ “ English “	325
“ “ “ letter writing.....	425
“ “ “ geography.....	2,446
“ “ “ history.....	2,633
“ “ “ industrial drawing.....	264
“ “ “ agriculture	1,662
“ “ “ vocal music.....	196
“ “ “ instrumental music.....	58
Number of lay male teachers.....	5
“ religious “	10
“ lay female teachers.....	140
“ religious “	35

Salaries.

Male teachers from \$100 to \$200.....	2
“ “ \$200 to \$300.....	3
Female teachers under \$100.....	95
“ “ from \$100 to \$200.....	46

As you will notice by the statistics of this year, the salaries of teachers have not been increased ; on the contrary, since the hard times, they have a tendency to lower, and no one knows where this state of things will end if the Legislature does not come to the assistance of a class which is so necessary to society and which is nevertheless so much neglected.

An increase of the legislative grant for public instruction is not calculated to please the Government very much, especially at a time when economy and retrenchment are the order of the day Still, it is absolutely necessary, if we do not wish to retrograde and lose, in a few years, what we have taken so long to acquire.

The state of public instruction is in general satisfactory, and it is evident that our common schools are improving ; but let us not paralyse this progress by being niggardly with the grants of money required to foster it. Let us not forget that the people is all the more moral and virtuous that they are supplied with the means of learning, for learning, in its application, is the knowledge of things, and we cannot wisely and prudently make use of a thing without knowing its nature and its effects.

The State has everything to gain by generously and liberally encouraging the education of its subjects ; the more education is spread amongst them, the more will they become polished and moral, and the results for every one will be infinitely more valuable than the highest material progress which they may attain by assisting immigration and railway enterprises. Therefore, let us continue, as in the past, to assist, in a fair and reasonable manner, all that relates to public instruction, and if we can increase the grant, let us not hesitate to do so, and the country will be the first to profit by it. Moreover, what I say here is but the echo of what the friends of education do not cease to repeat amongst themselves.....

I have the honor, &c.,

JEAN CRÉPAULT,
School Inspector.

(Translation)

MR DELAGE

St. Césaire, Rouville, 23rd August 1879.

Sir,

I have the honor to submit, with my annexed grand statistical table, the report of my visits and inspection in the counties of Rouville, Bagot and St. Hyacinthe for the year 1878-79. The figures of my grand table show an increase of 342 pupils over last year. The average attendance has also increased, but not in the same proportion ; it is only 229. The majority of the children who attend the classes are young. I have seldom met boys of twelve and thirteen years of age in the primary schools in the country. The winter was long, with plenty of snow, and the roads were very bad ; this probably explains why the average attendance was not greater.

In several municipalities, a good many children had no books or other necessary supplies ; I have often been told that the hard times were the cause of this. From

the information I have been able to get, indifference has also something to do with it.

I noticed with pleasure, that drawing, agriculture and book-keeping are taught to a greater number of pupils than last year ; your circular of the first. February has produced a good effect. In several schools, copy-books were prepared for the next school exhibition. I flatter myself that no serious difficulty has arisen in the course of the year ; those we had were settled amicably.

The accounts are, in general, well kept, especially since the secretary-treasurers are obliged to keep their books in the manner and according to the form specified by the Superintendent.

Almost everywhere the accounts show arrears to a greater or lesser degree ; still the teachers do not appear to suffer from it ; each corporation finds means to meet the most pressing wants. Those which are the most in arrears promised me to take steps, as soon as possible, to collect their arrears.

As some school-houses had rooms which were too small and not sufficiently comfortable for the pupils, they were enlarged during the past year. The commissioners, in some municipalities, voluntarily acquiesced in my wishes with reference to the enlargement, while in others they were only agreed to with repugnance ; it did not seem to be understood that a larger space was necessary for health as well as for good order.

This required enlargement of class-rooms is still felt in several schools, but I have great confidence in the good-will of the commissioners who have promised me that all would be ready at the next opening of the classes.

I consider it my duty to say that the pupils who attend the religious institutions under control are remarkable for their assiduity, their success and good behaviour. The teachers in these schools, of whom the friends of education may justly be proud, are public benefactors ; while making themselves useful to their pupils they render great services to society.

I also must say a word of praise in favor of the male teachers for, with the exception of two, they perform the duties of their office more or less well, giving to their pupils an education which is much more practical than that given by the majority of female teachers. In any case I have reason to be satisfied with the progress shewn in the greater number of the schools.....

I send you the names of the teachers who distinguished themselves the most.

Model Schools.

Mr. Noé Gervais, St. Charles de Richelieu.

“ J. B. N. Galipeau, St. Hilaire.

“ C. Thomas, St. Hyacinthe (city).

“ Prudent Bousquet, St. Jude.

Miss Alphonsine Archambeault, Ste. Rosalie.

Primary Schools.

Misses Ursule and Céleste Plante, Anastasie Lavoie, Louise Malo, St. Damase.

“ Rachel Jeanson, Emma Chicoine, St. Pio.

“ Louise Dubois, St. Hugues.

“ Philomène Chatel and Ludivine Poulin, Ste. Marie de Monnoir.

I fully understand, Sir, that this report is short and incomplete, but it would be useless for me to repeat what I have already said in my last bulletins. I am confident that this information will be sufficient to enable you to judge of the state of the schools in my district.

The whole respectfully submitted.

I have the honor to be, &c.,

J. B. DELAGE,

School Inspector.

(Translation)

Mr. DORVAL.

L'Assomption, 3rd August, 1879.

Sir,

I have the honor to forward you the report of my visits to and the examinations I made of the different schools of my district during the school year 1878-79.

I have the misfortune not to be of the number of those who believe in the infallibility of statistics when they relate to the progress of schools both in this country and outside of it. I am of opinion that progress in a school is such that the increase or decrease in the number of pupils, who study such and such a branch of learning, is not an indisputable proof that more or less progress has been made.

According to me, the moral result of study, which is nothing else than progress, cannot be estimated in figures, although it may be described.

I will not disguise the fact that what I have said is a kind of oratorical precaution which may serve as an excuse for the dryness of the remarks I have to make upon each of my schools. I owe this excuse to you particularly, as you are by virtue of your office compelled to read them. I have therefore, this year, as in the past, been careful to give a detailed history, in as concise a manner as possible, of each institution under control, in the hope that it may supply what my figures fail to convey. In effect, those of my statistical table, although I have grouped them carefully and although they are correct, cannot tell the whole truth nor explain it.

As a synopsis of all my inspection bulletins and of these particular remarks on my schools, I must say that I am not far from the truth in reporting that, as a rule, they work well; that since two years there is a marked improvement both in the school buildings and furniture; that even in the engagement of teachers less favoritism and a better selection is shewn.

Finally, I even believe that the oldest enemy of our schools, public apathy, is disappearing, and that the next greatest evil, which impedes everything, the want of assiduity, is due to causes which neither the inspector nor the department can remove. These causes arise, in most cases, from poverty, or, in other words, from the children being required at home.

Notwithstanding the repugnance I evinced just now for statistics, in certain respects, I have the honor to submit *according to ancient and solemn custom*, a small comparative statement (taken from my grand table) of the number of pupils who studied the most useful branches which were the most recommended in your various circulars both in 1878 and 1879. The balance in favor of the present year is really encouraging.

Reading,	in 1879...2822,	In 1878...2671—	Balance in favor of 1879...151
Arithmetic,	" ...3530,	" ...3278—	" ...252
Mental arithmetic,	" ...1449,	" ... 909—	" ...540
Book-keeping,	" ... 571,	" ... 356—	" ...215
French grammar,	" ...2354,	" ...2276—	" ... 78
Parsing,	" ...2206,	" ...2063—	" ...143
Letter-writing,	" ... 985,	" ... 846—	" ...139
Geography,	" ...1454,	" ...1413—	" ... 41
Industrial drawing,	" ... 721,	" ... 237—	" ...484
Larue's Agriculture,	" ...1150,	" ... 979—	" ...171

I call your attention to the fact that this surplus proves the anxiety of the population of my district to carry out the orders of the Department, all the more from the fact that the total number of the pupils, in all my schools, this year, only exceeds that of last year by 19. This excess in all the branches—to draw something from my statistics—is not, therefore, only due to the normal increase in the infant population.

Your circular to the inspectors, dated the 15th June, 1877, orders them to send you the names of the teachers who keep the best schools in the district. As the inspectors are to be abolished, it is time to give our evidence. I do not wish to carry with me the remorse of not having given my teachers what was promised them. Confident as I am that wishes expressed in *extremis* are always sacred, I hope you will obtain from the authorities, for my teachers, more than the Council of Public Instruction has obtained for the inspectors, as an indemnity for their special visits to the model-schools, academies, &c., in 1875.

The following are the names of these teachers; but I thought it prudent to make a separate list for the Religious Ladies, whose school is the most deserving:

Model Schools.

Miss Ozone Chaput, l'Epiphanie.

“ Marie L. Bock, Lachenaie.

“ Marie Chaput, L'Assomption.

M. Gaspard Caisse, Mascouche.

Primary Schools.

Miss Rosalie Marsolèt, St. Paul l'Ermite.

“ Aglaë Gauthier, Ste. Julienne.

“ Eugénie Raby, St. Paul l'Ermite.

“ Zoë Hervieux, Lanoraie.

“ Phil. Bourque, l'Epiphanie.

“ Anna Racette, Kilkenny.

The Ladies Religious of Ste. Anne, St. Jacques Village.

“ “ La Providence, Mascouche.

“ “ “ Lanoraie.

“ “ SS. NN. J. and M., St. Roch.

“ “ “ “ St. Lin.

It is reported that the inspection of schools is to be done away with. I do not know the motives for this new legislation, but may I be permitted to say, without boasting and without wishing to pass for a prophet, that I think I know the people

we have to teach, as well as anyone else does, and that, under the circumstances in which the population is placed, there is no measure which can replace the inspection of schools, and that before long, it will be necessary to return to it.

This is the only protest I have the power to make, and I make it.

If inspection is abolished, I, as inspector, before saying *morituri te salutant*, feels himself better able to say to you, Sir, that if anything can soften the regret I feel at leaving an office with which I have identified myself for 25 years ; if anything can console me for the sorrow I feel at leaving my 7,000 pupils, or rather children, as well as my courageous teachers, it will be the remembrance of the good understanding which has existed between you in your high position and myself, your humble fellow-laborer, in mine, a good understanding which your zeal for public instruction, your enlightened ideas and your great kindness rendered so precious and agreeable.

I have the honor, &c.,

A. D. DORVAL,
School Inspector.

F. C. EMBERSON

Sir,

I have the honor to report that the schools in my inspection district, have, on the whole made as much progress as could be reasonably expected during the past year.

In my later inspections, I gave all the different schools an equal number of equally difficult questions. The scholars wrote answers to them on their slates. These answers I marked after a uniform method, I was thus enabled to rank the proficiency of the scholars in the different schools, according to a somewhat definite standard.

This, besides enabling me to award the Government prizes with unimpeachable equity, provided interesting and important matter for the reports of the state of their schools, which I try to send to the Commissioners of each municipality after inspecting it. These reports are generally treated by the Commissioners as public documents and find their way into the local press. They thus have a tendency, it would seem, to promote a generous emulation among the different Boards of Commissioners in each district, and, indeed, without them, any system of public school inspection seems to lose half its utility and effect.

The introduction of the study of drawing into elementary schools proceeds very slowly. I should imagine that those poor municipalities which receive aid from the supplementary fund, might be warned that their yearly applications would be refused, unless they could certify that all their teachers either taught drawing or were provided with Walter Smith's excellent manual and attempted to teach from it. I should think, too, that a more definite form of application should be made necessary for procuring this supplementary aid, and that special mention be made of the rates of assessment which the municipalities asking for it, levy on themselves. It also seems desirable, that, when obtained, it should be appropriated to the smaller and poorer districts in each municipality. I know of one case where an effort was made to give it entirely to the richer village district and to let the more scattered country districts go without it altogether.

I am sorry to say that the law requiring secretary-treasurers to post an annual statement of their accounts in some public place has almost entirely dropped out of use. I could wish that a printed form for such statements were provided and that one should be filled in for the Department every summer as a condition of obtaining the Government grant. I could wish also that in the semi-annual return, from each municipality, the teachers, instead of signing to the amounts paid to them during the previous half year, which amounts are often only in part liquidation of arrears, were required to testify to the total amount due to them at the end of the previous half year.

It would seem very desirable also that each Board of Commissioners should be required to appoint auditors every year, to be paid a small sum fixed by law, and that when their audit had been approved at a legal meeting of Commissioners, it could not be altered or upset except, by proof of intentional fraud.

The general practice throughout my district, in dividing school moneys, is to give each district what it raises, and to divide the Government grant equally between the districts. This is, in many ways, advantageous, as the districts which have the fewest children have generally the fewest ratepayers, and, therefore, need the most help. My great desire is to see every child in my district within 3 miles of a school kept open for eight months in the year. When a child has once learnt to read, write and cipher, he has the key to all other branches of study in his own hands.

The course I recommend in the appointment of teachers is as follows: In May the school managers are to call a meeting of each district and before June 1st, forward to the Secretary of the School Commissioners the minutes of what passed, and certify that they were read and approved at the meeting itself. The school commissioners

would thus have official knowledge of what the wishes of each district may be as to the choice of teachers, improvements in the school-house, &c., &c. They will then decide how far it is best to grant, refuse or modify these wishes so as to secure the best interests of the district, sometimes even in spite of itself, and will be guided as to the different varying assessments which it will be desirable to levy on the different districts at their June meeting.

I find great dissatisfaction expressed with the recent editions of the Upper Canadian Readers now used almost universally in this province. The misprints in the spelling of many words in them are numerous and misleading. They are certainly excellent in many respects. I could wish that a committee were appointed to add to them pieces, pointing out the duties and obligation of every citizen of this province, civil and domestic, and especially the duty of self-sacrifice in sending one's children to school, the proper precautions to take against fire, denunciations and exemplifications of the prevailing forms of dishonesty, and, indeed, such things as it is indispensable that every one should know, and which it would thus be impossible that anyone should avoid knowing

In regard to the wilful neglect of some parents in sending their children to school, I hope eventually to get the names and addresses of all such, and to send them a circular on the subject. The scholar fee is a great advantage in this respect, as commissioners can always refuse to remit it, on the plea of poverty on the part of those who enrich themselves by keeping their children at home. Where children are kept at home for want of proper clothing, it is almost always due to drink—that curse of the Anglo-Saxon race,—and a compulsory law would seem desirable. I could wish that commissioners could be officially urged to find out such cases and try the effects of moral suasion. School Commissioners are, on the whole, perhaps, composed of the pick of the rate-payers in each municipality, and seem cheerfully to perform every duty that can be reasonably required of them.

I am glad that the two academies in my district, those at Huntingdon and Lachute, hold such a high position among the Superior Schools of the Province. I attribute the fact not only to the excellence of their head masters, but to their being the only academies in the counties in which they are situated. They thus have an enlarged area whence they draw their scholars. I wish the counties in which they are could be taxed for their support.

In conclusion, I must express my regret that in the French-Canadian municipalities, almost *all* the scholars are withdrawn from school at the age of twelve years. The boys forget all they have ever learnt long before they have grown up. A few only of the girls go to the convents, where, indeed, they are most excellently taught.

The convents of Huntingdon and Hemmingford, I can report as being two of the very best schools in my whole district.

I have, Sir, the honour to be,

Your obedient servant,

F. C. EMBERSON.

(Translation)

MR. FONTAINE.

Joliette, 5th November, 1879.

Sir,

I have the honor to forward my statistics and my report on the schools of my district for the school year 1878 79.

My statistics show that the schools in my division were attended by a greater number of pupils than during the previous year, and that the average attendance was much greater; in the latter respect there is a marked improvement, and I think I may infer from this fact that teaching has made progress.

My inspection bulletins have already shewn you the true state of the schools, their management, the capabilities of the teachers, &c. I do not think it is necessary to return to these subjects, but will simply make a few remarks upon the working of our school laws.

ACCOUNTS.

I am happy to be able to state that the method of keeping accounts by the secretary-treasurers has much improved since two years. Formerly their account books were a dreadful labyrinth, of which one could make nothing. Now, thanks to the model which you have obliged them to follow, the least competent of them can keep their accounts clearly and regularly. The path is all traced out for them; they have but to follow it. If they wander, it is their own fault, and they thereby shew that they are in nowise fitted for the position of secretary-treasurer.

Regularity in book-keeping has a double result; it shows the exact position, from a financial point of view, of the municipality, and facilitates the collection of

assessments, while it secures the confidence of the rate-payers, and secondly, it enables them to pay more regularly the salaries of the teachers.

At the present moment, I think there are only six municipalities which are not provided with the necessary account-books. Some of these municipalities have not procured these books, owing to their poverty, but they will do so by degrees and according to their means.

SCHOOL-HOUSES AND FURNITURE.

I have already said, in a previous report, how little suited the school-houses were to the purpose. I am sorry to say that there is little improvement in that respect. Still, if the buildings themselves are not repaired, enlarged, better lighted, every where, at least, owing to my recommendations, the furniture has been improved, the classes are better provided with tables, forms and black-boards; the maps are also better.

The great defect of our school-houses, consists in their being badly lighted. I am always surprised at the little care which is taken to preserve good sight. People will not understand that a child who studies during many years in a badly lighted house, where his organs of sight are continually and painfully employed, runs the risk of contracting, and does, in fact, contract serious diseases of the eye, which cause weakness, shortness of sight, &c.

SICKNESS-HYGIENE.

I think that during the year 1878-79, sickness was rarer amongst the children attending school than in the previous years. Still, several localities have suffered from partial epidemics. To what must we attribute all these diseases in children, such as diphtheria, low, intermittent and typhoid fevers and varioloid? I have no hesitation in stating that if the children were kept cleaner in their persons and at school, and under better hygienic conditions, sickness would be of less frequent occurrence and less disastrous in its effects.

But who takes any interest in hygiene, the art of preserving health; who understands its first laws and most elementary principles? Who practise it? None, except very few.

I wish and ardently desire that the commissioners and teachers should read attentively and inwardly digest the treatise of Dr. Riaut "*L'hygiène de l'école*" (the Hygiene of schools), published in the March, April and May numbers of the *Journal of Public Instruction*. They will see what attention is paid in our old mother-country to the education of children and particularly to their comfort in the schools, and to the preservation of their health. The simple reading of this

treatise is sufficient for the guidance of a well-balanced mind and to cause it to adopt hygienic measures which would save the lives of thousands of children, and which would, moreover, leave them strong and robust when they are finished with school, instead of being stunted in body and weak in health.

The *Journal of Public Instruction*, which is distributed gratuitously to the teachers since two years, has not been productive of as much good as I expected, for the very good reason that it has not been read. The female teachers seem to think themselves too well educated to require to read it, as it offers them *nothing interesting, nothing good and nothing practical*!. It is really pitiful to hear such language from persons who cannot say what a verb or an adjective is.

In my opinion, the *Journal of Public Instruction* might have been very useful to the teachers of both sexes. But its abolition has been ordered; so, let us say nothing more about it. Let us only state that in future the female teachers will have nothing to read, except their prayer-books in church, on Sundays.

EXAMINATION OF TEACHERS.

I have often noticed that male and female teachers seemed to know but little of even very elementary subjects. Some questions made at hap-hazard have shewn me that they were rusty and that it would be a good thing to pass a file or plane over certain spots. I have already made several examinations, and in order that there may be no misunderstanding I have notified all the teachers to be prepared to pass an examination before me at each of my visits. By so doing, I think I meet your views and carry out the spirit of the law; it is, perhaps, the only means of keeping the teachers on their guard, and of keeping the *sacred fire* alight within them.

For a long time, it is said, certificates or diplomas were given with too great facility to every one who asked for them. I sincerely think that great abuses existed in this respect, but I learn that the Montreal Board of Examiners has been very severe during the past six months. I don't think there will be any excess on this point, but at any rate, let us exact real knowledge, and capacity and aptitude from those who wish to become the instructors and directors of youth, and the world will recognize the justice of this idea.

DRAWING AND AGRICULTURE.

As you will notice by my statistics, these two branches have not been as generally taught as you desire. Still, there is an improvement, especially as regards drawing. Every year the number of pupils who draw will increase, as the teachers

become convinced that the study of industrial drawing is not impossible for them, and that they can render themselves capable of teaching it in a short time.

Agriculture will be practically taught only when the masters shall have studied its first principles, when they understand and analyse them. Every master should have a good author, a guide-book on the subject. Some ideas on agricultural chemistry would not be out of place.

UNIFORMITY IN THE BOOKS.

In a single school I have seen four different grammars in the hands of the pupils. This is a great obstacle, the consequences of which are beyond calculation and which it is absolutely necessary to remove. By means of the depository and of the purchase by the municipalities of the books used in the schools, that uniformity, which is so desirable, would be promptly established. Some municipalities in my district have already acceded to my desire in that respect and are all very well satisfied with this system, which works well. Other corporations will soon follow this example in the interest of education.

VACATIONS.

In my opinion there should be two vacations during the year : at the end of December, during the first seven days of January ; and in summer, from the twentieth of July to the same day of September,—in all eight weeks in summer and a week and a half in winter. Many people are opposed to a vacation at New Year. I really think this vacation is unavoidable. Let the school be kept open from the 1st of January to the 7th, and it will be deserted. During this period every one, and children even more than old people, wishes to visit and be visited, to see their cousins, friends, parents, &c.

But what I loudly condemn is the practice of some masters who teach school without a break from the first of September to the end of May, and who, after having taught for two hundred and eight days, will go no further. It often happens that a school is closed during the finest month in the year and the young children particularly are deprived of teaching during a period, which is, in every respect, favorable.

I have everywhere pressed the commissioners to engage teachers for the space of a whole year, namely : from the first of July to the 30th of June following,

reserving the right of giving holidays when they think proper. I am confident that the commissioners will comply with my wishes on this point.

Your humble and obedient servant,

A. FONTAINE,
School Inspector.

REV. MR. M. FOTHERGILL

Quebec, July 15th, 1879.

The Hon. Gédéon Ouimet,
Superintendent of Education,
&c., &c., &c.

Sir,

In submitting my annual report it affords me very great pleasure to affirm that the various educational establishments within my district have made satisfactory progress during the year.

The teachers have been assiduous in the discharge of their duties and the results of the examinations, in contrast with last year, evince a higher standard of instruction.

For the sake of convenience I will mention the schools in the order in which they are in the accompanying statistical tables.

1. *The Girls' High School*.—This institution continues to advance in the public esteem; there are now 150 pupils under the charge of Miss MacDonald and three assistant-teachers. It is but poor praise to say that all, pupils and teachers, have worked with a will. At the close of the scholastic year, at the request of the Commissioners, the scholars were subjected to a severe *written* examination conducted by the Revd. Professor Weir and myself. The classes in the higher subjects of *Geometry* and *Algebra* passed very creditably; a marked improvement was also noticeable in English Composition, Geography, History and Scripture; there appears to be a danger of the ordinary elementary work being too much hurried in consequence of the great attention paid to Mathematics, Roman, Grecian and Canadian History. The school would be greatly improved if the Commissioners had it in their power to obtain the services of an additional teacher, one who had received the benefits of a Normal School training.

I would like to see *Embroidery and Plain Sewing*, after the custom of the English Board Schools, added to the list of studies, it seems to me that they would be found really more useful to the young ladies than mensuration.

The building is a most excellent one : three large rooms, with class rooms—all a good height and well ventilated ; admirable accommodation is provided for the caretaker or any of the teachers ; there is also a suitable play-ground attached, which will add much to the usefulness of this establishment. The Commissioners are to be congratulated on their elegant and well appointed school.

2. *The Artillery Street School*.—This school, under the control of Mr. Emslie, with his assistant, Miss. Staton, is, as usual, crowded to excess. Mr. Emslie imparts a thorough commercial education ; his pupils, as a rule, do well and obtain satisfactory employments. The school is especially to be commended for good penmanship.

The building is quite inadequate for the number of pupils, both the junior and senior departments being over full.

3. *The St. Ann Street School (St. Andrew's)*.—Mr. Fergusson (whose removal from Champlain street, I ventured to recommend) has fully sustained my anticipation of his powers as a teacher ; he took charge of the St. Andrew's School on the removal of the girls into their new building. At first he had but 15 or 16 boys ; now he has fifty. The examination testified to the careful work of the master.

4. *Champlain Street School*.—This school has done fairly well during the year. It is not as large as formerly, in consequence of the withdrawal of a number of Roman Catholic children, who, until the Revd. Fathers of St. Patrick provided them with a school, were glad to make use of it.

5. *St. Roch's (Boys' Department)*.—This school has not increased during the year. Mr. Purdie is an excellent teacher of superior abilities and deserves a more influential position. The scholars are irregular in their attendance, more so than in any other of the Protestant schools of the city.

6. *Girls' and Boys' Department*.—Miss Ahern has done fair work during the year with her classes. The discipline of the school is good and the attendance regular.

7. *The Augustin Street Girls' School*.—Miss Wilkins continues to manage the school with marked success. The discipline is good and the instruction thorough. As an instance of progress I may mention a class of pupils who, last year, were in the alphabet and are now reading fluently in the Third-Book. Both Miss Wilkins and her assistant, Miss Martin, deserve much credit for their careful work in the school.

At the close of the term, on the request of the Commissioners, the Revd. Colborne Haney assisted me in an examination of the Artillery Street School, Mr. Purdie's, Miss Ahern's and Mr. Fergusson's.

I have now noted the Commissioners Schools, and I would wish to add that the gentlemen forming the Board spare no pains to make their establishments as complete as possible with the small revenue at their command. More school room is required, and I hope yet to see another building erected, somewhat similar to the Girls' High School, for the boys with playground attached.

8. *St. Roch's North*.—This school has not been quite as well attended as formerly. I also regret to state that much difficulty has been experienced in collecting the school rates and hence the debt upon the new building is still pending. I trust that more satisfactory arrangements may shortly be made for securing the necessary means to carry on the school in a suitable manner.

9. *St. Sauveur de Québec*.—This District has been separated from St. Roch's North during the year and a new school-house erected, a school-house which does credit to all concerned in its erection; it is roomy, well arranged with class-rooms and suitable apartments for the teacher; in fact it is all that could be desired and quite adequate to the wants of the district. The cost, too, in building has not been large.

Mr. Godin, the teacher has done good service since his appointment. In June, 1878, the school was in state of collapse; the late teacher, in consequence of failing health and age, had lost control, and on his death the school passed into the hands of the present master, who has certainly wrought a marvellous improvement; the discipline is good, and I rejoice that the late revered master (Mr. East) has so painstaking a successor.

The examination was, by special request, made public and witnessed by a large number of parents and members of the Board of Trustees; the latter, with kind thoughtfulness, provided several prizes in addition to those furnished by the Department. Both Mr. Bell, of St. Sauveur de Québec, and Mr. H. N. Jones, of St. Roch's North, deserve the praise and gratitude of the community for their zealous, untiring and successful efforts in providing new school-houses in their respective districts.

I have the honour to be, &c.,

M. M. FOTHERGILL,

School Inspector.

(Translation.

MR. GAY.

Hull, 14th August, 1879.

Sir,

I have the honor to forward you my annual report on the state of the schools in the counties of Ottawa and Pontiac, during the year 1878-79. It comprises three parts : 1st. remarks on each municipality in particular ; 2nd. comparative statement for the past five years ; 3rd. general observations.

Comparative statement of the past five years.

	1874-75	1875-76	1876-77	1877-78	1878-79
Municipalities	35	39	44	41	45
Districts	98	113	119	122	127
Institutions in operation..	96	100	110	112	106
Number of the pupils.....	3844	4559	4999	5031	4783
Average attendance	3069	3166	3640	3756	3440
Pupils reading	1176	1363	1549	1306	1397
“ studying arithmetic	1535	1929	2193	2308	2460
“ “ mental arithmetic.....	688	738	697	959	843
“ “ book-keeping	42	117	115	141	208
“ “ penmanship.....	2010	2012	2310	2341	2465
“ “ English grammar..	451	389	434	510	610
“ “ French do	702	815	902	1042	991
“ “ orthography.....	938	919	770	734	659
“ “ geography.....	631	616	748	792	951
“ “ history.....	695	675	767	851	808
“ “ agriculture				155	161
“ “ linear drawing.....				175	205
Average salaries of male teachers\$	245	234	231	230	220
“ “ female do\$	145	143	138	130	132

General observations.

Remarks.—If the year 1875-6 be compared with 1878-9, it will be seen that there has been progress in every branch, except in the number of pupils who are studying orthography. This requires some explanation. In the first two years, as I had no rule to direct me in this matter, I counted amongst the pupils who were learning orthography, all those who were studying English spelling. Since then I have thought proper to change this system ; and I now include in the category of the pupils learning orthography only those who, having gone through the four conjugations in both languages, are capable of spelling from dictation in a passable manner. The inspectors should receive instructions on this point ; for, in looking over their reports, it may be remarked that some put more pupils in orthography than in grammar, and others the reverse.

Comparing the last year with the preceding one, a falling off in the number of institutions in operation will be noticed. The fact is that, last year, five new schools were opened ; but eleven were closed, five of which belonged to too limited districts, and which could not be expected to work permanently ; the six others have been temporarily suspended by the Commissioners, who take this way of paying old debts. This will explain the decrease in the number of children who attended school. The decrease of two per cent on the average attendance is to be accounted for by the extreme cold of the whole winter, and the poverty of the parents.

Agriculture.—The teaching of this science is not so general as it might be desired, principally on account of the want of the necessary books. Some Boards of Commissioners procure books from the departmental depository, but they sell them to the pupils ; and even should they not charge the full price for them, the amount has always to be paid by the parents, by means of extra taxes. If the treatise on agriculture were included in one of the readers used in the schools, the pupils would be exempt from buying a special book, and we would be certain that every pupil who had learned to read had also learned agriculture, at least theoretically.

Drawing.—The pupils arduously devote themselves to the study of drawing ; but as yet it is scarcely taught except in village schools.

In the other schools, the teachers are not provided with the necessary books and materials.

Account books.—The new account books issued by the department are used in about two-thirds of the municipalities ; I trust that before the end of next year they will be in almost general use. This new system is productive of the very best results.

Salaries.—Several municipalities not having met their engagements with their teachers within the specified time, have allowed their debts to accumulate considerably. They are those of Chichester, Ste. Elizabeth de Franktown, Aylmer, Gatineau Point, Templeton, Buckingham, Wright and Northfield. The greatest number of these municipalities have already taken or are about to take measures to pay off their debts ; but one of them, Aylmer, seems to be perfectly careless about the matter.

Diplomas.—The masters and mistresses employed without diplomas are nine in number, in the following municipalities : Allumette, 1 ; Aylmer, 1 ; St. Edouard de Workfield, 1 ; Templeton, 1 ; L'Ange-Gardien, 2 ; Buckingham, 2 ; Lochaber, 1.

From all the foregoing, it appears that the two causes which have been most detrimental to the progress of the schools, have been the small salaries paid to teachers, and the neglect of commissioners in meeting their engagements towards them. If these two obstacles can be removed, it is quite certain that there will be fewer failures, and that general progress will be more rapid and regular.

I have purposely repeated in this report several suggestions which I made in last year's, thinking that probably both would not be published.

I have the honor to be, &c.,

AUG. GAY,
School Inspector.

(Translation)

MR. GRONDIN

Laprairie, 15th August, 1879.

Sir,

I have the honor to submit my report for the year 1878-79, on the state of the schools in the counties of Beauharnois, Laprairie and Châteauguay, with the exception, *in the latter county*, of the Protestant schools of Ormstown and of the two municipalities of St. Jean Chrysostôme. I have *underlined* four words in the preceding sentence in order to show that some Protestant schools of that part of the municipality of Ormstown, which extends into the county of Beauharnois, are under my superintendence, and that they would not be mentioned in the statistics, because

they would not be found in any district of inspection, if mine had been described, omitting the four words referred to.

The progress achieved this year being greater than in the last, and in the latter than during the preceding one, as the comparison between the statistical tables of these several years shows, prove, that our people are not indifferent to the prosperity of their schools, and that they appreciate the advantages of education.

Yet, every one does not understand, that in order that our schools may achieve all the success desirable, there must be regularity in attendance, uniformity in school books, and prompt obedience to the regulations made or issued by those in charge of education,—I mean by the Council and Department of Public Instruction.

Nevertheless, I am happy to state that the books approved by both Councils of Public Instruction, are the only works in use in all the schools which I have to visit; that I have succeeded almost everywhere in carrying out the regulations respecting the teaching of drawing, book-keeping and agriculture; and that whenever those regulations have not yet been put in practice, I have been formally promised that it shall be done next year, immediately on the opening of the classes.

If, amongst those who adopt the difficult but noble career of teaching, there are some who, through a lack of sufficient education or knowledge of teaching, achieve but poor results, I hasten to state that these cases are so few, that I prefer saying at once, that no teacher of an elementary or model school, or an academy, exercises his functions without a proof of his competence established by a legal diploma, and that, in almost every case, there is evidence of energy, and above all of willingness. As to the religious male and female teachers, to do justice to their institutions, I would need only to quote the testimony of eminent men who declare that they would do honor to the most civilized nations of the world.

The model schools are kept by competent teachers who have nearly all obtained their diplomas at the Jacques-Cartier Normal School, where they have been taught not only to impart science, but, moreover, to bring up children in such a way as to make them future useful members of society, and good citizens.

The elementary schools, with the exception of three, are entrusted to female teachers, most of whom have acquired in convents a good education which enables them to teach their pupils, with satisfactory success, the branches required in elementary schools, to explain the catechism and to impart sound notions of religion and morality.

I stated above that the progress this year was greater than last; and the difference shown by a comparison of the statistical tables of these two years is as follows :

Total number of pupils in institutions of every kind, this year, 9641 . last year, 9591 ;—increase, 50.

Total of average attendance, this year, 6807 ; last year, 6779 ;—increase, 28.

Number of pupils reading, more or less, fluently ; this year, 3620, last year, 3582 ; increase, 38.

Pupils reading well : this year, 4553, last year, 4531 ; increase, 22.

Pupils writing : this year, 6293, last year, 5916 ; increase, 377.

Mental arithmetic : this year, 3241, last year, 1771 ; increase, 470.

Book-keeping : this year, 1186, last year, 1036 ; increase, 150.

Mathematics : this year, 1001, last year, 723 ; increase, 278.

Mensuration : this year, 958, last year, 672 ; increase, 286.

English grammar : this year, 1429, last year, 1377 ; increase, 47.

French grammar : this year, 3734, last year, 3457 ; increase, 277.

Orthography : this year, 4254, last year, 3914 ; increase, 340.

Parsing : this year, 3628, last year, 3298 ; increase, 330.

Letter-writing : this year, 1321, last year, 1082 ; increase, 239.

Geography : this year, 3448, last year, 3882 ; increase, 66.

History : this year, 3341, last year, 2999 ; increase, 342.

Linear drawing : this year, 1088, last year, 607 ; increase, 481.

Sketching from nature : this year, 252, last year, 219 : increase, 33.

Agriculture : this year, 1236, last year, 1005 ; increase, 231.

I have examined the books of the secretary-treasurers, and I have everywhere found them honestly kept, and with very few exceptions, there was much order and clearness in the keeping of the accounts.

I now give a rapid sketch of each school in particular.....

I have the honor to be, &c.,

L. GRONDIN,
School Inspector.

MR. HUBBARD.

Sherbrooke, June 30th. 1879.

Hon. G. Ouimet, Superintendent of Public Instruction, Quebec.

Sir,

I have the honor to submit my report for the scholastic year ending with date.

The number of schools reported, and the general attendance, as shown by the accompanying statistical table, do not vary very materially from the report of last year; though the attendance has, I think, been rather less than that of some previous years. This may be accounted for, at least in part, by the unusual severity of the winter, rendering it difficult for young children to attend school. The number of municipalities, wholly or in part reported, is 37: whole number of schools, 313. It was my aim to visit all the schools twice during the year; but owing to the very large number, the difficulty at times of travelling, and to some interruptions by illness induced by exposure, I was unable fully to carry out my design. Quite a number of the schools, also, were for only one term; these I could, as a rule, visit only once; but in a large majority of cases, I have made two visits. Since I have been furnished with the proper blanks, I have sent you the bulletins of my visits, as fast as I have been able to complete the various municipalities.

In the County of Stanstead I report nine, (9) municipalities, with ninety-eight, (98) schools; viz:—Stanstead, 31; Stanstead Plain, 3; Beebe Plain, 1; Barnston, 24; Coaticook, 5; Bradford, 5; Dixville, 2; Hatley, 16, and Magog, 11. Of these 90 are elementary schools under control of Commissioners, 3 academies, 1 model school, 1 college, and 3 independent schools.

I visited two hundred and seventy-five (275,) schools in summer, and two hundred and twenty-five, (225,) in winter. I have distributed the prize books which were sent me, carrying out as far as possible, the instructions given in regard to such distribution, and striving in all cases, to act with justice and impartiality.

I have the honor to be,

Sir,

Your obedient servant,

H. HUBBARD,
School Inspector.

(Translation)

MR. JUNEAU.

Quebec, 25th October, 1879.

Sir,

I have the honor to forward herewith my report for the year 1878-79, on the working of the schools in my district of inspection.

I am happy to be able to state that my schools, with some exceptions, are still progressing; there is more uniformity in the system of teaching, more competence in the teachers and better judgment in the choice of school books. The body of teachers being taken more and more from among the pupils of the normal schools, gives us additional security daily for capacity and ability.

The teaching of drawing has been more extended than in the past; children have great taste for this art.

I have remarked that since the introduction of drawing into the schools, penmanship is generally better and finer, and the copy-books are much cleaner.

The pupils of the St. Roch's convent have made remarkable progress in calligraphy this year; it would have been difficult to say which was the best copy-book or drawing book in each class.

The teaching of agriculture progresses slowly; the female teachers are not earnest about it; but as I insist upon it, they must teach it.

The city schools under control are nearly all entrusted to the Brothers of the Christian schools for the boys; and to the Reverend Ladies of *la Congrégation* Sisters of Charity and of the Good Shepherd for the girls; and notwithstanding the large number of pupils who attend the numerous classes in these establishments, progress therein is continuous.

There are, besides, in the city, eight other schools under control: five in St. John's and St. Louis suburbs, two of which are for boys, taught, one by Mr. J. B. Dugal and the other by Mr. Etienne Focteau; the three others are under the direction of Misses Heatley, Fahey and Baxter; two at the Palais, taught by Misses Farloy and Goulet, and one at St. Roch's, by Miss Hawkins. All these schools gave me full and complete satisfaction.

Mr. Dugal's school was attended by 118 pupils. This gentleman takes only young children; he teaches them reading, writing, arithmetic, a little grammar and

the catechism ; as soon as they have acquired a slight knowledge of these primary branches, they go to the Brothers School, and Mr. Dugal resumes his elementary teaching. It is an arduous and monotonous task, especially when one is beginning to grow old.

In the month of May next, Mr. Dugal will have completed the fiftieth year of his teaching ; I hope the Teachers' Association of the District of Quebec will not fail, at its May session, to celebrate the golden wedding of this venerable teacher, as it did some years ago, in the case of the late venerable Mr. Antoine Légaré, of happy memory.

It seems to me that the school commissioners of Quebec, as an appreciation of the long and inestimable services rendered by Mr. J. B. Dugal, during half a century, to the children of St. John's Suburbs, it seems to me, I repeat, that the commissioners should grant him a small pension, which, added to that which he will by right receive from the teachers' fund, would place him in a position to rest after the fatigues of his long devotion to the noble cause of education. Mr. Dugal is entitled to the gratitude of the citizens, and the commissioners, by granting him a small pension, would meet the views of all the friends of education. Mr. Dugal is actually teaching the great grand-children of his first pupils. This is fine, but extremely rare.

Besides its high educational institutions and schools under control, the city of Quebec has academies, model schools, and over forty elementary schools ; all these schools are attended by large numbers of pupils. To save time, I will only mention those which seemed the best directed.

In Upper Town, the Commercial Academy, under the able direction of the Brothers of the Christian Schools ; Mr. Charles O'Reilley's scientific school, under the superintendence of the Reverend Redemptorist Fathers, and those of Misses Neville and Donoghue.

In Lower Town, the Misses Fortin each have a class for young children, which are perfectly satisfactory. The schools kept by Mesdames Frechette and O'Neill, are also on a good footing.

In St. John's and St. Louis suburbs, the schools kept by Misses Marceau, Fluct, Drolet, Trumble and Hetherington are well taught, and deserve encouragement ; the Patronage School is attended by the poorest children in the city ; its two classes are crowded ; reading is here taught without spelling. In Mr. Cloutier's class I found some very good pupils.

In St. Roch's, Messrs. Damaso Bélanger and Clovis Fecneau each conduct a model school with fair success; Misses Tremblay, Levasseur, Adam, Hudon, Laurier, and Mmes. Côté and Lavoie, are also each in charge of a well kept model school. The schools kept by Misses Gagnon, Vallée, Lefebvre, Pelletier, Noël, Morency, Drouin, Curadeau, Tremblay, Langevin, Turcot and Nadeau are on a good footing and well attended. There are also in the several wards of the city several small schools attended by very young children.

The evening schools for adults, especially that of arts and manufactures, have succeeded well. Messrs. Eugène Hamel, artist, John Campbell, engineer, and Elzéar Charost, architect, professors in the school of arts and manufactures, have had the excellent idea of inviting the public to an exhibition of the work of their pupils, consisting of drawings of ornaments, scenery, mechanical and linear drawings; and in order better to show to the visitors the progress made by the pupils, the first and last drawing of each were exhibited; and I am happy to state that this exhibition of a new character was a complete success for the professors, who spared neither time, nor trouble, to make their teaching useful and agreeable to the pupils; and it was creditable to the latter, who derived so much benefit from the lessons of their able and indefatigable professors.

The different schools of the Christian Brothers also had their drawing exhibitions. The parents of the pupils were really astonished at the progress made. The pupils of St. Roch's school, alone, had exhibited more than seven hundred drawings, consisting of portraits, ornamental drawing, scenery, architecture, &c.

Although there are a great number of schools in the city, there are not yet enough, as all the children of age to attend cannot be admitted. In the St. John's and St. Louis suburbs alone, there are several hundreds deprived of the benefits of education. The parents of these poor children are, nevertheless, supposed to pay, in the same way as other citizens, the taxes imposed for the support of schools without deriving any benefit therefrom. It seems to me that the Commissioners should immediately see to it, as the matter is pressing.

Let suitable houses for schools be rented in the several wards of the city, where children, who are now running about the streets, may receive a good and solid Christian education, and thus turn out good men and useful citizens; but who, if left to themselves, to grow up in ignorance of their duties will be, as I have already seen, a disgrace, to our city, which not long since was so tranquil.

I have said that school houses should *be rented*; would it not have been better to say *be built*? The school commissioners of Québec, do not own one building. Why should we not do here on a small scale what Montreal does on a large one? Let us erect, as they do, large and good school houses; if we have no money to do so, let us

again follow their Example and borrow ; and if our means will not allow us to put up splendid buildings, let us erect them in a more modest style.

It is high time to commence to work ; all our children must be educated and learn to become good citizens. The reputation of Quebec is at stake.

Being convinced that sufficient attention was not generally paid in our schools to the instruction of the children, I thought right to impress on the male and female teachers how important it was that they should make up for the indifference of too many parents, who take but little trouble to educate their children in every Christian virtue.

I told them that it was not sufficient that a teacher should have the necessary knowledge for his station ; he must know how to communicate it to others, and his moral conduct must be always and everywhere irreproachable ; that the principal duty of a good teacher is to give children a good, solid, religious education ; he must deeply impress upon their minds the sentiment of their duties towards God, their parents, and their fellow-men, and to attain this noble object he must instruct more by example than precept.

The child will afterwards remember the words of a beloved and respected teacher ; how he spoke of God, his holy church and his ministers ; this remembrance will always be profitable and keep him in the path of duty.

The mind of a child is like wax on which it is easy to make a salutary impression ; it is also a virgin soil productive of good works.

I have strongly recommended in all my schools the practising of sacred vocal music ; our country children have almost all excellent voices which only require cultivation.

Singing, while it is an agreeable recreation, elevates their minds, touches their hearts, and inspires them with noble sentiments ; it is also a hygienic exercise ; it expands and strengthens their lungs.

Having filled up the bulletins of the schools outside of the city, I have not thought it necessary to mention them here.

The whole humbly submitted.

I have the honor to be, etc.,

F. E. JUNEAU,
School Inspector.

(Translation)

MR. LAMARCHE.

Sir,

I have the honor to forward my report on the inspection district of Iberville, for the scholastic year 1878-79.

Judging from the two visits which I made this year to each school, I am enabled to state that there has been almost universal progress in the keeping of the schools. The female teachers of whom I had to complain last year, have been either replaced to advantage or have greatly improved. There are still some who have succeeded in imposing on the commissioners, and thus have renewed their engagement. Some amongst those I have found, who, even with the book before them, could not compute the interest on a sum for a certain number of years, months and days. It is quite astonishing, that such teachers should have secured their diploma from a Board of Examiners. I do not speak of the lack of the knowledge of teaching, for this is to be acquired by practice only; but as to what relates to scientific knowledge, they should at least know what they have to teach.

I may say that almost all the model and superior schools are good, and I attribute this success to the fact, that in the greater number of these schools in, which there are a good number of pupils, the teacher has an assistant. This assistant teaches the most backward pupils, under the superintendence of the teacher who devotes his time to the more advanced. In this way, the explanations are fuller, and the exercises more varied. This assistant is generally, a young man who intends to become a teacher, and if he is fortunate enough to be under an able master's guidance, he acquires the experience which is so necessary in the difficult art of teaching. I would wish that this system were more extended, and that persons preparing to teach should thus acquire a good method before taking charge of a school. In all numerously attended classes, I strongly advised the male or female teacher to secure the services of an assistant.

What I have just said of model schools, may be applied to a large number of elementary schools. Yet, the relative want of success in several of these schools, may be partly attributed to the poor attendance of the children. The model school being always in a village or populous centre, there are always a certain number of pupils who attend regularly, an advantage not possessed by the elementary school where very few pupils reside in close proximity. As the majority of the school inspectors have pointed out and deplored this misfortune, in nearly all their reports, I will not insist further upon it.

Engagements should always be made or renewed in the month of April, at latest, so that a teacher leaving one locality may procure a situation elsewhere. I have noticed with regret, that in several municipalities, the bad custom still exists of notifying all the male and female teachers at the same time, and without any regard to their respective merits. This way of acting cools the zeal of good teachers, who find themselves placed on the same level as poor ones, and drives them away from municipalities where their abilities are so poorly appreciated. These notices are given in the month of March or April, for the purpose, it appears, of reserving to the school commissioners the privilege of dismissing their male or female teachers according to the more or less favorable result of the examination at the end of the year. The commissioners act in this way because they do not see to their schools often enough and do not visit them. I found one municipality in which the commissioners had not visited their schools for three years. I had to point out the disastrous consequences of such negligence. As the examinations have taken place this year, I will refrain from giving the name of this municipality.

These examinations would be held much more easily, if the master was told to make in the register a list of all the pupils by order of classes with the branches studied, and showing how far the pupils had gone. In going over this list the examiners would see at a glance the questions to be put and the problems to be solved; they might then enter in the margin the mark obtained in each branch. By these lists, it would be very easy to establish the progress achieved at each examination, and later these different notes would be of great assistance to the teacher who might afterwards arrive.

The system of good points, which I have seen working with great success in some schools, appears to me well calculated to stimulate the zeal of the pupils and to create much emulation. I trust that it will be generally adopted throughout our schools in this district, and be substituted for the system of corporal punishment.

The school furniture is improving slightly every day. I have succeeded in procuring seats with backs whenever they were wanting. Good, solid, inclined desks have replaced the old flat, shaky, tables, which were the delight of the giddy and lazy pupils. Unfortunately, chalk is wanting in several schools; I was obliged to purchase some myself, to give explanations on the blackboard. Several schools purchased geographical maps this year, and the number of pupils studying this branch has consequently increased. The best pupils in geography are those who unite drawing of maps with mechanical drawing.

The rendering of the accounts by the secretary-treasurers is still difficult to obtain in many cases. Although the law is formal on this point, and that it orders that the accounts shall be ready for the first of July, it often happens that they are not ready at my first visit in the fall. It is therefore not surprising to find several

years administration accounted for at once. I think it would be well to add a form for the rendering of accounts to the half yearly report, which each secretary is obliged to forward to the Department in the month of July. This would bring about uniformity in the accounts which some secretaries make of an inordinate length, and others in an incomprehensible manner. Moreover, it would be wise and prudent were the law to order, that the accounts of the secretary-treasurers should not be accepted by the commissioners, until they had been verified by the inspector. By this means the disputes which arise, when the inspector finds errors in accounts accepted by the commissioners, would be avoided.

I deem it my duty, Sir, to draw your attention to the state of the parish of St. Grégoire-le-Grand, for which I request supplementary aid. This municipality lost the sum of seven hundred or eight hundred dollars in money, with their books and archives, and the arrears which it is impossible to establish, because the books are no longer in existence. This accident shows the necessity of collecting the school taxes and paying the teachers regularly. The teachers were entitled to one half of their salary fifteen days before the fire, while they had only been paid a quarter. I must highly praise the zeal of the school commissioners; but unfortunately they were not assisted by their ex-secretary, whose management finished so unfortunately.

I have the honor to be, &c.,

Z. O. LAMARCHE,
School Inspector.

St. John's, September, 1 79.

(Translation.)

MR. LAPLANTE.

St. Grégoire, 28th Aug., 1879.

Sir,

I have the honor to submit my annual report on the state of Public Instruction in my district of inspection, for the year 1878-79, as also my grand statistical table for the same year.

I had the pleasure of visiting most of the schools under my superintendence in company with some of the commissioners, whom I had strongly advised, last

year, to be more regular in their visits. I was therefore highly gratified to see that most of the schools, this year, were visited even twice by the commissioners, who, with very few exceptions, are well inclined. I will not enter into the details of each municipality in particular, for it would be only repeating what I have said already in my bulletins. I will confine myself to general remarks.

I may say that I am generally very well satisfied with the good order and progress of the higher schools in my district of inspection. Several elementary schools also deserve mention.

The following are the names of the male and female teachers who have distinguished themselves :

County of Nicolet.

Independent academy of Ste. Gortrude, kept by Miss L. Leblanc.

Miss G. Deshayes, at St. Pierre les Becquets.

Model school of the Reverend Sisters of L'Assomption.

Miss E. Héon, St. Wenceslas.

“ P. Laplante, Ste. Monique.

“ A. Rhéault, Bécancour.

“ Bailly, Gentilly.

Elementary Schools.

Misses O. Houde and M. Bellofeuille, Ste. Angèle.

School kept by the Sisters of L'Assomption, at St. Célestin.

Miss D. Bourgeois, St. Célestin.

“ B. Dubuc, St. Pierre les Becquets.

“ J. Richard, Ste. Gortrude.

“ E. Genest, Gentilly.

“ A. Camirand, Ste. Monique.

“ S. Lambert and Miss J. Lovasseur, St. Léonard.

“ A. Rivard, St. Wenceslas.

“ M. Lemaire, Ste. Brigitte.

“ R. Deshayes, Bécancour.

“ A. Cartier and Miss X. Genest, St. Zéphyrin.

County of Yamaska, (Model Schools.)

The boys' academy, under the able direction of the Brothers of *La Doctrine Chrétienne*, at Baie du Febvre. It is needless to say that this institution fully sustains its rank, and reflects much credit on Revd. M. Paradis, its founder.

Mr. A. Tremblay, pupil of the Normal School, St. Thomas.

Misses P. Maurault, St. Thomas.

Day school of the Sisters of la Présentation, St. David.

Madame Décôteau, St. Zéphirin.

Misses M. Archambeau, St. David.

Elementary Schools.

Miss L. Bergeron, St. David.

“ E. Cloutier and Miss G. Martel, Baie du Febvre.

Misses Shooner (2), St. Thomas.

Miss O. Paré, St. David.

“ L. Winner, St. Pie de Guire.

No doubt there are a good number of other schools on a good footing, but I intend to mention only those which, in almost every respect, comply with the laws of education.

I regret that the teaching of drawing and agriculture is not better appreciated by the rate-payers, and sometimes even by the commissioners in certain municipalities, who find that the little manual of agriculture is absolutely useless and pretend to be the best qualified to speak on the subject. Several female teachers find it difficult still to teach drawing, not having learned it. There is, however, a great increase over last year, as you may see by the statistics.

There are still school houses in nearly all the municipalities which stand more or less in need of repairs. Promises were made everywhere to attend to it. Notwithstanding all my efforts to secure uniformity in teaching and in the school books, I regret to have to state that there are still many female teachers who cling to their own system. I trust, however, that before long I shall be better satisfied in this respect. I have also remarked, this year, more absences amongst the pupils than last year. I attribute this lack of attendance to the severe cold we had last winter and the poverty of the people.

In almost all the municipalities, account books have been procured, as recommended in your last circular. I regret that a certain number have not yet purchased ledgers. I have strongly insisted wherever there were any arrears, that they should be collected as soon as possible, as several teachers in those municipalities complain of being badly paid.

Several poor municipalities complain that the school commissioners distribute the funds of the municipality amongst the different districts, according to their

revenue: that is, that each district has its own rates and monthly contributions, besides an equal share in the Government grant. In poor districts, which pay very low taxes, the revenue is altogether insufficient to provide for even a passable school.

Before closing, let me repeat what I think what I have already said in my former reports. That it is always unfortunate for a school Commission to give up its right to choose its own teachers itself, and to refer this question to the whole population of a district. Under such circumstances, the male and female teachers are the victims of some obstinate whims, as I have witnessed again this year; and very often, the inspector is obliged to interfere in such a state of affairs; he has much unpleasantness to endure, either from the rate-payers or from certain commissioners who will not listen to reason.

I have the honor to be, &c.,

L. M. PLANTE,
Schools Inspector.

(Translation.)

MR. LEFEBVRE.

Three Rivers, 26th August, 1879.

Sir,

I have the honor of forwarding my yearly report on the state of the schools in my district of inspection, for the scholastic year 1878-79, as also my grand statistical table for the same year.

My district is composed of 24 municipalities, comprising 111 districts, 78 school-houses and 110 schools in operation.

The total number of pupils old enough to attend school in the whole of my district is 8,786. The number inscribed in the roll is 5,834, which gives 2,952 pupils, or between 33 and 34 per cent who do not go to school. The difference between the number on the roll and that of the average attendance is 1,994, or 66 per cent.

The total number of pupils in the establishments of all kinds, shows a decrease of 56 from last year, which I attribute to the emigration of several families to the

United States, and to contagious diseases in several municipalities. It must also be stated that my statistical table, for this year, does not contain the statistics of the dissentient Protestant schools in the parish of Portneuf, which are now under the control of Rev. Mr. Fothergill.

If there is no increase in the number of pupils attending the schools of my district, in general, still I am happy to say that there is a marked increase in the number of those who study the various branches of the official curriculum.

In comparing my statistics of last year with those of this year, it appears that 128 more pupils learn arithmetic, 2,249 mental arithmetic, 133 book-keeping, 123 grammar, 175 orthography, 273 parsing, 160 letter-writing, 69 geography, 28 history, 292 industrial linear drawing, and 150 agriculture.

This increase and improvement on last year, although slight, it is true, is still encouraging for the friends of education and a good omen for the future.

I laid great stress upon the advisability of introducing into all the schools in which the pupils are sufficiently advanced, book-keeping, the teaching of agriculture and of industrial linear drawing. I have often met with opposition to the introduction of the two last subjects, but, thank God, my arguments have not always been fruitless; now that the impetus is given, I think we may consider the battle gained.

In a word, I have reason to be satisfied with the progress made during the year, with respect to the various subjects contained in the curriculum for our common schools, if we take into consideration the little encouragement given to the teachers by school commissioners; I mean the salaries which, instead of being increased, are, on the contrary, being diminished.

The alleged reason is that the times are too hard, that agricultural produce cannot be sold, &c., &c. We may also state that the great number of teachers who are seeking employment and who compete with each other in offering their services at the lowest tender, cannot but contribute to this unfortunate result.

In accordance with the instructions contained in your circular of the first of February last, I have taken steps to ascertain sufficiently the capacity of the teachers of the various schools of my district, by putting them to the same test (aside, of course) as their pupils. Since receiving your above-mentioned circular, I practised this method whenever I had reason to doubt of the teacher's capacity. By this means I have ascertained that a great many female teachers are not at all competent to manage a school. It is really surprising that these persons should have undertaken to teach what they not themselves know. I did not fail to point out this

state of things to the proper authorities and to ask that those teachers be dismissed. In all such cases, the commissioners, who as a rule, are illiterate or nearly so, have been satisfied with my proceedings as they are thereby in a position to decide whether a teacher should be dismissed or re-engaged. But the powers of the inspector go no further. He can only ask for the dismissal of the incompetent teacher or report to the Department; he cannot cancel the certificate of *capacity* which has been given to *incapables*. We see some of these female teachers, who hold diplomas but who are not competent, going to other municipalities, and by means of a diploma authorizing them to teach within certain limits, they are engaged by commissioners who have not previously taken the precaution of getting the inspector's opinion.

There are in my district 13 model schools, 6 of which are taught by male, and 7 by female teachers. I am convinced that they are all competent and zealous for the improvement of their classes, but in the majority of these schools, it is difficult to form a sufficiently numerous class to study all the subjects of a model school curriculum. The principal reason, is that the parents, too frequently, take their children away from school to give them domestic work just when they are old enough to go into the higher classes, and old enough to study with advantage the most abstract subjects of the higher order. I have notified the proper authorities that if this state of things continued, it would unfortunately result in the withdrawal of a portion of the grant allowed to model schools.

Several municipalities of my district are poor, inhabited by young settlers, who have hard work to find bread and clothing for their children, and, through an anomaly very difficult to explain, we often find in these new and poor municipalities more good-will, more punctuality, than in the old parishes, in complying with the requirements of the school laws. In my opinion these municipalities should be better paid than the old ones, which are comparatively rich. It seems to me that it would be only just, for, in proportion, these new municipalities do more than the old ones for their schools; and as the Legislature, in voting certain sums for Public Instruction, should keep in view the education of the poor as well as that of the rich, it would be reasonable to give the former more than the latter.

There are some municipalities where attendance during five hours of class, *per diem* is required. This is surely insufficient; the daily teaching should extend over at least six hours. It is true that for children of from 5 to 7 years of age, it is fatiguing to remain sitting for three whole hours on forms which are often incomplete. To avoid this evil I have advised the teachers to let the younger children out to play sooner than the others, so as not to fatigue them too much. By this means the teachers would be better enabled to give all their attention to the higher classes, and all the classes would gain by it. I suggested these ideas of improvement wherever

they were not practised, and I have reason to believe that they will be adopted. If I should be disappointed in my expectations, I would ask that these regulations be inserted in the law.

It is easy to distinguish teachers who are zealous from those who are not, by asking them the number of hours during which they teach school every day. The zealous ones will say: "I never teach during less than six hours, and often this is insufficient to complete the work laid out before hand, although I lose as little time as possible." A teacher who is not energetic, will reply to the same question as follows: "I teach 5 hours a day; don't you think that enough for what I am paid?" The latter may often be right to a certain extent; it may be true that she does a great deal for the insufficient salary allowed her, but it does not follow that such a state of things should be tolerated; on the contrary we must require teachers to do good work and pay them well for it. By this means all will find it to be to their advantage.

I am also of opinion that the vacation for model schools should be about a month and a half, because in those districts the pupils are generally the most assiduous; but for the primary schools, which are generally situated in the back ranges, one month's vacation would be enough, because, as a rule, the pupils of these schools are not so regular in their attendance. The holidays should finish with the month of August, and this should apply to all municipalities. By this means the inspector would know when to continue his round of visits which was interrupted by the holidays.

Some municipalities have their holidays in July, others in August; in some, the schools are re-opened on the 15th or 20th of September, in others they are closed on the 15th of July. This irregularity greatly hinders the performance of the inspector's duty, and when he has to pass, twice a year, over an extent of sixty miles by from 36 to 45, it is impossible for him to undertake a new journey in order to inspect schools which were closed when he passed on his regular rounds.

A friend of education feels great pleasure in visiting such establishments as those of the Reverend Ladies of the Good Shepherd at Champlain Village, of the Reverend Sisters of Charity at Deschambault, and the model school of the *Frères du Sacré-Cœur*, at Ste. Anne de la Pérade. In the two former, the young girls obtain a good education, acquire practical and varied knowledge which makes them accomplished persons. The model school, under the *Frères du Sacré-Cœur*, at Ste. Anne de la Pérade, although lately established has had considerable success and is destined to do a great deal of good, especially if a building is erected sufficiently

large and comfortable to lodge the Brothers and enable them to classify their pupils properly.

There are still some municipalities in which the school rates are not collected with sufficient regularity ; notwithstanding the hard times, there is certainly apathy and want of good will. I have represented to the commissioners of these municipalities that if there was not an immediate change, my duty could compel me to report them to the Department. With the exception of some apathetic commissioners, such as I have mentioned, I have to compliment the commissioners of the majority of the municipalities in my district upon the zeal and good will they have shewn in assisting me in my arduous task. I have also to offer my sincere thanks to the *curés* of the various parishes in my district for the good advice and the support I have received from many of them.

The regular despatch of my inspection bulletins for each school I visited, containing the remarks which I deemed it necessary and proper to make upon each of the schools in my charge, relieves me, I think, from the necessity of repeating what was contained in such bulletins.

The whole respectfully submitted.

I have the honor to be, &c.,

DAVID LEFEBVRE,
School Inspector.

(Translation.)

MR. LEVESQUE.

Roxton Falls, 9th September, 1879.

Sir,

I have the honor to submit my second report upon the state of the common schools in my district, as also the grand statistical table for the year 1878-79.

In comparing the present report with that of last year, it will be seen that there is a slight decrease in the number of pupils attending school ; on the other hand it will be noticed that the number of pupils who study the different branches of the curriculum, specially recommended by the Council of Public Instruction, has

increased, and this is a proof of improvement. This decrease in the attendance may be attributed to the absence of several families who are obliged to emigrate to other sections of the country, owing to the hard times.

I am happy to be able to state and inform the public that progress, in general, has been satisfactory in the schools of my district. There is certainly an improvement in the method of teaching arithmetic. If many female teachers did not at first understand the importance of the problems, and have often lost their time in pushing forward children who are unable to work intelligently, even in simple multiplication, there are a good many who know better. We may still reproach them with not teaching mental arithmetic before making the children work out sums on the blackboard. All experienced teachers are convinced that mental arithmetic is of great assistance to a pupil who wishes to study that branch.

The teaching of French is still incomplete; too much attention is paid to learning by rote. To accustom children to explain the meaning of the lesson, would undoubtedly assist the memory, and would be attended with success. For that purpose, it would be advisable that all the young girls, when they pass their examination for diplomas, should be interrogated upon the different methods to be followed for the proper understanding of these important branches.

The teaching of drawing becomes more general, but the results obtained have disappointed my expectations, for the opposition of the parents hinders progress in this branch. Last year, 31 pupils only learnt industrial drawing, while this year we have 356. The knowledge of drawing supplies new resources to the ingenious nature of children, and raises the status of the workman who has some ideas on the subject. Success depends in a great measure upon the good will of the teacher. The best books shewn me were prepared in the elementary schools managed by young ladies who were ignorant of the first principles of that art.

Two hundred and seventy-six children learnt by heart and explain, more or less clearly, the excellent little manual on agriculture of Dr. H. LaRue. I admit frankly that I would like to see this treatise better known than it is throughout the country places, for I am convinced that our farmers, many of whom are slaves of routine would derive great benefit therefrom. As objections are often raised to the teaching of this subject to girls, it would be advisable that no candidate for a diploma should obtain it before she has proved that she possesses a sufficient knowledge of the subject.

The new maps for the use of elementary schools are in use in the majority of the schools in my district, thanks to their low price. The teachers agree in saying that by means of these maps, it is easier for them to teach geography; no one

doubts the result, particularly in the elementary schools. Montpetit's series of readers are admired wherever they have been used. In my opinion no book is better adapted to induce the pupils to explain what they read. It is easy to convince oneself that the pupils are constantly exercising their memory, in seizing the sense of the lesson given them in reading.

The Book Depository has produced good results, but in several municipalities the school commissioners have not made a good selection of the books suitable for their schools. For instance, in primary schools of the 1st and 2nd degree, I have seen voluminous books which were little suited for the children in whose hands they were. I would advise the commissioners, before making their purchases, to take the advice of the *curé*, of the teacher, when he is competent, and of the inspector; they will thus establish a uniform system of books suited to the age and capacity of the children.

The new form of book-keeping is now adopted in almost all the municipalities of my division. Great benefit results therefrom. The accounts are better kept and the secretaries can, in a few hours, give a correct statement of the affairs of the municipality.

Before concluding these few remarks, allow me to mention the names of Miss C. Vigneault, of Stanfold, and Mr. E. Belcourt of Drummondville, whose success with their respective schools entitles them the highest praise.

I have the honor to be, &c.,

LS. N. LÉVESQUE,
School Inspector.

(Translation.)

MR. LUCIER.

Maria, 30th June, 1879.

Sir,

I have the honor to forward my report on the catholic schools of the county of Bonaventure, up to the 1st July, 1879.

Notwithstanding the hard times, the schools which it is my duty to visit, have been bravely kept up during the year which has just elapsed. The statistical table

which I send you with this report, shows an increase in the number of pupils attending the schools. There is also a slight increase in the average attendance. This increase shows that there has been a constant, if not a rapid improvement.

In general, the school commissioners and the secretary-treasurers have been competent to fulfil their duties; they have, everywhere, carried out their engagements; I have heard no complaints from any of the teachers on account of their salaries. Although very small in many places, still they are regularly paid.

The Book Depository has been productive of much good here. Most of the municipalities have complied with the rules respecting the purchase and gratuitous distribution of these objects, and the results so far obtained are very encouraging. The pupils are better provided with books, pens, pencils, slates, &c., than in the past, and there is more uniformity in the class books.

In a small number of municipalities, they have persisted in selling supplies to the children instead of distributing them gratuitously as required by law. In this case, the benefit of the law is only half felt, as a great many parents neglect or refuse to provide their children with what they require for school.

The opposition to gratuitous distribution in these places comes from the rich and from the rate-payers who send no children to school. They do not wish to pay for books which will be used only by the children of others. This is a very unfair reasoning, and one opposed to the spirit of the law which wishes the rich to assist the poor and support the weak. Still I do not despair of seeing all the municipalities, without exception, follow the system of gratuitous distribution, which is the only means of having schools provided with all things necessary.

I took advantage of your circular of the 1st February, to impress still more upon the commissioners and teachers, the importance of teaching drawing, agriculture and book-keeping in all the schools. I think I may truly say that all these branches are taught in our best schools.

The school-houses did not fail to attract my attention. There remains much to be done on this point, to provide each district with a suitable school-house. Still, I must say that, each year, considerable sacrifices are made for the improvement of the school buildings. This year four houses are being built, and several others will be extensively repaired.

The new account books have been everywhere adopted and are found to answer. The forms of engagements, notices, &c., which are annexed to the new law, are also a great help to the secretary-treasurers. Without further remarks, I will go over the various municipalities in my district.

Before concluding, I must say that the gentlemen of the clergy contribute largely to the success of the schools in this county, and I sincerely thank them for their kind assistance during my visits to the schools in their parishes.

The whole respectfully submitted.

I have the honor to be, &c.,

L. LUCIER.

School Inspector.

MR. LYSTER.

Cape Cove, 27th August, 1879.

To the Honorable G. Ouimet, Superintendent of Public Instruction.

Sir,

I beg leave to report upon the state of education in the district, under my charge, for the year 1878-79.

When I state that within the past year, I have visited and examined all the schools found open during my turn of inspection, that I have distributed rewards, notified teachers and commissioners of necessary changes, and examined the accounts generally of secretary-treasurers, is merely to say that I have been endeavouring to do my duty. That local difficulties, a great distance to travel, the poverty and consequent apathy as to education, on the part of a considerable portion of the Protestant population, are hindrances to the satisfactory performance of that duty, has once and again been the subject of complaint, and is a condition of things existing on this coast, with which, you, Sir, have been made acquainted.

In spite of these hindrances, however, a better spirit is beginning to prevail; and I am glad to notice in nearly all municipalities, a greater readiness than heretofore to obey the school law. In some schools in which competent teachers have been engaged, decided progress has been made; in others, again, in which teachers ill-trained and badly paid, have found employment, there has been, as might be expected, little or no improvement.

Having recently sent in bulletins of inspection from nearly all the schools in my district, it will be unnecessary now to do more than briefly recapitulate.

1. Port Daniel (Diss). This school continues to give much satisfaction. There were present at the last examination, 16 boys and 28 girls.

The seniors, 1 boy, 4 girls answered well in English grammar, parsing, geography and arithmetic.

The intermediate and junior classes answered well in the usual subjects, and all gave evidence of much care and attention on the part of the teacher, Miss Gadd, whom I have pleasure in naming now, *for the third time*, as specially worthy of commendation.

The writing in this school is far above the average, as you, Sir, will be able to judge from the book of specimens of writing presented to me by the pupils, and which I have the honor to transmit for your inspection.

I have not referred to religious instruction, which, I may here add, is given systematically in all the schools in Gaspé, and most of the schools in Bonaventure, and this is generally supplemented by instruction in Sunday schools.

From the table of statistics accompanying this report, it will be seen that the number of children studying history, geography and some other branches, has somewhat increased.

There is also a small increase in the number of those who have been taught drawing and vocal music. In spite of repeated injunctions, it is almost impossible to get teachers to attend to the two subjects last named: for to convey useful instruction in either one or the other, requires an amount both of taste and knowledge, which our elementary teachers do not often possess.

I have the honor to be, &c,

WILLIAM GORE Lyster,
School Inspector.

MR. McLOUGHLIN.

To the Hon. the Superintendent of Public Instruction.

Sir,

I herewith forward my report upon the state of the schools, in my district of inspection, for the past year. There has been, upon the whole, steady progress. The school boards have shown a willingness to carry out the law to the best of their ability, and secretary-treasurers are generally capable and faithful in the discharge of the duties of their offices. The exceptions will be mentioned under the heads of the respective municipalities. As regards the patrons, there is, generally, a desire to have good schools and a willingness to contribute to their support. As a proof of this, you will observe the large amount raised by assessment in this district as compared with the amount received from Government. As regards the teachers, I notice with satisfaction the increased thoroughness of the work, and the general regularity of attendance. With respect to teachers-wages, there has been no improvement during the past year. In fact, for two or three years past, the salaries of teachers have been lower than they were for some years previous. There are two or three causes for this. The first is the general reduction in the wages of employees in all kinds of employment, consequent upon the depression in business. This depression, of course, affects the wages of teachers, though not to the same extent, I am happy to say, as the wages of most other employees. In the second place there are many more teachers than schools in this district, and the competition between the teachers themselves. helps to keep down the rate of wages.

A third cause of the low salaries of teachers, in some towns is, the bad policy pursued by some school boards, in establishing the same rate of wages for all the teachers in their municipalities, whether these teachers are in charge of large or small schools, and whether they are experienced teachers or beginners. I have always opposed this policy, and have advised school commissioners to make a wide difference between the wages paid to teachers of proved ability and to those who have yet their reputation to make. I believe that no town in this district, now employs teachers without diplomas with the single exception of Potton, where two or three have been employed during the past year.

As to school buildings, most of the towns in this district are provided with comfortable ones, and whenever new ones are built they are generally made large, roomy and convenient. There is, however, sometimes, a disposition on the part of the school commissioners, to trust too much to the local managers, when they, the local managers, appear to be indifferent to the condition of the school-house or the

comfort of the scholars. I urge the school commissioners to take the matter out of the hands of the local managers and see to it that the building is repaired or a new one erected.

As regards the approved school books, they are gradually working into the schools. The school commissioners were not in any case, when I consulted with them, willing to make a sweeping change and to banish the old books at once from the schools. They were willing, however, to have none but approved books brought in for the future, and after a reasonable time has been allowed, to require that the new books shall be exclusively used, this is the course that has been generally adopted: they have empowered some one in the municipality to procure the books and furnish them to the scholars, and fixed a time after which they shall be exclusively used. At least this has already been done in many of the largest municipalities.

And inasmuch as there are many books on each subject in the approved list, and it is desirable to have a uniformity of books not merely in each municipality, but also throughout the entire district, I selected at the outset, one text-book in each of the given subjects, and in conferring with the different school boards, recommended the same set of books in all the school municipalities of this district. Some of the first supplies of books that were brought in, were defective as to the proof-reading and binding. I hope this will be remedied. When we are urging those books upon the schools, we wish to be able to show them that the new books are not inferior to the old in any respect, while they are vastly superior in their design and the matter of the reading. They are besides much cheaper. This fact will assist largely in introducing them. As regards special studies, drawing is taught in the high and model schools. I have not been able to persuade the teachers of elementary schools to undertake the teaching of a branch in which they have had no previous training. In agriculture we have no text-book in English like the little manual of Mr. LaRue, the work of Dr. Dawson being altogether too scientific for an elementary class. Book-keeping is taught in the high and model schools and in some of the more advanced district schools. I will now proceed to a review of the schools in the several municipalities comprised in my district of inspection.

The foregoing is a brief review of the condition of the schools in the several municipalities comprised in my district of inspection. I forward herewith the statistical table which I have endeavored to make as nearly correct as possible. I thank you for the well selected supply of prize books which were forwarded to me for distribution among the schools. These books assist in fostering a spirit of

emulation among the pupils, besides furnishing them with wholesome and instructive reading.

I have the honor to be,

Your obedient servant,

J. A. McLOUHLIN,

Inspector of Protestant schools, district of Bedford.

Sweetsburgh, County of Missisquoi, May 3rd, 1879.

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(Translation.)

MR. MACMAHON.

Ste. Rose, 28th August, 1879.

Sir,

I have the honor to submit my report for the school year 1878-79.

I have the pleasure to state that in my district, every one, with very few exceptions, seeks to encourage education.

In the city of Montreal several prominent citizens, both amongst the commissioners and the other classes of society, yearly sacrifice considerable sums both as prizes for the best pupils, and in generous endowments for the education of deserving talented youths who are impecunious.

The memory of these generous citizens should live forever in the hearts of those whose works they have crowned, as well as of those who are indebted to them for the gift of a good education.

All the members of our worthy clergy are anxious to encourage the progress of our schools. Several, even, to my knowledge, make considerable pecuniary sacrifices for that object.

All honor, therefore, to the worthy citizens who nobly make it their duty to encourage education! All honor to our revered and vigilant clergy, which allows no opportunity to pass which leads to the same end. Under such auspices, education cannot but progress.

In looking at my grand statistical table which I have tried to make out as correctly as possible, you will see that the number of educational establishments in my district is 185.

Several of these institutions are not under the control of the commissioners. Some of them require a good deal of pressing before they give me their statistics; two or three even refuse to do so under the pretext that, as they receive nothing from Government they are not obliged to do so. I hasten to add that the Reverend Directors of the Montreal and St. Mary's Colleges, the Reverend Superior of the Brothers' Schools, the worthy and Reverend Superiors of the Congregation of the General Hospital, of the Convents of *La Providence*, *Sacré-Cœur*, *Jesus-Marie*, and *Ste. Croix*, have always given them to me with greatest politeness and kindness. Permit me hereby to tender them my sincerest thanks.

The secretary-treasurers who, at the time of my visit, had not yet procured the required account books, promised to do so as soon as possible. They cheerfully submitted their accounts, which, as a rule, I found clear and correct, thanks to the new system of keeping them.

Financial difficulties still exist in some of the larger municipalities, but I hope they will soon be removed. The scarcity of money is still the cause of there being too many arrears in several localities. Still the teachers have in general been pretty regularly paid.

Agriculture and Horticulture are taught in all the good country schools.

The teaching of linear drawing is becoming more and more extended every year.

To say nothing of the catholic school commissioners of the city, whose zeal in the cause of education, is beyond all praise, I must say that the commissioners of the rural school municipalities display, with a few exceptions, the greatest good will in the performance of their duties. Several of them, as you will see in the details of this report, have had the energy, notwithstanding the hard times, to endow their municipalities with handsome houses, built according to the plans submitted for your approval.

Still, I must admit that, notwithstanding what I have said above, everything is not in a state to leave nothing to be desired.

I have still in some municipalities to fight against the stinginess of the commissioners, who always endeavor to hire teachers at the lowest figure. I endeavor to make them understand that an incompetent teacher is always an expensive one,

no matter how low his salary may be. I hope that, in time, I will succeed in making this truth understood ; but I think the best means of eradicating the evil, would be to fix by law, a maximum and minimum for salaries, in proportion to the number of pupils in each school, and to the importance of the subjects taught. It would also be a very desirable thing for the law to limit the length of the engagement of each teacher to a period of at least five years. This would give them more inducements to cultivate their gardens and keep their school-houses in good order, and would remove them from the effects of the unreasonable caprices and prejudices of which they often are the victims. The law should also give the superintendent full power to cancel or confirm the engagements, as he may think proper, from the information supplied him.

As I like to see the schools at their daily work, and without any ostentation. I generally try to arrive without being expected. I have sometimes been reproached for this, especially when I surprised a school in bad order, as to the cleanliness of the class rooms, of the books, copy-books, and even of the pupils. My invariable answer is, that the superintendent and inspectors trust to see things in their natural state, and that cleanliness and good order should reign in a school, not only when a visit is expected beforehand, but also on every day in the year. If, however, I have reasons for requiring the presence of the commissioners and of the parents when I make a visit, I write beforehand to say on what day I will inspect the school.

I endeavor to superintend, in all the schools, the system of teaching, and the manner in which the time is employed.

In the primary schools, I particularly recommend the simultaneous method. I advise the teachers to have, as much as possible, but one division for spelling from the open books and by heart, for fluent reading, the addition and multiplication tables, catechism, prayers and even oral lessons in history, geography, orthography, object lessons, &c. I point out to them that the mind of children is always active, and when we succeed in giving to their mind a continual and, at the same time, varied and pleasant occupation, then the school hours glide by imperceptibly. They will soon accustom themselves to school life, they will like it, and it will become a second nature to them; they will learn without noticing it, and at the age when thought develops itself, study will have become a pleasant habit.

How many fine talents are lost through the fault of teachers, who do not know how to make their young pupils like school!

A child of from five to eight years of age, who, after having been occupied for some minutes in saying his letters or in spelling, is obliged to remain seated and

quiet during at least two hours of each class without any occupation to interest him, will let his mind wander here and there, or will stretch himself, yawn or even sleep, if his small neighbors are not mischievous enough to prevent his doing so. With what avidity will such a pupil seize the slightest pretext to stay away from school! He will absent himself for half or for three-quarters of the year; and if after five or six years of this sort of attendance, he cannot read in an intelligible manner, the fault will be attributed to his lack of capacity, while, in reality, he will thus have lost the best years of his life through the fault of a teacher who has been unable to make him like school from his childhood.

This is why I attach so much importance to the proper employment of time and to the method of teaching in primary schools. For such teachers as possess the gift of making their pupils like school, and of accustoming them to attend regularly, I spare neither praise nor encouragement. I even lead them to hope that in addition to the good notes I give them in my inspection bulletins, I may, perhaps, be permitted at some future time to give them a more tangible reward. I have even got some commissioners to promise some teachers a slight bonus in money over and above their salaries, if, at the end of next year, it is established that their schools have been well and regularly attended.

In order to encourage good teachers and stimulate the careless ones, I generally let them know the remarks I write in my inspection bulletins upon the manner in which each school is kept, and the progress it has made. I have adopted six degrees to show the progress made, namely: *Nil, mediocre, passable;—good, very good excellent.*

As you may have noticed by my bulletins, I have had the pleasure, this year, of giving the three highest degrees to the great majority of the schools in my district, and I have not given the lowest to any one, because, even in the weakest, there was progress in some respect.

As to the model, superior and academic schools, I am happy to be able to state that there is to be found everywhere a fine and noble emulation on the part of the teachers, and the pupils in general are a credit to their teachers.

In all these institutions writing-books, daily exercises, drawing exercises, &c., have been carefully prepared in order to be sent to the next school exhibition.

I am even informed that several of our best establishments which were afraid to compete last year, have decided, this year, to exhibit at Ottawa. This is due to the success of our school exhibition in Paris. My district has had a large share of

the honor gained, and this is particularly due to the energy and intelligence displayed by Mr. U. Archambeault in collecting and classifying the work of the city schools.

I am convinced that the greater part of our success in this grand and noble struggle is due to the ability with which he represented us as our commissioner. Honor to whom honor is due. The French authorities deemed him worthy of being honored with the title of *officier de l'académie*. They showed that they know how to appreciate true merit, since they, at the same time, conferred upon our three first superintendents, the late lamented Dr. Meilleur, Honorable P. O. Chauveau, and upon you, Sir, the distinguished title of officers of Public Instruction in France, an honor which is reflected upon the whole Province of Quebec, whose history will ever more be honored by their names. I now proceed to give some details as to the schools in the various municipalities of my district.....

I have the honor, &c.,

J. F. McMAHON,

School Inspector.

(Translation)

MR. PAINCHAUD.

FIRST REPORT.

Magdalen Islands, Havre-Aubert, 30th November, 1878.

Sir,

I have the honor of addressing you my report, with all my statistics, on the state of the schools and the working of the school laws in my district of inspection. This district comprises all the Magdalen Islands, which, altogether, form three school and municipal corporations; four of the groups of these islands are separate, and three of them widely distant by water; my visits must therefore be made partly by land and partly by water, to reach all the places I have to inspect. The furthest school I must superintend is 54 miles from my residence, that is from the *chef-lieu*, and these 54 miles are more difficult to travel than a hundred in any other part of the country, whether in winter or summer. Visiting these islands is therefore not a pleasure excursion; one must be, so to say, robust and acclimatized to do so throughout the

season. No comparison is possible with the journeying by the mainland, and my colleagues who sometimes complain of their lengthy voyages in a comparatively agreeable climate, would rebel if they were, as I am, bound to my visits, especially those to Grosse-Isle, which, in summer is in the open sea, and which can be reached only by a whale-boat in winter, surrounded as it is by enormous icebergs, without any road marked out, unless it be by a sapling which may, on a fine day, be seen at a certain distance. Add to this an invariably bad climate, the icy winds of the islands going and coming, whether the roads be good or bad, and you may have an idea of inspection visits to the Magdalen Islands.

All the districts are provided with schools, say 10 and 529 pupils. My report, last year, mentioned only 379. This increase is remarkable especially in these hard times.

As you remark in your spring circular, it is not rounded periods that you want in our reports, but details giving all the features of the school which you wish to know of, for you say: "do not be afraid to enter into the minutest details, for there is nothing in this which is unimportant." I therefore submit these facts to you, and I review each school of my district in detail, and for this purpose I have made a special visit in order to instruct the teachers in the new regulations, and to give them the registers and laws, and to exhort them to improve on the old system. Oh! how these good Acadians do cling to the old system! Any innovation is always received with a disapproving, cynical smile. Yet I have found them animated with good-will. Firstly the roll-call and register took the teachers by surprise. Alas! it was so much more work for them, and some understood it but slowly. I would wish to have the curriculum of studies printed, so as to post it in our schools. The "Montpetit" books are used here, but in some places still the children are obliged to pay for them. I oblige the secretary-treasurers to enter the amount expended in the assessment roll, but I have not succeeded everywhere. Improvements here require time.

The papers have dared to speak of the abolition of the present school inspection, and if such a thing should happen, the fatal consequences would be easy for any rational mind to foresee. Teachers would profit by it personally; they would have *carte blanche*, and would follow their own inclination in teaching. They would have no one to superintend them, and if educational matters are not perfect to-day, they would be still worse without the inspection. But what about the commissioners? The reports of the inspectors, as a whole, show that they visit the schools rarely or not at all, and I say that they will never visit them oftener than they do, and they are right to a certain extent. What could they do? Although the masters enter-

tain a certain fear of the inspector, yet the latter is a safeguard for the teachers, and an authority against the commissioners and ill-disposed parents.

With the present system of commissioners, inspection is imperative, and if the actual system of inspection is to be abolished, we must at the same time abolish the commissioners and all our school laws with them. Have we struggled so long and so dearly, to establish and maintain a system of education, only to see it working well and then abolished? Oh! is it not better to hold on to what we have since it cost us so much? I am the worst paid of the inspectors, I have fewer schools to inspect, it is true, but my district is undoubtedly, in my opinion, the worst in the country. I do not write this portion of this report as an inspector, but as the head of a family and a citizen acquainted with the subject.

SECOND REPORT.

Magdalen Islands, Havre-Aubert, July, 1879.

Sir,

I have the honor to address you my report for the scholastic year, on the state of public instruction in these islands under my supervision, which are divided into three municipalities. When the inspector must render an account of the schools in his district of inspection, and is complimentary, he may easily please everyone. But if, on the other hand, he must complain of certain institutions, then the latter cry out that the inspectors are against them, and they seek to pass as victims. The inspectors are sufficiently tried when they have to blame a poor schoolmaster for the children's good and his own, and more indulgence should be shown them; luckily all the inspectors are independent and impartial men, and they are, allow me to say, generally too sanguine; they should rather be fault-finders which would have the effect of keeping the teachers particularly to their duties. The tacit protection which the inspector seems to give to the teachers would cease, and universal benefit would result, for fear would take the place of the present protection. But with the present system of inspection, the inspector is only a nominal officer, and his suggestions are, too often, but fleeting notices which are forgotten after he has paid his visit. I would therefore wish, with all my colleagues, for more power to oblige obstinate teachers to act, and there are some of them in these islands as well as elsewhere.

It is useless to complain to the commissioners, they are either neglectful, or allow themselves to be duped by an artful teacher, and the commissioners generally lack moral force in this case, and thus everything remains in *statu quo*. I would wish that the inspector should have the right of objecting to the 're-engagement of a teacher who is known to be inefficient; that every engagement should be subject to the approval of the inspector; and if such high authority is not to be given him, and I do not see why, that he may at least have the right to vote at the meetings of the commissioners, who have already too much power, and use it to do little or nothing; the consequence being that they prevent the inspector from acting in the right direction. In reality, what do the commissioners of all the counties do? I reply that they all do as little as they can. So the reforms fall on the inspector; and when I say reforms, I do not mean reforms in the system, but in its working—and this is decreed by the law which requires a report. Now, in a place like this, the inspector often receives no answer, and the *statu quo* still exists. The new law will no doubt bring about some improvements, provided the commissioners are willing, for the parents of the pupils look to them.

Mr. Montpetits graded series is used here; uniformity has improved in the readers but not in other books.....

In conclusion, I must say that I have not visited the Protestant dissentient school, as I wished it to be 6 months in existence before so doing.

I believe, Sir, that I have given you in my report, statistics and bulletins, to which I refer you, all the information relative to our schools, and I am well aware that everything is not as it should be, but the position of these islands, of their inhabitants, their want of instruction and education must be taken into account. It is hard to ask more; yet, we may and should improve, and this, Sir, is what you desire.

Your very humble and obedient servant,

J. B. F. PAINCHAUD.

School Inspector.

(Translation)

MR. PILON.

Ste. Scholastique, 1st August, 1879.

Sir,

I have the honor to forward you herewith my report on school inspection, for the year ending on the first of July, 1879. I send at the same time the ordinary statistics, begging you to remark that the pupils of the Ste. Thérèse College, and of the four independent schools do not appear in the columns of the several branches taught.

EDUCATIONAL INSTITUTIONS.

This district comprises the counties of Two Mountains, Terrebonne, and part of Argenteuil, and contains 144 educational institutions of every kind now in operation, to wit:

1. A classical college, Ste. Thérèse, deservedly renowned for the beauty and salubrity of its site, the firmness of its discipline, and the excellence of the education which it imparts.

2. A commercial college at St. Jérôme, which is in good working order, but suffering from the monetary crisis we are going through.

3. A boys' academy at St. Eustache, which affords every satisfaction to the parties interested.

4. A mixed academy at St. André, only one year in existence, and which already gives the best results.

5. Six girls' academies or teaching convents, namely:—Ste. Scholastique, St. Benoit, St. Eustache, Ste. Thérèse, Terrebonne and St. Jérôme. In all these institutions, young ladies are carefully and successfully taught all the branches learned in a model school, besides sewing, embroidery, knitting, singing, music, &c., &c.

7. Six model schools,—those of Ste. Scholastique and St. Joachim are worthy of remark; those at Terrebonne, Ste. Anne des Plaines and St. Hermas, are good; and lastly, that at St. Placide is only a good elementary school.

8. One hundred and five elementary schools, whereof five are worthy of mention, that is that there are taught therein nearly all the branches required from a model school. These schools are kept by Miss R. Bernard, in St. Hermas; V. Daoust,

in St. Augustin ; M. L. Guilmette, in St. Sauveur ; Mr. L. Charbonneau, in Ste. Adèle ; and by Messrs. A. Bélisle and F. X. Charbonneau, in Ste. Thérèse. Seven are excellent ; all the branches of a second class elementary school are successfully taught therein. These schools are those of Misses B. Cyre, in St. Hermas ; M. L. Rochon, in St. Augustin ; S. Desjardins, in St. Janvier ; C. Giroux and L. Lafrance, in Ste. Scholastique ; D. Baulne, in Ste. Monique ; and M. Filiatreault, in St. Janvier. 76 are good ; the pupils learn nearly all the branches of an elementary second class school. 14 are middling, that is to say that the four principal branches are but poorly taught therein. These are the schools kept by Misses P. Lalonde, E. Thibère and N. Chartier, in St. Placide ; L. Sauvé, in St. Hermas ; A. St. Pierre, in St. Benoit ; O. Charpentier, in Ste. Anne des Plaines ; L. Lacasse, in St. Jérôme ; C. Lafleur, Mr. Vien and Jos. Beaulne, in St. Scholastique ; D. Paquette, Ste. Marie ; L. Labelle, in St. Jérôme ; C. Gautier, in St. Sauveur ; and D. Proulx in St. Canute. Finally 3 are bad ; the children learn nothing but bad reading and bad pronounciation. These schools are kept by Miss C. Charbonneau, in St. Anne des Plaines, A. Richer, in St. Eustache ; and Mr. O. Cloutier, in Ste. Thérèse.

9. Ten elementary Protestant dissentient schools, which are all good, except that at St. Eustache, which is poor.

10. Nine dissentient Catholic schools, whereof one, that of Grenville, is excellent ; 4 are good and 4 poor ; the latter are those kept by Misses Q. Leroux, in St. Philippe ; C. Lafleur and D. Hamelin, in St. André ; and D. Girouard, in Morin Township.

11. Three independent elementary schools, all situated in the parish of L'Annonciation, in the county of Two Mountains.

I have to remark that through lack of means, four elementary schools remained closed during the year, namely : three in Ste. Marguerite and one in Morin Township. But, on the other hand, five similar new schools were opened in the same period, viz : one at St. Benoit, one in St. Eustache, one in Ste. Sophie, one in St. André, and lastly one in St. Philippe ; so that, on the whole, I have this year one school more than last ;—this as to number. As to quality, I must say that I have one mixed academy more than usual, at St. André, which is far superior to that for boys which previously existed. I have also a new model school, that of Terrebonne, so that, in this respect also, there has been an improvement.

SCHOOL-HOUSES, FURNITURE AND SCHOOL REQUISITES.

The colleges, convents and academies of this district are provided with everything necessary for the comfort of the pupils, to improve their health and facilitate

their physical and intellectual development. The buildings are of stone or brick, and magnificent both inside and outside; they are situated in the healthiest and most agreeable localities. The pupils have extensive playgrounds, planted with trees and generally with a garden attached. The class-rooms are spacious, well lighted and ventilated. They are supplied with blackboards, maps, globes, &c.; in a word, with everything which may be useful to the progress of the pupils.

The model schools are likewise all kept in suitable school-houses. The school-rooms are generally comfortable and provided with all requisites, except globes. I have reason to hope that we may have them next year. The recreation grounds are becoming the object of great care. In several places trees and flowers are planted.

As to the elementary schools of all kinds, they may be divided into the following classes: 9 are remarkably good; 92 are good; 8 are sufficiently good; 9 are too small; 5 are bad; that is to say, altogether unfit for the purpose intended; lastly, five are rented. It is needless to say that I do all in my power to have the rented houses, which are bad and too small, replaced by good buildings approved of by the Department. In spite of all my suggestions, the greater number of the school-house sites are still considered and looked upon as useless property. But, on the whole, I am happy to be able to state that there has been considerable progress in this respect. In the first place 5 school-houses have been built this year, on a pretty good plan, except that at St. Placide. Then they are nearly all supplied with desks, blackboards, geographical maps, &c., &c., which previously were wanting in several.

A propos of geographical maps, I must congratulate the Department on the excellence of those which it has just published. They are very well adapted to their object.

TEACHERS.

There are in this district 25 male teachers, thirteen clerical and 12 lay, and 159 female teachers, 34 religious and 125 lay teachers. Of the latter, 122 hold certificates, and 3 do not.

The clerical teachers, male and female, not being under my control, I will merely say that all display great zeal in the accomplishment of their duties as professors, and that their labors are generally crowned with success.

I am happy to state that all the lay male teachers, except Mr. Guillemette, who will be replaced, have been very successful.

As to the lay female teachers, I have much pleasure in declaring that they are all animated by the best spirit, and that they endeavor to comply with the law, by teaching carefully, and as far as possible, the branches included in the curriculum of their respective schools. Unfortunately, success does not always crown good will, and this is the reason that, looking from that stand point, I must say that six of the female teachers are really distinguished, that is to say that they teach in an extraordinary manner all the branches of the official programme. They are Misses R. Bédard, in St. Hermas; V. Daoust, in St. Augustin; C. Dupuis, in St. Joachim; G. Lafrance, in St. Scholastique; M. L. Guilemette, in St. Sauveur, and L. Charboneau, in Ste. Adèle. All these ladies possess in an eminent degree, the talent of teaching, and I notice that nearly all the teachers whom they have trained, have good schools. In this connection I may be allowed further to state that it is unfortunate that there is not in the regulations of the Boards of Examiners a clause providing that no person shall be admitted to the profession of teacher, unless a certificate be produced, establishing that he or she has studied at least during one year preceding the application, in a college, academy or convent, or in a model or elementary school kept by some distinguished teacher. This would undoubtedly be a good means of encouraging able teachers, and doing away with several poor and bad schools. Seven are excellent, that is, they teach with remarkable success all the branches in their schools. They are Miss R. Cyre, in St. Hermas; M. L. Rochon, in St. Augustin; S. Desjardins, in St. Janvier; D. Baulne, in Ste. Monique; C. Giroux in Ste. Scholastique; A. Saucier, in Grenville; and M. Filiatrault, in St. Jérôme. 95 are good and perform their duties generally in a manner satisfactory to the parties interested; 14 are poor, that is, that they teach but indifferently the different branches of their schools. These are Misses Lalonde, Thibéro and Chartier, in St. Placide; G. Sauvé, in St. Hermas; A. St. Pierre, in St. Benoit; O. Charpentier, in Ste. Anne des Plaines; G. Lacoste, in St. Janvier; J. Baulne, C. Lafleur and H. Vien, in Ste. Scholastique; D. Paquette, in Ste. Marie; C. Gauthier, in St. Sauveur, D. Proulx, in St. Canut; and C. Lafleur, in St. André. Lastly, 3 are bad, that is they teach nothing but bad reading and bad pronounciation. These are Miss Richer, in St. Eustache; O. Cloutier, in Ste. Thérèse; and C. Charbonneau, in Ste. Anne des Plaines. It would be advisable to deprive these ladies of their diplomas, as otherwise cheapness, favoritism, or some other reason of the kind will enable them to get other schools. I need not say that I have advised the dismissal of poor and inefficient female teachers, and that I have been generally obeyed.

To sum up, I must say that there has also been an improvement here. I have, at present, 13 excellent teachers instead of only 8 last year; 95 good instead of 84; and only 17 poor, and 9 incompetent instead of 19.

Before leaving this subject, I may say that the greater number of female teachers who have not succeeded this year, are the same as those of last year, which shows that it would be well if the inspector had the right to cancel the diplomas of incompetent female teachers.

TEACHING.

I will speak here only of the teaching given in elementary and model schools.

In the poor elementary schools, or in the lowest class, all the branches of the curriculum are taught, except drawing, and I think this is as it should be. In a large number of good or second class elementary schools, book-keeping, letter-writing and drawing are still backward. But I must say that great progress has been made this year in these branches, and that I am diligently working to have them introduced as soon as possible wherever they are not taught. The model schools carry out their programme satisfactorily, except in what relates to declamation and the use of the globes, which are only superficially taught. In these schools, also, considerable progress has been made, especially in letter-writing and drawing.

In a word, I may say that on the score of teaching, this year has far surpassed former years, in branches already taught, but especially in subjects newly introduced, viz: the definitions of words, the analysis of the reading, agriculture, book-keeping, letter-writing and drawing. Writing has also much improved, but I am certain that with lithographed models, great progress would be realized next year. I insist strongly on the adoption of a uniform copy-book, but so far with but little success.

PUPILS.

The grand total of the pupils who attended school in this district during this year, is 7,317, whereof 3,725 are boys, and 3,592 girls. These figures show an increase of 474 over last year. The average attendance this year, was 6,125 as against 5,879 last year, which gives an increase of 246. These figures are sufficiently encouraging, especially when it is known that 1,053 pupils made their first communion this year, and were, therefore, compelled to absent themselves from school from the 15th May until vacation time, to attend the explanation of the catechism which is given in church.

As their Lordships the Archbishop and the Bishops of this province form part of the Council of Public Instruction, I will take the liberty of making a remark which I humbly submit to them. As it is highly important for the pupils to attend school, especially during the last months of the scholastic year, and as the teaching of the catechism is binding in our schools, and as it is really taught with care and very well learned; and seeing, under these circumstances two or three weeks would be

sufficient to explain it to the children, and prepare them for their first communion, and as the vacation generally begins about the first of July, would it not be advisable for the Archbishop and Bishops to pass a by-law, decreeing that the weekly teaching of the catechism in church, to children preparing for their first communion, shall not begin before the first of July, and finish not later than the last Saturday of August, in each year? This would be an excellent plan of increasing the assiduity of the pupils. Another good means towards the same end would be a legal provision fixing the opening of the classes on the first Monday of September, and their close on the first Monday in July. Besides I do all in my power to secure more regular attendance, and I devote to this object, most of the premiums which I receive from the Department. I need not insist on the good effects produced by the distribution of these prizes, as they are admitted by all.

KEEPING OF ACCOUNTS.

As success in any business generally depends on the prosperity of the finances to support it, I have done all in my power to compel the secretary-treasurers to keep their accounts correctly. I ordered them to procure the new books issued by the Department, but several have not yet done so. I strongly insist on their adopting them without delay. In order to compel them to comply with the law by rendering their accounts yearly, I send to each of them a copy of the following blank form which they must send me after filling it up.

To *Esq., Secretary-Treasurer of the Schools of the*
municipality of

Sir,

Be kind enough to fill up the above blank form, which is a summary of the rendering of accounts which the law orders you to make in the first fortnight of July, and you will be good enough to return it to me, without fail before the first of next month. In case the commissioners should deem it advisable to have their accounts audited, please ask them to have it done by me, and oblige

Your humble servant,

A. PILON,
School Inspector.

Ste. Scholastique, 1st June, 1879.

RENDERING OF ACCOUNTS, JULY, 18 .

Receipts	{	1st.	Balance on hand at last rendering.....	\$
		2nd.	Amount of arrears of assessments due at that date....	
		3rd.	Amount of arrears of monthly tax due at that date....	
		4th.	{ Amount of the assessment of this year taxed at— cents in the dollar on a valuation of \$..... }	
		5th.	{ Amount of the monthly tax collected this year on children at cents per annum..... }	
		6th.	Amount of special assessments.....	
		7th.	{ Amount of Government grants, viz: 1st. half year \$ 2nd. half year, \$..... }	
		8th.	Amount of model school grant received.....	
		9th.	Amount of supplementary aid received.....	
		10th.	Amount borrowed this year.....	
		11th.	Amount of miscellaneous receipts.....	

Total receipts, \$

Expenses	{	1st.	{ Paid per annum of salary due at last rendering, as detailed on the other page (1)..... }	
		2nd.	{ Paid to sundry persons for debts due at last ren- dering, as shown on the other page (2)..... }	
		3rd.	{ Paid to teachers on account of their salary for the current year, as shown on other page (3)..... }	
		4th.	Paid to Secretary-treasurer for current years' salary..	
		5th.	Paid sundries, as detailed on page (4).....	

Deduct from receipts.	{	6th.	Amount of assessment still due	
		7th.	Amount of monthly tax still due.....	
		8th.	{ Amount written off or lost according to resolution on assessments, \$ on monthly tax \$..... }	
		9th.	Amount on hand at this date July, 18.....	

Total equal to receipts, \$

BALANCE SHEET.

Assets	{	1st.	Amount of arrears of taxes and assessment still due....	
		2nd.	Amount on hand	
		3rd.	Amount of deficit.....	

\$

Liabilities	{	1st.	Amount still due to teachers, according to detailed statement on other page (5).....	
		2nd.	Amount due to sundries, as shown in detail on page (6)	
		3rd.	Surplus to credit of municipality.....	

\$

We certify that the above rendering of accounts
is correct, and conformable in every respect to
the account books of the municipality; in
faith whereof, we have signed.

Chairman.

Secretary-Treasurer.

I believe I have thus adopted an excellent plan to compel the negligent, who, luckily, are not numerous, to do their duty. Unfortunately several secretary-treasurers refuse or neglect to fill up this blank form. A section in the law which would oblige them to do so, as I have recommended in both my last reports, would, I believe, be productive of good results. The Department has also acted wisely in ordering the collection of arrears before awarding the grant. It is certain that by calling in all the assessments each year, many errors and frauds would be avoided. Besides, I am happy to see that in this as in other branches, there has been progress accomplished this year.

PROGRESS REALIZED.

It will be sufficient to look over the above pages to be convinced that there has been considerable progress in the schools of this district during the course of the year which has just elapsed. But so as to give a fuller idea of it, I will resume them in a few lines. The number and quality of our educational institutions has increased. The school-houses and furniture specially have been much improved; the teachers have worked more and been more successful. The official curriculum has been much more closely followed, and the branches more carefully taught. The pupils were more numerous, assiduous and studious. Finally, the accounts have been better kept and arrears have considerably diminished. But, it will be said, all this does not prevent there still existing a great many wants in our schools. Yes, certainly, but I may say that I have provided for several of them, and that I am actively engaged in causing the rest to disappear. It was for this purpose that after visiting each municipality, I forwarded to the Commissioners and school trustees, a copy of the report which I sent to the Government, pointing out whatever there was defective in their schools, the improvements required, and the branches which were to be taught with more care, urging them to carry out the necessary reforms. I indicated the female teachers who did not perform their duties, or who did not succeed, praying them to change them. Even more, I threatened them, in case of indifference, neglect or refusal on their part to comply with my notices, that I would request the Honorable Superintendent to deprive them of the Government grant; this may be seen by the following letter, which is a copy

of that which accompanied the first report which I made to the commissioners and trustees of each municipality in the course of last January.

“ To the School Commissioners of the municipality of

“ *Gentlemen,*

“ Knowing that you take the deepest interest in your schools, and that you
“ desire to leave nothing undone to secure their advancement, I take the liberty of
“ sending you a report of my last visit, hoping that each one of you will do all in your
“ power to have my suggestions carried out. I notify you at the same time, that if
“ at my next visit, my suggestions have proved of no avail, I will request the
“ Honorable Superintendent to retain the money of your municipality until my orders
“ shall have been carried out. Relying on your zeal, I remain,

“ Your humble servant,

“ A. PILON,

“ School Inspector.”

This letter and my report were all the more effective from the fact that they were endorsed some days later by a circular from the Honorable Superintendent, dated the 1st February, 1879, declaring amongst other things, that he was determined to retain the grant from the municipalities which would not take steps to afford some instruction, and authorising us to notify the proper parties. It is to this sanction given to the orders of the inspectors that I attribute, for the most part, the extraordinary progress made this year.

SUGGESTIONS.

As it is desirable that our schools should progress as rapidly as possible, I will take the liberty of offering certain suggestions, which, if approved of, will lead to success.

1st. The classes should open on the 1st Monday in September, and close on the 1st Monday in July.

2nd. The weekly catechism in church should be taught only during vacation time.

3rd. No female teacher should receive a diploma unless she proves that she has studied during the year previous under a competent teacher.

4th. The inspector should have the right to cancel the diplomas of notoriously incompetent female teachers.

5th. The commissioners or trustees should be compelled to carry out the lawful orders of the inspectors, under pain of losing their grant.

6th. The secretary-treasurers should be compelled to send to the inspector a copy of their accounts in the course of each year.

7th. The grant should be refused to municipalities having more than one year's arrears.

Here follow some details on the municipalities and their schools.

I have the honor to be, &c.,

A. PILON,
School Inspector.

(*Trans'ation*)

MR. PRÉMONT.

Ste. Famille, October, 1879.

Sir,

I have the honor to submit my report respecting public instruction in my district, for the school year 1878-79.

Some time ago I had the honor of sending you my grand statistical table for the same year, and previously to that, as I gradually made my visits, I send you in my inspection bulletins, a special report upon each of the schools in my division. I have now only to make the following observations :

TEACHERS.

The 89 educational establishments which I visit are conducted by 14 male teachers, 83 female teachers, 14 of whom belong to religious orders

Amongst the male teachers, 18 hold diplomas, entitling them to teach in high schools; the other four hold diplomas for primary schools. The parishes which have the advantage of having convents and high schools taught by male teachers, are, according to the order of my table :—Beauport, Charlesbourg, Ancienne-Lorette, St. Félix du Cap Rouge, Ste. Foye, St. Columba of Sillery, Château-Richer, Ste. Anne, St. Laurent, Ste. Jean and Ste. Famille.

Ste. Foye is the municipality which pays the most liberal salary to its teachers. St. Pierre and L'Ancienne Lorette are those which pay the least.

The male teachers are all fit for their position. Marked progress, on the part of their pupils, crowns the laborious work to which they devote themselves with all the zeal which is inspired by love of duty. It is particularly in their schools and in the convents, that we notice with what promptitude the orders of the Council of Public Instruction are carried out, and that is practised the intuitive system of teaching, the only true one which learned teachers, in this and in foreign countries, unanimously and strongly recommend.

I am also happy to be able to state that, in my last visits, a good many female teachers hastened to follow the advice which I thought proper to give them respecting reforms in their method of teaching. Several of them, who are not devoid of intelligence or education, having been taught either at the Normal School or in convents, are, as a rule, successful; for, in addition to the knowledge they possess, they also know how to teach, which is a different thing, and they become all the more able in their profession as they have the good sense to profit by the experience of those whose duty it is to guide them.

I would like very much to be able to say the same of all the female teachers in my district; unfortunately, I cannot do so without telling an untruth, and even at the risk of drawing upon myself the anger of more than one termagant amongst the lazy and ignorant teachers, I will be frank and speak the truth.

In the first place I should say that this class of teachers do not like the inspector's visits, and I do not blame them. The school inspector will be the first to admit, without any difficulty, that he is not a favorite with everybody; but still it is advisable to ascertain the reason of the antipathy of these good ladies. This is it: we give them too much work; "this and that must be taught, we say; your pupils learn nothing; your method is defective; the children are irregular in their attendance; there are a thousand ways of attracting them, try and practise them; there is no emulation amongst your pupils; make your system attractive, so that all the little children will like school; give good notes; prepare your lessons beforehand; see that your pupils are provided with the proper books; preserve carefully the records of the school, and keep your register in accordance with the instructions of the Council of Public Instruction, &c., &c." This is why these teachers who have not the courage to reform their teaching, find so little attraction in the visits, of those whose mission it is to superintend them, and whose duty it is to exact the incapables from the of work possible. What must we do to remove these notorious greatest amount class of teachers? for I think the reform must begin there.

It is true that we often get the commissioners to dismiss these teachers, but by hiring themselves out at the lowest tender, they always find means of providing themselves elsewhere, and the inspector has to begin the battle over again. To me it seems an easy matter to remove this great evil. It is an undoubted fact that the Boards of Examiners cannot really be desirous of giving diplomas knowingly to such ignorant candidates. Still they get them. It is a mistake which the law should correct. Then why should the Council of Public Instruction not have the power, if they do not possess it already, of passing a by-law in virtue of which a teacher would be obliged, from time to time, to obtain from the inspector, a certificate as to her capacity to teach, after sufficient time has elapsed since she obtained her diploma? By this means a teacher, dismissed for ignorance or incapacity, would be excluded from the body of teachers.

Moreover, the necessity in which the teachers would be of obtaining at certain periods, a similar certificate, would compel them to work harder than they generally do, for their own advantage and for the benefit of their pupils.

I also think that female teachers should be restricted to teaching girls. I am always sorry to see a female teacher at the head of a school attended by grown boys. Do we wish our boys to remain under petticoat government until they are sixteen years of age?

At that age, and even before it, a youth must begin his apprenticeship of life; he has already in view his prospects for the future and he likes to speak of them to the person from whom he is obtaining his education. It is then that the teacher, who is worthy of the name, will show his pupil the paths which man must follow in the various stages of life, will lead him in the road to national honor, and he will praise the duties of a citizen; then will he have an opportunity of getting that youth to esteem and like all that is good, true, just, honest and great.

On the contrary, how sad is the result when a school is under a mistress who is often but too young. Boys who are a little too old are not admitted, as it is against the law to allow pupils over sixteen years of age to attend the schools. If they are admitted, some of them feeling it to be beneath their dignity, as boys, to obey a young girl of eighteen, will not submit, will leave the school and will thus spoil their education. Others will submit because a superior force compels them to it; but is not this restraint directly opposed to the respect which is due to freedom of thought? I think so, and it is a serious falling off from one of the fundamental objects of a healthy and enlightened education.

It is always a painful sight to me to see a troop of big boys making their appearance on the stage on examination day, at a signal given by a young school-

mistress. They look quite ashamed of the part they are made to play. As to several of them, whose character leans in that direction and who have become subject to the enervating system, it is pitiful to see them come up with their hands clasped and deeply courtesy to the audience as if they were little girls.

To resume, I am far from being opposed to the teaching of school-mistresses; on the contrary, I find that as a rule they succeed better than men in teaching, not only girls, but young boys also. But as to the education which we are bound to give boys as well as girls of twelve, fourteen and sixteen years of age, we must hand these big boys over to a male teacher if we wish to preserve in the rising generation that impetuosity, energy and firmness of mind, that manhood which is so necessary nowadays. I would therefore wish that there should be, in each municipality at least, one high school kept by a male teacher properly qualified in every respect.

All the young men of each municipality, having access to such school, might obtain therein a solid education such as I would like to give all our boys.

By this means, those excellent teachers, formed in our normal schools would be in a position to repay to the country what it has done for them.

By means of a generous grant the Government would, in a great measure, assist in paying the salary of such teachers, and none of the fine talents which we so often find in country lads would remain hidden.

Am I asking too much? Surely, not. The education of the people, in all free and civilized countries is the most important of all works. It is a question so important that it must take precedence over all others and we cannot do too much for it.....

METHOD OF TEACHING.

The school inspector can recommend nothing better to the school mistresses under his jurisdiction than what His Lordship the Bishop of Rimouski recommends in his excellent treatise on teaching which I may say, *en passant*, I am happy to find in the hands of all those teachers who are the most successful in their teaching.

The learned Principal of the Laval Normal School has also touched with a master hand upon this important subject in the last reports he has sent you on the institution which he so successfully manages. I repeat it: the female teachers must alter their method of teaching, and I am happy to state in this report that several of them have already done away with this teaching by routine or lessons by heart.

Judgment must replace memory ; this is the basis of a true and uniform method of teaching, which, all whose duty it is to superintend the schools, should adopt. I ask : What is left in an educated man, a man who, by right of his education, occupies a position in society, what is left of all those formulas, all those definitions of grammar, history, arithmetic, etc., etc. ? Nothing, or nearly nothing. He remembers what he has understood and nothing more. Then, why should we discourage a poor child who is not blessed with that prodigious memory which alone can explain how some succeed in having interminable lessons at their finger-ends ? This method of getting lessons learnt by heart may enable the teacher to have an easy time but will never educate the pupil.

Unfortunately, there are still some schools in which the teacher passes her whole time in getting lessons learnt and recited by heart. There are neither explanations on the black-board or otherwise.

In my unexpected visits to this kind of schools, I generally find upon the teachers' desk some knitting or sewing, instead of any proofs of rational teaching. I am very fortunate indeed if, on entering the class, I do not run the risk of stumbling, as I have already done, over a bundle of linen intended to be steeped in a tub near the teacher's desk.

Our mission, as inspectors, would bear good fruit if one could succeed in getting at least the better class of teachers to adopt the intuitive system so extolled at the present time.

I think the best means of enabling us to succeed in directing the attention of the female teachers to this subject, would be for each of us to perform the duties of teacher in each school we visit. As for myself I find this system useful. I examine by means of explanations, and pay little attention to learning by heart, and after my departure, I require the teacher to continue to teach in the same way.

Of course we must also cultivate the child's memory, but it is necessary that this faculty should be exercised upon subjects which are not too dry, and which are calculated to fill the mind with elevated thoughts, and the heart with noble sentiments.

I think, Sir, that I have given you sufficient information, in my inspection bulletins upon the dispositions of the school authorities in my district. I have shown you which schools are the best managed, and also all the good done during the year, thanks to the new provisions in the law, and to the by-laws of the Council of Public Instruction.

You may have seen by my remarks in these bulletins, which municipalities have good school-houses, good furniture, the best books, and those in which the keeping of accounts leaves nothing to be desired. I therefore think it would be superfluous to return to these subjects.

You may have seen by my bulletins, that, in general, I have been satisfied with the progress of this year.

I took the liberty, it is true, of expressing my opinion, both in this report and in the bulletins, that our system of primary schools might be improved.

Should we be surprised if there still remains something to be done in favor of the education of the people in a relatively young country such as ours? We should be surprised if the contrary were the case.

If everything was already perfect, it would be a phenomenon, as our present system of primary schools, including the improvements which have been already made, goes back but a few years, and, as in the case of every important work, we have had enemies, indifference, &c., &c., to fight against.

Let us see what has been done in foreign countries, in our own dear mother country, for instance.....

If the system of education in vogue in old France, is open to severe criticism, if we consider it defective, how can we be surprised if we find some defects in ours?

We have still something left to be done, it is true; then let us content ourselves with reforming and improving. Every human work is susceptible of improvement.

I have the honor to be, &c.,

JOSEPH PRÉMONT.

School Inspector.

(Translation)

MR. SAVARD

Chicoutimi, 25th July, 1879.

Sir,

I have the honor to forward you my annual report on the state of progress in the schools in the county of Chicoutimi. I send you at the same time my grand statistical table.

I have great pleasure in noticing that the schools in general continue progressing, and, with few exceptions, they are on a good footing and work well.

Amongst the obstacles which retard education to the greatest extent, in this as in many other localities, I may mention the want of books, paper and other indispensable supplies which the parents refuse to purchase. While on this subject, I must say that the *Book depository* system has been productive of much good; but the commissioners, in a great many municipalities, under the pretext that the parents refuse to purchase the books, &c., which are necessary for their children, neglect to provide them, and consequently we find, this year, many schools which are unprovided with books, &c. Moreover, several school commissioners told me that they preferred leaving their schools without books rather than that the Government should retain a portion of their grant to pay for the books they purchase. I beg to call your attention to this; and, in my opinion, the commissioners, in such cases, should be compelled to purchase the books, &c., in order to distribute them gratuitously. This method would be of much greater benefit to education. By levying an additional assessment every year, the greater number of the parties interested would pay without grumbling, while otherwise the greatest number leave their children without books, &c., and pay no more attention to them.

A second obstacle which also hinders the proper working of the schools, and which has often been pointed out by my colleagues, is the irregularity of attendance on the part of the children. The fact of a certain number of parents requiring the assistance of their children in their farm work, and the indifference displayed by a great many of them, added to the want of means, cause the children to be too frequently absent. This year also, absence has been often due to measles which prevailed extensively amongst the children of my district.

I have had the satisfaction of noticing this year marked progress in fluent reading and reading with explanations. This good result is due to the introduction of

Mr. Montpetit's readers, which are in use in all the schools in my district, with the exception of those in the school municipality of the Parish of St. Alphonse, which has not yet provided its schools with them. This is not surprising, for the commissioners of this municipality are always slow and the last to submit to the instructions of the Department.

Writing is generally good ; grammar, arithmetic and mental arithmetic have continued to improve and even receive more care than in previous years. Drawing is also taught to and learnt by the majority of pupils in nearly all the schools.

I was obliged, during the past six months, to have several schools under the management of female teachers who had no diplomas, and who replaced some who had given up teaching, owing to their ill-health or to their having got married. As the commissioners were unable to get others in the county, I thought it better to do this than to shut up the schools. These teachers, although they had no diplomas, were able to teach and succeeded well. They are sufficiently qualified to be able to obtain diplomas, but are obliged to wait until they are eighteen years of age ; this causes serious inconvenience. In order to obviate it, I beg the Department, as a special favor for my district, seeing the exceptional position in which it is placed and the want of resident teachers, that the Board of Examiners be authorized to grant elementary diplomas to young persons of seventeen years of age who are qualified. On the other hand, I think it desirable that the qualifications required from school mistresses should be greater, especially in arithmetic and grammar. The candidates, in order to obtain an elementary diploma should pass an examination in arithmetic as far as profit and loss, and should, on being examined, work out a sum in fractions, simple interest, practice and profit and loss. In grammar, the candidates should be examined not only on the elements, but also on the principal rules of syntax. The reason why I should require a better education than formerly from the teachers is that we find nowadays, in many primary schools, young children of 14 and 15 years of age who have learnt their grammar and arithmetic and if their teachers do not know what is required, when they pass their examinations before the Boards of Examiners it often happens that the children lose their time. Moreover, as book-keeping by single entry, letter-writing, mental arithmetic and agriculture are obligatory, it would be a good thing if the candidates were also examined on these subjects. As in the girls' academy, there are young pupils who are sufficiently qualified for a model school diploma, it would be desirable that the Council of Public Instruction should allow the members of the Chicoutimi Board of Examiners to grant model school diplomas to such candidates as are eighteen years ago.

The commissioners and secretaries show great zeal in the performance of their

duties. To the general poverty and the crisis which is being felt throughout the country, is due the fact that certain municipalities are almost unable to fulfill their obligations as they would wish. The commissioners, in order to maintain their schools, with the exception of that of the village of Chicoutimi, are obliged to get the taxes paid in grain, which they sell in the spring. The female teachers who consent to accept this produce, require some account on their salary in January, which explains why the municipalities cannot pay the whole amount due at the end of the first six months; the commissioners then divide equally amongst them the grant which they receive from the Department. At the end of the second six months, the teachers are generally well paid, for the commissioners, at that period, find means to exchange the produce for money. I therefore recommend my district to your kind consideration, and I beg you will be good enough to sanction this method of collecting taxes, until better days come; otherwise the commissioners would be compelled to close the schools. It is the only method suitable for the county, at the moment.

I followed your instructions in distributing the books which you sent me as a gift for the schools. By the remarks which I make upon each of the schools in my district, you will notice that the majority of them give excellent results.

In conclusion, I am happy to state that in all the municipalities, the advancement of education is earnestly desired.

The number of pupils has been increased this year by 234.....

I have the honor, &c.,

ED. SAVARD,
School Inspector.

(Translation.)

MR. STENSON

Sherbrooke, 6th August, 1879.

Sir,

I have the honor to forward with the present report, my grand statistical table for the scholastic year ending 30th June last.

In comparing this statistical table with that of last year, I notice that there is very little change in the number of the schools and of the pupils who attended them in this district during the last two years.

As to the quality of the schools, with respect to the progress of the pupils during the same period, I regret that I must admit that there is not much subject for congratulation; still, we must not lose courage or even be surprised, for in taking into consideration the consequences of the monetary crisis in which this country has been laboring for some years, we are much more inclined to admire the courage of the inhabitants of the new townships of which this district is largely composed or the sacrifices which they impose upon themselves in order to maintain their schools as well as they do.

The fact is that it is impossible for any one who is not familiar with the position of a settler now-a-days, to form an exact idea of the obstacles which he has to overcome and the sacrifices he has to make, not only to meet the expenses required for the working of the schools, but even to enable his children to attend them.

In the first place, it is very difficult for a settler to procure the necessary money, no matter how little it may be, to pay the school assessments and monthly contributions; then there is the necessity of clothing the children a little better, in order to send them to school, than is necessary when they remain at home. These two obstacles being overcome, there arises another quite as serious: he has to deprive himself of those services which settlers' children of fifteen years of age may render to their parents; to this we must add that the greater number of the children reside at a considerable distance from the schools and, that during certain portions of the year, they are unable to attend either on account of the bad roads or of the inclement weather peculiar to this climate.

I might here give further details in support of my assertions, but I know that you are fully informed on this point and that it is sufficient to point it out to convince you and prevent you from attributing the want of progress to wrong causes.

But, if I advocate the cause of the settlers, permit me to assure you that I allow no opportunity to pass of convincing these good people that they must increase their zeal for the education of their children and for the progress of instruction in these townships, while in the case of those who are indifferent or stingy, and unfortunately there are a good many of them, I employ all the authority at my disposal to compel them to carry out the laws which govern our system of education.

Montpetit's series of readers is becoming more and more popular, and will soon be in the hands of all the pupils in this district.

The alarm caused by the introduction of the teaching of industrial drawing in the schools is rapidly disappearing, and I am convinced that, next year, this subject will be learnt by a great number of pupils.

The order given the commissioners to have book-keeping taught in the primary schools, surprised several of these gentlemen ; but I am happy to be able to assure you that there was not one of those who accompanied me when I examined the schools, who did not declare himself satisfied with the explanations I gave on the subject. I was necessarily obliged to devote considerable time to this matter in order to show how it could be taught in our primary schools ; its usefulness was then at once admitted.

The teaching of agriculture is progressing, although its development is not as rapid everywhere as might be desired. Thinking that the introduction of a treatise on agriculture like that of Dr. LaRue, would be desirable for the English schools, I asked the author for permission to translate and publish this treatise in English. I learnt with pleasure, in answer to my letter, that the work had been translated, and that the English edition was in press, and would soon be published.

The illustrated geography of F. P. B. is being introduced everywhere, and if it were not for the scarcity of money, I would insist on its being used in all the schools.

The maps published by your Department are fully appreciated.

The system of supplying books gratuitously to the school children, is not being introduced as generally as I would like it to be.

Several municipalities supply paper, ink, chalk, slate-pencils, and some of them the slates, but unfortunately their number is limited.

I am of opinion that in the municipalities which do not supply books and other articles necessary for the pupils, a portion of the monthly contribution should be set aside for that purpose, and that the school commissioners should be obliged to buy them, and distribute them from a fund collected by that means. The great objection to the gratuitous distribution of school books, is that the parents, not being obliged to pay for them directly, do not see that children take care of them. By buying them out of the moneys collected for monthly contributions, this objection would, to a certain extent, be removed.

The school commissioners are, generally speaking, disposed to carry out the laws and regulations which govern them, but it is painful to be obliged to admit that there are often unfortunate exceptions to this general rule, in which these officers only listen to their stinginess which they are pleased to call economy.

The great fault of a certain number of school commissioners, is that they do not visit their schools.

The secretary-treasurers faithfully perform the duties of their office; the adoption of the new system of books supplied by your Department, renders this task more easy of accomplishment, and these books are being introduced everywhere.

Out of one hundred and twenty female teachers, who teach in my district, there are only four who have no diplomas, and these latter are all engaged under exceptional circumstances.

Amongst those who hold diplomas, it is painful to find some who give their services for a very low remuneration.

As you may have noticed by the bulletins which I sent you during the year, I have not yet succeeded in improving the furniture in the schools to the desired extent; but still, progress has been made on this point, and with time and perseverance the desired result will be obtained.

I have the honor, &c.,

M. T. STENSON,
School Inspector.

(Translation)

MR. TANGUAY.

Sir,

I have the honor to submit my report on the working of the school-law in the district under my charge during, the scholastic year 1878-79.

This report shows that progress, if not considerable, is at least constant, and has continued in a regular ratio. Every year there is an increase in the number of schools and of the pupils attending them. Some subjects are taught with the greatest success, to more pupils and in a more practical manner than in the last year; this is why the teaching of agriculture and drawing are now taking their place in the curriculum of our schools. The prejudices against the teaching of these subjects are already less violent and will gradually disappear. The fact of our having succeeded in teaching drawing to 763 pupils, and agriculture to 626 is, to my idea, a great success. I hope that this success will be more complete when we can teach this art by persons who know it and who, at the same time, know how to explain its advantages and its pleasures. This time is not far distant, for, in almost all our educational establishments, from which we take our teachers, such as normal

schools, colleges, convents, academies and model schools, industrial drawing is taught, and in some of these institutions, with great success. Thence will come our future teachers who will carry out successfully the work which we undertook without possessing the elements necessary to make rapid progress.

The few volumes of the treatise on drawing, which you placed in our hands during the winter of 1877-78, and which I distributed as judiciously as possible, were the first means of introducing it in my district, and they produced 763 pupils as, I have just said.

Agriculture was taught to 626 pupils, of whom 456 were boys and 170 girls, but not without grumbling on the part of the parents. We cannot always get the parents, who have children old enough to learn, to supply them with Dr. LaRue's manual of agriculture; a great many parents do not understand that agriculture can be learnt elsewhere than in the fields and by daily practice.

I have everywhere strongly insisted on compliance with the orders of the Departement with reference to the school-houses, their furniture, the repairs and additions to be made to the forms, desks, closets, black-boards, maps, &c., &c.

I have gained a good deal in some municipalities. In a great many others, everything still remains to be done; complaints are made as to the want of money and delay is asked.

Great progress has been made in the book-keeping of the secretary-treasurers of school corporations. In almost all the municipalities they have procured the new books prepared under the superintendence of the Department of Public Instruction. The clear and simple method indicated in these books is followed almost everywhere. There are few municipalities which do not possess these books.

The book-depository, as understood in the generous minds of the promoters of the law, takes very little in my district. It is everywhere opposed by the dogged resistance of the book-sellers, merchants, rate-payers who have no children, or who, having children at school, do not provide them with one half of what they require. In several places books have been purchased at the book depository, but not for the purpose of distributing them gratuitously to the pupils who require them. We must not talk of this method of distribution. The most we can obtain is to get the corporation to sell them at cost price and place them at the disposal of the pupils. They are deposited in the hands of the teachers, who sell them for the corporation and account for them.

A great many maps have been bought during the year. The majority of the schools in the richer municipalities are provided with them. This is another good point in favor of our school corporations. I would like to be able to say that progress

has been made in the teaching of writing. Such is not the case. The children generally begin to write too late. They are taught without method or principles, simply by copying examples, more or less well written, by the teacher. This method, or rather this absence of method, succeeds to a slight extent if the teacher can write well, but if she cannot, the pupil loses his time and his paper. There are still a good many schools where a copy-book with an example at the head of each page is a novelty. There is still a reform to be made in the teaching of writing. I have been working at it for a long time, but progress is slow. We have to fight against an increased expenditure of 12 to 15 cents per annum for each child who writes, to get bound copy-books. With the habits of economy practised by most of the parents, this increase becomes a formidable obstacle.

I need not go over many smaller details upon each school in particular. They are doubtless important, but they were given in the inspection bulletins and would be of no interest in a report like this. It is sufficient, I think, to say a few words upon the more or less efficient working of the law in each municipality in order to give a fair and complete idea of the general result.

There are in my district 37 municipalities containing 206 educational establishments of all kinds, namely :

1 College attended by.....	195 pupils.
6 Girls' Academies or convents attended by.....	686 "
7 Boys' model schools do	454 "
5 mixed " " do	345 "
2 Girls' " " do	119 "
1 Dissident Protestant superior school attended by.....	48 "
184 Primary schools.....	6470 "
There all altogether attending the schools	8284 "

These 206 educational establishments of all kinds may be classed as follows, according to the results they have obtained during the year 1878-79.

Very good.....	40
Good.....	48
Pretty Good.....	66
Inferior.....	38
Indifferent.....	14

I have the honor to be, &c.,

GEO. TANGUAY,
School Inspector.

(Translation)

MR. TÊTREAU.

Rivière-du-Loup, 1st Oct., 1879.

Sir,

I have the honor to forward my report on the state of the schools in my district of inspection, for the year ending on the 1st July last; the statistical table which should accompany it has been already forwarded.

My district of inspection, comprising twenty municipalities, has its independent institutions, a commercial and classical college, six convents, and four elementary schools, one of which is kept on the footing of a good model school.

The schools under my control number one hundred and two, viz: one industrial college, one boys' academy, six model schools, and ninety-four primary schools. Out of the hundred model and primary schools, three only are taught by male teachers, three by married women, and the others by girls from eighteen to twenty-four years of age, with a few exceptions.

The commercial and classical college at Three Rivers, which has been but a few years in existence, is rapidly increasing, and has already more than two hundred and fifty pupils. The directors of this institution, by introducing the commercial course which the pupils follow before beginning the classical course, have effected a wise reform, and given an example, which, in my opinion, deserves to have many followers.

The six convents, which are under the superintendence of the monastery of the Ursuline Ladies of Three Rivers, one of the first educational establishments in the province, are on an excellent footing, and like all other institutions in charge of religious ladies, give general satisfaction.

The industrial college of Three Rivers, and the boys' academy of Yamachiche, both under the direction of the Reverend *Frères de la Doctrine Chrétienne*, are always on an excellent footing; a remarkably good commercial course is followed in both, but particularly in the former. All the branches are generally well taught, especially caligraphy, drawing and book-keeping, which have reached a high state of perfection. But the principal merit of these two institutions, is the excellent moral and religious education imparted to the pupils entrusted to these good Brothers.

I have one model school less this year than last ; and out of the remaining six, five only are well kept and deserve the name. The sixth, that in the parish of St. Sévère, is, properly speaking, only an elementary school of a low grade. I believe however, that next year, thanks to the efforts of the reverend *curé* of this parish, I may hope to see a favorable change in this school. Otherwise, it would be doing an injustice, and giving a bad example, to grant any longer to this school the special grant which it is far from deserving. The other five model schools do not carry out all their programme, it is true, but this does not depend on the masters who are all qualified for their position ; it is rather due to the fact that there are not always in these schools, pupils old enough to learn all the branches of the curriculum. The model schools of Rivière-du-Loup and Pointe-du-Lac, are among the foremost.

As to the ninety-four primary schools, six are excellent, twenty-two are good, and thirty middling. The other thirty-six are still what they were last year, and that is of the very worst kind.

The insurmountable obstacle to progress, in the latter schools, is the absolute incapacity of the persons in charge of them. It is a sad spectacle for any one interested in the future of our nationality, to see so many highly intelligent children entrusted to the feeble care of those young girls, without education, without instruction, without talent, or the slightest notion of teaching, unable even to criticize a page of their pupils' writing. Every one is justly surprised to see the number of these parasites daily increasing, without any steps being thought of to remedy this evil, which is the greatest curse of our system of education.

The tendency to diminish the salaries of male teachers is becoming more marked. I do not wish to place the whole responsibility on the shoulders of the school commissioners alone. Can we reasonably condemn these gentlemen, most of whom are well disposed, but totally ignorant, for not paying more than they are asked for the services rendered ? Certainly not. The evil comes from the fact that the profession is crowded with dunces, who, being dismissed yearly, are constantly hunting for situations, and always succeed, through the means of a lying diploma which has been presented to them, in ousting teachers of merit, by offering their services at a low figure.

If the minimum of salaries were fixed by law, it would, no doubt, be a good step towards remedying the evil I have just pointed out ; but what is more urgent still, in my opinion, is to remove from the teaching body, all those hurtful members, whose admission to teach I look upon as an insult to common sense, and a serious injustice to well qualified teachers.

The school furniture, although still leaving much to be desired, has so far improved this year, as to give me every hope for the future. In several municipalities the desks and benches have been totally renewed, and there is improvement everywhere in this direction. Over one hundred and fifty geographical maps, mostly bought at the book-depository, have been supplied to the schools, at my request. I trust that next year all the schools will be provided with all the maps they require.

The school-houses in general are well kept ; but the most difficult end to attain is the ventilation of the schools. I cannot get the greater number of the teachers to understand how hurtful it is to their health and that of their pupils to always breathe the same atmosphere in the long winter months. I had ventilators put in wherever, I deemed them necessary ; but as their usefulness is very little understood, all the good possible is not derived from them.

It is almost impossible, on account of the small space afforded by the class-rooms to isolate them completely, as to heating, from the teacher's lodging ; in certain schools, the pupils are actually tortured. The stove, part of which is in the class room, is heated every day in every season. It is easy from this to judge whether the pupils are comfortable during the hot months of the year.

The average attendance is more satisfactory than last year. I persist in believing, and my careful observation on this point leaves no doubt that the lack of attendance in the schools is principally due to their bad keeping either in regard to comfort which is too often wanting, or to the capacity and ability of the teachers. In all good schools, attendance is generally satisfactory and sometimes reaches ninety per cent ; while ten steps further on, in the same concession, the school is deserted. The reason of this difference is that in the former case, the teacher has duly appreciated the responsibility which he has assumed, and that his zeal has enabled him to overcome many obstacles ; while in the latter, all that should be known is ignored, and that the progress of the pupils is looked upon as an indifferent matter.

Remarkable progress has been made this year in writing ; this is owing to the general introduction of printed models, as also to increased attention on the part of the teachers in superintending this branch of education.

Book-keeping has made fair progress in about fifty schools ; but I regret to have to say that in the rest of the schools, this branch is almost stationary when it is not absolutely at a stand-still. The reason of this is that most female teachers, of whom a good number are efficient otherwise, know little of arithmetic, and do not sufficiently understand the necessity of teaching it to the pupils, especially to boys.

The teaching of geography has developed to an encouraging extent, thanks to the good will of the commissioners and to the good quality of the maps supplied by the book depository. The teaching of geography, by means of good maps, is greatly facilitated by the pleasure that children find in that study.

In all the schools, the black-board is used in arithmetical exercises, parsing, &c

The teaching of agriculture has slightly improved, but not so much as I would have wished. The commissioners and teachers have everywhere been notified of what they have to do in this matter. They have all promised to comply with the requirements of the law. I have not met with any open opposition to this science on the part of the commissioners, but much rather on the part of the parents. The latter cannot realize the idea of having agriculture taught by young girls, the greater number of whom have not a garden ten feet square at their disposal.

The teaching of drawing has not advanced one step, as to the number of pupils who learned it. It is true that in a good number of schools, the teaching of it has been commenced; but on the other hand, the change in teachers in several other schools has put a stop to it. I have done all I could; but it must not be forgotten that this branch of instruction is unknown to most of the teachers. I had the pleasure of seeing, however, at my last visits, that the majority of the teachers had begun to study it, and were preparing to comply with the rules next year.

I have again found arrears of assessments in certain municipalities; this also weighs heavily on the teachers. In the greater number of parishes, the school taxes are collected with difficulty, even in those which had previously given a good example. It cannot be concealed that the universal depression is the principal cause of this state of affairs. Yet the commissioners everywhere feel the necessity of putting a stop to this continual abuse of arrears of assessments.

The accounts of the secretaries are everywhere kept according to the new system, and honestly, with one exception. The work of the inspectors is greatly facilitated by this useful reform.

Nearly everywhere, the Montpetit series of readers has been adopted. Everyone acknowledges the advantages of this series, the principal merit of which consists in the attraction it offers to children.

All the schools are well furnished, with very few exceptions. Let us hope that the impetus given in this direction by the book-depository will continue. I cannot refrain from saying here that the abolition of the book-depository is an extremely bad idea. This useful institution had already done, and promises to do still more, good.

Notwithstanding such an emigration to foreign parts as has not yet been seen, the number of pupils attending school has increased this year by 313. This increase was composed of 300 for pupils learning to write, and of four hundred learning arithmetic. In the other branches of education there was also an increase, but not to such an extent. This is explained by the fact that the greater number of children attending school, learn only reading, writing, arithmetic and the catechism.

Three new school-houses were built this year, which afford all the room and accommodation necessary for the pupils. The law should ordain that in future, any school-house about to undergo considerable repairs should be enlarged according to the by-laws passed by the Council.

During my visits I distributed most of the books handed to me by my predecessor. These rewards certainly do good. I told all the lucky competitors that at my next visit I would ask them to give me an account of the contents of these books, and that in case they should be unable to do so, they need not, in future, expect any reward of the kind.

I regret to say that I did not find the commissioners so willing this year, as last, to accompany me on any visits. This is to be regretted, for the visit with the commissioners seemed destined to do great good. As quite an honorable compensation to me, I have been in several parishes, accompanied by the parish priest in my visits.

Apart from the great advantage which girls derive from the convents in my district, I find that they generally profit better by the primary schools than the boys. This is owing, I believe, to the fact that the latter are more difficult to manage than the former, and that the female teachers have not a firm enough hand; there are, however, certain honorable exceptions; hence it happens that boys learn very little in the primary schools kept by women or girls. It would seem to me, therefore, very desirable that each parish should have its boys' model school situated in the most populous part, or better still, in the centre of parish. The authorities should take the matter in hand and put an immediate stop to the unwillingness of several municipalities, by establishing in each parish a good model school, mixed, if deemed advisable, but in charge of a male teacher.

I have found the commissioners generally very willing to grant to the schools all that I have asked for. It is also quite true that taking into consideration the financial crisis we are passing through, I deemed it right to be mild, and moderate in any demands. I also gave them to understand everywhere that the moderation of demands would not allow me to submit to a refusal on their part. I must say however, that in certain parishes, the secretaries are very slow in carrying out the

orders of the commissioners, concerning the wants of the schools. I have known, for instance, commissioners to order their secretary to supply several articles of furniture, which it would have been easy to procure during the week; and yet, six months afterwards, at my second visit, these articles were still wanting, through the neglect of the secretary.

To remedy these abuses, the inspector himself should be allowed to supply the schools with whatever the law requires, whenever the commissioners refuse to do so. I can affirm that in this case the furniture would cost less and be more suitable.

For two years that I have been in office, I have often been obliged, to my regret, to ask for the dismissal of incompetent female teachers. I am sorry to say that in no case, has the dismissal of these persons attained the object which I had in view; I only transferred the evil, without curing it; for, I always found these same teachers in another parish in my district, continuing their negative work and making the children lose their time.

If we wish really to remove this abuse, and it is high time to do so, it should be made a rule for the future, that any member of the teaching body, who should be remarked for incapacity by the inspector and dismissed by the commissioners, should not be re-engaged before having given sufficient proof that he or she had learned what they were ignorant of before.

I believe that it was a very bad service to render to a great number of female teachers, to admit them to the profession with so little preparation; that it is absolutely necessary to compel them to renew their diplomas, unless it is intended to continue, as in the past, to waste the money expended every year on the schools.

The Boards of Examiners are not properly organized. Apart from one or two members of the clergy, whom we are fortunate enough to find in each of them, should not there be in these boards men of the profession, members of the teaching body? No one will, for an instant, deny that a well qualified teacher, with several years' experience, would be the most competent and one of the best judges in such a matter.

Leaving aside the unfortunate difficulty respecting the parish of Ste. Ursule, which is still pending, I have only to congratulate myself on the respect with which the orders and suggestions of the Honorable Superintendent of Education, are received and on the good will with which the law is carried out.

My relations with the boards of commissioners have always been satisfactory, and the good dispositions of the latter give me most flattering hopes for the future.

I have remarked with pleasure, as I did last year, amongst a large number of teachers much ability and a rare understanding of the duties of their office, coupled with great zeal and devotedness in the fulfilment of their numerous and fatiguing duties.

I only found one serious obstacle to the reforms which I am instructed to carry out. I cannot too often repeat it: the level of the acquirements and capacity, with a great number of persons placed in the position of teachers, has gone too low.

The most efficient teachers in my district are, for model schools:

Mr. Elie Tremblay—Rivière-du-Loup; Miss Elise Dawlay—Pointe-du-Lac.

For elementary schools:

Messrs. Maurice Deléglise—Maskinongé; Napoléon Caron—Rivière-du-Loup; Misses Aurice Côté—Ste. Ursule; Anna Marcotte—Three Rivers; Zoé Michaud—St. Didas; Philomène Jalbert—St. Léon.

I have only to add that I have everywhere received from the clergy the kindest welcome, as well as able assistance and support.

As the bulletins which I have forwarded to you twice during the course of the year, on the schools in my district, contain most of the details which form the subject of our remarks on each municipality in particular, I may dispense with repeating in this report what I have already said in those bulletins. I will therefore, briefly refer to each of these municipalities.

I have the honor to be, &c.,

AM. TÉTREAUULT,
School Inspector.

MR. THOMPSON.

To the Honorable the Superintendent of Public Instruction, Quebec,

Sir,

I have again the honor to submit for your consideration, my report on the condition of the schools in my district of inspection, for the year ending June 30th, 1879.

I also enclose the table of statistics required from the inspectors.

You will see by this table, that the number of schools in operation this year, under my supervision, is seventy-six, being only one more than last year.

Ten of this number are dissentient schools, attended by 245 pupils.

The total number of scholars attending this year, was 2,102, of whom 1,154 were boys, and 948 girls.

The general efficiency and prosperity of the schools, compared favorably with previous years. I have still to regret, however, the employment of too many unqualified teachers. During the year I found seventy-seven teachers engaged in teaching, twelve of whom were male teachers, and sixty-five females. Nine were unprovided with diplomas. I might classify those seventy-seven teachers as follows:—Twenty-three have acquitted themselves with distinction ; thirty might be said to be competent, and twenty-four not competent.

As a rule, the schools under my supervision are kept in operation eight months every year, or two terms of four months each. The winter term generally begins in December, and ends in April. The summer term lasts from June to October.

I will describe more fully the condition of the schools in each municipality.

I have the honor to be, &c.,

WM. THOMPSON,
Inspector of Schools.

Leeds, 25th August, 1879.

*(Translation.)***MR. TREMBLAY****La Madeleine, County of Gaspé, 22nd August, 1879.**

Sir,

I have the honor to respectfully submit for your consideration this new report, as also accompanying statistics, on the state of instruction in Gaspesia, for the two half years ended in June last.

Here, as elsewhere in this province, the most general obstacles, and those the most hurtful to progress, arise from the following causes :

1. Insufficiency of the subsidy in favor of primary schools.

2. Insufficiency of the teachers' salaries.

3. Insufficiency of punctuality on the part of the pupils, which arises principally from the little encouragement given to the teacher. No discouraged party can inspire taste or take any interest in his work ; it is impossible to give what one has not.

In point of assiduity, experience proves that the rewards offered with judgment and intelligence to the emulation of the pupils, and distributed at short intervals to those who, according to the teacher, deserve them, produce the best possible result ; to sustain interest by continued hope of reward, is an indispensable motor, and an integral portion of so much success.

The teacher of the primary school should therefore have at his disposal a certain quantity of good points, pictures, books, &c. Nothing is better calculated to improve what is so complained of throughout the province : irregularity in attendance. What should not be done then to inspire these children with a taste for school and a love for work ! Thus, too much cannot be done to assist the teacher in his arduous task. Let us not forget that everything depends on him, he is the life and soul of the school. In fact, such and such a class will be more or less numerous, well or ill attended, in proportion to the interest which the teacher is in a position to exert and which he will always exert according to the means at his disposal, according to the more or less brilliant prospect which his salary holds out. Generous and praiseworthy efforts are made in our normal schools for the intellectual portion of the teachers ; this is well, very well, even. But the material part ? What room there is here for improvement.

As the provisions of every law embrace matters as a whole, it cannot reasonably be expected that it should reach all those local circumstances which must however be reached, to avoid failure, and miss the grand object in view ; the essential ingredient of common schools, the basis of all school systems. It cannot be denied that the Government will never receive a return for the sacrifices it is now making, unless it does more.

The subsidy, its basis, is not distributed in a manner at all suited to special wants. In several municipalities the grant is only nominal. A host of districts should have schools, and have none for want of means or aid. Because a district is poor, thinly populated, it must, according to the legal distribution, receive nothing. And if these districts are indefinitely multiplied ? If the full half of the population is thus made up, what will be done ? From one end to the other of this county (240 miles) why not say, of the whole province, how many hundreds of children are deprived of school, how many schools are poorly and temporarily supported by poor fishermen long since settled along the shore, having lately left their homes to avoid distress ! Let the common school fund be therefore greatly increased, especially the portion applicable to poor municipalities. This fund increased tenfold should be left to the judicious disposal of the Council of Public Instruction, who should, on authorized reports, enter into the consideration of details, which the law, in its general application, arrives at but slowly, or never. Yet, in the education law, the legislator has evidently looked with pity on the poor, and was particularly careful to protect him ; but who derives the benefit, if not the large centres, where the population is dense ?.....I repeat it, the new settlers scattered at long distances, 6, 7, 8, say, 10 families, collected along the shore, a maritime road, or a colonization road in the heart of a forest, receive nothing. There is nothing, absolutely nothing for these numerous people, nothing for the children more numerous still, and who are in all the greater need of a school that they are living far from the church and the parish priest.....

I have the honor to be, &c.,

THOMAS TREMBLAY,
School inspector.

(Translation.)

MR. VIEN.

Lauzon Village, 9th Sept., 1879.

Sir,

As the Principal of the Laval Normal School so naturally observes: "You have placed sentinels on the heights to keep guard," during the hopeful moments as well as during disheartening days, and it is in order to fulfill the duty which devolves on me in this position, that I have the honor to submit the present report for the scholastic year 1878-79.

As may be seen by my grand statistical table, there has been an increase of 150 over last year, in the number of pupils who attended school this year.

A greater number of pupils have also studied arithmetic, mental arithmetic, writing, &c., but there has been a falling off in grammar and some other branches. The average attendance has been stationary, or has rather diminished, which I attribute to the incompetency of the female teachers in most cases.

It is a fact, which experience teaches, that attendance at school is in proportion to the good or bad management of the person in charge of it, and I will take the liberty of quoting a few cases. For this purpose, I will cite the convents of St. Joseph, Ste. Marie, St. Ferdinand d'Halifax, and St. Sylvester, St. Mary's College, St. Francois and St. Joseph model schools, in which the average attendance almost equals the number of the pupils.

In these institutions they endeavor to attain the object which every good teacher should have in view, to assist the intellect by favoring its development. Such teaching captivates the attention and the hearts of the children, and makes them love study. It is a great happiness for them to attend school daily, because they know that there, as elsewhere, they will be rationally treated.

But so soon as a school ceases to hold out these advantages, it loses all attraction for the pupil, and becomes a wearisome and irksome place, where he feels himself condemned to spend a certain number of hours daily, without the hope of deriving any benefit.

There are in my district 177 institutions of all kinds, which, in point of efficiency, must be classed as follows: 9 are excellent; 3 are very good; 54 good; 55 middling; 56 extremely poor.

I have nothing but praise to bestow on the first nine schools. They compare favorably with the best institutions of the same kind in the rest of the province. The three schools which I have classified as very good, would probably have reached the same degree if they had been placed in more favorable circumstances. Next follow 54 schools, which, without giving full satisfaction, render real services, and are progressing.

One hundred and eleven other schools are poor or middling, that is to say, that they are of very little use, and not worth the money expended on their maintenance.

Is it not deplorable to see so many schools entrusted to female teachers, so unworthy of the name, while there are so great a number of pupils of the normal schools who cannot find employment? I have not the advantage of possessing in my district a sufficient number of these pupils. Yet, they are more indispensable here than elsewhere; they might instruct those who intend to devote themselves to teaching, and impart to them the instruction which is unfortunately wanting with too many of them.

It seems to me, that, now more than ever, it is absolutely necessary to exact from the candidates for diplomas, a larger amount of knowledge. And, as the poor teachers generally come from the boards, would it not be advisable to suspend their action, or that of some of them, for some time at least?

It is a well-known fact that three-fourths of the pupils of the normal schools do not teach, because they are not sufficiently paid; and to what is this due? To the hundreds of teachers holding diplomas, who thus receive from the Boards of Examiners, every year, the right to teach the people. They are authorized to teach things which very often they have never learned, as I myself have found out on more than one occasion. Thence arises the glut and the competition between these two classes; naturally the latter succeed, as they can give their services for little or nothing, without losing much by the bargain.

I may be considered severe, but I will reply by quoting some remarks of the Principal of the Laval Normal School, a devoted friend of the teachers: "The artist works on matter only, and the bad sculptor, after all, spoils only a block of marble; but the teacher works on the human soul itself, and if he leaves a defect or a want in any place, it is in the intellect and above all in the heart"

“The child,” he says again, “must be prepared for the duties of life, and for the duties of a man and a citizen, by religion ; no doubt, and by religion in the first place, but at the same time by that transformation of the mind and the heart which is called general instruction and education. ”

I ask you, what will a generation be which has been prepared for the duties of life by female teachers such as the 111 of whom I have just spoken ?

To resume : out of 177 schools, 66 render great service and do much good, and 111 are a disgrace to the body of teachers. The way to remedy this state of things is, as suggested by Mr. Pilon, to give the inspector power to dismiss the male and female teachers who are notoriously incapable and negligent, and to cancel their diplomas.

Book depository.—I have not heard a single complaint against the book depository and several seem to appreciate its establishment. Since its institution, the prices of certain articles have fallen 25 and sometimes 50 per cent, and the schools are better supplied with the necessary furniture. Let us hope that this establishment will continue to exist, as it is indispensable that it should.

School-houses.—The school-houses belonging to the commissioners, or rented, are as varied as they are unsuitable ; sometimes school is taught in a garret, in which the teacher has to cook her meals, and teach class at the same time ; elsewhere, it is in the loft of a grist mill ; in one place, it will be in a filthy kitchen ; in another, in an untenable house, open to rain and snow ; it may be said of all that they are unhealthy ; the rooms are almost always too small, and while some of the pupils, with their backs against the stove, are roasting, the others are shivering with cold on the opposite side. Moreover, it is no rare occurrence to see 30 or 40 children in a room 10 feet by sixteen ; this is not half large enough ; add the absolute absence of ventilation in this place, which the children are obliged to occupy during the whole day, and you may form an idea of the frightfully detestable air which they breathe.

Industrial drawing.—The children generally are very fond of drawing, but many teachers are not, and this is owing to the fact that they have not learned it themselves, and consequently have little taste for this branch. Nevertheless, 138 pupils more learned drawing this year than last.

Keeping of accounts.—Nearly all the secretary-treasurers displayed good will in the keeping of their books, and a good number of them use those which you recommended. Yet, I am sorry to say that some of their books are so confused, that it is impossible to arrive at the state of affairs in these municipalities.

I believe it be absolutely necessary that secretary-treasurers should be compelled to have printed receipts, with counter-foils and numbers, which is not generally the case.

Agriculture.—The teaching of agriculture progresses slowly, and since last year there has been an increase of 59 in the number of those who have studied it.

Before closing this report, I deem it my duty to inform you that, in my opinion, the first reforms to be carried out are: 1o. to fix the minimum of salaries; 2o. to cancel the diplomas of incompetent teachers; 3o. to suspend the action of the boards; 4o. to give to inspectors the power of maintaining in their position male and female teachers who faithfully discharge their duties, but who are the victims of certain fault-finders.

The whole respectfully submitted.

I have the honor to be, &c.,

G. S. VIEN,
School Inspector.

ADDENDUM

(*Translation.*)

MR. BRAULT.

Montreal, 27th December, 1879.

Sir,

As a supplement to my last general report, I have the honor to forward you, in the form of a synoptical table, the bulletins of inspection which I took the liberty of sending you last spring in the ordinary form.

It seems to me that it would be advantageous to have such tables follow our general remarks. These tables might contain, in a few pages, all the information which it is necessary to give on each school and each municipality. These tables would greatly facilitate the work of comparison which it might be desired to make between the various schools and municipalities of an inspection division; then they would occupy two or three times less space than the same information in the ordinary form.

I may explain that the double letter *m.m.*, in the annexed table, signifies map of the world.

There are, therefore, 10 schools in which there is but one map of the world, and 22 where there is no geographical map.

There are, as shown by the table, 11 terrestrial globes in this district of inspection.

I have the honor to be, &c.,

C. BRAULT,
School Inspector.

County.		No.	NAMES OF MUNICIPALITIES AND SCHOOLS.		Date of visit.		Name of teachers.		Diploma.	Salary.	State of house.	State of furniture.	Area of ground.	Have the pupils the necessary books.	Geographical maps.	Terrestrial globe.	Total pupils enrolled.	Average attendance, according to register.
			Municipality of Lachine (town)		1879					\$								
		1	Commercial Academy.		12th May.		4 Brothers C. D.			1000	V. G.	V. G.	3 arpents	Yes	6		220	185
		2	Villa-Anna Convent.		"		Sœurs de Ste. Anne.				V. G.	V. G.	sev. arp.	"	V. G.	1	318	250
		3	Model School (diss.)		23 "		R Varner.		A.	550	V. G.	V. G.	½ arpent	"	"	1	68	40
			Municipality of Lachine (parish.)															
		4	E. S. Dorval of Upper Lachine.		23 "		Kate McGrath.		E.	160	V. G.	V. G.	½ arpent	"	Atlas		48	40
		5	E. S. of Lower Lachine.		23 "		Marie Décary.		E.		Midd- ling.							
			Municipality of St. Laurent.															
		6	St. Laurent College.		13 "		Frères de Ste. Croix.				Good.	Good.	sev. arp.	not all	3 maps	1	313	250
		7	St. Laurent Convent.		13 "		Sœurs de Ste. Croix.				V. G.	V. G.	"	Nearly all	General	1	175	165
		8	E. S. diss., village of St. Laurent.		13 "		Harriett McGarry.		E.	200	Good.	Good.	½ arpent	Yes	4 maps		34	30
		9	E. S., côte de Liesse.		13th June.		Olivier Ladouceur.		E.	148	Pass- able.	Pass.	½ arpent	"	O.		50	33
		10	E. S. diss., côte St. Laurent.		13 "		Alma Taylor.		E.	200	V. G.	"	½ arpent	"	G.		23	18
		11	E. S., côte St. Laurent.		13 "		Saloméo Lavole.		E.	156.	Good.	"	½ arpent	"	M. of W.		25	22

12	E. S., lower Bois-franc.	14	"	Miss Agnès Désormeau.	E.	156	Good		1	arpent	"	"	53	36
13	E. S., upper Bois-franc.	14	"	" Victoria Ladouceur.	E.	148	Good	"		1	arpent	"	51	30
14	E. E., côte St. François.	14	"	" Alph. Prévost.	E.	148	P. G.	"		1	arpent	"	30	18
15	E. E., côte Vertu.	25	"	" Ophélia Garneau.	E.	148	Good	"		1	arpent	"	31	16
Municipality of Ste. Anne (village)														
16	Boys' M. S., Ste. Anne.	16th	May	Mr. Israël Dufresne.	M.	312	Good	"		1	arpent	Not all	100	85
17	Girls' M. S., "	16	"	Miss C. Normandeau.	M.	193	"	Good		1	arpent	Yes	100	80
Municipality of Ste. Anne (parish)														
18	E. S., côte Ste. Marie.	30th	June	Miss M. A. Robillard.	E.	100	Passable.	Pass.				"	24	18
19	E. S., lower Ste. Anne.	30	"	" Philomène Cyr.	E.	100	Poor	Bad				"	18	14
20	E. S., côte du Nord.	27	"	" Adèle Rodier.	E.	100	Good	P. G.		1	arpent	"	28	21
Municipality of Pointe-Claire.														
21	E. S. of côte St. Rémi.	25	"	Miss Philomène Legault.	E.	88	Passable.	Poor				"	30	26
22	E. S. of haut du fleuve.	30	"	" E. Mitchell.	E.	88	"	"				"	34	28
23	E. S. of bas du fleuve.	30	"	" E. Carrière.	E.	88	"	"				"	24	20
24	E. S. of côte St. Jean.	26	"	" M. Brunet.	E.	88	"	"				"	24	19
25	E. S. of côte St. Charles.	30	"	" V. Daigneau.	E.	88	P. G.	"				Not all	24	21
26	E. S. of côte Ste. Marie.	30	"	" B. Charlebois.	E.	88	Poor	"				Yes	23	19
27	Boys' M. S.	17th	May	Mr. C. Valiquet.	M.	305	Passable.	P. G.		1	arpent	Nearly all	48	40
28	Pointe-Claire Couvent.	17	"	Ladies of Congrégation.			V. G.	V. G.		2	arpents	Yes	1	100

County.	No.	1st degree.	2nd degree.	Model.	Academies.	Writing.	Grammar.	Arithmetic.	Book-keeping.	History.	Geography.	Agriculture.	Drawing.	In which language teaching done.	Is teacher competent.	General keeping of school.	Is there progress.	Are accounts well kept by sec.-treasurer.	Are there arrears.	Rewards distributed.	REMARKS.
	1	60	100	40	20	190	145	200	45	100	90	90	30	F. & E.	Yes	V. G.	Yes	Yes	Yes	8	
	2	78	143	52	45	278	240	278	97	260	240	45	90	"	"	"	"	"		10	
	3	20	28	20		45	33	45	7	29	42		45	Eng.	"	"	"	"		4	
	4	32	16			30	20	26		8	8	8	12	F. & E.	"	"	"	"	"	5	
	5													F.	"						3 School closed ; teacher sick.
	6	75	60	45	30	265	230	255	85	185	170	50	55	F. & E.	"	G.	"	"	"	5	Visited day-scho'l only.
	7	75	40	50	10	150	100	150	30	150	115		40	"	"	V. G.	"	"	"	8	
	8	15	19			26	22	28		7	20		20	Eng.	"	G.	"	"		2	Progress, except in writing.
	9	25	25			25	25	25		18	8			F.	I believe so	G.	Very little			2	
	10	11	12			21	12	22	3	3	15		21	E.	Yes	V. G.	Yes			1	
	11	19	6			12	6	19		4	3	4		F.	"	G.	"			3	

County.	No.	NAMES OF MUNICIPALITIES AND SCHOOLS.	Date of visit.	Name of teachers.	Diploma.	Salary.	State of house.	State of furniture.	Area of ground.	Have the pupils the necessary books ?	Geographical maps.	Terrestrial globe.	Total pupils enrolled.	Average attendance, according to register.
County of Jacques-Cartier—Continued.		Municipality of Ste. Geneviève No. 1.	1879			\$								
	1	E. S. of côte St-Jean.	26 June.	Miss Agnès Legault.	E.	100	G.	Poor		Yes	Canada		29	14
	2	Boys Model School.	" "	Mr. Orphire Payment.	M.	250	Pass.	Pass.	½ arpent	Yes	V. G.		92	66
	3	Convent.	" "	Sisters of Ste. Anne.			V. G.	V. G.	6 arpents	Yes	V. G.	1	114	90
	4	E. S. of Upper of Ste. Geneviève Municipality of Ste. Geneviève No. 3.	"	Miss Marg. Guindon.	E.	112	G.	Poor	½ arpent	Not all	P. G.		55	43
	5	E. S. of Saraguay.	25 "	Miss Adéline Cyr.	E.	136	G.	G.	½ arpent	Yes	P. G.		70	50
	6	E. S. of côte St. Rémi.	26 "	Miss Angèle Payment.	E.	120	P. G.	G.	½ arpent	Yes	P. G.		43	35
		Municipality of l'Ile Bizard												
	7	Village E. S.	27 "	Miss Elise Dufresne.	E.	160	Bad	P. G.	½ arpent	Yes	G.		75	50
	8	E. S. No. 2.	" "	Miss Ladouceur.	E.	114	Poor	Pass.	1-16 arpent	Yes			43	27

County.	No.	1st degree.	2nd degree.	Model.	Academy.	Writing.	Grammar.	Arithmetic.	Book keeping.	History.	Geography.	Agriculture.	Drawing.	In which language teaching done ?	Is the teacher competent ?	General keeping of school.	Is there progress ?	Are the accounts well kept by the secretary treasurer ?	Are there arrears ?	Rewards distributed.	REMARKS.	
County of Vaudreuil.	1	16	13			10	13	12		12	12	12	21	F.	I believe so		G.		Yes	Yes	2	The most advanced are absent.
	2	52	20	20		40	40	40	10	40	40	40	40	F.	Yes		G.	Yes		4		
	3	64	26	20	4	94	69	69	21	68	69	50	94	F. & E.	"	V. G.	"			4		
	4	46	9			19	9	13	3	10	6	4	9	F.	"		G.	"		3	The sec. treas. is absent.	
	5	56	14			29	14	34		5	2	15	13	F.	"		G.	"	Little.	3		
	6	28	15			35	15	35		15	10	15	43	F.	"		G.	"		4		
	7	57	18			62	18	75	1	14	14	30	20	F.	"		G.			3	This is the first time that I have visited these two schools.	
	8	34	9			21	9	21		7	4	11		F.	"		G.			2		

9	36	10	21	10	10	46	F.	"	G.	"	Pass.	"	4
10	33	5	14	5	6	5	F.	"	P. G.	No			4
11	49	14	20	18	7	5	F.	"	G.	Yes			6
12	31	9	16	9	11	4	F.	"	G.	A little			4
13	18	53	9	1	66	37	50	5	10	18	10	50	8
14	33	50	13	81	42	50	14	41	29	32	48	5	5
15	18			9	6	9		6	2	6		2	2
16	26			19	2	10		10				2	2
17	29	3		15	10	31		11	6			3	3
18	26			13	5	10		3	3			3	3
19	18	7		23	6	25		5	7	3		2	2
20	42	5		46	10	40		12				3	3
21	13	6		13	6	11		2	9			2	2
22	43	2		18	12	22		11	7			4	4
23	57	5		21	29	29		6	6			3	3
24	46	12		26	17	26		9	7	12		5	5
25	22	2		22	3	6		3	2			2	2

County of Jacques Cartier.—Continued.

The teacher has
 been here only
 a month & a half
 Few pupils pre-
 sent (5).

County.	No.	NAMES OF MUNICIPALITIES AND SCHOOLS.	Date of visit.	Name of teacher.	Diploma.	Salary.	State of house.	State of furniture.	Area of ground.	Have the pupils the necessary books ?	Geographical maps.	Terrestrial globe.	Total pupils enrolled.	Average attendance, according to register.
County of Vaudreuil.—Continued.														
		Municipality of Rigaud.	1879.			\$								
	1	E. S. of l'anse à la Raquette.	26 May.	Miss M. L. Vallée.	E.	100	P. G.	Pass.	‡ arpent	Yes	P. G.		46	36
	2	Convent.	27 "	Sisters of Ste. Anne.			G.	G.	1 arpent	"	V. G.	1	112	90
	3	Bourget's College.	"	Clerics of St. Viateur.			V. G.	G.	6 arpents	"	V. G.	1	180	140
	4	E. S. dissentient, Pointe-Fortune.	"	Miss Jane Dunbar.	E.	96	G.	G.	‡ arpent	"	0		30	23
	5	E. S., Baie de Rigaud.	"	Miss M. Houbert.	E.	100	G.	P. G.	‡ arpent	"	V. G.		35	23
	6	E. S., côte St-Thomas.	28 "	Mrs. Anna Lefebvre.	E.	104	G.	P. G.	‡ arpent	"	0		52	30
	7	E. S. of Lachute.	"	Miss Fab. Ladouceur.	E.	100	P. G.	Pass.	‡ arpent	"	3 old ones		47	30
	8	E. S. of Petit-Brûlé.	"	Mr. B. Décosse.	E.	100	P. G.	Pass.	‡ arpent	Not all	0		30	20
	9	E. S., Lower Ste. Madeleine.	"	Mrs. P. Laframboise.	E.	100	Pass.	P. G.	‡ arpent	Yes	5 bad		43	30
	10	E. S., Upper "	29 "	Mrs. Ths. Pilon.	E.	120	G.	P. G.	‡ arpent	Xes	G.		64	38
		Municipality of Ste. Marthe.												
	11	E. S. of côte St. Henri.	29 "	Miss Kate Milmore.	E.	120	Poor	Poor	‡ arpent	Yes	V. G.		35	25
	12	Mixed Academy.	" "	Mr. Jos. Parayre.	A.	375	G.	G.	‡ arpent	Yes	G.	1	71	59

13 E. S., Upper St. Guillaume.	30 "	Miss Marie Léger.	E.	120	Poor	P. G.	‡ arpent	Yes	V. G.	65	46
14 E. S., Upper Ste. Marie.	" "	Mrs. Mathilda Besner.	E.	120	Bad	Pass.	‡ arpent	Yes	P. G.	51	35
15 E. S., Lower "	" "										
16 E. S. of côte Ste. Julie.	11 June.	Miss Emma Richer.	E.	140	P. G.	Pass.	‡ arpent	Yes	G.	68	40
17 E. S., Lower St. Guillaume.	" "	Miss M. L. Gauthier.	E.	120	G.	P. G.	‡ arpent	Not all	G.	53	25
Municipality of Ste. Justine.											
18 E. S. diss. of Ste. Justine.	5 "	Miss Anna McNaughton.	E.	200	Poor	G.	‡ arpent	Yes	G.	36	22
19 E. S. of 5th range.	5 "	Mrs. Marine Grenier.	E.	160	P. G.	P. G.	‡ arpent	Yes	G.	45	18
20 E. S. of village.	6 "	Miss E. Desrivères.	E.	200	Pass.	Poor	‡ arpent	Not all	V. G.	87	70
21 E. S. of 2nd range.	6 "	Miss E. Souchereau.	E.	180	"	Pass.	‡ arpent	Yes	"	83	43
22 E. S. of 3rd range.	6 "	Mr. Norb. Desjardins.	E.	200	G.	Pass.	‡ arpent	Yes	G.	63	36
Municipality of St. Zotique.											
23 M. S. of Côteau Landing.	2 "	Mr. Moïse Guérin.	M.	360	G.	Pass.	‡ arpent	Yes	V. G.	95	70
24 E. S. diss., "	2 "	Mr. J. B. M. Young.		200	G.	G.	‡ arpent	"	G.	24	20
25 M. S. of St. Zotique village.	3 "	Mr. M. O. Caron.	M.	400	G.	G.	‡ arpent	"	V. G.	108	85
26 E. S. of côte St. Thomas.	3 "	Miss Olympe Bray.	E.	140	A. B.	P. G.	‡ arpent	"	0	56	35
27 M. S. of rivière Beaudet.	3 "	Mr. Pierre Monast.	M.	300	G.	G.	‡ arpent	"	G.	76	40
28 E. S. of côte Ste. Catherine.	4 "	Mr. Gédéon Guertin.	E.	200	Pass.	P. G.	‡ arpent	"	0	33	18

County of Vaudreuil.—Continued.

County of Soulanges.

County of Vaudreuil.—Continued.													
No.	1st degree.	2nd degree.	Model.	Academy.	Writing.	Grammar.	Arithmetic.	Book keeping.	History.	Geography.	Agriculture.	Drawing.	In which language teaching done?
1	46				9	5	16		4	2			F.
2	68	26	12	6	97	44	97	18	44	44	20	36	F.
3	66	15	49		168	75	15	5	129	90	35	10	F. & E.
4	30				24	10	24		10	19			E.
5	20	15			16	15	15		16	7			F.
6	47	5			15	15	26		10	11			F.
7	47				14	10	9		11	2			F.
8	30				10	2	16		4	2	4		F.
9	40	3			22	15	27		10	7	8		F.
10	42	2			24	22	33	8	22	20	17	14	F.
11	35				18	10	11		10	13	4	10	F. & E.
12	27	31	13		50	44	59	13	27	23	12	37	F.
REMARKS.													
Is the teaching com- petent?													
General keeping of school.													
Is there progress?													
Are the accounts well kept by the sec. treasurer?													
Are there arrears?													
Rewards distributed.													
Sec. Treas. ab- sent.													
The master is there only since 8th April.													

13	59	6	37	17	24	15	20	18	36	26	36	3	3	17	17	23	F.	"	G.	Yes	7	Closed by order of Comm. owing to epidemic diseases.
14	50		19	12	16	5	5		5	5				5	5		F. & E.	I believe so	P. G.	Very little	4	
15																					4	
16	51	17	65	15	37	14	10	13	62					14	10		F.	Yes	G.	Yes	4	
17	52	1	20	4	26	9	4	4	8					9	4		F. & E.	"	G.	"	2	
18	33	3	36	26	36	3	26							3	26		B.	Yes	V. G.	Yes		
19	43		12	4	7		1	5	5						1		F.	No	G.	No	2	Sec. Treas. absent.
20	79	8	35	23	35	8	5	5	76					19	5		F.	I believe so			5	No class the teacher being absent.
21	61	22	34	22	55	20	20	14						20	20		F. & E.	Yes	V. G.	Yes	5	
22	63		38	20	44	10	8	26						10	8		F.	I believe so	Pass.	Little	4	
23	60	25	75	45	75	15	20	18	75					20	20		F. & E.	Yes	G.	Yes	5	
24	17	7	16	6	15	5	2							6	2		E.		P. G.	Doubtful	2	The teacher is a young man having no diploma.
25	28	50	86	50	86	12	22	24	16					50	22		F.	Yes	G.	Yes	5	
26	48	8	18	20	45	9	9	6						9	9		F.	"	"	"	3	
27	33	16	68	29	68	9	28	24	9					20	28		F. & E.	"	"	"	5	
28	32	1	23	12	19		8	8						4	8		F.	"	"	Not in arit	2	

County of Vaudreuil.—Continued.

County of Soulanges.

County.		No.	NAMES OF MUNICIPALITIES AND SCHOOLS.	Date of visit.	Name of teacher.	Diploma.	Salary.	State of house.	State of furniture.	Area of ground.	Have the pupils the necessary books ?	Geographical maps.	Terrestrial globe.	Total pupils enrolled.	Average attendance, according to register.
County of Boulanger.—Continued.															
			Municipality of St. Télesphore.	1879.											
1	E. S., côte Ste. Catherine.		4 June.	Miss Odile Ladouceur.	E.	\$ 124	Good	Pass.			Yes	G.		44	30
2	E. S., côte St. André.		"	Miss Salomée Poirier.	E.	132	"	P. G.		½ arpent	"	P. G.		38	25
3	E. S., côte des Anges.		"	Miss Marie V. Hurteau.	E.	116	Pass.	Pass.		½ arpent	"	P. G.		34	20
4	E. S., côte St. George.		5	Miss M. L. Montpetit.	E.	120	G.	"		½ arpent	"	Poor		34	23
5	E. S. dissentient.		"	Miss Anna McLean.	E.	200	P. G.	G.		½ arpent	"	P. G.		35	24
			Municipality of St. Polycarpe.												
6	E. S., Côteau-Station.		9	Miss M. A. Christin.	E.	160	Pass.	Pass.		½ arpent	Not all	G.		72	50
7	E. S., Lower part of river.		"	Miss Flavie Leroux.	E.	140	Good	"		½ arpent	Yes	G.		77	60
8	Boys' M. S.		10	Mr. Charles Picotte.	M.	275	"	G.		½ arpent	Yes	V. G.		97	55
9	E. S., côte St. Philippe.		"	Miss Louise Bériau.	E.	140	V. G.	G.		½ arpent	"	G.		50	25
10	Convent of St. Polycarpe.		"	Sisters of Ste. Anne.			G.	G.		1 arpent	"	V. G.	1	108	80
11	E. S., Upper part of river.		11	Miss V. Bériau.	E.	140	P. G.	P. G.		1 arpent	"	V. G.		50	30
12	E. S., côte Ste. Marie.		"	Miss A. Bertrand.	E.	140	P. G.	Pass.		½ arpent	"	V. G.		68	40

13	E. S., Upper Cedars.	16	"	Mrs. M. A. Viau.	E.	100	G.	G.	1-16 arpent	Not all	P. G.	16	8
14	Boys' M. S.	"	"	Mr. M. Lapointe.	M.	210	G.	G.	‡ arpent	Yes	V. G.	38	28
15	Convent of Cedars.	"	"	Sisters of Congreg.			G.	G.	1 arpent	"	V. G.	79	68
16	E. S., Lower Cedars.	17	"	Miss R. Roussin.	E.	120	P. G.	P. G.	1-16 arpent	"	V. G.	39	34
17	E. S., côte St. Féréol.	"	"	Mr. Alex. Boudreau.	E.	280	P. G.	Pass.	1 arpent	"	G.	81	75
18	E. S., côte St. Dominique.	21	"	Mr. Luc Lanthier.	E.	280	G.	P. G.	1 arpent	"	V. G.	86	65
Municipality of Côteau-du-Lac.													
19	Convent of Côteau-du-Lac.	18	"	Sisters of Providence.			V. G.	G.	1 arpent	Not all	G.	79	68
20	Boys' M. S.	"	"	Mr. H. Rondeau.	A.	297	Pass.	Pass.	‡ arpent	Yes	G.	49	31
21	E. S., Lower rivière Delisle.	"	"	Miss V. Pharand.	E.	110	G.	Poor	‡ arpent	"	G.	20	16
22	E. S., Ruisseau.	19	"	Mrs. Flore Proulx.	E.	128	P. G.	P. G.	‡ arpent	"	V. G.	31	22
23	E. S., Pont-Château.	"	"	Mr. Israël St. Amour.	M.	250	Pass.	Bad	‡ arpent	"	V. G.	72	30
24	E. S., St. Emmanuel.	20	"	Mr. Guillaume Lalonde.	E.	200	P. G.	Pass.	‡ arpent	"		50	35
Municipality of St. Clet.													
25	E. S., côte St. Jacques.	20	"	Miss Jos. Montpetit.	E.	100	Pass.	Pass.	‡ arpent	Yes		32	20
26	E. S., côte Ste. Anne.	"	"	Miss Corine Quesnel.	E.	100	"	Poor	‡ arpent	"		32	25
27	E. S., village.	"	"	Miss E. Allard.	E.	140	G.	Pass.	‡ arpent	"	M. M.	44	30
28	E. S., St. Emmanuel.	"	"	Miss Rose Roy.	E.	152	P. G.	P. G.	‡ arpent	"		68	54
29	E. S., Ruisseau,	19	"	Mrs. C. Turcotte.	E.	152	G.	Pass.	‡ arpent	"		38	30

County.	No.	1st degree.	2nd degree.	Model.	Academy.	Writing.	Grammar.	Arithmetic.	Book keeping.	History.	Geography.	Agriculture.	Drawing.	In which language teaching done?	Is teacher competent?	General keeping of school?	Is there progress?	Are accounts well kept by sec. treasurer?	Are there arrears?	Rewards distributed.	REMARKS.
	1	44				24	17	22		4	5			F.	Yes	G.	Yes	Yes	Yes	3	
	2	35	3			19	9	29		6	5	8		F.	"	V. G.	"			2	
	3	34				25	15	25		15	5			F.	"	G.	"			2	
	4	33	1			18	13	17		12	8			F.	"	G.	Little			2	
	5	35				29	8	31		7	21			R.	"	G.	Yes			1	
	6	72				38	15	33		10	10	10		F.	Doubtful	Passable	No	"	Little	2	
	7	52	25			52	25	52	9	25	14	12		F.	Yes	G.	Yes			3	
	8	69	18	10		80	32	22	6	10	10	15	12	F. & E.	"	G.	"			3	
	9	36	14			30	14	30		8	8	5		R.	"	G.	"			2	
	10	67	30	11		72	80	78	24	36	42	45	40	F. & E.	"	V. G.	"			4	
	11	48	2			34	20	28		9	8	7		F.	"	G.	Little			2	Miss Bériau has only been here a short time.
	12	49	19			22	19	27		25	25	9		F. & E.	"	P. G.	No			2	

[illegible]

RECAPITULATION

GRAND STATISTICAL TABLE prepared by the School Inspectors for the scholastic year 1878-79.

No.	INSPECTION DISTRICT OF	No. of municipalities.	No. of districts.	No. of school-houses.	No. of schools in operation under control.	ELEMENTARY SCHOOLS.				BOYS' MODEL SCHOOLS.				GIRLS' MODEL SCHOOLS.						
						Number.	Boys.	Girls.	Total.	Average attendance.	Number.	Elementary course.	Superior course.	Total.	Average attendance.	Number.	Elementary course.	Superior course.	Total.	Average attendance.
1	Alexander, W. J.....	30	139	131	110	103	2137	1923	4060	2764	1	112	12	124	112	4	507	111	618	482
2	Archeambeault, J. N. A.....	32	120	117	120	91	1894	1842	3736	2909	4	218	117	335	277	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
3	Bégin, D.....	26	122	91	119	108	2091	2064	4165	2760	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	40	17	57	36
4	Béland, P. F.....	21	112	82	114	100	1795	1792	3587	2621	2	43	31	74	60	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
5	Boivin, S.....	25	72	70	71	63	1359	1389	2748	1998	2	100	40	140	110	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
6	Brault, C.....	23	94	112	111	77	1730	1739	3469	2416	6	328	96	424	305	1	88	12	100	80
7	Carrier, E.....	27	172	132	163	147	3103	3006	6109	5069	4	146	111	257	218	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
8	Crépeault, T.....	30	139	115	171	149	3182	3286	6468	5744	4	146	71	217	191	7	356	193	549	495
9	Delage, J. B.....	34	178	171	178	158	3695	3110	6805	5550	2	93	25	118	104	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
10	Dorval, A. D.....	28	114	113	119	114	2567	2699	5266	3526	5	165	119	284	228	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
11	Emberson, F. C.....	28	160	166	169	157	4520	4068	8588	5604	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
12	Fontaine, A.....	29	113	112	112	99	2771	2639	5410	3315	2	124	33	167	102	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
13	Fothergill, R. G. M.....	15	17	30	31	49	713	487	1200	952	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	60	90	150	135
14	Gay, A.....	45	127	120	103	97	1782	2002	3784	2649	1	296	40	336	263	1	102	3	105	80

15	Grondin, L.....	32	136	137	136	99	2889	3049	5938	3879	4	133	152	285	208	1	20	68	88	69
16	Hubbard, H.....	37	295	296	287	287	4021	3442	7463	5735	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	40	45	85	60
17	Juneau, F. E.....	10	62	41	122	98	3030	3497	6627	5727	1	177	516	693	625	6	182	268	450	390
18	Lamarche, Z. O. H.....	32	140	139	140	95	2123	1829	3952	2618	4	367	72	439	352	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
19	Laplante, M.....	32	162	172	170	152	2909	2865	5774	4425	2	105	2	107	84	4	182	27	209	167
20	Lefebvre, D.....	24	111	78	110	96	2274	2198	4472	2688	4	256	59	315	274	1	58	12	70	55
21	Lévesque, L. N.....	28	142	131	136	128	1812	1895	3707	2529	2	46	8	54	44	3	34	5	39	37
22	Lucier, L.....	13	42	41	37	35	834	726	1560	1118	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
23	Lyster, Rév. W. J.....	20	45	44	35	35	622	588	1210	911	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
24	McLoughlin, J. A.....	30	232	233	232	231	3137	2766	5903	4397	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
25	McMahon, S. F.....	31	91	95	100	43	1205	1384	2589	2041	8	734	72	806	641	3	272	32	304	232
26	Magrath, B.....	36	88	88	88	88	1701	1517	3218	2466	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
27	Painchaud, J. B. F.....	3	10	10	8	9	228	200	428	300	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
28	Pilon, A.....	37	130	118	118	105	2364	2145	4509	3689	2	207	34	241	200	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
29	Prémont, J.....	27	78	72	83	63	1518	1450	2968	2138	5	274	66	340	260	3	201	28	229	176
30	Savard, E.....	19	77	75	75	73	1428	1486	2914	2198	1	50	23	73	68	1	40	46	86	80
31	Stenson, M.....	35	135	118	113	121	2134	1941	4075	3024	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
32	Tanguay, G.....	37	206	159	206	184	3199	3271	6470	4502	7	338	116	454	348	2	88	31	119	98
33	Tétreault, A.....	20	105	98	102	96	2116	2435	4551	3053	1	94	8	102	80	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
34	Thompson, Wm.....	21	81	81	76	74	1074	894	1968	1514	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
35	Trémbay, T.....	30	67	51	48	44	936	1026	1962	1380	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
36	Vien, C. S.....	23	177	109	169	168	2757	2862	5619	3280	1	35	12	47	36	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
		970	4291	3948	4282	3836	77650	75512	163162	111489	75	4587	1835	6422	5190	40	2270	988	3258	2672

GRAND STATISTICAL TABLE prepared by the School Inspectors for the scholastic year 1878-79.—Continued.

No.	MIXED MODEL SCHOOLS.										BOYS' ACADEMIES.					GIRLS' ACADEMIES.					MIXED ACADEMIES.										
	Boys.					Girls.																									
	Number.	Elementary course.	Superior course.	Total.	Average attendance.	Number.	Elementary course.	Superior course.	Total.	Average attendance.																					
1	1	51	3	54	50	47	6	53	40	1	32	8	40	34	10	1299	479	1778	1592	1	23	50	73	72	1592	1592	1	26	10	36	30
2	4	115	114	229	199	76	56	132	106	2	369	125	494	447	3	145	160	305	245	3	145	160	305	245	240	240	1117	916	1051	1051	30
3	9	247	144	391	327	217	216	433	361	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
4	9	108	63	171	116	94	133	227	185	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
5	3	57	28	85	67	58	34	92	78	1	74	30	104	90	2	160	105	265	240	2	160	105	265	240	240	240	1117	916	1051	1051	30
6	3	105	42	147	100	107	25	132	95	2	251	50	301	235	8	782	335	1117	916	8	782	335	1117	916	916	916	1117	916	1051	1051	30
7	4	109	53	162	150	153	91	244	223	1	324	96	420	400	5	707	438	1145	1051	5	707	438	1145	1051	1051	1051	1145	1051	1051	1051	30
8	5	119	75	194	163	128	68	196	151	1	140	90	230	205	3	272	166	438	393	3	272	166	438	393	393	393	438	393	1051	1051	30
9	5	178	35	213	165	159	40	199	159	1	143	32	175	164	8	765	69	834	742	8	765	69	834	742	742	742	834	742	1051	1051	30
10	2	41	10	51	36	34	14	48	37	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	9	349	264	613	528	9	349	264	613	528	528	528	613	528	1051	1051	30
11	3	24	29	53	35	47	34	81	55	1	119	321	440	352	3	114	182	296	236	3	114	182	296	236	236	236	296	236	80	80	48
12	4	192	20	212	143	193	25	218	157	1	149	32	181	121	2	148	72	220	156	2	148	72	220	156	156	156	220	156	80	80	48
13	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
14	4	147	38	185	147	129	40	168	136	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	3	103	102	205	165	3	103	102	205	165	165	165	205	165	80	80	48

15	5	250	101	351	261	241	103	344	256	5	596	247	843	699	6	727	414	1141	969	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
16	4	60	60	120	83	43	43	85	62	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	7	98	98	196	196
17	8	141	100	241	191	117	115	232	181	6	164	316	480	420	6	102	285	387	360	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
18	8	293	79	372	275	241	75	316	225	2	316	102	418	367	7	788	458	1246	1029	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
19	5	200	32	232	161	163	55	218	165	5	380	67	447	391	10	399	153	552	523	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
20	8	347	36	383	283	313	53	366	280	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	52	13	65	62	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
21	5	31	34	65	50	51	33	84	65	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
22	4	126	16	142	109	73	14	87	67	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	47	16	63	44	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
23	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
24	1	2	6	8	7	4	8	12	12	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	12	151	190	341	341
25	5	200	5	205	125	526	110	636	531	16	4138	720	4858	3979	14	3560	574	4134	3133	2	100	4	104	80
26	4	120	33	153	122	105	30	135	102	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	36	18	54	44
27	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
28	4	132	33	165	144	123	37	160	135	1	67	30	97	80	6	704	176	880	800	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
29	9	250	51	301	205	223	76	299	219	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	54	12	66	60	2	55	23	78	54
30	4	37	65	102	76	54	62	116	91	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	55	10	65	65	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
31	2	33	10	43	30	39	16	55	51	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
32	5	133	33	166	146	120	59	179	152	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	6	476	210	686	613	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
33	4	166	5	171	119	141	18	159	121	1	150	20	170	150	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
34	3	49	16	65	53	25	15	40	29	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	20	19	39	26
35	4	119	5	124	92	115	11	126	97	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
36	3	64	32	96	72	18	30	48	44	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	3	168	90	258	242	1	18	8	26	26
151	.....	4246	1406	5652	4302	4175	1745	5920	4668	47	7413	2286	9698	8134	128	11999	4833	16832	14236	29	532	422	954	845

GRAND STATISTICAL TABLE prepared by the School Inspectors for the scholastic year 1878-79.—Continued.

No.	MIXED ACADEMIES.— Continued.					CATHOLIC DISSENTIENT ELEMENTARY SCHOOLS.					CATHOLIC DISSENTIENT SUPERIOR SCHOOLS.								PROTESTANT DISSENTIENT ELEMENTARY SCHOOLS.						
	Girls.				Average attendance.	Number.	Boys.	Girls.	Total.	Average attendance.	Boys.				Girls.				Number.	Boys.	Girls.	Total.	Average attendance.		
	Elementary course.	Superior course.	Total.	Average attendance.							Elementary course.	Superior course.	Total.	Average attendance.	Elementary course.	Superior course.	Total.	Average attendance.							
1	22	640	409	949	671	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	147	30	177	125	.....	3	56	28	84	60
2
3	2	41	32	73	52
4	3	38	38	76	73	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
5
6	29	6	35	31	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	10	166	107	273	209
7
8
9
10	3	51	42	93	51	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	3	35	20	55	33
11	20	69	89	53	.....	13	277	221	498	322	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	44	46	90	75	.....	6	125	93	218	130
12	3	41	29	70	36
13
14	16	260	208	468	346

[illegible]

GRAND STATISTICAL TABLE prepared by the School Inspectors for the scholastic year 1878-79.—Continued.

No.	PROTESTANT DISSENTIENT SUPERIOR SCHOOLS.										INDEPENDENT ELEMENTARY SCHOOLS.						INDEPENDENT SUPERIOR SCHOOLS.									
	Boys.					Girls.					Number.	Boys.	Girls.	Total.	Average attendance.	Number.	Elementary course.	Superior course.	Total.	Average attendance.	Number.	Elementary course.	Superior course.	Total.	Average attendance.	
	Elementary course.	Superior course.	Total.	Average attendance.	Elementary course.	Superior course.	Total.	Average attendance.	Elementary course.	Superior course.																Total.	Average attendance.
1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
2	1	5	21	13	4	2	6	5	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
3	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	25	25	25	25	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
4	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	25	25	50	36	36	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
5	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2	42	36	78	70	70	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
6	1	12	42	25	18	6	24	15	1	21	19	40	35	35	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
7	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
8	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	7	139	121	260	218	218	.....	1	21	15	36	32	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
9	1	7	14	9	5	6	11	7	1	6	9	15	15	15	.....	1	56	49	105	105	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
10	1	10	20	10	4	11	15	13	3	23	47	70	67	67	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
11	1	.....	29	20	.....	24	24	16	1	20	2	22	16	16	.....	26	267	237	504	478	218	453	671	599	.....
12	1	13	32	25	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
13	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	12	109	279	388	345	345	.....	2	6	6	12	12	30	30	60	48	.....
14	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....

[illegible]

GRAND STATISTICAL TABLE prepared by the School Inspectors for the scholastic year 1878-79.—Continued.

No.	COLLEGES.					NORMAL SCHOOLS.					Total number of pupils in educational establishments of all kinds.		Grand total of pupils.		Grand total and average attendance.		Pupils from A. B. C. to fluent reading.		Pupils reading fluently.	
	Number.	Elementary course.	Superior course.	Total.	Average attendance.	Number.	Boys.	Girls.	Total.	Average attendance.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Total.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Total.
1	1	80	28	108	95	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	3003	3180	6183	4373	990	992	1982	1612	1561	3173
2	5	463	340	803	725	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	3832	3786	7618	6333	299	350	649	1547	1583	3130
3	1	58	78	136	136	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2659	2684	5343	3769	1072	909	1981	866	843	1709
4	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2103	2387	4490	3336	880	668	1548	536	788	1324
5	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1730	1782	3512	2653	474	461	935	615	543	1158
6	2	216	277	493	390	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	3360	3273	6633	4882	799	700	1499	1161	953	2114
7	1	200	132	332	332	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	4274	4396	8669	7443	778	747	1525	1333	1314	2647
8	3	152	120	272	237	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	4270	4590	8860	7829	1155	1175	2330	1751	1887	3638
9	4	411	325	739	728	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	5087	4206	9293	7811	1050	1012	2062	1612	1308	2920
10	1	40	200	240	232	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	3271	3503	6774	4780	766	703	1469	951	909	1860
11	1	210	300	510	510	1	70	70	140	140	6628	5705	12333	8689	1268	1270	2538	2022	2014	4036
12	1	113	155	268	268	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	3662	3106	6768	4323	1029	927	1956	1570	1330	2900
13	2	100	40	140	120	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1234	1184	3418	1958	274	233	507	494	421	915
14	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2303	2480	4783	3440	1095	1052	2147	580	659	1239

GRAND STATISTICAL TABLE prepared by the School Inspectors for the scholastic year 1878-79.---Continued.

No.	PUPILS WHO READ WELL.			PUPILS WHO WRITE.			ARITHMETIC.			MENTAL ARITHMETIC			BOOK-KEEPING.			MATHEMATICS.			MENSURATION.		
	Boys.	Girls.	Total.	Boys.	Girls.	Total.	Boys.	Girls.	Total.	Boys.	Girls.	Total.	Boys.	Girls.	Total.	Boys.	Girls.	Total.	Boys.	Girls.	Total.
1	401	627	1028	1393	1620	3013	1346	1624	2970	958	1236	2194	73	82	155	9	15	24	27	15	42
2	1939	1900	3839	2538	2695	5233	2541	2432	4973	1355	1215	2540	465	330	795	30	.....	30	106	.....	106
3	704	949	1653	1282	1512	2794	1251	1439	2690	1552	1699	3251	158	117	275	78	.....	78	125	29	154
4	637	981	1618	1182	1527	2709	1102	1363	2465	1102	1363	2465	265	471	736	44	101	145	44	101	145
5	695	724	1419	1265	1306	2571	1140	1121	2261	878	882	1760	99	86	185	45	15	60	56	43	99
6	1400	1620	3020	2109	2055	4164	2079	2123	4202	1837	1953	3790	233	326	559	128	84	212	214	208	422
7	2170	2327	4497	3498	3613	7111	3498	3613	7111	3498	3613	7111	605	934	1539	218	236	454	218	236	454
8	1364	1528	2892	2566	2825	5391	1507	1610	3117	1349	1438	2787	166	243	409	79	28	107	79	.....	79
9	2473	1838	4311	3406	2999	6405	2624	2286	4910	1331	1178	2509	284	163	447	66	27	93	66	27	93
10	1720	1725	3445	1662	1711	3373	1709	1821	3530	569	880	1449	221	350	571	60	3	63	39	30	69
11	2710	3049	5759	4317	4308	8625	5274	5057	10331	2931	2910	5841	330	339	669	476	643	1119	117	116	233
12	1063	849	1912	1528	1479	3007	1576	1481	3057	654	619	1273	130	104	234	15	.....	15	26	14	40
13	488	508	996	812	800	1612	638	641	1279	467	431	898	64	12	76	4	36	40	7	8	15
14	628	769	1397	1122	1343	2465	1099	1361	2460	314	529	843	122	86	208	6	13	18	30	9	39

16	2161	2392	4553	3010	3283	6293	2891	3091	5982	1003	1638	3211	603	623	1180	550	451	1001	649	409	958
10	3801	2378	6179	2129	2026	4156	1784	1659	3443	1158	1056	2214	161	62	223	36	17	53	.....	.....	.....
17	2583	2467	6050	6342	6402	12744	5860	5776	11636	3548	4585	8133	667	536	1202	266	74	340	266	74	340
18	1290	1618	2938	2127	2296	4423	2209	2395	4604	1861	2104	3955	200	154	354	92	54	146	89	43	132
19	1757	1937	3694	1616	2226	3842	1647	2036	3583	960	1318	2268	117	282	399	63	120	173	69	151	210
20	919	1067	1986	1267	1380	2647	1270	1395	2665	2600	2577	6177	202	190	392	2	12	14	2	25	27
21	469	373	842	1033	1079	2112	948	1013	1961	1150	1147	2297	76	67	143	24	15	32	28	17	45
22	305	329	634	549	668	1117	581	569	1150	563	672	1235	71	109	180	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
23	205	205	410	383	414	797	373	394	767	302	331	633	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
24	2241	2183	4124	2116	2016	4132	1930	1786	3716	608	577	1185	86	47	133	137	84	221	.....	.....	.....
25	7110	7258	14368	7090	8641	15731	8164	9687	17851	7716	5127	12842	734	559	1293	188	110	298	188	110	298
26	425	475	900	1010	868	1878	1024	874	1898	262	216	478	46	33	79	31	26	67	6	6	10
27	98	90	188	78	96	174	105	83	188	94	124	218	6	2	8	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
28	1280	981	2270	1663	2070	3733	1786	2162	3948	1786	2162	3948	150	260	410	44	52	96	81	162	243
29	512	705	1217	2089	2042	4131	2078	1990	4068	2012	1979	3991	224	233	457	88	66	154	100	71	171
30	722	734	1456	1223	1336	2559	1155	1231	2396	1138	1227	2365	175	209	474	5	.....	6	9	33	42
31	276	413	689	940	931	1871	902	904	1806	902	904	1806	87	112	199	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
32	2072	2458	4530	2007	2517	4524	1810	2277	4087	1681	2021	3702	132	153	285	10	10	20	68	49	117
33	1711	1637	3348	1748	1353	3101	1581	1232	2813	1243	1031	2274	201	145	346	62	8	60	97	50	147
34	707	623	1330	719	648	1367	678	601	1279	458	408	866	62	48	110	44	39	83	21	18	39
35	200	311	601	838	874	1712	290	311	601	838	874	1712	17	28	45	.....	.....	.....	2	4	6
36	89	364	453	1612	1991	3603	1500	1860	3360	1099	1482	2581	54	102	156	27	23	52	29	23	52
	49424	50422	99846	70269	74850	145119	67850	71298	139148	52326	53506	105832	7246	7686	14932	2906	2364	5270	2747	2080	4927

GRAND STATISTICAL TABLE prepared by the School Inspectors for the scholastic year 1878-79.—Continued.

No.	GRAMMAR.			ORTHOGRAPHY.			PARSING ANALYTICAL EXERCISES.			LETTER-WRITING.			GEOGRAPHY.		
	ENGLISH.														
	Boys.	Girls.	Total.	Boys.	Girls.	Total.	Boys.	Girls.	Total.	Boys.	Girls.	Total.	Boys.	Girls.	Total.
1	69	133	202	825	1018	1843	1759	1873	3632	417	595	1012	31	219	250
2	573	553	1126	1849	1983	3832	528	611	1139	1135	1340	2475	265	325	590
3	150	69	219	716	978	1694	1422	1604	3026	693	956	1649	236	364	600
4	113	189	302	781	1144	1925	797	1166	1963	797	1166	1963	318	554	872
5	125	123	243	760	821	1587	846	938	1784	621	647	1268	159	176	335
6	451	345	796	1230	1414	2644	1322	1578	2900	1183	1428	2611	441	775	1216
7	473	533	1006	1461	1924	3385	2498	3613	7111	1461	1924	3385	751	1077	1828
8	153	172	325	1464	1558	3022	1464	1558	3022	1096	1083	2179	174	251	425
9	77	35	112	1071	1075	2146	1031	1075	2156	476	416	892	39	84	123
10	306	117	423	1113	1241	2354	2212	2321	4533	1048	1158	2206	449	536	985
11	3133	3354	6487	1145	1441	2586	5481	5168	10649	1688	2164	3852	1680	1849	3529
12	163	27	190	1018	1009	2027	1265	1234	2499	710	772	1482	144	92	236
13	280	305	585	64	138	202	683	585	1268	188	187	375	160	231	391
14	299	311	610	441	550	991	242	417	659	242	433	675	43	138	181

15	719	710	1429	1603	1931	3734	2057	2197	4254	1763	1866	3628	689	739	1328	1693	1855	3448
16	624	1003	1527	19	13	32	3366	2725	6091	520	993	1513	.....	.....	.....	1252	1514	2766
17	656	603	1259	4656	4604	9460	4760	4898	9658	4375	4539	8914	789	977	1766	2890	2986	5876
18	269	306	575	1168	1353	2521	1227	1438	2665	1130	1359	2489	337	615	952	753	796	1549
19	196	189	385	952	1618	2570	952	1618	2570	952	1618	2570	203	629	832	493	1074	1567
20	128	63	191	795	932	1727	761	907	1668	751	893	1644	272	385	657	340	475	815
21	57	48	105	586	699	1285	586	699	1285	586	699	1285	126	192	318	195	289	484
22	22	62	84	268	316	584	323	383	706	258	316	574	82	145	227	154	215	369
23	158	219	377	.....	.....	.....	500	478	978	147	187	334	233	258	491	162	222	384
24	657	980	1637	61	65	126	2661	2429	5090	657	980	1637	240	288	528	1068	1374	2442
25	1589	309	1898	3342	3602	7034	6376	7674	14050	4991	5673	10664	2658	4213	6871	5449	6588	12037
26	408	395	803	21	16	37	1693	1393	3086	200	190	390	51	50	101	552	484	1036
27	.....	29	29	86	76	102	47	51	98	17	20	37	.....	.....	.....	105	93	198
28	246	254	500	1022	1303	2325	1022	1303	2325	1022	1303	2325	152	337	489	670	932	1602
29	185	191	376	720	883	1603	796	934	1730	740	905	1645	320	416	736	367	515	882
30	66	89	155	547	726	1273	481	665	1146	481	665	1146	177	263	440	216	393	609
31	24	38	62	381	512	893	1389	1394	2783	51	116	167	16	25	41	191	270	461
32	279	210	489	1082	1602	2684	2514	2775	5289	1097	1666	2763	493	1046	1539	479	800	1279
33	250	38	288	989	751	1740	1385	1163	2548	970	763	1733	161	144	305	562	460	1022
34	340	372	712	27	23	50	862	785	1647	96	97	193	165	146	311	406	381	787
35	35	53	88	243	256	499	534	577	1111	113	192	305	50	123	173	52	127	179
36	59	84	143	529	991	1520	507	968	1475	423	810	1263	114	322	436	174	400	574
	13232	12511	25743	33241	38856	72097	57399	61195	118594	33095	40148	73243	12118	17984	30102	30376	36734	67110

GRAND STATISTICAL TABLE prepared by the School Inspectors for the scholastic year 1878-79.—Continued.

No.	HISTORY.			LINEAR INDUSTRIAL DRAWING.						Drawing from nature.			Horticulture and Agriculture.			Vocal Musio.			Instrumental Music.		
				1st Book.			2nd Book.														
				Boys.	Girls.	Total.	Boys.	Girls.	Total.												
1	412	854	1266	111	173	284	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	260	217	477	25	124	149	8	72	80
2	1694	1973	3667	703	548	1251	253	210	463	25	25	660	177	843	255	390	645	90	220	310
3	698	946	1644	143	329	472	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	379	438	817	85	59	144	20	30	50
4	477	865	1342	108	208	316	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	310	342	652	.....	.....	.....	.....	23	23
5	688	713	1401	71	104	175	.....	.....	.....	42	42	190	90	280	.....	140	140	.....	42	42
6	977	1342	2319	644	876	1520	18	.....	18	.....	.....	584	545	1129	414	557	971	98	223	321
7	1314	2001	3315	691	877	1568	.....	.....	.....	6	6	801	980	1781	457	485	942	25	168	193
8	1303	1330	2633	109	155	264	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	784	878	1662	51	145	196	.....	53	58
9	1041	1292	2333	179	193	372	.....	.....	.....	2	2	883	3	886	104	96	200	22	.....	22
10	616	902	1518	243	478	721	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	622	528	1150	235	237	472	30	72	102
11	3021	3295	6316	2107	2338	4445	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2964	3252	6216	14	474	488
12	675	752	1427	296	230	526	.....	.....	.....	16	16	342	245	587	.....	60	60	4	.....	4
13	102	270	462	44	88	132	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	296	316	612	.....	38	38
14	276	532	808	95	210	305	.....	.....	.....	54	54	119	42	161	.....	130	130	.....	63	63

15	1500	1841	3341	503	493	1089	.....	43	209	252	734	502	1236	239	397	635	40	213	253
16	171	322	493	245	180	425	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
17	4160	4537	8697	897	650	1517	.....	.....	.....	.....	257	181	438	1097	1538	2635	268	532	800
18	803	1196	1999	399	736	1135	.....	.....	.....	.....	626	398	1024	272	372	644	.....	144	144
19	669	1367	2036	272	483	755	.....	.....	.....	.....	614	758	1372	296	639	935	4	63	67
20	549	701	1250	282	351	633	.....	.....	5	5	558	447	1005	93	162	235	.....	18	18
21	278	463	741	146	210	356	.....	.....	.....	.....	201	178	379	47	63	100	8	.....	8
22	247	326	573	252	288	540	.....	.....	.....	.....	195	216	411	.....	20	20	.....	11	11
23	98	141	239	70	112	182	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	107	135	242	.....	.....	.....
24	312	477	789	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	5	75	80
25	5957	7238	13195	4362	5578	9940	25	75	53	53	578	528	1106	5858	7596	13454	140	1096	1236
26	210	179	389	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	85	81	166	.....	.....	.....
27	124	127	251	81	60	141	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	4	4
28	541	980	1521	341	317	658	.....	6	8	14	767	653	1420	75	332	407	6	111	117
29	601	844	1445	452	449	901	.....	11	13	24	488	469	957	53	174	227	.....	7	7
30	401	555	956	840	941	1781	.....	.....	7	7	230	331	561	676	685	1361	8	15	23
31	212	394	606	540	478	1018	.....	.....	.....	.....	181	176	357	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
32	1661	812	2473	206	551	757	.....	.....	15	15	170	490	660	195	255	450	32	78	110
33	763	571	1334	139	91	230	.....	.....	40	40	527	333	860	185	176	361	20	45	65
34	363	336	699	24	38	62	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	54	52	106	.....	.....	.....
35	84	170	254	3	80	83	.....	.....	.....	.....	16	74	90	2	.....	2	.....	.....	.....
36	330	787	1117	102	163	265	.....	.....	.....	.....	234	311	545	139	144	283	8	23	31
	33418	41131	74849	15790	19058	34848	296	285	477	555	12316	10530	22846	14338	18802	33140	850	3920	4770

GRAND STATISTICAL TABLE prepared by the School Inspectors for the scholastic year 1878-79 — Continued.

MALE TEACHERS.				SALARIES.										SALARIES.										
No.	Holding diplomas.	Belonging to religious orders.	Not holding diplomas.	Grand total.	Lay-male teachers in towns.					Lay-male teachers in the country.					Male teachers of religious orders in towns.					Male teachers of religious orders in the country.				
					Less than \$100.	From \$100 to \$200.	From \$200 to \$400.	\$400 and over.	Total.	Less than \$100.	From \$100 to \$200.	From \$200 to \$400.	\$400 and over.	Total.	Less than \$100.	From \$100 to \$200.	From \$200 to \$400.	\$400 and over.	Total.	Less than \$100.	From \$100 to \$200.	From \$200 to \$400.	\$400 and over.	Total.
1	8	8	2	18	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	6	4	.....	10	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	8
2	10	47	3	60	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	3	8	1	12	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	26
3	.....	12	.....	12	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
4	3	.....	.....	3	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	2	.....	3	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
5	5	.....	.....	5	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	5	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
6	22	42	2	66	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	2	19	2	23	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	38
7	6	24	2	32	.....	3	1	.....	.....	.....	3	.....	4	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
8	5	10	.....	15	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	5	.....	5	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	10
9	15	27	.....	42	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	5	8	1	14	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	10
10	8	20	1	29	3	4	1	9	20
11	47	1	4	52	31	8	9	3	20	1
12	19	28	47	1	2	11	5	17
13	41	1	2	44	13	5	10
14	19	3	5	27	1	8	15	23

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GRAND STATISTICAL TABLE prepared by the School Inspectors for the scholastic year 1878-79.—Continued.

No.	FEMALE TEACHERS.										SALARIES.										PUBLIC LIBRARIES.	
	Lay-female teachers in towns.					Lay-female teachers in the country.					Female teachers of religious orders in towns.					Female teachers of religious orders in the country.					Number.	Volumes.
	Holding diplomas.	Of religious orders.	Not holding diplomas.	Grand total.	Less than \$100.	From \$100 to \$200.	From \$200 to \$400.	\$400 and over.	Total.	Less than \$100.	From \$100 to \$200.	From \$200 to \$400.	\$400 and over.	Total.	Less than \$100.	From \$100 to \$200.	From \$200 to \$400.	\$400 and over.	Total.			
1	117	28	9	154						42	83		1	126		14	14			28		
2	85	72		157			2		2	26	45	12		83		17	55			55	13	9200
3	115	10	12	137					2	111	14			125		10						
4	111		4	115						86	29			115								
5	65	8	2	75						57	10			67				8		8	8	2450
6	73	87	5	165						11	63	4		78			87			87	11	8455
7	141	61	3	205			6	1	7	120	16	1		137		48	6	7		13	8	4950
8	140	35	1	176						95	46			141			35			35	12	3549
9	153	22	5	180		1	3		4	23	131			154		8	9	5		14	6	2750
10	98	36	2	136						42	54	4		100			24	12		36	17	7650
11	227	4	2	233				93	3	24	83	26		133			4			4	4	3918
12	85	10	1	96			1		1	38	46	1		85				7		7	6	5700
13	47		3	50			3	37	40		5	5		10								
14	68	16	6	89						6	67	1		73				10		10		

MR. MAGRATH.

Honorable G. Ouimet, Superintendent of Education,

Sir,

In submitting my annual statistical returns of the schools under my inspection, I have the honor to state that owing to the serious accident which befel me in the winter, I have not been able to furnish as reliable and full data, in a few instances, as I have always endeavored to give in previous years.

As respects the progress of the schools, I may say generally that while some exhibit a marked improvement, others continue stationary, and require a stimulus by such means as I shall presently point out.

Many sections of this large district are rocky and mountainous, and the people are poor, and consequently have very inferior schools, which can only be raised to a higher state of efficiency, according as the rate-payers become more prosperous. In a few sections, the people are really able to support better schools, but are too penurious to erect more suitable buildings, and to engage teachers of higher qualifications and experience.

In the cases where the people are poor, and unable to make material progress in educational matters, *and where they have the means and not the will*, I know of no better way in which the Department can expend its funds, than by giving extra aid to the most deserving school in each such section, so as to enable the commissioners to secure the services of a well qualified teacher, whose influence would soon be felt for good in the surrounding schools. My special report to the Protestant committee, enters fully into this subject.

During the past two months, I witnessed the engagement of a good many teachers, and in many instances where the people could well afford to pay fair salaries, the main object was too obviously to pay as little as possible. And although the change in the examination boards, by which a higher standard is enforced, is certainly a step in the right direction, yet it is manifest that when the people will persist in clinging to their parsimonious views, the progress in educational matters under any circumstances will be far from what it ought to be.

In this connection, I may state that the townships of Templeton, Buckingham and Lochaber, in the County of Ottawa, ought to receive special assistance, more

especially the village of Thurso, in Lochaber, where latterly the people have evinced much interest in school matters.

I have already made reference to the schools of the County of Pontiac, in my special report which I mention above.

In the present financial crisis, when it is necessary to exercise the strictest economy, I would suggest that the usual appropriation for prize books be expended in assisting the schools of which I have just spoken, or devoted to the purchase of maps for the use of poorer schools.

The statute respecting the school commissioners, should, in my opinion, be amended, so as to reduce, as in Ontario, the number to three. I have also long maintained that the collection of taxes should be entrusted to the secretaries of the municipal councils.

In those cases where the school-houses are not suited to the objects in view, and where the people can well afford to have better, the buildings should be condemned by the Inspector, and no Government grant given to the municipality, till the people have provided such suitable accommodation, as the inspector may suggest.

I think that the terms "model school," and "academy," are too pretentious and misleading, and might very properly be changed to the more appropriate terms, "superior school A," and "superior school B."

The high standard of qualification demanded of candidates for teachers in the adjoining province, has had the effect of opening a field in this part of the province of Quebec, with the unsuccessful applicants from Ontario, and I regret to be obliged to state that our schools are, in some instances, in charge of such persons, while equally as well qualified, and in some cases better, teachers belonging to our own province cannot find employment, where they would naturally seek and expect it. What effect this state of things will eventually have upon our school affairs, I cannot at present say with any degree of positiveness, but I cannot believe that it will be for good.

In conclusion, I may state that in some instances, where the rate-payers are in good circumstances, we have schools in a flourishing condition, which will bear comparison with those in the adjoining province. In other cases, as I have already intimated, when the circumstances of the people would enable them to secure better schools, the parsimony of some persons unfortunately stands as an obstacle in the

way of the desired progress. Of course, it is hardly necessary for me to add, that in the more barren and thinly settled parts of the country, education is still at a low standard; and yet it must be admitted, that withal, a wonderful change for the better has taken place within the past fifteen years, in all sections of the extensive district in which I discharge the duties of my office.

I have the honor to be, Sir,

Your obedient servant,

BOLTON MAGRATH,

Inspector of Schools.

Aylmer, P. Q., August, 1879.

APPENDIX No. II

NORMAL SCHOOLS

LAVAL NORMAL SCHOOL

SCHOLASTIC YEAR 1878-79.

(Translation.)

Sir,

I have the honor to present you my report on the Laval Normal School.

One hundred and seventeen pupils followed the Laval Normal School course during the scholastic year 1878-79, to wit:

51 pupil teachers, of which 12 are day scholars.

66 female pupil teachers.

117

In the department of the male pupil teachers, 47 completed the school year:

8 in the academy.

23 in the first division.

16 in the second division.

47

Of this number, 32 received a diploma of capacity :

8 for an academy.
 16 for a model school.
 8 for an elementary school.

—
 32

In the female pupil teachers, 55 completed the scholastic year:

25 under the first division.
 30 in the second division.

—
 55

Of these, 52 received the diploma.

21 for model schools.
 31 for elementary schools.

—
 52

To sum up:

117 attended school.
 102 completed the year.
 84 received their diploma.

8 for academy.
 37 for a model school.
 39 for elementary schools.
 —
 84

Three hundred and seventy-five children attended the model school attached:

125 little boys.
 250 little girls.

—
 375

By placing this table before you, which is as the skeleton or the frame work of our institution, I would only have done half of my duty, if I did not tell you by what spirit we are animated. I therefore wish to tell you the moral condition of the pupils, the path we are following, the principles which guide us, and, lastly, the end which we have in view.

In both departments the pupils' conduct has been remarkable, exemplary and edifying.

These habits of order and piety, the precious fruits of the seeds of virtue sown in their families, are a strong guarantee for the future. They allow us to hope that society will find in one class thoroughly honest men, and in the other, really christian women.

Thanks to arduous, persevering and more than conscientious labor, the progress realized during the year is no less than astonishing. Of 102 pupils who passed their outgoing examination, 91 secured one half of the points required, and seventy, two-thirds.

This love of work, this taste for study, which is a feature of the pupils of the Normal School, is due to a great extent, at least, to the mode of teaching and to the system: *Res, non verba; res, per verba*, this is our motto.

This was also the maxim of P. Girard, "words for thoughts, thoughts for heart and life."

In entering the career of teaching, the master meets with two principal methods: the dogmatic and the experimental;—which shall he choose? The first method is synthetical, reasons from causes to effects, and from the general to the particular; the second is analytical, and reasons from effects to causes, and from the particular to the general.

In the first, the professor starts from principles; he explains them, develops them, and shows their application to particular facts. The pupil has merely to listen, understand and remember.

In the second system, the teacher places particular facts already known before the child, and regulating his conduct by that of the mother herself—for maternal education is the basis of the modern art of teaching—he shows the child the goal to be reached, and says to him: "Now seek your road and walk alone; here are your tools, use them; here is your model, study and copy it".

If sometimes he is obliged to point out the road, and to hold out his hand in difficult places and dangerous passes, it is none the less true, that it is by his own strength, and by exerting all the powers of his mind, that the pupil will eventually succeed.

The first of these systems is more convenient for the teacher and pupil; the second develops, to a great extent, the faculties of the pupil, and thereby gives a better and more complete education.

With the experimental system, all the powers and faculties of the soul are set to work, and find room for development. The sensitive faculties which are the senses themselves, common sense and sense imaginary, or estimative and memory; the intellectual faculties, the principal operations, of which are in intuition, reflection, judgment, reasoning and intellectual memory; the appetitive faculties the most important of which is the appetite of reason or the will.

It is not sufficient for the education of the young man to fill his mind with knowledge, which may be withdrawn at will, as water is drawn from a cistern; he must first be taught to seek and discover for himself; for the time will soon come, when, deprived of his master, he must look to himself alone to find out the truth, and to remove the obstacles in its path. Developing his memory, and making him a repeating machine, is not all that is wanted; his will must be strengthened, his intelligence developed, he must be taught to form ideas, to think, to reflect and to reason, &c.; so that he become later on a man of common sense, judgment and energy.

But does this mean that we are to continue in the narrow path of analysis, and never have recourse to synthesis? No, we do not think so. Analysis and synthesis are, so to speak, but the two component parts of one and the same system, the *psychologico-rational* or purely *experimental* system.

In the exposition of science, as in invention, the method must be conformable to the nature of the thinking subject, and proceed from the known to the unknown, or from the better to the less known. "Now, our mind is so constituted," says Sanseverino, "that it knows effects before causes, and can only arrive at the knowledge of causes by the knowledge of effects. Through the senses, the mind perceives and retains in its memory, the particularities of the species to which the object belongs, which it is in search of; it thus acquires the sensitive knowledge of it, which constitutes *experience*. What it knows by experience, it afterwards renders universal through induction, and thus arrives at the general principles which are used as demonstrative axioms. In a word, he deducts from the principles reached by this process, the scientific conclusion with the aid of the syllogism, for science is the result of logical demonstration."

"Thus, our mind follows a double path to attain science; a *progressive* one at starting and a *retrograde* one at the close. At the beginning, it goes from the effect to the cause; then, it retrogrades from the cause to the effect, to obtain the scientific knowledge of the effect. Whence it follows that science is acquired by analysis and synthesis. It may be said to begin by analysis and end by synthesis. This explains why the psychologico-rational method is generally called the analytic-synthetic system."

This being established, it is easy to understand what should be the style of teaching in the primary and normal schools, and in the boarding schools. Since science begins by analysis, and ends by synthesis, and that on the other hand the object of these schools is not to give a complete and full scientific education, but only the elements thereof, the teaching should be rather analytical than synthetical rather experimental than dogmatic.

If I might be allowed to express an opinion, I would say that the system of teaching in our schools, seems to me much too dogmatic. Everywhere else, they are coming back to a more experimental system, the intuitive, as it is called. Unfortunately these changes are effected slowly among our people.

This path in which all the teaching body is now treading, is that which we are endeavoring to follow in the normal school. Love of study, facility for work, rapid progress, are the immediate results of the experimental system. Study, to the student so situated, is not dry; it is rather an intellectual exercise which he loves and longs for. Memory is not any longer alone at work; the intellect also contributes its share, which is not the least; and the labor of the intellect is a source of enjoyment which memory cannot realize.

This system, to the every-day teachers, may seem the most difficult and tedious; but experience shows that it is the best, because it is the surest and most productive of good results. Moreover, it has secured the support of all the most eminent friends of education. Socrates, Plato, Descartes, Messrs de Port Royal, Rollin, Bossuet, Fénelon, Pestalozzi, P. Girard, &c. The two latter especially have contributed by their examples and writings, towards placing public instruction in a better path. The introduction to the "*cours éducatif de langue maternelle*," published in 1844, by P. Girard, entitled: "*De l'enseignement régulier de la langue maternelle*," was crowned the same year by the French Academy, which, on the report of Mr. Villemain, then Minister of Public Instruction, awarded to this book the Monthyon prize, (6,000 fr.) Six years previously, Mr. Cousin, the friend of the humble religious, and a believer in his doctrines, had obtained for him the decoration of the legion of honor. This celebrated writer said, at the time, that it would take thirty years to have the views and method set forth in the work, reign in the French schools. And he was not mistaken.

Allow me to quote a few witnesses in support of what I have just said.

"There are teachers," says P. Girard, "who have no faith in the capacity of children. They believe themselves compelled to teach them everything by rote, and lower them to the task of listening, reading, and learning from memory, what they read or hear, so as to recite it just as they have read or heard it. These young minds, are no more to them than vases in which one may put whatever he wishes, and

then over turns in order to find what he threw into it. It is this system which has produced so many grown-up people who are unable to think for themselves, and are only the echo of the words of others."

"The principal means of attaining this end," adds Mr. Brown, "of developing the intellect, of forming the mind, is, according to all those who have any experience on the subject: *Make your children think aloud, that is, make them talk, and you will perform an imperative duty towards them, and towards him who has confided them to you.*"

The reproach cast against teachers, is that they do not make the child speak enough at school; there is always a book between the teacher and pupil which prevents both from thinking and speaking. And yet it is the master who must teach. To have books learnt by rote is easy; but it is not enough. "The child's mind, says one of the ancients," "is not a vase to be filled up; but a hearth to be warmed."

This inspired Buffon with this thought: "The education of the parrot has been compared to that of the child; it would be oftener right to compare the education of the child to that of the parrot."

Montaigne, who spoke of everything, reproaches the men of his time with having fallen into the same fault; that is with supplying the memory, and leaving the other faculties idle. "The care and expenditure of our forefathers, said he, only tend to furnish our heads with science; not a word of judgment or virtue. We only seek to fill up the memory, and leave the intellect and conscience empty." And again: "It is the intellect which sees and understands, which disposes everything, acts, governs, and reigns; everything else is blind..... to know by heart is not to know; it is only keeping a trust in the memory. What is really known, can be used without reference to the patron, and without casting one's eyes on the book."

Wolfgang Ratich, who lived at the beginning of the seventeenth century, and became celebrated in Germany as an educational reformer, is none the less clear on this point. He said it was an outrage on nature and reason, to have those endless recitations, which are, after, all but exercises in phonetic memory. "Only trust to the memory" says he "that which reaches it through the intellect."

He is one of those who have the most contributed to show the imperfection of the old systems, if we may so call an empirical teaching based upon memory and imitation, and which is still kept as a precious relic in a large number of houses. Thence follow slow and painful studies and incomplete intellectual development, and unfinished education.

Finally, to return to P. Girard, who cannot be too often quoted in matters of education: "Children want," he says, "*a grammar of ideas*, while it is only *a grammar of words* that is sought to be impressed upon their memory."

If good P. Grégoire could return to earth to day, he would be happy to see the modifications introduced into the teaching of the language; he would be rejoiced, especially to find in the hands of French and even of Canadian pupils, a book entitled: "*Grammaire pratique d'idée.*"

The principles announced more than forty years ago, by the humble monk, are beginning to bear fruit, and the words of Herder are being applied: "You must learn grammar by the language, and not language by the grammar."

This was the education of Cominius, (1592, 1671), whose works were translated into fifteen different languages, and who was called to England, Sweden, Holland, Russia and Transylvania, to reform their course of studies. "It is an error, says he, to commence a study of a language by grammar. You must first have the substance of it in some author, or a well arranged vocabulary. Reform, that is grammar, only comes afterwards."

Now we are beginning to understand, that to render the study of the language complete and fruitful, as to the progress of the language itself, and the development of the faculties, the study of ideas must be combined with the study of words, that is, that the grammar of words and the grammar of ideas, should go together. This, is the end sought for at present by the various schools of teaching, and all the masters are hastening to fall into line. I say all, but no, there are some laggards.

"Primary instruction, *le Journal des Instituteurs* said a short time ago, has made real progress, and too much praise cannot be given to the teachers for the intelligent zeal which they generally display in the direction of their schools."

"Yet there are still masters, very few fortunately, who are unfit to perform their duties, and are careless of the responsibilities which rest upon them. Ask them: "what do you think of such a work on teaching, or on such a class-book?" They seek to evade, and they answer: what is the use of this for children, so unable to understand and inattentive. But still, what do you think of this oral teaching, of this system so followed to-day, which consists in first showing the lesson, in rendering the thought intelligible by bringing back everything to the capacities and life of the child, to lead the child to learn for himself, and thus to give to his mind, that activity which will enable him later to judge and appreciate for himself? You are not understood, because you have spoken like a good pedagogue."

The writer in the *Journal des Instituteurs* is happy to say that this class of teachers is very scarce now in France. I do not know whether the same may be said of Canadian teachers. It is true that we are not similarly situated.

But I have not to pass judgment on the subject. I wished, Sir, to show you the moral condition of the pupils of our institution, our system of teaching, the

principles which guide us, and the end we have in view; I believe I have fulfilled my task.

Their moral condition is excellent; our system is on the experimental plan; to pass from the known to the unknown, to leave nothing to the memory which has not previously gone through the intellect,—*res, non verba, res, per verba*, are our principles; our object, is education by the development of all the faculties, but especially of the intellect and the heart.

I have only now to submit this report to your distinguished approval. If the ideas it contains seem to merit a favorable testimony, I would consider myself happy to have met your views on a subject of such importance, and, at the same time, to have seconded the noble efforts which you are making day by day, to give a strong impetus to primary instruction in the province of Quebec.

I have the honor to be, &c.,

P. LAGACÉ,
Principal, Laval Normal School.

Quebec, 9th December, 1879.

McGILL NORMAL SCHOOL

SCHOLASTIC YEAR 1878-79

To the Honorable the Superintendent of Public Instruction, Quebec.

Sir,

I have the honor of sending to you my report of the McGill Normal School, for the session 1878-79.

We admitted in the school, during the past year, one hundred and forty-two pupils, of whom twenty were males, and one hundred and twenty-two females.

Sixty-two of these applicants were from country districts, and the rest from Montreal and its immediate neighbourhood.

Three of those applying for admission were University graduates, who entered the school for the purpose of obtaining the academy diploma, and who fulfilled all the conditions required by the regulations provided by the institution for that purpose.

Ten pupils entered the academy class, fifty-seven the model school class, and eighty-two the elementary school class. Of those who entered during the past session, thirty nine had, at the close of the previous session, received diplomas from the school, but re-entered to obtain higher certificates, and of the whole number admitted, several had already been in charge of schools in different parts of the province.

At the close of the session, I was able to recommend for our diplomas ninety-two pupils, eleven of these empowering the holders to teach in academies, thirty-seven in model schools, and forty-four in elementary schools.

These diplomas, added to those which were formerly granted to teachers, will raise the whole number issued since the opening of the school, to twelve hundred and sixty-three. After the closing of each session, I am always desirous of obtain-

ing particulars respecting the employment of those who have secured our certificates, and from the results of my enquiries during the past session, with reference to the occupation of those who were students during the preceding one, I find that the whole of the academy students, eight in number, obtained situations immediately after the holidays, and are at present teaching; of those holding model school diplomas, twenty-six in number, sixteen obtained situations in schools, two entered college, and three joined the academy class for a higher diploma. The four unaccounted for, may at the present moment be engaged in schools, as they were only temporarily prevented from seeking engagements.

Of the forty-six who succeeded in obtaining elementary school diplomas, thirty-one re-entered the school as students of the model school class, eight obtained situations, and of the remaining seven, I feel sure I shall soon obtain satisfactory particulars respecting their connection with the profession to which they pledged themselves, when they entered the normal school.

These particulars respecting our former pupils, have been obtained for the purpose of showing that it is distinctly stated to all those who enter our institution that its object is to prepare persons for the purposes of education; that the school is maintained with a view to provide teachers for the Protestant schools of the province, and that the records of years gone by will bear testimony to the faithfulness, in this respect, of those who were our students in former sessions.

The model schools of our normal school maintain their efficiency, are constantly filled with pupils, and continue to give that aid in the preparation of our teachers in training, for which they were originally organized. They remain under the same teachers as last year.

During the past session, Miss Derick, who has now been so many years the efficient teacher of the primary school, obtained permission to visit her friends in England, and the school was placed temporarily under the care of Miss Sloan, the assistant. This arrangement has been in every way satisfactory.

The students of the normal school, as usual, have assembled every Thursday afternoon during the year for religious instruction, and I need scarcely say that we have much reason to be grateful to the reverend gentlemen, who have, for the last two or three sessions in succession, continued their voluntary services for the benefit of the pupils placed under their care.

To the gentlemen who form the teaching staff of the school, my thanks are again due for their unwearied attention to the progress of our students, and, also, for that general co-operation in the work of the institution, which greatly tends to make its superintendence, on my part, a matter in every respect easy and pleasant.

The regularity of our daily work, and the strict attention paid by all concerned to the rules and regulations of the institution, leave, at the close of each session, nothing to bring forward for especial notice, beyond the fact of the termination of another year in the existence of the McGill Normal School, and in this respect my present report will be, to a great extent, a repetition of several former ones.

There is one point, however, which I must notice, and that is that the students of each succeeding year, by their fitness to enter our classes, and by their previous preparation for the work of the profession, give most satisfactory evidence of the steady progress of education in all parts of the province of Quebec.

The many years that it has been my duty to examine, at the beginning of each session, a large number of young persons applying for entrance into our classes, have afforded me many facilities for observation in this respect, and in speaking of it, I think it but fair to give to the McGill Normal School, some share of credit for results of this nature.

In conclusion, I have again to thank the normal school committee for their earnest attention to all matters brought before them, affecting the interests of the school, and especially the chairman of the committee, Dr. Dawson, who is ready at all times, to give his valuable aid for the benefit of the school.

I am, Honorable Sir,

Yours obediently,

WM. H. HICKS

JAGQUES-CARTIER NORMAL SCHOOL

SCHOLASTIC YEARS 1877-78 AND 1878-79.

(Translation.)

Sir,

I have the honor to submit my report on the Jacques-Cartier Normal School for the years 1877-78 and 1878-79.

I

In the first, I received 59 pupils : thirty-six old and twenty-three new ones. I placed them in different classes according to their capacity, as follows :

7	in the class preparing for academy diplomas,
12	do do model school do,
21	do do primary school diplomas.
19	do do in the preparatory class.

II

We followed, with reference to the subjects and the distribution of time, the programme adopted since some years. As in the past, I can but congratulate myself upon the good will of the pupils in general, their assiduity and their moral and religious conduct. On their part, the professors assisted me with their usual zeal. Still, I regret that some were compelled to be pretty frequently absent, owing to ill-health. It is not always easy to replace a professor, unless we have a substitute for him.

At the end of the year, at the solemn distribution of prizes, over which you were kind enough to preside, I had the honor of presenting to you :

6 candidates for academy diplomas,
 6 " " model school diplomas,
 5 " " primary school diplomas.

You were good enough to allow me to keep two at the normal school to teach. One was entrusted with drawing and natural history; he also takes care of our collection of birds and insects. For that purpose, I had lessons given him by a clever taxidermist, Mr. Lechevallier. The other will replace professors who are sick, and will be in charge of the library, and of our numismatic collection, which is beginning to attain considerable proportions.

Four other pupils holding diplomas, have found situations as school teachers.

The financial crisis which has affected the teachers as well as every one else, and more than any one else, has prevented those who had a situation, from leaving it, even to look for a better one. On the other hand, the number of persons who have received certificates from the different Boards of Examiners, has still been considerable. These two causes combined, explain why so great a number of our pupils have not been able to find situations. They have almost all come back to complete their studies, while awaiting more prosperous times.

III

In the course of the winter, I had to deplore an accident which caused me to send the pupils home to their parents for a week. One of the female servants of the establishment died of small-pox, and I have to praise the conduct of the janitor of the school, Mr. Drouin, who gave the kindest care to the unfortunate girl.

The health of the pupils has been excellent. If I mention a pretty serious illness which I felt at the beginning of the holidays, it is only in order to explain why and how this report was not sent within the required delay.

IV

In the statistics forwarded to the Department of Public Instruction, I have already had the honor of showing you the number of pupils admitted during the year 1878-79. It was seventy-six, forty-four of whom were old and thirty-six new pupils.

I divide them as follows:

11 in the class preparing for academy diplomas,
 18 " " " model school diplomas,
 19 " " " primary school diplomas,
 22 in the preparatory class.

V

I introduced a change in the method of examination, with which I have reason, I think, to be pleased. Until now we had two or three examinations in the course of the year: one at Christmas, the second at Easter, and the other at the end of the year. These examinations, although very useful for the pupils, who found therein an incentive to study more attentively, for the Principal, who made use of them to form his final judgment on the capacity and knowledge of the candidates for diplomas; these examinations, I say, gave rise to certain difficulties, without giving entire satisfaction to the pupils or to the masters. By means of the teachers, I have established permanent Boards of Examiners. Every day they examine some pupils upon a given subject—French grammar, for instance, and upon a particular portion of it, such as the formation of the plural of nouns. The examination of each pupil lasts from a quarter to three quarters of an hour, according to the extent of the subject which he has studied under his master since the last examination. The notes given are: *very good, good, weak*. The last one compels the pupil to commence again to study the neglected part, and to pass a new examination thereon.

During the past year, all the classes have been examined in that manner. At the end we know exactly the capacity of each one; there had been no additional fatigue for any one, and the pupils had worked during the whole time with the same application.

VI

At the end of the scholastic year, there was no distribution of prizes or diplomas at the Normal School. In the hope that the new building would be ready for the month of September, I had asked and obtained permission to postpone until the re-opening of the school, the solemn display which crowns the conclusion of the year's study. Unfortunately, our expectations were not realized; difficulties beyond our control delayed the workmen. It was not until the middle of last November, that we could prepare to receive our pupils and commence the new year.

VII

You will receive this report rather late, but you will be pleased to take into consideration the fact that I had to get all the furniture, effects and collections of the old school moved to the new one, and that I had the assistance only of two teachers and a few pupils. We had not only to move all these articles, but also to put them in a suitable place, and in order.

The new building which we occupy is only a portion of what had been considered necessary for the requirements of the Normal School; we had no available

building for general use. Still, we had to find a place for everything, and put everything in its place.

Our collections, which, in the old school, were almost inaccessible, are now placed in a convenient position for the pupils, and can be shown to advantage to visitors.

They comprise :

1. The library, in which the various branches of human knowledge are beginning to be represented. The art of teaching and the history of Canada, necessarily occupy a prominent position.

2. Instruments for natural philosophy. We have only such as are used in elementary classes, as taught in colleges.

3. Chemicals and chemical apparatus.

4. The various geological collections, namely :

A collection for purposes of study, 800 specimens.

A collection of Canadian rocks, 100 specimens, kindly given by our Geological Commission.

Several small collections for the pupils to study.

Finally, a great number of remarkable specimens, which do not yet form a complete set.

5. A *herbarium* in four great volumes.

6. The zoological collection is represented chiefly by shells, birds and insects. There is but a small number of quadrupeds, reptiles and fishes.

7. Medals and coins. The latter are only of copper.

8. The beginning of an agricultural museum, which I directed M. *l'abbé* Godin to prepare at the beginning of last autumn.

9. A beginning of a pedagogical museum. This museum is certainly the most important of all for us, and I would like to give it its proper development, so that the teachers might find in it everything which assists and helps education, from books and maps to tables and forms. I would also like to make of it a permanent exhibition of the work of the various schools in our district.

VIII

It seems to me that it would be a practical method of carrying out your scheme for school exhibitions. The whole country has applauded this scheme, and I have

no doubt that the different educational establishments value the honor of figuring in this peaceful competition, the result of which will, in the case of several of them, cover them with glory honestly deserved, and be a material benefit to them. As for me, while regretting to see my pupils taken, as it were, by surprise, I hastened to send you their drawings, and work collected in copy books—in accordance with the happy inspiration of Mr. Archambault—but I was far from expecting the result, I might say, the success which we obtained at the Paris Exhibition. If Canada, scholastic and intellectual Canada, appeared to such advantage, it owes it chiefly to you, and the honors which the French Government awarded you are but the just reward of zeal which difficulties could not overcome.

I have the honor to be, Sir,

Your obedient servant,

H. A. B. VERREAU,
Principal.

ADDENDA

I

DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION.

Quebec, 15th December, 1879.

(Translation.)

To the Honorable the Treasurer of the Province of Quebec.

Sir,

In your letter of yesterday, you ask me for a statement shewing the number of pupils who have attended the Laval Normal School, who have received diplomas from that institution, and who have, since then, devoted themselves to the career of teacher.

As to the two first questions, I can give you categorical answers, by referring you to page 188 of my report for 1877-78, which contains a table of the number of pupils who attended the three normal schools of this province since 1857, and of the number of diplomas granted by these institutions since the same date. I hereunto annex that page of my report.

As to the third question, I can give no better answer than by giving you the following extract from a letter sent me, by Rev. Mr. Lagacé, the Principal of the Laval Normal School: "I cannot always trace the pupils after they leave, and they, on their part, are not obliged to keep us posted as to their affairs. But, in order to be able to appreciate the results obtained from the teaching given in the normal schools, and to ascertain whether the pupils who have left these institutions are carrying out their obligations to the Government, we may look at the subject from another stand-point."

"Every pupil who has obtained a diploma, must teach during three years. Each year about 45 pupils leave the Laval Normal School, for good, with a diploma; say, 135 in three years. We should, therefore, always find 135 pupils of the Laval Normal School engaged in teaching. Are they doing so at this moment? In 1867 it was established that there were 149. I do not think that their number is less to-day." I confirm this information all the more positively, because, as early as 1866, the official reports on the Laval Normal School, showed that 172 pupils of that institution, were engaged in teaching.

I also enclose, for your information, a table of the statistics of the Jacques-Cartier Normal School. This information, will, I hope, convince you of the usefulness, I might say, of the necessity of keeping up these schools.

I have the honor, &c.,

GÉDEON OUIMET,
Superintendent.

II

(Translation.)

To the Superintendent.

Sir,

I give certain data, which will enable you to give the Legislature the information required as to normal schools.

We are asked for: "1st. A detailed statement, showing for each year separately, and since the establishment of normal schools, up to the first of June last, the number of pupils who have attended these schools, &c."

Please see the annual report of the Principal. You will find, year by year, the number of pupils admitted in each year. To this should be added the 101 pupils of the year 1878-79, 39 boys and 62 girls.

"2nd. The number of pupils who have devoted themselves to teaching in the Province of Quebec, as well as the number of those who have devoted themselves to teaching outside of the Province, and for how long a period each pupil has taught." I have not at hand the documents necessary to enable me to reply categorically to this question.

I cannot always trace the pupils after they leave, and they, on their part, are not obliged to keep us posted as to their affairs. But, in order to be able to appreciate the results obtained from the teaching given in the normal schools, and to ascertain whether the pupils who have left these institutions are carrying out their obligations to the Government, we may look at the subject from another stand-point.

Every pupil who has obtained a diploma, must teach during three years. Each year about 45 pupils leave the Laval Normal School, for good, with a diploma, say 125 in three years. We should therefore always find 135 pupils of the Laval Nor-

mal School engaged in teaching. Are they doing so at this moment? In 1867, it was established that there were 149. I do not think that their number is less to-day.

Besides, Sir, you may convince yourself of this by the reports of the inspectors. We must not forget to include the young men who teach in the colleges, and the young women who have entered the convents which teach.

What harms the pupils of the normal school, and hinders them from teaching as much as they would like, is the great facility with which diplomas are given by certain Boards of Examiners. The young girls who thus obtain certificates, hire themselves out at a low figure, which cannot be accepted by those who have made great sacrifices in order to place themselves in a position to raise the level of elementary teaching.

I have the honor, &c.,

P. LAGACÉ,
Principal.

Quebec, Laval Normal School, 21st July, 1879.

McGill Normal School, Montreal, July, 1879.

To the Honorable G. Ouimet, Superintendent of Public Instruction, Quebec.

Sir,

In answer to your letter of the 22nd inst., asking for information connected with the McGill Normal School, I have prepared the two enclosed papers, the one marked A, and the other B.

The one marked A, contains a list of the sessions of the McGill Normal School, from its commencement to the present time, and in connection with each session will be found the number of pupils in attendance during that session, the number of pupils who obtained diplomas, giving them power to teach, and, also, the number of students, who, after obtaining diplomas, were found registered as engaged in teaching.

I have endeavored to find notices in our register of those who have taught out of the Province of Quebec, but the records are very few. They are marked on paper A.

The paper marked B, has been drawn up by the secretary of McGill Normal School, and I feel sure that it is correct.

I have to remark with reference to the paper marked A, that I have kept strictly to the particulars mentioned in your letter as regards each session of the school. It must be understood, however, that we have three classes of pupils in our institution, and that the pupils of one session may re-enter the school at another, in order to obtain the higher diploma, and, also, that the pupils registered as teaching with one diploma, may afterwards be registered as teaching with another.

As regards the length of time during which our pupils may have taught individually, I must state that the law requires three years, and that they faithfully keep their engagements. I could furnish further particulars in this respect, if allowed the necessary time, but at the present, it is impossible to do so.

I am, Honorable Sir,

Yours obediently,

WM. H. HICKS,

Principal.

A.

McGill Normal School.

Scholastic year.		Pupils at school.	Pupils who obtained diplomas.	Borne on the register as teaching.	Pupils teaching outside of the Province.
1	Session... .. 1857.	52	16	13	
2	2nd Session 1857-58.	68	40	28	
3	Session 1858-59.	83	46	35	
4	do 1859-60.	82	54	31	
5	do 1860-61.	61	36	25	
6	do 1861-62.	68	38	25	2
7	do 1862-63.	80	41	33	2
8	do 1863-64.	74	40	30	
9	do 1864-65.	52	45	30	
10	do 1865-66.	72	39	33	
11	do 1866-67.	78	46	41	
12	do 1867-68.	64	47	38	
13	do 1868-69.	75	48	34	2
14	do 1869-70.	79	47	40	
15	do 1870-71.	88	62	54	
16	do 1871-72	108	69	57	
17	do 1872-73.	116	80	44	
18	do 1873-74.	112	70	50	
19	do 1874-75	120	74	55	
20	do 1875-76	124	70	57	
21	do 1876-77.	123	75	46	
22	do 1877-78.	139	84	18*	
23	do 1878-79.	144	92	...	

* Total number not yet ascertained.

B

In reply to question No. 2, the sums paid to the McGill Normal School for tuition:

Amount to Professors and Lecturers.....	\$ 8,425 00
For Assistant-Teachers in the Model Schools.....	2,898 00
	<hr/>
	\$11,315 00

Amount paid in bursaries in session 1878-79.....	1,442 00
The entire appropriation for all expenditures.....	15,200 00

As regards annual repairs, the small repairs are made out of the appropriation to the school. But special appropriations have been given for enlarging the building in 1876-77. An allowance of \$150 for additional heating apparatus in 1878, and for a mitoyen fence in 1879.

In answer to No. 3, the corporation of Montreal have valued the McGill Normal School, Belmont Street, at \$25,000.

M. BAYNES,
Secretary.

(Translation)

Montreal, Jacques-Cartier Normal School, 4th August, 1879.

To the Superintendent.

Sir,

I send you some of the statements asked for, to prove my good will. It has cost me a good deal of time and correspondence, to find out during how many years our old pupils have taught To-morrow night, I think I will have copied the greater portion of what remains.

I have the honor to be,
Your obedient servant,

H. A. B. VERREAU,
Principal.

TABLE A.

Detailed statement, shewing separately for each year, since the establishment of normal schools, up to the first of June last, the number of pupils who have attended the Jacques-Cartier Normal School.

Year.	Old pupils	New pupils.	Total Number.
1857		18	18
1857-58	15	31	46
1858-59	18	32	50
1859-60	22	31	53
1860-61	25	26	51
1861-62	15	26	41
1862-63	20	31	51
1863-64	28	28	56
1864-65	33	23	56
1865-66	17	25	42
1866-67	21	20	41
1867-68	16	19	35
1868-69	10	26	36
1869-70	25	21	46
1870-71	27	36	63
1871-72	30	21	51
1872-73	25	11	36
1873-74	22	15	37
1874-75	23	36	59
1875-76	30	30	60
1876-77	29	31	60
1877-78	36	23	59
1878-79	47	23	70

TABLE B.

Detailed statement shewing separately, for each year, since the establishment of normal schools, up to the first June last, the number of the pupils of the Jacques-Cartier Normal School, who have devoted themselves to teaching in the Province of

Quebec, as also the number of those who have devoted themselves to teaching outside of the Province, and for how long a period each pupil taught

Session of 1857.

8 pupils received diplomas, obliged to teach until 1860, 1st July.

All taught until 1862, 1st July.

6 " " 1863, "

4 " " 1864, "

4 " " 1865, "

2 still teach on the 1st June, 1879, i. e. since 22 years.

1, as far as I can ascertain, also teaches. He lived in the United States, and I think he taught there.

4 died, I don't know the date of their death.

Session 1857-58.

15 pupils received diplomas, obliged to teach until 1861, 1st July.

10 returned to continue their studies.

1 died almost immediately.

1 still taught in 1863, 1st July.

1 still teaches 1879, 1st July.

1 other, as far as I can ascertain, still teaches also.

In addition, 5 old teachers, after having attended the classes during the year, continued to teach for a year at least; but I cannot find out how long. Two died.

Session 1858-59.

16 pupils received diplomas, obliged to teach until 1862, 1st July.

6 returned to continue their studies.

1 did not teach and died some years ago.

2 entered college.

1 taught for five years.

1 taught for four years.

5 taught for three years, two of them at Prince Edward's Island.

Moreover, 1 pupil who came back the previous year, entered the seminary, and is a missionary in Manitoba.

1 pupil who had already received his diploma from the examiners, taught for at least one year.

1 pupil who left during the year, taught at various times, and must be teaching at the present moment.

Session 1859-60.

19 pupils received diplomas, obliged to teach until 1863, 1st July.

1 left the country, but he had received his education on condition that he taught gymnastics to the school, which he did.

1 other did not teach, owing to ill-health; but he applied himself to putting his lessons in agriculture into practice, and he has greatly helped, in his parish, the pupil-teachers of the normal school.

2 taught for one year only. One died, it appears.

2 taught until 1863, then, for several years at different times.

1 taught for a year and gave it up, but returned to it six years ago. I don't know if he is still teaching.

1 taught for six years near the Gulf. After having giving up teaching, he is now looking for a school.

1 taught until 1872, when he went into a bank.

1 taught for three years.

7 returned to continue their studies.

Moreover:

3 old teachers taught, but I do not know for how long. One died.

Session 1860-61.

25 pupils received diplomas, obliged to teach until 1864, 1st July.

6 still teach, 15 years after their obligation expired.

1 taught for 8 years.

1 still taught in 1869, but I think he is dead.

1 still taught in 1867, near the Gulf.

1 taught for 5 years, 2 of them at Bourbonnais.

1 taught for some years in Upper Canada.

1 taught for 2 years, and gave it up owing to ill-health.

1 taught for one year.

2 did not teach; one left the country, and the other entered a profession.

1 went to college.

9 returned to continue their studies.

Moreover:

1 pupil, who returned after having got his diploma the previous year, died.

1 other, under the same circumstances, after having given up teaching, and found a good place, resumed teaching, but I don't know when. He still teaches.

1 other pupil having left school to go into business, got his certificate from the examiners, and is now teaching, it appears.

Session 1861-62.

20 pupils received diplomas, obliged to teach until 1865, 1st July.

1 still teaches.

1 taught until he was appointed school inspector.

1 " for 10 years.

1 " " 6 "

1 " " 5 "

2 " " 3 "

1 did not teach.

12 returned to continue their studies.

Moreover:

1 pupil having received his diploma the previous year, left during the course of this year and taught for eight years at least.

2 old teachers taught, but only for a short time, I think.

Session 1862-63.

24 pupils received diplomas, obliged to teach until 1866, 1st July.

1 still teaches; but he interrupted his teaching during some years.

3 still teach.

1 taught for 6 years.

1 taught for 1 year, but he had already taught for 3 years with another diploma of a lower class. He died some years ago.

1 taught until 1878.

1 was dismissed for bad conduct. He is dead.

1 taught for three years.

1 taught for more than two years, but I don't know how long.

1 taught for one year. I don't know if they taught longer.

12 returned to complete their studies.

Moreover:

1 pupil who returned in order to get a diploma of a higher degree, left the school in the course of the year, and taught for more than three years.

1 taught only one year, as far as I can learn.

Session 1863-64.

24 pupils received diplomas, obliged to teach until 1867, 1st July.

9 till teach in 1879. One is in Holy Orders at Manitoba.

1 taught until 1877, when he was appointed school inspector.

2 taught for four years.

1 taught for several years; but I cannot say how many.

1 taught for two years, and appears to have died during the third.

1 did not teach ; he is now dead.
9 returned to continue their studies.

Session 1864-65.

17 pupils received diplomas, obliged to teach until 1868, 1st July.
3 still teach.
1 taught until 1877, when he was appointed school inspector.
3 taught for three years.
1 taught for two years and left the country.
1 taught for one year in Upper Canada, and died there.
1 did not teach.
7 returned to continue their studies.

Moreover :

1 who returned, left during the course of the year and teaches.
1 " " " " " taught.
1 " " " " " continued at college ;

he is a priest.

Session 1865-66.

15 pupils received diplomas, obliged to teach until 1879, 1st July.
2 still teach in 1879.
1 taught until 1878.
1 " " 1877.
1 " " 1876.
1 " " 1874.
3 left to go and teach in Oregon with Mgr. Blanchet.
1 taught for three years.
1 taught for one year, and left for the United States, where he soon died.
4 returned to continue their education.

Moreover :

1 pupil, who returned to complete his studies, left during the course of the year and taught for four years.

Session 1866-67.

20 pupils with diplomas, obliged to teach until 1st July, 1870.
5 still teach in 1879.
1 did not teach.
1 taught for two years, entered Holy Orders, and continued to teach and manage a commercial school until 1876.
3 diplomas of the highest class were awarded to the pupils who left in the fall of 1866 for Oregon.

1 taught for three years, gave up teaching and then resumed it.

1 taught for over one year and joined the pontifical zouaves, and on his return taught for two years.

8 returned to continue their studies.

Session 1867-68.

12 pupils received diplomas, obliged to teach until 1871, 1st July.

3 still teach in 1879.

1 has not taught.

1 died in the autumn of 1868.

1 taught for nearly three years.

6 returned to continue their studies.

Moreover:

1 pupil, who returned to continue his studies, left the school in February, to join the zouaves. He died in the service of the Pope.

1 pupil who returned, found a situation as private tutor in a family, he then took a school under the control of the commissioners, and he still teaches.

Session 1868-69.

14 pupils received diplomas, obliged to teach until 1872, 1st July.

3 still teach in 1879.

1 taught until 1878.

1 " " 1874, as far as I can ascertain.

1 went to continue his studies at the Laval School; he was still teaching two years ago at Windsor, Ontario.

7 returned to continue their studies.

1 entered college and died in Holy Orders.

Session 1869-70.

18 pupils received diplomas; obliged to teach until 1873, 1st July.

1 taught until 1878.

1 taught for three years and then studied medicine.

1 taught for a year and was drowned.

1 taught in the Ottawa district, I don't know how long.

1 did not teach because he found no suitable situation at the time; he went into business.

13 returned to continue their studies.

Session 1870-71.

17 pupils received diplomas, obliged to teach until 1874, 1st July.

7 still teach in 1879; one entered Holy Orders, and teaches at the Normal School.

2 did not teach because they could not find situations. One entered the military school and went to Manitoba with the expedition.

1 taught for only one year.

7 returned to continue their studies.

Moreover :

1 pupil, who returned to continue his studies, found a situation during the year and still teaches.

1 other, who was too young to obtain his diploma, entered a religious teaching order.

Session 1871-72.

9 pupils received diplomas, obliged to teach until 1875, 1st July.

2 still teach in 1879.

1 after having taught for three years, entered the seminary, is now a priest and still teaches.

1 taught for one year and adopted another occupation, because, at the time, he could not find a situation.

5 returned to continue their studies.

Session 1872-73.

16 pupils received diplomas, obliged to teach until 1876, 1st July.

4 still teach in 1879.

1 taught for three years.

1 taught for two years,

3 not finding situations, adopted other occupations.

7 returned to continue their studies.

Moreover :

1 old teacher still teaches.

Session 1873-74.

21 pupils received diplomas, obliged to teach until 1877, 1st July.

4 still teach in 1879.

1 taught for one year in a lyceum, and for three years in the Normal School as an ecclesiastic. He is now a priest.

1 taught for three years.

1 continued his studies at college.

1 has not taught.

13 returned to continue their studies.

Session 1874-75.

16 pupils received diplomas, obliged to teach until 1878, 1st July.

4 still teach in 1879, as far as I can ascertain.

1 taught for two years and died.

1 taught for only one year.

1 has not taught.

9 returned to continue their studies.

2 pupils who returned to continue their studies, left school during the year and entered professions.

Session 1875-76.

18 pupils received diplomas, obliged to teach until 1879, 1st July.

10 still teach, 1 teaches in Ontario.

1 taught for two years in Ontario, but I have lost sight of him since.

2 taught for one year.

2 have not taught.

3 returned to continue their studies.

Session 1876-77.

13 pupils received diplomas, obliged to teach until 1880, 1st July.

2 pupils still teach in 1879.

1 entered college and died.

1 taught for a year at Ottawa; he now teaches in this Province.

1 superior degree diploma to a pupil who taught.

8 returned to continue their studies.

Session 1877-78.

16 pupils received diplomas, obliged to teach until 1881, 1st July.

4 still teach in 1879, 1st July.

1 entered a religious teaching order.

2 had to rest from fatigue.

9 returned to continue their studies.

On the 1st June, 1879, the diplomas for the year had not been granted.

Errors and omissions excepted.

Montreal, 2nd August, 1879.

APPENDIX No. III

MONETARY TABLES

TABLE of amounts collected for Public Instruction in the Province of Quebec for the year 1878-79.

INSPECTION DISTRICT OF	Annual grant. \$ cts.	Assessment equal to grant. \$ cts.	Assessment in excess of grant and special assessments. \$ cts.	Monthly Contribution. \$ cts.	Assessment for building school houses. \$ cts.	Total collected.
F. C. EMBERSON AND A. PILON.—Argenteuil.						
Arundel	26 24	26 24	273 76	23 83	98 26	422 09
Grenville No. 1.....	192 62	192 62	371 10	110 22	179 62	853 56
Grenville No. 2 and diss.....	31 42	31 42	218 58	59 90	.....	309 90
Grenville No. 3.....	64 68	64 68	.....	55 20	.....	119 88
Harrington No. 1.....	38 06	38 06	111 94	34 20	204 00	388 20
Harrington No. 2.....	34 42	34 42	81 08	24 00	.....	139 50
Chatham No 1 and diss.....	334 68	334 68	396 68	455 52	757 00	1943 88
Chatham No. 2.....	109 74	109 74	187 59	234 38	.....	531 71
Wentworth.....	85 19	85 19	144 81	46 00	181 00	457 00
St. Andrews and diss	288 57	288 57	387 43	401 60	40 00	1117 60
Lachute and diss	216 88	216 88	691 23	410 00	24 00	1342 11
Mille Isle No. 1	19 48	19 48	64 38	.....	.....	83 86
Mille Isle No. 2.....	26 37	26 37	48 63	.....	.....	75 00
Mille Isle No. 3	29 36	29 36	44 64	.....	.....	74 00
Morin and Howard and diss.....	72 33	72 33	227 67	80 80	111 00	491 80
Gore (Montcalm and Wolfe)	93 12	93 12	212 72	48 80	23 97	378 61
	1663 16	1663 16	3462 24	1984 45	1618 85	8728 70
A. DORVAL.—L'Assomption.						
L'Assomption (Village)	157 15	157 15	339 02	40 00	.....	536 17
L'Assomption (Parish).....	207 66	207 66	349 75	178 90	.....	736 31
Lachenaie	74 69	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Mascouche and diss.....	316 24	316 24	762 16	56 00	.....	1134 40
St. Lin and diss.....	350 26	350 26	526 59	114 80	20 98	1012 63
St. Roch.....	327 68	327 68	512 32	105 30	.....	945 30
St. Paul.....	172 08	172 08	413 79	71 60	.....	657 47
Repentigny	114 28	114 24	165 72	36 40	.....	316 40
St. Sulpice	98 97	98 97	101 03	36 00	.....	236 00
L'Epiphanie	177 28	177 28	408 40	14 93	.....	600 61
Isle Bouchard	13 25	13 25	64 75	11 00	.....	89 00
	2009 54	1934 85	3643 53	664 93	20 98	6264 29

H. HUBBARD AND N. LÉVESQUE.— <i>Arthabaska.</i>	48 18	48 18	124 82	16 00	80 00	269 00
Ste. Clothilde.....	99 48	99 48	190 52	86 40	.....	376 40
Bulstrode (St. Valère).....	69 23	69 23	130 77	35 84	25 00	260 84
Blandford.....	48 18	48 18	267 11	25 00	.....	340 29
St. Albert.....	185 08	185 08	564 92	167 40	.....	917 40
Victoriaville.....	94 81	94 81	1332 73	25 20	.....	1452 74
Arthabaskaville.....	110 66	189 34	189 34	120 80	.....	420 80
St. Norbert.....	320 00	320 00	547 55	297 50	.....	1165 05
Stanford.....	221 70	221 70	548 30	100 00	.....	870 00
Warwick.....	167 14	167 14	254 48	74 40	.....	496 02
St. Christophe.....	101 31	101 31	181 19	268 00	.....	550 50
Chester North.....	200 52	200 52	52 48	146 00	.....	399 00
Chester East.....	177 66	177 66	407 14	171 50	.....	756 30
Chester West.....	242 34	242 34	430 66	163 20	80 02	916 22
Chenier.....	152 86	152 86	541 75	.....	.....	694 61
Tingwick and diss.....	2239 15	2239 15	5763 76	1697 24	185 02	9885 17
W. J. ALEXANDER AND J. B. DELAGE.— <i>Bayot.</i>	450 40	450 40	873 60	179 34	.....	1503 34
St. Pie.....	310 40	310 40	115 02	110 25	.....	535 67
St. Dominique.....	206 63	206 63	343 37	71 00	.....	621 00
St. Rosalie.....	247 93	247 93	291 87	48 00	.....	587 80
St. Simon.....	289 62	289 62	598 01	121 20	167 95	1176 81
St. Hugues.....	150 27	150 27	349 73	58 40	.....	558 40
St. Hélène.....	185 58	185 58	407 35	71 20	.....	664 13
St. Liboire.....	100 82	100 82	280 18	24 40	.....	405 40
St. Ephrem.....	160 53	160 53	355 53	95 60	.....	611 66
St. Theodore.....	94 28	94 28	1252 96	.....	184 00	1531 24
St. André.....	240 14	240 14	183 25	108 00	.....	531 34
Acton Vale.....	79 96	79 96	476 04	100 00	.....	656 00
St. Ephrem (Village).....	2516 56	2516 56	5526 94	987 39	351 95	9382 84
L. GRONDIN.— <i>Beauharnois.</i>	184 80	184 80	725 59	124 80	.....	1035 19
Beauharnois (Town).....	268 58	268 58	838 97	159 60	.....	1267 15
Beauharnois (Parish) and diss.....	142 47	142 47	406 20	91 40	.....	640 07
St. Etienne and diss.....	321 96	321 96	923 16	203 20	.....	1448 32
St. Timothée.....	411 96	411 96	1851 47	270 92	2067 00	4601 35
St. Louis and diss.....	385 08	385 08	2896 83	502 45	2940 75	6665 13
St. Cécile (Valleyfield) and diss.....	201 69	201 69	518 31	.....	.....	720 00
St. Stanislas.....	1916 54	1916 54	8100 55	1352 37	5007 75	16377 21

TABLE of amounts collected for Public Instruction in the Province of Quebec for the year 1878-79.

INSPECTION DISTRICT OF	Annual grant.	Assessment equal to grant.	Assessments in excess of grants and special assessments.	Monthly contribution.	Assessment for		Total collected.
					building school houses.		
	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	
J. CRÉPAULT.—Bellechasse.							
Beaumont.....	148 32	148 32	172 68	180 75	.....	501 75	
St. Charles	280 40	280 40	379 49	198 56	.....	858 45	
St. Gervais	328 06	328 06	404 92	511 20	30 69	1274 87	
St. Michel (Village)	159 48	159 48	152 52	335 00	.....	647 00	
St. Michel (Parish)	117 66	117 66	158 33	16 40	.....	292 39	
St. Raphaël	364 30	364 30	31 07	.....	.....	395 37	
St. Valier.....	189 22	189 22	140 78	96 00	.....	426 00	
St. Lazare.....	267 92	267 92	252 08	.....	.....	520 00	
Buckland	159 62	159 62	57 38	.....	.....	217 00	
Armagh (St. Cajetan)	171 70	171 70	403 30	44 50	.....	624 50	
Mailloux Township.....	73 64	73 64	11 36	.....	.....	85 00	
	2260 32	2260 32	2168 91	1382 41	30 69	5842 33	
W. THOMPSON AND J. S. VIEN.—Beauce.							
Broughton (St. Pierre)	309 74	309 74	164 26	211 90	.....	685 90	
St. Victor.....	234 82	234 82	462 98	92 62	.....	790 42	
St. Ephrem	219 88	219 88	280 12	91 75	300 00	891 75	
Shenley (St. Honoré)	124 02	124 02	292 64	406 00	31 95	854 61	
Porsyth	149 74	149 74	58 26	70 00	.....	278 00	
Lambton	198 06	198 06	416 94	.....	.....	615 00	
Aylmer.....	140 66	140 66	144 02	108 36	.....	393 04	
St. Elzéar.....	223 38	223 38	41 04	124 00	206 15	594 57	
Ste. Marie	358 84	358 84	361 16	394 80	.....	1114 80	
St. Frédéric	200 78	200 78	204 22	115 20	.....	520 20	
St. Joseph.....	319 24	319 24	183 61	360 15	.....	863 00	
St. François	517 16	517 16	418 84	240 00	.....	1176 00	
St. George (Aubert Gallion)	270 14	270 14	171 86	140 00	.....	582 00	
Metgermette	45 20	45 20	78 81	28 80	.....	152 81	
St. Côme Linère.....	70 40	70 40	174 60	26 00	.....	271 00	
Sacré Cœur de Jésus and disa	84 42	84 42	295 58	38 00	20 00	438 00	
Saints Augus.....	109 22	109 22	170 78	91 00	.....	371 00	

Jersey	40 00	40 00	76 32	.....	71 68	188 00
St. Séverin.....	115 58	115 58	.....	42 50	52 00	210 08
	3731 28	3731 28	3996 04	2581 08	681 78	10990 18
L. LUCIER AND REV. W. G. LYSTER. Bonaventure.						
Port Daniel and diss.....	177 92	177 92	202 08	216 10	145 00	741 10
Hope	173 78	173 78	301 59	248 32	.....	723 69
Cox and diss.....	345 20	345 20	31 17	104 00	.....	480 37
New Richmond and diss.....	212 21	212 21	626 60	300 23	435 00	1574 04
Maria and diss.....	277 67	277 67	700 63	171 00	205 43	1354 73
Carleton	134 16	134 16	178 64	177 92	.....	490 72
Nouvelle (St. Jean L'Evangéliste).....	147 80	147 80	288 58	314 00	.....	750 38
Shoolbred	66 50	66 50	126 07	43 96	.....	236 53
Mann	82 46	82 46	94 54	24 80	.....	201 80
Ristigouche	74 68	74 68	72 40	37 60	105 92	290 60
Matapédiac.....	24 55	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
St. Alexis and Matapédiac.....	85 58	85 58	96 34	67 24	105 00	354 16
Paspebiac.....	116 10	116 10	83 90	160 00	400 00	760 00
Miguasha	26 62	26 62	68 28	70 00	100 00	264 90
St. Charles and Caplan	102 46	102 46	47 90	101 20	.....	251 56
St. Risigouche (Indian Village).....	50 00	50 00	.....	5 00	.....	55 00
Hamilton and diss.....	110 41	110 41	339 99	262 72	15 00	728 12
	2208 10	2183 55	3258 71	2304 09	1511 35	9257 70
A. FONTAINE.—Berthier.						
Lavaltrie.....	170 40	170 40	180 00	30 00	.....	380 40
Lanoraie	264 42	264 42	535 58	36 40	.....	836 40
Berthier (Parish).....	291 57	291 57	320 81	121 20	.....	733 58
Berthier (Village) and diss.....	186 10	186 10	451 34	460 55	.....	1097 99
Isle du Pads	51 94	51 94	101 26	24 00	.....	177 20
Isle St. Ignace	78 58	78 58	5 56	24 00	.....	108 14
St. Barthélemi	325 86	325 86	474 14	31 36	.....	831 36
St. Cuthbert.....	405 46	405 46	44 27	.....	.....	449 73
St. Norbert.....	252 34	252 34	197 66	49 20	.....	499 20
St. Gabriel de Brandon and diss.....	380 41	380 41	363 80	200 00	.....	944 21
St. Damien.....	146 76	146 76	.....	61 20	.....	207 96
St. Michel des Saints.....	21 56	21 56	24 40	.....	.....	45 96
Isle Madame.....	25 98	25 98	53 95	35 60	.....	115 53
	2601 38	2601 38	2752 77	1073 51	.....	6427 66

TABLE of amounts collected for Public Instruction in the Province of Quebec for the year 18 79.

	Assessment equal to grant.	Assessment in excess of grant and special assessments.	Monthly Contribution.	Assessment for building school houses.	Total collected.
J. A. McLOUGHLIN AND W. J. ALEXANDER <i>Brome.</i>	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
Farnham East and dias	322 22	959 07	168 00	.....	1449 29
Brome	453 52	1484 81	424 90	.....	2363 23
Sutton and dias	408 20	2059 16	89 60	145 00	2701 96
Potton	282 86	1717 14	190 00	.....	2190 00
Bolton East	251 88	748 12	.....	.....	1000 00
Bolton West	121 90	604 10	.....	.....	726 00
	1840 58	7572 40	872 50	148 00	10133 48
J. N. A. ARCHAMBEAULT.—Chambly.					
St Lambert and dias	42 46	237 54	48 00	.....	328 00
Longueuil (parish)	114 42	312 58	175 68	.....	612 68
Longueuil (village)	270 52	1335 13	102 70	.....	1708 35
St. Hubert	131 57	918 43	233 60	.....	1283 60
Chambly (parish)	240 66	682 24	101 00	.....	1023 90
Chambly (canton) village and dias	77 92	644 08	186 20	.....	908 20
St. Bruno	129 48	290 52	88 00	.....	508 00
Boucherville	276 76	615 24	158 40	.....	1050 40
St. Basile le Grand	79 82	326 89	66 00	.....	472 51
	1363 41	5122 65	1150 58	.....	7945 64
D. LEFEBVRE.—Champlain.					
Cap de la Madeleine	159 22	216 02	28 80	.....	404 01
St. Maurice	362 19	487 81	182 30	.....	1032 30
Champlain (parish)	130 36	201 68	74 40	.....	412 44
Champlain (village)	71 56	213 03	59 62	.....	364 21
St. Luc	95 32	104 64	46 40	.....	246 40
Batiscan	170 13	159 87	171 00	.....	501 00

Ste. Geneviève.....	295 72	395 72	147 88	176 34	.....	619 94
Ste. Anne de la Pêrade (parish).....	251 04	251 04	377 39	418 30	.....	1046 73
Ste. Anne de la Pêrade (village).....	120 39	120 39	98 00	133 49	800 00	1151 88
St. Prosper	148 96	148 96	255 88	38 30	.....	443 14
Mont Carmel.....	160 91	160 91	410 09	150 00	.....	721 00
St. Narcisse.....	190 78	190 78	217 66	90 00	.....	498 44
St. Stanislas.....	351 04	351 04	337 81	138 00	.....	826 85
St. Tite.....	198 83	198 83	452 10	.....	.....	650 93
Ste. Flore	103 63	103 63	296 33	.....	.....	399 96
Fermont	28 05	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
H. HUBBARD, W. THOMPSON AND M. STENSON. Compton.	2844 13	2816 08	3996 23	1706 95	800 00	9319 26
Hereford.....	159 75	159 75	490 25	42 00	.....	692 00
Compton.....	370 40	370 40	1448 86	326 00	.....	2145 26
Clifton	112 02	112 02	643 98	302 00	.....	1058 00
Clifton East.....	52 00	52 00	208 00	100 00	.....	360 00
Auckland	33 76	33 76	286 24	28 80	.....	348 60
Eaton.....	278 44	278 44	963 99	260 00	.....	1507 43
West Bury.....	47 15	47 15	183 48	85 00	310 76	626 39
Bury	157 80	157 80	872 92	310 00	.....	1340 72
Lingwick	104 02	104 02	1207 50	156 32	.....	1467 84
Winslow North.....	91 18	91 18	158 82	86 00	400 00	736 00
Newport	120 00	120 00	440 00	168 53	.....	728 53
Marston.....	78 24	78 24	181 76	85 60	460 00	805 60
Hampden	57 00	57 00	184 02	74 20	675 00	990 22
Whitton	57 96	57 96	212 04	28 44	.....	328 44
Ditton (La Patrie).....	119 61	119 61	120 39	44 00	1015 00	1299 00
Chesham (N. D. des Bois).....	82 60	82 60	.....	46 40	.....	129 00
Winslow South and dis.....	126 63	126 63	423 37	163 80	.....	713 80
	2048 56	2048 56	8060 62	2307 09	2860 76	15277 03
S. BOIVIN.—Charlevoix.						
Petite Rivière.....	77 54	77 54	18 46	52 50	.....	148 50
Isle aux Coudres.....	93 26	93 26	42 74	164 20	.....	300 20
Baie St. Paul	405 20	405 20	974 77	290 00	.....	1669 97
St. Placide.....	65 32	65 32	54 68	40 00	.....	160 00
St. Urbain.....	111 04	111 04	190 96	131 40	.....	433 40
Eboulements	274 68	274 68	297 32	254 00	.....	826 00
Settlington.....	111 96	111 96	48 04	21 00	.....	181 00
St. Irénée.....	129 49	129 49	200 51	225 00	.....	555 00

TABLE of amounts collected for Public Instruction in the Province of Quebec for the year 1878-79.

INSPECTION DISTRICT OF	Annual grant.	Assessment equal to grant.	Assessment in excess of grant and special assessments.	Monthly contribution.	Assessment for building school houses.	Total collected.
	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
Charlevoix.—Suite.						
Ste. Agnès.....	209 75	209 75	110 25	156 35	69 00	545 35
Malbaie.....	340 14	340 14	770 25	490 50	.....	1600 89
St. Fidèle.....	105 58	105 58	141 42	112 60	.....	359 60
St. Siméon.....	48 44	48 44	57 82	123 50	.....	229 76
Callières.....	10 78	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
De Salles.....	48 44	48 44	.....	39 00	.....	87 44
Pointe au Pic.....	44 28	44 28	145 00	154 00	.....	343 28
	2075 90	2065 12	3052 22	2254 05	69 00	7440 39
E. SAVARD.—Chicoutimi.						
St. Jean.....	79 48	79 48	33 62	48 40	28 36	189 86
Grande Baie.....	169 36	169 36	239 04	208 25	.....	616 65
Bagotville (parish).....	150 78	150 78	344 70	246 72	.....	742 20
Bagotville (village).....	56 76	56 76	116 24	90 80	.....	263 80
Chicoutimi (parish).....	351 56	351 56	798 44	152 16	.....	1302 16
Chicoutimi (village).....	180 92	180 92	319 08	132 80	.....	632 80
Laterrière.....	171 30	171 30	194 47	277 60	1400 00	2043 37
Jonquières.....	167 54	167 54	157 31	76 00	.....	400 85
Ouïatchouan.....	110 40	110 40	89 60	78 00	.....	278 00
Harvey (St. Fulgence).....	68 70	68 70	81 20	1 00	.....	150 90
Ste. Anne (Tremblay).....	150 52	150 52	99 48	60 00	90 00	400 00
St. Jérôme.....	142 86	142 86	285 72	280 00	641 00	1349 58
Uébertville.....	134 04	134 04	665 96	180 50	.....	90 50
Métabetchouan.....	77 28	77 28	172 72	118 04	100 00	468 04
St. I'ime.....	53 24	53 24	.....	18 40	.....	71 64
St. Géléon de Grandmont.....	45 44	45 44	374 22	87 20	150 00	656 86
St. Félicien (Ahuapmouchouan).....	30 65	30 65	37 67	28 00	60 00	156 32
St. Joseph d'Alma.....	58 44	58 44	73 56	11 20	.....	143 20
	2190 27	2199 27	4083 03	2095 07	2469 36	10846 73

TABLE of amounts collected for Public Instruction in the Province of Quebec for the year 1878-79.

INSPECTION DISTRICT OF	Annual contribution.	Assessment equal to grant.	Assessment in excess of grant and special assessments.	Monthly Contribution.	Assessment for building school houses.	Total collected.
	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
A. PILON.— <i>Deux-Montagnes.</i>						
St. Placide.....	152 22	152 22	486 74	42 40	.....	681 36
St. Joseph.....	167 80	167 80	93 20	.....	.....	261 00
St. Eustache and diss....	369 49	369 49	1162 83	67 20	.....	1599 52
St. Augustin and diss.....	206 36	206 36	486 80	41 50	.....	737 65
St. Benoit.....	209 48	209 48	698 46	114 72	.....	1022 66
St. Hermas.....	169 74	169 74	898 56	58 00	.....	1126 30
Ste. Scholastique.....	285 72	285 72	1878 25	.....	.....	2163 97
St. Canut No. 1 and diss....	54 68	54 68	352 01	.....	.....	406 69
St. Canut No. 2.....	29 10	29 10	105 50	.....	.....	135 00
St. Columban.....	87 80	87 80	317 20	30 00	.....	435 00
St. Jérôme No. 4.....	32 98	32 98	69 02	.....	.....	102 00
Côte St. Joachim and diss...	55 20	55 20	209 56	72 80	200 00	537 56
Ste. Monique.....	107 80	107 80	162 20	57 60	.....	327 60
	1928 37	1928 37	6920 73	487 22	200 00	9536 32
T. TREMBLAY AND REV. W. G. LYSTER. <i>Gaspé.</i>						
Cap-Chat.....	101 56	101 56	108 44	135 50	30 00	375 50
Ste. Anne des Monts.....	157 80	157 80	212 20	160 00	.....	530 00
Mont Louis.....	51 69	51 69	15 31	10 00	.....	77 00
Cloridormes	34 16	34 16	143 45	80 00	.....	257 61
Fox (Rivière aux Renards).....	83 64	83 64	111 36	57 00	95 00	347 00
Anse à Valeau.....	37 41	37 41	148 59	50 00	160 00	396 00
Anse à Grisfond	88 18	88 18	91 82	40 00	.....	220 00
Grande Grève.....	59 10	59 10	210 90	57 80	250 00	577 80
Cap des Rosiers.....	33 64	33 64	198 36	90 00	.....	322 00
Gaspé Bay North.....	46 88	46 88	63 12	45 00	.....	155 00
Roseville and diss.....	20 78	20 78	172 34	49 00	.....	242 12
Gaspé Bay South.....	91 28	91 28	359 72	90 00	.....	544 00

York and diss.....	36 76	409 67	68 60	250 00	765 03
Douglas.....	105 46	169 79	79 80	20 34	375 39
Halimand and diss.....	45 20	84 65	112 68	70 00	312 53
Malbaie.....	83 64	213 36	57 60	.....	354 60
Percé and diss.....	210 78	451 27	37 00	130 00	829 05
Isle Bonaventure.....	15 58	67 17	24 68	300 00	407 43
Cap Désespoir and diss.....	150 02	373 78	167 80	.....	691 60
Grande Rivière.....	208 06	453 94	100 00	.....	762 00
Pabos.....	82 86	211 45	104 00	520 00	922 31
Newport.....	85 32	138 68	40 00	250 00	514 00
Magdalen Islands.....	128 44	255 56	48 00	.....	432 00
Aubert (Amherst).....	146 88	453 58	106 40	.....	706 86
St. Pierre de L'Etang.....	136 62	423 38	168 40	.....	728 40
Grande Vallée.....	37 41	45 59	30 00	.....	113 00
St. George de Malbaie.....	22 34	61 34	15 00	.....	98 68
Barachois and diss.....	74 16	134 84	50 80	.....	259 80
Cap aux Os.....	25 32	44 68	25 60	23 00	118 60
Little Pabos.....	14 80	45 20	37 00	100 00	197 00
La Madeleine.....	15 58	274 42	30 00	.....	320 00
F. C. EMBERSON.—Huntingdon.					
Hemmingford and diss.....	2434 35	6147 96	2171 66	2198 34	12952 31
Havelock and diss.....	311 44	1430 40	219 30	1500 00	3461 14
Franklin.....	186 10	686 34	197 00	1925 00	2994 44
Hinchinbrooke and diss.....	187 14	732 86	125 60	.....	1045 60
Elgin.....	317 02	592 58	348 00	417 45	1675 05
Godmanchester and diss.....	145 58	420 83	77 70	42 00	686 11
Huntingdon and diss.....	266 90	1228 07	350 02	.....	1844 99
St. Anicet No. 1 and diss.....	99 10	556 00	154 30	.....	809 40
St. Anicet No. 2.....	255 08	549 22	300 00	1600 00	2704 30
Dundee and diss.....	143 64	336 36	50 80	.....	530 80
	205 46	194 02	124 06	1050 00	1573 54
	2117 46	6726 68	1946 78	6534 45	17325 37
FELIX S. McMAHON.—Hochelaga.					
Hochelaga and diss.....	137 80	5190 60	110 48	.....	5438 88
St. Jean-Baptiste and diss.....	572 48	3489 52	361 13	820 00	5243 13
Côte St. Louis and diss.....	287 68	1698 62	76 40	.....	2062 70
Longue Pointe.....	131 30	275 70	77 00	.....	484 00
Rivière des Prairies.....	101 18	34 79	158 96	.....	294 93
Côte Visitation and diss.....	59 74	447 26	19 50	1012 46	1538 96
St. Henri and diss.....	496 76	11050 24	450 10	.....	12027 10

TABLE of amounts collected for Public Instruction in the Province of Quebec for the year 1878-79.

INSPECTION DISTRICT OF	Annual grant.	Assessment equal to grant.	Assessment in excess of grant and special assessments.	Monthly contribution.	Assessment for building school houses.	Total collected.
	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
<i>Hochelaga.—Continued.</i>						
Côte des Neiges.....	109 39	109 39	633 61	42 00	.....	785 00
Pointe-aux-Trembles.....	136 76	136 76	261 67	228 45	.....	626 88
Sault-aux-Récóllets.....	169 09	169 09	133 34	134 00	.....	436 43
Haut du Sault.....	43 38	43 38	138 79	30 40	8 20	220 77
Côte St. Michel.....	100 00	100 00	200 00	43 00	.....	343 00
Ste. Cunégonde.....	297 02	27 02	2217 55	.....	.....	2514 57
Outremont (Village)	31 84	31 84	31 84	88 60	.....	152 28
Notre-Dame de Grâces (Village)	230 46	230 46	2819 54	268 00	.....	3318 00
St. Pierre (Village) Verdun	36 10	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
St. Gabriel and diss.....	238 84	238 84	7763 74	353 74	5289 42	13645 74
Côte St. Paul.....	150 14	150 14	2668 93	91 20	.....	2910 27
<i>Z. O. H. LAMARCHE.—Iberville.</i>						
Henryville et diss.....	3329 96	3293 86	39055 74	2562 96	7130 08	52042 61
St. Athanase.....	249 09	249 09	814 73	274 00	.....	1337 82
Iberville and diss.....	277 79	277 79	572 21	93 00	.....	943 00
St. Grégoire.....	194 42	194 42	777 58	88 00	.....	1060 00
Ste. Brigide and diss.....	304 16	304 16	895 84	150 00	.....	1350 00
St. Alexandre.....	276 38	276 38	906 07	89 60	.....	1272 05
St. Sébastien and diss.....	428 98	428 98	710 78	56 40	.....	1196 16
	270 92	270 92	948 80	238 81	35 00	1493 53
	2001 74	2001 74	5626 01	959 81	35 00	8652 56
<i>J. CRÉPAULT.—L'Islet.</i>						
St. Aubert.....	179 48	179 48	232 52	85 50	.....	497 50
St. Cyrille.....	133 52	133 52	181 48	106 60	.....	421 60
St. Jean Port-Joli.....	316 37	316 37	395 33	201 00	.....	912 70
L'Islet.....	371 18	371 18	46 63	216 10	.....	633 91
St. Roch.....	250 02	250 02	110 00	169 60	.....	529 62
Ste. Louise.....	173 11	173 11	26 89	86 40	.....	286 40
Ashford.....	59 22	59 22	25 78	17 00	.....	102 00

Ste. Perpétue.....	50 00	50 00	.....	21 12	.....	71 12
St. Pamphile.....	63 38	63 38	.....	22 20	.....	85 58
St. Eugene.....	159 22	159 22	76 78	38 70	.....	274 70
C. BRAULT AND J. A. FONTAINE—Jacques-Cartier.	1755 50	1755 50	1095 41	664 22	.....	3815 13
Lachine (Parish) and diss	128 97	128 97	945 12	103 30	.....	1182 39
St. Laurent and diss.....	378 06	378 06	1393 94	440 00	122 20	2334 20
Pointe Claire.....	191 17	191 17	993 27	266 00	.....	1450 44
Isle Bizard.....	108 44	108 44	194 36	.....	.....	302 80
Ste. Geneviève No. 2.....	48 70	48 70	24 50	10 00	.....	83 20
Ste. Geneviève No. 1 (Village)	122 08	122 08	297 92	67 20	.....	487 20
Ste. Anne.....	90 38	90 38	229 39	59 00	250 00	628 77
Ste. Anne de Bellevue.....	76 58	76 58	619 86	137 40	.....	833 84
Ste. Geneviève No. 3.....	99 62	99 62	82 09	26 00	.....	207 71
Lachine (Village)	220 27	220 27	3532 23	400 50	.....	4153 00
A. FONTAINE.—Joliette.	1464 27	1461 27	8312 68	1514 40	372 20	11663 55
St. Paul.....	252 34	252 34	387 46	.....	.....	639 80
St. Charles Borromée.....	156 11	15 11	325 53	.....	.....	481 64
Joliette and diss.....	395 72	395 72	1441 28	211 20	.....	2048 20
St. Ambroise and diss.....	242 60	242 60	697 86	72 40	.....	1012 86
St. A'phonse.....	164 42	164 42	324 76	70 40	.....	559 58
St. Côme.....	83 77	83 77	83 42	.....	.....	167 19
St. Thomas.....	239 36	239 36	197 75	.....	.....	437 11
Ste. Elisabeth.....	357 54	357 54	710 94	71 60	.....	1140 08
St. Félix de Valois and diss.....	415 03	415 08	190 56	95 20	.....	700 84
Ste. Mélanie.....	201 04	201 01	262 96	86 80	.....	550 80
St. Jean.....	297 80	297 80	52 20	56 40	.....	406 40
Ste. Beatrix.....	120 40	120 40	325 16	.....	.....	445 56
Ste. Emelie.....	70 66	70 66	224 62	37 60	52 82	385 70
G. TANGUAY.—Kamouraska.	2996 84	2996 84	5224 50	701 60	52 82	8975 76
Ste. Anne Lapocatière No. 1.....	277 28	277 28	423 72	104 40	.....	805 40
Ste. Anne Lapocatière No. 2 (Village).....	129 74	129 74	95 42	22 00	.....	247 16
St. Onésime.....	100 00	100 00	42 00	40 00	.....	182 00
Rivière Ouelle.....	261 83	261 83	323 14	90 00	.....	674 97
St. Pacôme.....	241 96	241 96	18 04	68 00	55 37	383 37
St. Denis.....	127 28	127 28	234 72	.....	.....	362 00
St. Philippe.....	128 70	128 70	131 30	48 35	.....	308 35

TABLE of amounts collected for Public Instruction in the Province of Quebec for the year 1878-79.—Continued.

INSPECTION DISTRICT OF	Annual grant.		Assessment equal to grant.		Assessment in excess of grant and special assessments.		Monthly contribution.		Assessment for building school houses.		Total collected.	
	\$	cts.	\$	cts.	\$	cts.	\$	cts.	\$	cts.	\$	cts.
Kamouraska.—Continued.												
Mont Carmel.....	127	92	127	92	77	08	10	00	29	00	244	00
Kamouraska.....	298	24	296	24	461	92	140	00	.....	.....	901	16
St. Paschal.....	417	42	417	42	282	58	130	00	.....	.....	830	00
St. Andr.....	225	73	225	73	324	27	72	20	.....	.....	622	20
Ste. Helène.....	181	70	181	70	15	56	156	80	.....	.....	354	06
St. Alexandre.....	228	96	228	96	280	04	.....	.....	.....	.....	509	00
St. Eueuthère.....	25	97	25	97	12	.....	16	00	.....	.....	42	09
L. GRONDIN.—Laprairie.												
Laprairie (Parish).....	2770	73	2770	73	2712	91	897	75	84	37	6465	76
Laprairie (Village) and diss.....	220	39	220	39	625	09	177	00	.....	.....	1022	48
St. Philippe.....	163	52	163	52	678	66	93	33	1800	00	2735	51
St. Jacques.....	227	79	227	79	900	43	87	20	.....	.....	1215	42
Ft. Constant and diss.....	233	32	238	32	349	93	73	00	.....	.....	661	25
St. Isidore.....	246	50	246	50	635	25	.....	.....	.....	.....	881	75
	235	59	235	59	279	36	.....	.....	.....	.....	514	95
	1332	11	1332	11	3468	72	430	53	1800	00	7031	36
P. F. BELAND.—Lotbinière.												
St. Jean Deschailons.....	327	02	327	02	.....	.....	232	40	.....	.....	559	42
Ste. Emélie.....	64	80	64	80	164	64	35	00	.....	.....	284	44
Lotbinière.....	276	50	276	50	216	66	264	00	.....	.....	757	16
St. Edouard.....	155	46	155	46	173	68	144	70	344	89	818	73
Ste. Croix.....	293	52	293	52	441	52	201	80	.....	.....	938	84
St. Flavien.....	182	48	182	48	340	81	217	90	.....	.....	741	19
St. Antoine.....	234	94	234	94	326	06	272	20	.....	.....	833	20
St. Apollinaire.....	199	10	199	10	192	90	65	40	.....	.....	457	40
St. Agapit.....	85	32	85	32	173	42	125	94	18	00	402	68
Ste. Agathe No. 1.....	38	58	38	58	37	42	46	00	.....	.....	122	00

Ste Agathe No. 2.....	97 92	97 92	92 08	163 60	.....	353 60
St. Gilles.....	95 84	95 84	187 99	79 76	.....	363 59
St. Narcisse de Beaurivage.....	59 62	59 62	169 38	88 60	.....	317 60
St. Patrick and diss.....	163 13	163 13	191 87	199 45	800 00	1354 45
St. Sylvestre.....	293 64	293 64	29 36	60 70	.....	383 70
Leclercville.....	82 08	82 08	2 92	45 00	.....	120 00
	2649 95	2649 95	2740 71	2244 45	1162 89	8798 00
FÉLIX S. McMAHON.—Laval.						
Ste. Rose (Village).....	55 58	95 59	348 42	179 76	.....	623 76
Ste. Rose (Parish).....	224 44	224 44	408 56	96 50	.....	729 50
St. Vincent de Paul.....	301 30	301 30	525 67	119 84	.....	946 81
St. François.....	112 21	112 21	487 79	50 60	.....	650 60
L'abord à Plouffe.....	109 62	109 62	0 89	62 50	1000 00	1173 01
Côte St. Elzéar.....	48 06	48 06	120 62	14 00	.....	182 68
Côte St. Antoine.....	51 17	51 17	49 83	5 00	.....	106 00
Bas du bord de l'eau.....	38 84	38 84	82 51	24 00	.....	145 35
Haut de St. Martin.....	42 72	42 72	37 28	13 20	.....	93 20
Village No. 1 St. Martin.....	107 79	107 79	258 98	50 00	.....	416 77
St. Martin Bas.....	37 01	37 01	176 99	22 80	.....	236 80
Ste. Dorothee.....	94 94	94 94	.....	.....	.....	94 94
	1263 68	1263 68	2497 54	638 20	1000 00	5399 42
E. CARRIER.—Lévis.						
Lévis (Town) and diss.....	868 98	868 98	875 02	547 21	.....	2291 21
Bienville (Village).....	127 28	127 28	22 72	150 84	.....	300 84
Laizon (Village).....	361 82	361 82	541 18	655 00	.....	1558 00
Notre-Dame de la Victoire.....	78 62	78 62	275 70	83 35	.....	437 67
St. Joseph.....	156 24	156 24	152 76	109 93	.....	418 93
St. Henri.....	314 04	314 04	707 49	217 60	.....	1239 13
St. Jean Chrysostome.....	221 70	221 70	550 30	180 00	.....	952 00
St. Nicolas.....	305 98	305 98	244 02	299 44	.....	849 44
St. Etienne.....	99 48	99 48	124 52	142 00	.....	366 00
St. Lambert.....	203 00	203 00	316 00	235 20	.....	754 20
St. Romuald (Parish).....	176 76	176 76	53 24	420 50	.....	650 50
Etchemin (Village).....	212 86	212 86	37 14	247 00	.....	497 00
St. Télesphore	34 65	34 65	35 65	56 00	.....	126 30
St. David.....	63 49	63 49	71 89	200 64	.....	336 02
	3224 90	3224 90	4007 63	3544 71	.....	10777 24

TABLE of amounts collected for Public Instruction in the Province of Quebec for the year 1878-79.—Continued.

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	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
A. TÉTRAULT.—Maskinongé.						
Maskinongé.....	270 14	270 14	119 20	165 00	554 34
Rivière du Loup No. 1.....	130 26	130 26	373 88	22 60	.....	526 74
Rivière du Loup No. 2 (Parish).....	249 62	249 62	687 58	53 20	.....	990 40
St. Justin.....	204 95	204 95	119 05	44 00	.....	368 00
Ste. Ursule and diss.....	301 54	301 54	283 91	134 75	.....	720 20
St. Léon.....	233 91	233 91	381 77	132 40	.....	748 03
St. Paulin.....	140 27	140 27	79 73	188 95	.....	408 95
Hunterstown.....	116 76	116 76	63 24	60 00	.....	240 00
St. Didace.....	242 86	242 86	67 14	84 40	.....	394 40
St. Peterborough.....	42 21	42 21	23 79	.....	.....	66 00
St. Alexis.....	82 59	82 59	00 41	38 40	.....	121 40
	2015 11	2015 11	2080 50	877 90	165 00	5138 51
W. THOMPSON AND G. S. VIEN.—Mégantic.						
Halifax North.....	275 21	275 21	270 47	73 60	139 83	759 11
Halifax South and diss.....	356 76	356 76	351 87	138 08	.....	846 71
Somerset North.....	252 74	252 74	408 30	76 20	.....	737 24
Somerset South.....	312 08	312 08	503 36	96 60	.....	912 04
Inverness and diss.....	210 92	210 92	1316 58	174 75	200 00	1902 25
Nelson.....	212 09	212 09	612 19	262 30	161 44	1248 02
South Ireland.....	112 60	112 60	305 38	99 80	.....	517 78
North Ireland.....	58 56	58 56	366 44	82 40	.....	507 40
Leeds and diss.....	222 88	222 88	396 41	345 98	76 00	1041 27
Sacré Cœur de Marie.....	74 02	74 02	5 98	57 60	.....	137 60
Inverness west.....	94 54	94 54	170 00	98 60	.....	363 14
Leeds South.....	134 80	134 80	62 40	196 56	.....	393 76
	2317 20	2317 20	4769 38	1702 47	577 27	9366 32
J. PRÉMONT.—Montmorency.						
St. Laurent.....	128 96	128 96	82 61	171 09	.....	382 66
St. Pierre.....	96 24	96 24	149 36	74 80	.....	319 40
St. Jean.....	186 50	186 50	467 50	335 00	.....	989 00

St. Famille.....	108 32	108 32	35 68	62 00	.....	205 00
St. François.....	71 69	71 69	24 43	32 42	.....	128 54
L'Ange Gardien.....	136 24	136 24	134 49	157 84	.....	428 57
Laval.....	99 09	99 08	124 92	32 40	.....	256 41
Château Richer.....	210 14	210 14	437 31	306 50	.....	1108 95
St. Anne.....	124 42	124 42	115 58	63 60	.....	303 60
St. Joachim.....	119 88	119 88	260 12	53 60	.....	433 60
St. Féréol.....	128 70	128 70	52 77	69 00	.....	250 47
St. Tit.....	86 10	86 10	73 90	30 00	.....	190 00
St. Adolphe.....	17 56	17 66	47 34	14 50	.....	79 20
Les Grans.....	25 46	25 48	.....	31 75	.....	257 21
St. Pétronille.....	47 78	47 78	110 29	84 00	.....	349 79
	1587 18	1587 18	2115 30	1518 20	462 72	5683 40
St. Thomas.....	113 00	113 00	412 22	105 57	.....	1046 79
Clarenceville.....	162 34	162 34	407 16	100 25	.....	669 75
Freigeburg.....	207 15	207 15	779 05	129 28	.....	1115 48
	172 48	172 48	581 30	68 69	.....	822 47
	351 44	351 44	1048 00	384 30	.....	1783 74
	171 04	171 04	1423 96	28 00	.....	1623 00
	357 54	357 54	1142 46	216 90	.....	1716 90
	372 08	372 08	1623 05	248 40	.....	2243 53
	84 67	84 67	135 33	98 00	.....	318 00
	26 75	.....	511 66	76 20	.....	713 20
	125 34	125 34	.....	.....	.....	.....
	2143 83	2117 08	8064 19	1455 59	416 00	12052 86
St. Jacques No. 1.....	115 72	115 72	284 28	21 50	.....	421 50
St. Jacques No. 2.....	241 96	241 96	458 04	30 00	.....	730 00
St. Liguori.....	192 87	192 87	382 13	.....	.....	575 00
St. Alexis.....	176 63	176 63	159 49	39 20	.....	338 11
St. Reprit.....	199 62	199 62	500 38	32 80	.....	739 20
St. Julienne.....	145 06	145 06	309 94	.....	.....	487 80
Rawdon and diss.....	204 30	204 30	758 51	80 00	.....	962 81
Kilkenny and diss.....	168 44	168 44	423 58	.....	.....	672 02
Chertsey.....	146 36	146 36	98 40	27 00	.....	244 76
Wexford.....	63 90	63 90	126 10	.....	.....	217 00
Doncaster.....	67 96	67 96	32 04	.....	.....	100 00
	1723 82	1722 82	3532 88	230 50	.....	5486 20

J. A. McLOUGHLIN.—Missisquoi.

and diss.

Notre-Dame (Village) and diss.

St. Damien and diss.

Cowanville.....

Dunham (Village).....

Farnham West and diss.....

A. D. DORVAL.—Monicaism.

St. Jacques No. 1.....

St. Jacques No. 2.....

St. Liguori.....

St. Alexis.....

St. Reprit.....

St. Julienne.....

Rawdon and diss.....

Kilkenny and diss.....

Chertsey.....

Wexford.....

Doncaster.....

TABLE of amounts collected for Public Instruction in the Province of Quebec for the year 1878-79.—Continued.

INSPECTION DISTRICT OF	Annual grant.	Assessment equal to grant.	Assessment in excess of grant and special assessments.	Monthly contribution.	Assessment for building school houses.	Total collected.
J. CREPAULT.—Montmagny.						
Berthier.....	\$ cts. 183 26	\$ cts. 183 26	\$ cts. 169 22	\$ cts. 85 70	\$ cts.	\$ cts. 438 18
St. Thomas.....	375 74	375 74	299 26	54 00	.....	729 00
St. Ignace.....	425 72	425 72	224 28	90 00	.....	740 00
St. François.....	209 48	209 48	10 52	265 19	.....	425 19
St. Pierre.....	167 80	167 80	144 45	100 00	625 00	1037 25
St. Paul de Montmini.....	119 03	119 09	130 94	148 00	.....	398 03
Isle aux Grues.....	82 98	82 98	00 02	60 75	.....	143 75
Grosse Isle.....	50 00	50 00	.....	.....	.....	50 00
Montmagny (Village).....	196 36	196 36	178 64	102 80	.....	477 80
	1810 40	1810 43	1157 33	906 44	625 00	4499 20
Z. O. LAMARCHE.—Napierville.						
St. Rémi and diss.....	359 62	359 62	652 29	183 00	.....	1194 91
St. Edouard.....	225 06	225 06	415 87	.....	.....	640 93
Sherrington and diss.....	250 28	250 28	833 31	67 36	.....	1150 95
St. Michel and diss.....	257 92	257 92	341 37	101 60	.....	700 89
St. Cyprien and diss.....	425 08	425 08	1111 05	144 50	800 00	2480 63
	1517 96	1517 96	3353 89	496 46	800 00	6168 31
L. M. LAPLANTE.—Nicolet.						
Nicolet (Town).....	227 53	227 53	157 47	45 00	.....	430 00
Nicolet (Parish).....	190 41	190 41	418 59	67 00	.....	676 00
St. Grégoire.....	340 13	340 13	315 87	210 40	.....	866 40
Ste. Angèle.....	132 74	132 74	117 26	20 40	.....	270 40
Béancour.....	341 43	341 43	178 20	123 00	.....	642 63
Ste. Gertrude.....	201 56	201 56	66 80	134 17	.....	402 53
Gentilly.....	350 92	350 92	284 14	85 20	.....	720 26
Ste. Marie de Blandford.....	23 64	23 64	12 36	25 00	.....	61 00

St. Pierre les Becquets.....	317 16	.....	34 12	46 50	.....	363 66
St. Célestin No. 1.....	85 88	.....	105 32	161 00	.....	281 00
St. Wenceslas.....	91 63	.....	528 82	37 60	412 00	649 60
Ste. Monique.....	290 78	.....	85 84	138 00	.....	957 60
Ste. Perpetue.....	34 16	.....	178 82	20 00	27 00	140 00
Ste. Brigitte.....	71 18	.....	238 98	41 00	.....	318 00
St. Léonard.....	97 02	.....	102 98	84 40	.....	420 40
St. Samuel.....	17 02	.....	233 12	20 00	290 00	140 00
Ste. Eutalie.....	16 88	.....	146 81	46 00	.....	586 00
Ste. Sophie de Lévrard.....	64 92	.....	251 92	.....	.....	211 73
St. Célestin No. 2.....	123 08	.....	.....	105 00	.....	420 00
A. GAY AND BOLTON MAGRATH.—Ottawa.						
St. Edouard de Wakefield.....	32 98	321 12	3457 42	1409 67	729 00	8617 21
Tempeton and diss.....	227 54	32 58	187 52	16 30	.....	236 80
Pointe à Gaiveau.....	164 13	227 54	1402 16	202 40	.....	1832 10
Bardby and diss.....	145 46	161 16	399 54	95 00	.....	638 50
Masham.....	107 42	145 46	289 54	132 30	176 00	853 30
Ste. Cécile de Masham and diss.....	135 32	107 42	26 88	55 87	.....	452 83
Wakefield and diss.....	71 70	135 32	390 42	65 75	.....	227 95
St. Joseph de Wakefield.....	40 66	71 70	143 34	63 85	.....	525 97
Aylwin.....	50 26	40 66	199 74	28 00	25 00	247 00
Hincks (Lac Ste. Marie).....	52 72	50 26	169 23	33 90	.....	283 10
Northfield and Wright and diss.....	179 10	52 72	389 74	93 00	330 00	645 00
Bouchette.....	89 22	179 10	537 00	121 40	.....	690 24
Maniwaki.....	108 44	89 22	242 56	32 00	282 30	940 52
Buckingham and diss.....	375 08	108 44	2772 72	48 40	4000 00	4399 40
Ange Gardien and diss.....	160 26	375 08	556 28	313 63	2300 00	5791 45
Lochaber and diss.....	230 66	160 26	983 63	109 40	100 00	955 94
St. Valachie.....	66 62	230 66	67 38	68 60	.....	1282 89
Ste. Angélique and diss.....	225 73	66 62	1034 61	58 40	.....	192 40
Notre-Dame de Bons-cours.....	57 92	225 73	62 08	117 75	63 36	1441 45
Montebello.....	104 80	57 92	185 98	22 40	.....	142 40
St. André Avelin.....	243 12	104 80	542 88	48 00	.....	318 78
Huron.....	183 00	243 12	.....	172 00	.....	958 00
Hartwell and Suffolk.....	86 36	183 00	.....	55 00	.....	233 00
Aylmer.....	227 02	86 36	.....	16 50	.....	102 86
Hull.....	132 60	227 02	499 70	27 90	.....	754 62
St. Etienne and diss.....	182 02	132 60	817 40	49 50	.....	999 50
Carleton and diss.....	153 32	182 02	1482 69	265 00	110 00	2039 71
Hull City (Catholics).....	538 92	153 32	495 50	132 62	210 32	991 76
Hull City (Protestants).....	60 70	538 92	1659 96	172 65	.....	2371 53
		60 70	1126 41	182 03	.....	1679 17

INSPECTION DISTRICT OF	Annual grant.	Assessment equal to grant.	Assessment in excess of grant and special assessments.	Monthly contribution.	Assessment for building school houses.	Total collected.
	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
<i>O. tawa.—Continued.</i>						
Rivière Gatineau.....	16 48	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Smeyrstadt.....	50 00	50 00	189 62	25 00	.....	264 62
Lowe.....	147 66	147 66	137 34	92 50	195 00	572 50
	4647 25	4630 77	17761 27	2897 07	7801 98	33091 09
A. GAY, D. LEFEBVRE AND BOLTON MAGRATH. <i>Pontiac.</i>						
Onslow South.....	80 78	80 78	623 22	57 10	.....	761 10
Onslow North and diss.....	102 86	102 86	427 59	103 00	18 98	722 43
Br stol	280 78	280 78	977 98	571 32	244 26	2074 34
Clarendon.....	319 10	319 10	70 90	.....	.....	390 00
Thorne.....	81 04	81 04	223 79	118 50	.....	423 33
Leslie.....	51 56	51 56	308 44	81 44	.....	441 44
Litchfield	34 54	34 54	80 46	31 10	.....	146 10
Portage du Fort	84 68	84 68	547 96	91 20	.....	723 84
Calumet and diss.....	140 26	140 26	727 19	121 00	.....	988 45
Chichester.....	77 67	77 67	398 83	196 00	.....	672 50
Shren.....	47 21	47 21	238 82	131 00	800 00	1217 03
Mansfield.....	102 08	102 08	297 92	191 00	.....	591 00
Waltham.....	52 46	52 46	107 51	55 00	200 00	415 00
Allumettes Island.....	195 20	195 20	1624 30	175 07	1405 00	3399 57
Ste. Elizabeth de Frankton.....	107 54	107 54	212 06	190 40	.....	510 00
Bryson	44 94	44 94	449 82	55 20	.....	549 96
Lower Litchfield.....	19 36	19 36	154 35	36 80	.....	210 51
Shawville.....	28 32	28 32	234 85	51 20	.....	314 37
Quyau	50 40	50 40	389 60	87 00	.....	527 00
Pontiac.....	22 86	22 86	.....	67 20	.....	90 06
Ab. rd. en	13 83	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Aldfield.....	54 02	54 02	93 05	14 76	.....	161 83
	1991 49	1977 66	8188 67	2425 29	2738 24	15329 86

TABLE of amounts collected for Public Instruction in the Province of Quebec for the year 1878-79.—Continued.

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	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
J. N. A. ARCHAMBAULT.— <i>Richelieu</i> .						
St. Roch.....	126 24	126 24	233 76	48 00	408 00
St. Ours (Parish).....	231 82	231 82	408 18	58 80	340 00	1038 80
St. Ours (Village).....	91 05	91 05	353 95	89 50	.....	528 50
Ste. Victoire.....	263 90	263 90	586 10	.....	.....	850 00
St. Pierre de Sorel	177 02	177 02	.....	14 40	.....	191 42
Sorel (Town) and diss.....	731 96	731 96	2455 66	1069 90	.....	4257 52
St. Robert.....	196 88	196 88	500 97	.....	.....	697 85
St. Aimé.....	341 96	311 96	488 80	.....	.....	830 76
St. Marc.....	173 50	173 50	356 50	45 50	200 00	1375 50
St. Louis.....	93 51	93 51	456 49	.....	.....	550 00
St. Anne.....	191 01	191 04	.....	63 80	.....	259 84
	2618 88	2618 88	5840 41	1388 90	1140 00	10988 19
D. BÉGIN.— <i>Rimouski</i> .						
St. Valérien	20 52	20 52	29 48	2 80	.....	52 80
St. Simon.....	154 04	154 04	245 96	52 80	.....	452 80
St. Mathieu de Rioux.....	116 36	116 36	72 51	72 17	187 61	448 65
St. Fabien.....	220 14	220 14	146 04	98 00	.....	454 18
Ste. Cécile du Bic.....	375 08	375 08	630 92	74 00	.....	1070 00
Rimouski (Parish).....	234 28	234 28	451 13	169 00	.....	854 41
Rimouski (Village)	154 01	154 04	345 25	302 50	.....	801 79
St. Anaclet	152 34	152 34	143 66	109 35	79 00	484 35
Ste. Lucie.....	230 39	230 39	155 61	100 00	.....	486 00
St. Donat	106 36	106 36	23 64	61 05	.....	191 05
Ste. Flavie	227 14	227 14	417 86	124 28	.....	769 28
Ste. Angèle de Mérici... ..	92 86	92 86	149 19	60 00	.....	302 05
Métis.....	72 08	72 08	128 35	91 00	.....	291 43
St. Octave and diss.....	209 62	209 62	635 58	350 40	.....	1195 60
St. Moïse.....	38 96	38 96	85 26	28 88	.....	153 10
McNider.....	294 16	294 16	253 53	172 40	.....	720 09
Matane (St. Urbain).....	182 86	182 86	242 11	180 00	.....	605 00

St. Jérôme.....	241 30	241 30	214 70	91 80	100 80	711 60
St. Felicité.....	141 30	141 30	198 70	188 80	60 00	588 80
Cherbourg.....	50 00	50 00	9 00	32 00	.....	91 00
St. Joseph.....	61 30	61 30	138 70	69 40	.....	269 40
St. Gabriel.....	54 54	54 54	46 36	.....	564 37	465 27
St. Blainline.....	50 28	30 28	29 72	23 00	.....	83 00
Daibaire.....	21 56	21 56	128 34	64 30	15 00	229 20
Notre-Dame du Sacré-Cœur.....	104 68	104 68	170 32	43 20	.....	318 20
Les Capucins.....	21 41	24 41	2 59	10 00	.....	34 00
	3607 60	3607 60	5084 54	2574 13	866 78	12133 05
M. STENSON.— <i>Richmond.</i>						
Brompton and diss.....	111 18	111 18	361 89	310 88	134 28	921 23
Melbourne (Township).....	297 42	297 42	438 02	118 80	.....	854 24
Melbourne (Village).....	35 06	35 06	4 94	3 00	.....	43 00
Cleveland and Richmond and diss.....	274 41	274 41	1308 59	198 00	141 50	1922 50
Shipdon and diss.....	305 85	305 85	789 75	742 10	400 00	2237 70
Windsor (Township) and diss.....	68 26	68 26	511 93	76 80	30 00	646 99
St. George de Windsor.....	142 08	142 08	191 68	92 00	30 00	455 76
Stoke.....	65 97	65 97	934 03	48 00	.....	1018 00
Windsor Mills and diss.....	75 52	75 52	479 74	60 40	30 00	645 66
Danville and diss.....	80 65	80 65	203 53	104 00	.....	388 18
	1456 40	1456 40	5227 10	1753 98	765 78	9303 26
J. B. DELAGE.— <i>Rouville.</i>						
Richelieu (N.-D. de Boussecours).....	98 70	98 70	401 30	48 00	.....	548 00
St. Mathias.....	121 96	121 96	326 39	42 50	.....	490 85
St. Hilaire.....	156 88	156 88	713 82	73 00	.....	943 70
St. Jean-Baptiste.....	231 70	231 70	167 96	63 00	.....	462 66
Ange-Gardien.....	284 95	284 95	311 21	62 90	.....	659 03
Ste. Marie de Monnoir and diss.....	314 42	324 42	599 94	104 60	.....	1018 96
Ste. Angèle.....	202 08	202 08	288 80	36 00	218 16	745 14
St. Césaire and diss.....	607 03	607 03	1371 69	.....	66 04	2044 76
Abbottsford and diss.....	217 41	217 41	68 33	54 39	.....	340 13
	2235 13	2235 13	4249 54	484 39	284 20	7253 26
J. B. DELAGE.— <i>St. Hyacinthe.</i>						
St. Damase.....	304 56	304 56	639 44	137 00	116 00	1197 00
La Présentation.....	185 60	185 60	256 40	60 00	.....	502 00
St. Charles.....	142 35	142 35	474 65	66 00	.....	683 00
St. Denis No. 1 (Village).....	120 13	120 13	483 95	60 00	.....	664 08
St. Denis No. 2.....	199 74	199 74	394 26	81 00	.....	675 00

INSPECTION DISTRICT OF		Annual grant.	Assessment equal to grant.	Assessment in excess of grant and special assessments	Monthly contribution.	Assessment for building school houses.	Total collected.
		\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
<i>St. Hyacinthe.—Continued.</i>							
St. Jude.....		250 66	250 66	449 34	.....	.....	700 00
St. Barnabé.....		160 92	160 92	389 08	.....	.....	550 00
St. Hyacinthe Town and diss.....		486 50	486 50	1355 87	296 00	.....	2138 37
St. Hyacinthe Parish.....		306 76	306 76	817 24	.....	.....	1124 00
St. Hyacinthe le Confesseur.....		102 34	102 34	344 66	.....	.....	447 00
		2259 56	2259 56	5604 89	700 00	116 00	8680 45
<i>S. BOIVIN.—Saguenay.</i>							
Tadoussac		28 97	28 97	421 03	68 00	.....	518 00
Ste. Marguerite.....		12 89	12 89	.....	30 00	.....	42 89
Escoumains.....		95 06	95 06	.....	72 00	.....	167 06
Pointe aux Esquimaux.....		111 95	111 95	136 95	145 20	.....	394 10
Anti-osti.....		60 00	60 00	.....	17 00	.....	77 00
Mille Vaches.....		53 12	53 12	.....	20 00	.....	73 12
Saguenay (Rivière aux Canards).....		25 58	25 58	.....	19 00	.....	44 58
Bergeronnes.....		37 79	37 79	30 24	.....	.....	68 03
Petites Bergeronnes.....		16 76	16 76	10 24	15 00	.....	42 00
Sault-au-Cochon.....		40 00	40 00	.....	5 50	.....	45 50
Moulin de Baude.....		31 95	31 95	18 05	34 10	.....	84 10
Betsiamis.....		71 69	71 69	.....	55 00	276 50	403 19
		585 76	585 76	616 51	480 80	276 50	1959 57
<i>W. J. ALEXANDER AND J. A. McLOUGHLIN. Shefford.</i>							
Granby Township and diss.....		185 86	185 86	1268 04	302 66	100 00	1856 56
Granby Village and diss.....		113 76	113 76	938 24	33 63	.....	1085 63
St. Cecile and diss.....		149 22	149 22	570 78	85 00	100 00	905 00
St. Valerien.....		160 66	160 66	390 03	50 00	.....	600 72
Shefford		434 43	434 43	1177 41	193 10	25 35	1832 32

Waterloo.....	161 01	161 01	1746 19	95 10	.....	2002 33
Roxton Township.....	284 82	284 82	1136 18	201 20	370 00	1592 20
Ely Nord and diss.....	111 18	111 18	690 87	153 63	.....	955 73
Ely Sud and diss.....	164 54	164 54	587 20	252 86	21 00	1025 60
Stukely Nord and diss.....	146 62	146 62	721 66	154 80	.....	1023 08
Stukely Sud.....	67 67	67 67	484 75	76 29	.....	628 71
Ste. Anne de Stukely.....	123 26	123 26	538 63	67 60	.....	729 52
Ste. Pudentienne.....	149 10	149 10	929 80	76 64	150 00	1305 54
St. Alphonse and diss.....	96 62	96 62	259 91	201 00	.....	560 53
Roxton Falls.....	128 84	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
C. BRAULT.—Soulanges.						
	2478 62	2349 78	11439 75	1947 56	766 38	16503 47
Côte n Landing and diss.....	259 74	259 74	691 76	64 00	.....	1015 50
St. Polycarpe.....	354 81	354 81	687 86	252 56	.....	1295 23
St. Cl'et.....	137 28	137 28	305 32	134 80	.....	577 40
St. Ignace.....	213 26	213 26	951 18	260 00	.....	1424 44
St. Joseph.....	274 94	274 94	300 93	285 25	.....	861 12
St. Télesphore and diss.....	163 64	163 64	322 36	129 12	.....	615 12
A. TÊTREAU.—St. Maurice.						
	1403 67	1403 67	3359 41	1125 73	.....	5788 81
Pointe du Lac.....	190 52	190 52	326 48	.....	.....	517 00
Yamachiche.....	317 94	317 94	102 66	154 80	.....	1074 80
St. Sévère.....	106 75	106 75	73 25	83 80	157 00	420 80
St. Barnabe.....	202 08	202 08	334 92	164 95	.....	701 95
St. Kienne.....	334 29	334 29	136 37	22 80	.....	493 46
Shavinigan.....	154 42	154 42	300 82	66 00	.....	521 24
St. Elie.....	61 30	61 30	163 20	99 60	.....	324 10
Trois-Rivières (Banlieue).....	109 62	109 62	240 38	31 20	.....	381 20
	1476 92	1476 92	2177 48	623 15	157 00	4434 55
Z. O. LAMARCHE.—St. Jean.						
St. Valentin and diss.....	278 94	278 94	993 06	202 80	.....	1474 80
Lacolle and diss.....	429 60	429 60	1890 99	629 88	.....	2950 47
Lacadie, Blairfindie.....	233 36	233 36	610 14	.....	20 00	923 50
St. Jean (Town).....	413 38	413 38	2803 48	339 91	5000 00	8556 77
St. Jean (Parish).....	115 17	115 17	415 71	40 40	.....	571 28
St. Luc.....	103 87	103 87	283 13	31 60	.....	418 60
	1574 32	1574 32	6996 51	1211 59	500 00	14895 42

TABLE of amounts collected for Public Instruction in the Province of Quebec for the year 1878-79.—Continued.

INSPECTION DISTRICT OF	Annual grant.		Assessment equal to grant.		Assessment in excess of grant and special assessments.		Monthly contribution.		Assessment for building school houses.		Total collected.	
	\$	cts.	\$	cts.	\$	cts.	\$	cts.	\$	cts.	\$	cts.
M. STENSON — <i>Sherbrooke.</i>												
Orford.....	109	08	109	08	904	62	96	85	.....	.....	1110	55
Ascol.....	330	54	330	54	1025	46	65	10	.....	.....	1421	10
Lennoxville.....	90	78	90	78	563	94	45	80	.....	.....	703	52
	530	40	530	40	2494	02	210	75	.....	.....	3235	17
J. ALEXANDER, AND H. HUBBARD. — <i>Stanstead.</i>												
Stanstead.....	480	66	480	66	1103	34	85	00	150	00	2324	00
Stanstead Plain.....	74	54	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Magog.....	152	48	152	48	657	79	150	00	3390	00	4350	27
Hatley and diss.....	401	01	301	04	798	96	566	00	.....	.....	1666	00
Barnston and diss.....	331	31	331	31	1783	69	18	50	492	00	2525	50
Coaticook and diss.....	150	64	150	64	2399	23	50	00	.....	.....	2599	87
Barford and diss.....	125	34	125	34	444	94	109	80	.....	.....	700	03
Keebe Plain.....	41	70	41	70	219	42	105	60	.....	.....	366	72
Dixville (Village).....	48	58	48	58	51	42	5	55	.....	.....	105	55
	1706	29	1631	75	7983	79	1090	45	4032	00	14737	99
A. PILON. — <i>Terrebonne.</i>												
Terrebonne (Town).....	136	37	136	37	908	90	41	80	.....	.....	1097	07
Terrebonne (Parish).....	105	58	108	58	291	42	24	00	.....	.....	424	00
Sto. Anne des Paines.....	236	42	236	42	375	85	109	20	.....	.....	721	47
St. Sauveur and d.s.....	239	62	239	62	379	78	18	34	.....	.....	637	74
St. Hyppolite.....	125	58	125	58	76	42	.....	.....	150	.....	203	50
Sto. Adèle.....	203	92	203	92	401	16	25	00	.....	.....	630	08
Ber-sford.....	188	04	188	05	268	94	30	00	.....	.....	487	00
Sto. Marguerite.....	55	94	55	94	84	06	.....	.....	.....	.....	140	00
St. Janvier (Parish).....	91	06	91	06	124	75	50	00	.....	.....	265	81
St. Janvier (Village).....	42	74	42	74	120	11	27	20	.....	.....	190	05
St. Janvier No. 1 Ba.....	30	40	30	40	47	98	16	00	.....	.....	04	38

Ste. Sophie and diss.....	192 04	192 03	288 32	109 72	.....	590 12
Ste. Thérèse (Parish) and diss.....	165 07	165 07	322 93	68 50	.....	558 50
Ste. Thérèse (Village).....	169 48	169 48	1410 52	200 00	.....	1780 00
St. Jérôme (Village).....	150 54	150 54	2481 81	.....	.....	1632 35
St. Jérôme (Parish) and diss.....	314 56	314 56	1263 44	3 25	.....	1581 25
	2450 42	2450 42	7856 39	723 01	1 50	11031 32
G. TANGUAY.—Témiscouala.						
Notre-Dame du Portage.....	79 88	79 88	132 12	177 00	.....	389 00
Rivière du Loup.....	152 48	152 48	301 52	135 60	.....	589 60
Praserville and diss.....	200 14	200 14	804 86	165 60	.....	1170 00
Cacouna.....	234 42	234 42	423 58	55 00	.....	773 00
Isle Verte.....	395 47	395 47	329 53	390 30	.....	1115 30
St. Eloi.....	147 27	147 27	121 21	75 20	.....	343 68
Trois Pistoles No. 1.....	264 06	268 06	250 54	225 00	160 00	904 20
Trois Pistoles No. 2.....	175 72	175 72	259 59	130 96	.....	566 27
St. Antonin.....	153 90	153 90	177 82	86 50	.....	418 22
St. Modeste.....	121 56	121 56	98 44	53 40	.....	278 40
St. Honoré.....	33 76	33 76	66 24	26 40	.....	126 40
St. Arsène.....	187 02	187 02	212 98	96 00	.....	496 00
St. Epiphane.....	163 78	163 78	236 22	229 00	.....	629 00
St. François-Xavier.....	47 40	47 40	52 60	99 60	209 00	403 60
St. Jean de Dieu.....	83 50	83 50	90 90	69 20	.....	243 60
Notre-Dame du Lac.....	140 78	140 78	202 22	93 20	.....	436 20
St. Louis de Illella.....	42 08	42 08	105 27	93 60	.....	240 95
Ste. Rose de Digby.....	49 74	49 74	140 75	34 00	.....	224 49
Ste. Françoise.....	75 84	75 84	24 16	47 00	80 00	227 00
St. Cément.....	124 28	124 28	45 72	.....	50 00	220 00
St. Paul de la Croix.....	124 28	124 28	1 72	.....	.....	126 00
Notre-Dame des Sept Douleurs.....	43 90	43 90	71 10	52 73	.....	167 73
	3045 26	3045 26	4209 09	2340 89	499 00	10094 24
C. BRAULT.—Vaudreuil.						
Isle Perré.....	121 44	121 44	443 36	26 20	.....	591 00
Newton (Ste. Justine).....	159 36	159 36	361 01	64 80	.....	589 17
Ste. Marthe and diss.....	274 68	274 68	779 69	120 40	.....	1174 77
Rigaud (Parish) and diss.....	319 87	319 87	214 31	136 60	.....	670 78
Rigaud (Village).....	119 62	119 62	399 38	119 00	.....	638 00
Vaudreuil and diss.....	292 05	292 05	1138 99	144 20	.....	1575 24
St. Lazare.....	141 98	141 98	208 02	61 25	.....	421 25
	1429 00	1429 00	3544 70	656 45	.....	5660 21

TABLE of amounts collected for Public Instruction in the Province of Quebec for the year 1878-79.—Fin.

INSPECTION DISTRICT OF	Annual grant.	Assessment equal to grant.	Assessment in excess of grant and special assessments.	Monthly contribution.	Assessment for building school houses.	Total collected
	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
J. N. A. ARCUAMBEAULT.—Verchères.						
Varennes (Parish).....	181 08	181 03	453 31	216 50	.....	880 89
Varennes (Village).....	145 30	145 30	531 26	174 00	.....	850 56
Ste. Julie.....	149 74	149 74	356 19	75 00	.....	580 93
Belœil.....	223 26	223 26	770 77	201 00	.....	1195 03
St. Marc.....	145 06	145 06	193 20	49 00	.....	392 26
Verchères.....	355 72	355 72	914 28	155 40	.....	1455 40
Contrecoeur.....	235 46	235 46	281 07	94 00	.....	610 53
St. Antoine.....	215 98	215 98	384 02	75 50	.....	675 50
	1651 60	1651 60	3919 10	1070 40	.....	6641 10
M. STENSON AND W. THOMPSON.—Wolfe.						
Wotton.....	234 08	234 68	515 32	102 80	.....	852 80
Ham North.....	135 46	135 46	84 54	14 70	36 00	270 70
Ham South.....	34 06	38 06	128 67	32 20	.....	198 93
Wolfstown.....	173 78	173 78	320 31	228 40	.....	722 49
St. Fortunat.....	97 54	97 54	187 83	155 60	.....	440 97
St. Camille.....	78 70	78 70	225 10	39 60	.....	343 40
Stratford.....	64 80	64 80	2 20	34 00	.....	101 00
Garthley.....	42 20	42 20	97 80	23 00	.....	163 00
Dudswell.....	113 64	113 64	331 92	123 33	.....	568 89
Weedon.....	167 02	167 12	755 58	.....	.....	922 60
	1145 88	1145 88	2649 27	753 63	36 00	4584 78
L. M. LAPLANTE —Yamaska.						
St Michel (Village).....	47 02	47 02	272 98	60 00	.....	380 00
St. Michel No. 2.....	42 60	42 60	.....	20 00	.....	62 60
St. Michel No. 3.....	28 32	28 32	43 68	23 00	.....	95 00
St. Michel No. 4.....	24 94	24 94	53 06	17 00	.....	95 00

St. François (Parish).....	232 99	232 99	1 7 01	53 20	341 57	745 07
St. François (Village).....	69 48	69 48	80 52	13 20	.....	163 20
St. Thomas de Pierreville.....	404 64	404 68	445 32	144 00	.....	594 00
Baie du Febvre.....	349 49	349 49	645 51	194 50	.....	1189 50
St. Zéphirin.....	201 30	201 30	698 70	.....	295 90	1195 90
St. Pie.....	161 30	161 30	191 46	274 20	.....	627 56
St. David.....	381 04	381 04	623 96	197 75	.....	1202 75
St. Guillaume.....	328 84	328 84	274 10	171 55	84 62	859 11
St. Bonaventure.....	148 58	148 58	169 81	121 44	.....	439 83
	2420 58	2420 58	3616 11	1290 44	722 39	8042 52
FÉLIX S. McMAHON.—Montreal City.						
Catholics.....	10127 55	10127 55	57549 65	491275 00	.....	558952 20
F. C. EMBERSON.						
Protestants.....	3737 11	3737 11	67764 89	184938 00	.....	256440 00
F. E. JUNEAU.—Quebec City.						
Catholics.....	4991 43	4991 43	963 00	239640 00	.....	245594 43
REV. M. FOTHERGILL.						
Protestants.....	781 46	781 46	2744 00	72544 00	.....	76069 46
	19637 55	19637 55	129021 54	988397 00	.....	1137056 09

RECAPITULATION OF THE TABLE of amounts collected for Public Instruction in the Province of Quebec, for the year 1878-79.

COUNTIES.	Annual grant.	Assessment equal to annual grant.	Assessments over and above grant and special assessments.	Monthly contribution.	Assessments for erection of buildings.	Total collected.
	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
Argenteuil	1663 16	1663 16	3462 24	1984 45	1618 85	8728 70
N L'Assomption.....	2009 54	1934 85	3643 53	664 93	20 98	6264 29
Arthabaska.....	2239 15	2239 15	5763 76	1697 24	185 02	9885 17
Bagot.....	2516 56	2516 56	5526 94	987 39	351 95	9382 84
Beauharnois.....	1916 54	1916 54	8100 55	1352 37	5007 75	16377 21
Bellechasse.....	2260 32	2260 32	2168 91	1382 41	30 69	5842 33
Beauce.....	3731 28	3731 28	3996 04	2581 08	681 78	10990 18
Bonaventure.....	2208 10	2183 55	3258 71	2304 09	1511 35	9257 70
Berthier.....	2601 38	2601 38	2752 77	1073 51	.....	6427 66
Brome.....	1840 58	1840 58	7572 40	872 50	148 00	10433 48
Chambly.....	1363 41	1363 41	5422 65	1159 58	.....	7945 64
Champlain.....	2814 13	2816 08	3996 23	1706 95	800 00	9319 26
Compton.....	2048 56	2048 56	8060 62	2307 09	2860 76	15277 03
Chaudiere.....	2075 90	2065 12	3052 22	2234 05	69 00	7440 39

Chicoutimi.....	2199 27	4083 03	2095 07	2469 30	10846 73
Châteauguay.....	2099 54	6636 78	2514 27	1300 00	12550 59
Dorchester.....	2377 73	2021 92	1303 26	123 71	5826 62
Drummond	1425 36	5980 74	1534 51	873 00	9813 61
Deux-Montagnes.....	1928 37	6920 73	487 22	200 00	9536 32
Gaspé.....	2434 35	6147 96	2171 66	2198 34	12952 31
Huntingdon.....	2117 46	6726 68	1946 78	6534 45	17325 37
Hochelega.....	3293 86	39055 74	2562 96	7130 08	52042 64
Iberville.....	2091 74	5626 01	989 81	35 00	8652 56
L'Islet	1755 50	1095 41	964 22	.....	3815 13
Jacques-Cartier.....	1464 27	8312 68	1514 40	372 20	11663 55
22 Joliette.....	2996 84	5224 50	701 60	52 82	8975 76
21 Kamouraska.....	2770 73	2712 91	897 75	84 37	6465 76
Laprairie.....	1332 11	3468 72	430 53	1800 00	7031 36
Lotbinière.....	2649 95	2740 71	2244 45	1162 89	8798 00
Laval.....	1263 68	2497 54	638 20	1000 00	5399 42
Lévis	3224 90	4007 63	3544 71	.....	10777 24
Maskinongé.....	2015 11	2680 50	877 90	165 00	5138 51
Mégantic.....	2317 20	4769 38	1702 47	577 27	9366 32
Montmorency	1587 18	2115 30	1518 20	462 72	5683 40
Missisquoi.....	2117 08	8064 19	1455 59	416 00	12052 86
Moxtealm	1722 82	3532 88	230 50	.....	5486 20
Montmagny.....	1810 43	1157 33	906 44	625 00	4409 20

RECAPITULATION OF THE TABLE of amounts collected for Public Instruction in the Province of Quebec, for the year 1878-79.—Continued and finished.

COUNTIES.	Annual. grant.	Assessment equal to annual grant.	Assessment over and above grant and special assessments.	Monthly contribution.	Assessment for erection of buildings.	Total collected.
	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
Napierville.....	1517 96	1517 96	3353 89	496 46	800 00	6168 31
Nicolet.....	3021 12	3021 12	3457 42	1409 67	729 00	8617 21
N ² Ottawa.....	4647 25	4630 77	17761 27	2897 07	7801 98	33091 09
Pontiac	1991 49	1977 66	8188 67	2425 29	2738 24	15329 86
Portneuf	2931 12	2931 12	3754 34	1756 07	12 00	8453 53
Quebec	4518 70	4518 70	8254 43	3817 23	1288 35	17878 71
Richelieu.....	2618 88	2618 88	5840 41	1388 90	1140 00	10988 19
Rimouski.....	3607 60	3607 60	5084 54	2574 13	866 78	12133 05
Richmond.....	1456 40	1456 40	5227 10	1753 98	765 78	9203 26
Rouville	2235 13	2235 13	4249 54	484 39	284 20	7253 26
St. Hyacinthe.....	2259 56	2259 56	5604 89	700 00	116 00	8680 45
Saguenay.....	685 76	585 76	616 51	480 80	276 50	1959 57
Shefford.....	2478 62	2349 78	11439 75	1947 56	766 38	16503 47
Soulanges.....	1403 67	1403 67	3259 41	1125 73	.....	5788 81

St. Maurice.....	1476 92	1476 92	2177 48	623 15	157 00	4434 55
St. Jean.....	1574 32	1574 32	6996 51	1244 59	5080 00	14895 42
Sherbrooke.....	530 40	530 40	2494 02	210 75	.....	3235 17
Stanstead.....	1706 29	1631 75	7983 79	1090 45	4032 00	14737 99
Terrebonne.....	2450 42	2450 42	7856 39	723 01	1 50	11031 32
Témiscouata.....	3045 26	3045 26	4209 09	2340 89	499 00	10094 24
Vaudreuil.....	1429 00	1429 00	3544 76	686 45	.....	5660 21
Verchères.....	1651 60	1651 60	3919 10	1070 40	.....	6641 10
Wolfe....	1145 88	1145 88	2649 27	753 63	36 00	4584 78
Yamaska	2420 58	2420 58	3616 11	1290 44	722 39	8049 52
Montreal City, Catholics.....	10127 55	10127 55	57549 65	491275 00	.....	558952 20
Montreal City, Protestants.....	3737 11	3737 11	67764 89	184938 00	.....	256440 00
Quebec City, Catholics.....	4991 43	4991 43	963 00	239640 00	.....	245594 43
Quebec City, Protestants.....	781 46	781 46	2744 00	72544 00	.....	76069 46
	152602 07	152193 81	462317 07	1077248 18	68981 44	1760740 50

GENERAL RECAPITULATION TABLE of the institutions of Superior Education for 1878-79.

FINANCES.										
No.	Names of the institutions.	Annual expenses of the institutions.	Annual revenue of institutions arising from all sources.	Number of pupils receiving gratuitous instruction.	Number of pupils receiving board gratuitously.	Number of pupils receiving partial board gratuitously.	Sources of revenue.	Value of real estate owned by institutions including the buildings occupied, &c.	Total amount of debts of institutions.	Value of buildings occupied for purposes of institutions.
1	Universities.....	69293	69263	90	.....	.....	.....	53 500	20000	520000
2	Classical colleges.....	268617	260494	319	27	187	.....	1897000	499388	1514990
3	Industrial colleges.....	49214	45430	1298	5	39	.....	233742	59100	171742
4	Boys' and mixed academies.....	75848	72693	1125	15	13	.....	336996	35930	241210
5	Girls " "	241538	236459	6096	317	471	.....	1221487	520044	987879
6	Model schools.....	218389	203805	5784	366	330	.....	939502	186828	730349
7	Normal "	51446	51092	327	4	74	.....	.....	.....	.....
8	Model schools attached to Normal schools.....	.....	.....	46	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
		974345	939236	15085	734	1114		5167227	1285360	4176080

GENERAL RECAPITULATION TABLE of the institutions for Superior Education for 1878-79.—Continued.

CURRICULM OF STUDIES.

No.	Number of pupils in English versionation.	Number of pupils in English composition.	Number of pupils learning latin grammar.	Number of pupils learning latin versionation.	Number of pupils in latin composition.	Number of pupils learning Greek grammar.	Number of pupils in Greek composition.	Number of pupils learning Hebrew grammar.	Number of pupils learning Italian.	Number of pupils learning German.	Number of pupils learning Geography.	Number of pupils learning sacred history.	Number of pupils learning ancient history.	Number of pupils learning English history.	Number of pupils learning history of France.	Number of pupils learning history of Canada.
1	.....	19	4	.....	13	6	12	.....	.....	.....	.....	19	13	.....	.....	.....
2	77	1867	2152	690	887	1401	185	2	.....	21	3330	1711	982	1100	569	1457
3	.....	371	57	8	31	38	2	.....	.....	.....	1390	1320	136	99	66	837
4	20	1634	151	4	94	21	16	.....	7	5	3575	2253	480	943	279	2533
5	3	1525	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	6898	6676	1103	792	1076	4313
6	19	2359	61	.....	2	5	1	.....	.....	.....	11756	13696	1015	1395	2163	9729
7	.....	190	68	.....	57	10	10	.....	.....	.....	298	279	148	207	67	218
8	.....	240	45	.....	45	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	725	548	45	100	.....	561
	119	8205	2538	702	1129	1481	226	2	7	26	27972	26502	3922	4636	4220	19618

GENERAL RECAPITULATION TABLE of the institutions for Superior Education for 1878-79.—Continued.

CURRICULUM OF STUDIES.										
No.	Number of pupils learning embroidery.	Number of pupils learning drawing.	Number of pupils learning painting.	Number of pupils learning instrumental music.	Number of pupils learning vocal music.	Number of pupils practising gymnastics.	Number of pupils learning swimming.	Number of pupils learning riding.	Number of pupils learning fencing.	Number of pupils learning dancing.
1	.....	.....	.....	.....	12	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
2	.....	332	32	510	2374	1060	.....	.....	16	.....
3	.....	198	.....	90	669	206	.....	.....	.....	.....
4	90	1001	13	551	1774	227	60	.....	.....	90
5	2857	322	85	1925	6187	605	.....	.....	.....	.....
6	1513	2572	105	1001	6279	748	31	30	.....	25
7	66	140	.....	41	327	152	.....	.....	.....	.....
8	.....	60	.....	.....	378	32	.....	.....	.....	.....
	4526	4625	235	4118	18000	3030	91	30	16	115
Summary description of subjects forming the curriculum. (The 65 preceding columns refer to the information asked for in this, and by replying to the questions to which they relate, it is unnecessary to fill up the present one.)										
1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
2	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
3	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
4	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
5	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
6	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
7	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
8	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....

Summary description of subjects forming the curriculum.
(The 65 preceding columns refer to the information asked for in this, and by replying to the questions to which they relate, it is unnecessary to fill up the present one.)

GENERAL RECAPITULATION TABLE of the institutions for Superior Education for 1878-79.—Continued.

HEALTH OF THE PUPILS.																			
NUMBER OF PUPILS WHO WERE SERIOUSLY ILL DURING THE YEAR.										NUMBER OF PUPILS WHO DIED DURING THE YEAR.									
No.	Inflammation and other diseases of the brain.	Consumption, bronchitis and other diseases of the respiratory organs.	Pleurisy.	Serious diseases of the digestive organs.	Neuralgia and other diseases of the nervous system.	Revers and epidemic diseases.	Dislocations, fractures and other accidents.	Total number of pupils ill during the year.	Inflammation and other diseases of the brain.	Consumption, bronchitis and other diseases of the respiratory organs.	Pleurisy.	Diseases of the digestive organs.	Neuralgia and other diseases of the nervous system.	Fever and epidemic diseases.	Accidentally killed.	Accidentally drowned.	Died from other causes.	Total deaths during the year.	
1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
2	4	14	2	5	4	39	7	75	1	3	1	3	.....	6	.....	1	1	1	16
3	3	3	1	.....	1	16	3	27	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	3	2	4	4	11
4	3	10	1	1	.....	61	6	82	1	2	.....	.....	.....	9	1	2	2	2	17
5	6	14	5	4	1	136	2	168	3	1	.....	.....	.....	7	.....	.....	2	2	13
6	21	63	17	13	10	598	21	743	3	17	3	2	1	58	.....	1	10	10	95
7	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	4	.....	5	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	1
8	1	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	3	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	38	105	27	23	16	854	40	1103	9	23	4	5	1	82	4	6	19	153	

GENERAL RECAPITULATION TABLE of the institutions for Superior Education for 1878-79.—Continued

CAREER ADOPTED BY PUPILS WHO HAVE LEFT DURING THE PAST TWO YEARS.

No.	Number of pupils who left after having completed their course	Number of pupils who continued their studies elsewhere.	Number of pupils who entered Holy Orders.	Number of pupils who have taken to teaching.	Number of pupils who have taken to farming.	Number of pupils preparing for the bar.	Number of pupils studying medicine.	Number of pupils preparing for the notarial profession.	Number of pupils studying surveying.	Number of pupils studying civil engineering.	Number of pupils engaged in business.	Number of pupils who are engaged or are preparing to engage in some branch of industry.	Number of pupils who have left the country.
1	73	.....	2	.....	.....	197	229	.....	.....	30	.....	.....	.....
2	219	109	137	30	80	49	29	29	13	10	119	45	40
3	71	49	1	9	60	2	1	1	3	1	203	16	60
4	145	80	3	148	139	5	5	1	12	4	241	39	19
5	163	79	21	208	40	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	25
6	430	358	52	331	335	12	2	.....	1	.....	467	68	180
7	4	2	1	7	8	2	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
8	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	1105	677	217	733	662	267	268	31	29	45	1030	168	314

GENERAL RECAPITULATION TABLE of the institutions for Superior Education for 1878-79.—Fin.

No.	PROFESSORS.					PUPILS.														
	Number of female teachers in religious orders.	Number of lay female teachers	Number of professors in religious orders.	Number of lay professors.	Total number of professors, and of male and female teachers.	Number of boys.	Number of girls.	Number of day scholars.	Number of half boarders.	Number of boarders.	Number of Catholic pupils.	Number of Protestant pupils.	Number of pupils whose parents reside in the county in which the institution is situated.	Number of pupils whose parents reside out of Lower Canada.	Number of pupils whose parents reside in Upper Canada.	Number of pupils whose parents reside in the United States.	Number of pupils under 16 years of age.	Number of pupils over 16 years of age.	Total number of pupils.	
1	13	74	87	807	627	180	362	445	490	314	2	1	807	807	807
2	.....	8	318	55	381	5170	108	2071	1273	1934	4229	1049	3193	1700	70	315	3193	2085	5278
3	.....	2	100	10	112	3082	88	2582	259	329	3004	166	2813	302	2	53	2899	271	3170
4	8	40	79	57	184	4487	1285	5319	297	156	4021	1761	5533	200	12	27	4979	793	5772	
5	638	27	.....	1	666	47	15630	10907	1925	2845	15648	129	14860	621	9	187	14387	1290	15677
6	454	214	100	116	884	15698	17204	30037	1242	1623	31758	1144	32321	442	30	109	31336	1566	32902	
7	14	.....	4	33	51	191	136	168	1	158	190	137	327	.....	.....	.....	2	325	327
8	6	6	.....	4	16	423	430	853	.....	.....	501	352	846	7	.....	.....	842	11	853
	1120	297	614	350	2381	29905	34881	52564	4997	7225	64786	5173	60383	3886	125	692	57638	7148	64786	

APPENDIX N^o. IV

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MINOR TABLES

APPENDIX No. 4.

TABLE of books sent to School Inspectors to be given as prizes in 1878-79.

No.	BOOKS DISTRIBUTED BY	Bibliothèque de la Jeunesse Chrétienne, in-8.	Bibliothèque de la Jeunesse Chrétienne, in-18.	Bibliothèque des Merveilles.	Rabiola, Cardinal Wiseman.	Les Etats-Unis et le Canada, Marmier	La Constitution de l'Angle- terre, LePlay.	Montcalm et le Canada Fran- çais, De Bonnechose.	Etudes sur la vie et les tra- vaux pédagogiques, Pom- pée.	Les conférences des institu- teurs Allemands, Jost.	L'école primaire, Rousselot.	Histoire universelle de la pédagogie, Parag.	Le bon instituteur, l'Abbé Collard.	De l'organisation pédagogi- que des écoles, Pinet.	Lettres sur la profession d'instituteur, Thery.	Cours théorique et pratique de pédagogie, Charbon- neau.
1	The Superintendent	39	72	74	2	3	2	64	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9
2	Inspector Archangeault.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
3	" Alexander.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
4	" Beland.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
5	" Boivin.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
6	" Bégin.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
7	" Brault.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
8	" Crépault.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
9	" Carrier .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
10	" Dorval .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
11	" Delage.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
12	" Emberson.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
13	" Fothergill .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
14	" Fontaine.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....

TABLE of books sent to School Inspectors to be given as prizes in 1878-79.—Continued.

No.	Conférences pédagogiques.	Cours d'Histoire du Canada, l'abbé Ferland.	Mémoires de l'Éducation, Dr. Meilleur.	L'Instruction Publique au Canada, Chauveau.	Les Canadiens de l'Ouest, Tassé.	La Littérature Canadienne.	Mélanges Littéraires et Historiques, Dr. LaRue.	Les Anciens Canadiens, De Gaspé.	Les Jésuites Martyrs du Canada.	Notre-Dame de Lourdes, Lasserre.	Traité Populaire d'Agriculture, Landry.	Mgr. Plessis, l'abbé Ferland.	La Gaspésie, l'abbé Ferland.	Promenades dans le Golfe St Laurent, Faucher de St Maurice.	Poésies choisies, Fréchette.	Notes sur le Canada, DeCaze.	Deux ans au Mexique, Faucher de St. Maurice.	Histoire Populaire du Canada Dr. LaRue.	Au coin du feu, Suite.
1	46	4	20	37	36	29	30	71	23	41	38	36	24	39	53	66	44	74	20
2	1	10	2	.....	2	18	.....	7	10	20	20	6	20	10	16	20	20
3	2	2	.....	.....	10	.....	5	12	10	10	10	5	5	20	20	10
4	2	1	.....	.....	15	.....	3	10	15	12	.....	10	5	10	20	10
5	1	1	.....	.....	15	.....	2	10	20	20	10	10	5	10	20	6
6	2	.....	.....	10	.....	3	10	15	10	30	10	.....	25	20	10
7	2	7	2	.....	1	12	.....	10	12	15	15	5	10	7	15	17	15
8	2	.....	.....	10	.....	5	20	15	15	25	15	5	35	25	15
9	5	2	.....	1	10	.....	9	10	20	20	25	25	10	25	25	25
10	6	5	2	.....	3	15	.....	10	15	20	15	5	15	10	15	20	15
11	2	10	2	.....	2	16	.....	10	16	20	20	13	25	16	30	30	25
12	5	10	1	5	10	4
13
14	1	5	2	1	16	6	12	20	15	5	15	10	10	20	15
15	2	2	1	15	7	15	20	16	10	15	10	20	20	15

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TABLE of books sent to School Inspectors to be given as prizes in 1878-79.—Continued.

No.	Lecture pour tous, Dunn.	Trois souvenirs, l'abbé Trudel.	Voyages, F. X. Garneau.	Discours, Rt. Parent.	Le chercheur de trésors, De Gaspe.	Les Machabées de la N. France, Marmette.	A la veillée, Raucher de St Maurice.	Hérosisme et trahison, Marmette.	Deuxième centenaire, E. D.	Le Tomahawk et l'Épée, Marmette.	Concours d'éloquence.	Découverte du Mississippi.	A mes enfants, Legendre.	Petit manuel d'agriculture, Dr. LaRue.	Opuscles, l'abbé Ferland.	Opuscles, l'abbé Casgrain.	Légendes, l'abbé Casgrain.	La terre paternelle, Lacombe.	Trois légendes, Taché.
1	64	38	47	45	31	24	41	15	21	26	1	32	26	305	42	21	32	16	40
2	20	5	20	20	20	20	20	20	10	20	12	10	10	5	20	10	.....	.....	20
3	15	30	15	10	15	15	10	.....	5	29	14	.....	15	5	20	10	15	.....	20
4	20	.....	20	15	20	20	15	10	6	20	10	.....	15	5	20	10	15	.....	19
5	15	.....	20	20	20	20	15	10	7	20	10	.....	15	10	30	10	15	.....	20
6	20	15	15	20	25	15	15	15	8	15	10	.....	15	15	10	10	10	10	10
7	20	15	15	15	15	5	10	5	7	20	10	3	10	5	20	10	10	2	15
8	30	30	25	20	30	25	25	25	10	25	15	.....	15	15	20	25	26	4	25
9	25	6	25	25	25	25	25	12	10	25	12	8	15	5	20	10	10	.....	20
10	25	20	20	20	20	15	15	15	5	20	12	5	15	5	20	10	10	10	15
11	30	30	25	25	25	25	25	.....	10	30	20	10	25	12	25	15	20	2	20
12	2	3	5	3	4	5	.....	3	3	3	.....	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2
13	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
14	20	.....	20	20	20	20	15	6	7	20	10	15	15	5	20	10	10	5	20
15	20	15	15	20	15	25	12	10	10	25	18	3	15	10	20	10	20	.....	20

TABLE of books sent to School Inspectors to be given as prizes in 1878-79.—Continued.

No.	Samuel de Champlain, l'abbé Laverdière	Le Colonel Dambourges.	Sundry works.	English catholic books published by Sadlier & Co.	Published by Cunningham.	Published by Murphy.	Mission Books.	Stray Leaves.	Quebec Past and Present, Lemoine.	Maple Leaves, Lemoine.	The History of Canada, Dr. Miles.	Sundry works.	English protestant books published by Routledge.	Published by Warne.	Published by Galpin.	Published by Nelson.	Published by Nimmo.	Published by Dawson.	Published by MacMillan.
1	33	26	9	103	1	1	20	38	1	10	7	32	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
2	8	10	20	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	2	.....	.....	1	.....	.....
3	5	10	5	8	2	.....	23	10	.....	1	.....	6	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
4	.....	10	.....	37	2	.....	7	4	.....	.....	.....	.....	7	1	.....	1	.....	.....	.....
5	.....	8	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
6	10	7	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
7	3	5	.....	7	1	.....	10	5	.....	2	.....	.....	13	5	.....	3	1	.....	.....
8	15	15	3	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
9	10	15	.....	28	2	.....	20	10	1	1	.....	8	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
10	5	10	7	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
11	10	10	9	7	1	.....	12	6	.....	1	.....	3	6	4	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
12	3	2	5	.....	.....	.....	20	.....	2	2	15	21	82	50	28	34	7	31	12
13	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	57	25	40	31	12	16	5
14	5	5	4	9	.....	1	3	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	2	1	.....	2	.....	.....	.....
15	10	10	.....	11	1	.....	16	10	.....	1	.....	1	20	9	2	4	.....	.....	.....

16	5	4	88	7	30	30	1	9	12	1	1	1	1	13
17	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	146	120	50	12	57	12	.....	.....	.....	.....
18	10	10	28	24	1	.....	4	15	2	2	.....	12	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
19	7	3	.....	15	.....	.....	3	1	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
20	.....	10	2	17	1	.....	8	3	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
21	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	53	23	22	10	6	2	4	.....	.....	.....
22	5	5	.....	15	1	.....	10	5	.....	2	.....	3	19	3	.....	2	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....
23	13	5	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
24	10	5	.....	6	1	.....	15	5	.....	1	1	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
25	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	79	38	36	17	9	5	4	.....	.....	.....
26	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	180	100	18	27	21	6	10	.....	.....	.....
27	5	10	36	57	2	.....	24	15	4	5	14	59	16	4	.....	.....	.....	5	.....	.....	.....	.....
28	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	7	1	.....	.....	.....	2	.....	5	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
29	7	5	13	8	1	.....	5	4	.....	.....	.....	.....	7	5	.....	3	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....
30	7	10	.....	10	1	.....	8	15	1	1	.....	4	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
31	10	7	14	12	1	1	5	10	.....	1	.....	15	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
32	10	5	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
33	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	94	45	17	9	7	5	1	.....	.....	.....
34	20	6	3	20	.....	.....	3	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	3	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
35	5	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	10	4	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
36	3	.....	9	10	1	.....	6	6	.....	1	.....	1	2	2	1	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
37	10	15	5	12	.....	.....	6	6	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
255	.....	243	172	504	27	4	275	207	12	33	37	179	799	443	214	158	121	85	.....	.....	49	.....

TABLE of books sent to School Inspectors to be given as prizes in 1878-79.—Continued and Concluded.

No.	Published by Nisbet.	Published by Low.	Published by Belford.	Published by Blackwood.	Published by Roberts.	Published by Ward.	Published by King.	Published by Longmans.	Published by Scribner.	Published by Putnam.	The History of Canada, Dr. Miles.	Maple Leaves, Lemoine.	Quebec past and present, Lemoine.	Scudry works.	Total French books.	Total English books.	Total of English Catholic books.	Total English Protestant books.	Total French and English books.
1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1994	214	214	.....	2208
2	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	3	480	8	.....	8	488
3	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	375	50	50	.....	425
4	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	2	363	62	50	12	425
5	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	394	.....	.....	.....	394
6	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	410	.....	.....	.....	410
7	3	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2	2	.....	1	365	55	25	30	420
8	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	610	.....	.....	.....	610
9	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	540	70	70	.....	610
10	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	470	.....	.....	.....	470
11	2	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2	.....	.....	1	640	46	30	16	686
12	9	10	8	14	3	1	5	9	8	3	15	5.	5	41	80	440	60	380	520
13	3	3	3	12	5	4	3	2	3	.....	15	3	4	16	.....	261	.....	261	261
14	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	1	.....	3	425	25	15	10	450
15	4	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	5	3	.....	3	470	90	40	50	560

TABLE A.

TABLE of number of pupils who have attended the Normal schools.

Scholastic year.	Jacques-Cartier school.	McGill school.			Laval school.			Number of male pupil teachers.	Number of female pupil teachers.	Grand Total.
	Pupil teachers.	Male pupil teachers.	Female pupil teachers.	Total.	Male pupil teachers.	Female pupil teachers.	Total.			
1st Session, 1857.....	18	5	25	30	22	.....	22	45	25	70
Session 1857-1858.....	46	7	63	70	36	40	76	89	103	182
Session 1858-1859.....	50	7	76	83	34	52	86	91	128	219
Session 1859-1860.....	53	9	72	81	40	54	94	102	126	228
Session 1860-1861.....	52	9	56	61	41	53	94	98	109	297
Session 1861-1862.....	41	10	58	68	39	52	91	90	110	200
Session 1862-1863.....	57	8	72	80	39	52	91	104	125	229
Session 1863-1864.....	56	7	60	74	34	49	83	97	116	213
Session 1864-1865.....	56	5	60	65	43	55	98	104	115	219
Session 1865-1866.....	43	2	73	75	39	57	96	84	130	214
Session 1866-1867.....	41	2	73	75	43	55	98	80	128	108
Session 1867-1868.....	35	5	57	62	49	73	122	89	130	219
Session 1868-1869.....	36	4	70	74	64	73	137	104	143	247
Session 1869-1870.....	46	7	69	76	82	80	162	135	149	284
Session 1870-1871.....	63	6	70	76	54	59	113	123	129	252
Session 1871-1872.....	51	13	94	107	32	56	88	46	150	246
Session 1872-1873.....	46	8	108	116	38	54	92	92	162	254
Session 1873-1874.....	43	6	106	112	43	56	99	92	162	254
Session 1874-1875.....	59	19	99	118	38	60	98	116	159	275
Session 1875-1876.....	60	14	110	124	47	63	110	121	159	294
Session 1876-1877.....	60	18	107	125	56	74	124	128	181	309
Session 1877-1878... ..	62	29	106	135	46	63	109	137	169	306
Session 1878-1879.....	70	70	70	140	51	66	117	191	136	327

DIPLOMAS granted to pupils of the normal schools since the establishment of these institutions.

Nature of diplomas given.	Jacques-Cartier.	McGill.			Laval.			No. of male pupil teachers.	No. of female pupil teachers.	Grand total.
	Pupil teachers.	Male pupil teachers.	Female pupil teachers.	Total.	Male pupil teachers.	Female pupil teachers.	Total.			
Academies.....	63	41	57	98	63	.....	53	167	57	224
Model schools.....	179	77	306	383	195	358	553	451	664	1115
Elementary.....	136	36	746	782	176	469	615	348	1215	1563
Total.....	378	154	1109	1263	434	827	1221	966	1936	2902

TABLE B.

TABLE shewing the extent of each inspection district and giving the names of the counties or parts of counties which it contains, with the residence and salaries of inspectors.

No.	Name of inspector and description of his inspection district.	Residence.	Salary.
1	W. J. Alexander, part of Bagot, Brome, Missisquoi, Shefford and Stanstead (catholic schools).....	Acton-Vale	\$1000
2	J. N. Archambeault, counties of Richelieu, Verchères and Chambly....	Varennnes	900
3	D. Bégin, county of Rimou-ki.....	Rimouski	800
4	P. F. Beland, county of Lotbinière and part of county of Megantic	Ste. Julie	800
5	S. Boivin, counties of Charlevoix and Saguenay.....	Baie St. Paul.....	800
6	C. Brault, counties of Jacques-Cartier, Soulanges and Vaudreuil.....	Montreal	800
7	E. Carrier, counties of Dorchester and Lévis	Lévis	850
8	J. Crépeault, counties of Bellechasse, Montmagny and l'Islet.....	St. Valier.....	850
9	J. B. Delage, part of Bagot and counties of Rouville and St. Hyacinthe.	St. Césaire	900
10	A. D. Dorval, counties of Montcalm and l'Assomption.....	L'Assomption.....	950
11	F. C. Emberson, county of Huntingdon, part of Chateauguay and Argenteuil, and Protestant population of the city of Montreal... ..	Huntingdon	1000
12	A. Fontaine, counties of Berthier and Joliette	Joliette	750
13	Rev. M. M. Fothergill, Protestant population of the city and county of Quebec	Quebec	400
14	A. Gay, Catholic population of the counties of Ottawa and Pontiac.....	Wakefield.....	800
15	L. Grenier, counties of Beauharnois, Laprairie and Chateauguay, less the protestants of Oumstown and of St. Jean Chrysostôme.....	Laprairie	800
16	H. Hubbard, Protestant schools of the counties of Stanstead, Richmond Compton and part of Drummond and Arthabaska.....	Sherbrooke.....	900
17	F. E. Juneau, part of the county of Portneuf and catholic population of the city of Quebec	Quebec	1000
18	L. M. Laplante, counties of Nicolet and Yamaska.....	St Grégoire.....	850
19	Z. O. H. Lamarche, counties of Napierville, Iberville and St. Johns....	St. Jean.....	800
20	D. Lefebvre, county of Champlain and part of Portneuf.....	Three Rivers.....	800
21	L. N. Lévesque, counties of Arthabaska and Drummond.....	Roxton Falls	800
22	L. Lucier, county of Bonaventure.....	Maria.....	650
23	Rev. W. J. Lyster, Protestant schools in the counties of Gaspé and Bonaventure.....	Cape Cove.....	500
24	J. A. McLoughlin, Protestant schools of Shefford, Brome and Missisquoi.	Sweetsburg	800
25	Dr. McMahon, counties of Hochelaga and Laval and Catholic population of the city of Montreal... ..	Ste. Rose.....	1000
26	B. Magrath, Protestant schools of the counties of Ottawa and Pontiac...	Aylmer	700
27	J. B. F. Painchaud, Magdalen Islands	Magdalen Islands.....	125
28	A. Pilon, counties of Terrebonne and Two Mountains and part of the county of Argenteuil.....	St. Vincent de Paul.....	800
29	J. Prémont, counties of Quebec and Montmorency	Ste. Famille.....	800
30	E. Savard, county of Chicoutimi.....	Chicoutimi.....	700
31	M. Stenson, counties of Compton, Richmond, electoral division of Sherbrooke and Wolfe.....	Sherbrooke.....	1000
32	G. Tanguay, counties of Kamouraska and Temiscouata.....	St. Gervais	1000
33	A. Tétrault, counties of Maskinongé and St. Maurice.....	Riv. du Loup (en haut)..	800
34	W. Thompson, Protestant schools of the counties of Megantic, Dorchester, Beauce, Wolfe and Compton.....	Leeds	700
35	T. Tremblay, county of Gaspé.....	Ste. Adélaïde.....	700
36	G. S. Vien, county of Beauce and part of Megantic	Lauzon	800

TABLE C.

CATHOLIC SCHOOLS OF THE CITY OF QUEBEC IN 1878-79.

248	Ursulines de Québec.
2960	Christian Brothers schools.
576	Sœur du Bon Pasteur.
850	Sœurs de la Charité.
956	Congrégation de Notre-Dame, St. Roch.
609	Congrégation de Notre-Dame, St. Sauveur.
125	Congrégation de Notre-Dame, Bellevue.
120	Couvent de Jésus-Marie, Sillery.
3983	Academies and other independent schools.
531	Séminaire de Québec.
225	Laval University.
58	Grand Séminaire.
42	Laval Normal school, male pupil teachers.
64	Laval Normal school, female pupil teachers.
120	Boys' model school, attached.
250	Girls' model school, attached.
254	Adults' night schools.
12	School for Deaf Mutes.
11982	Total.

TABLE D.

CATHOLIC SCHOOLS OF THE CITY OF MONTREAL, 1878-79.

160	Religieuses du Bon-Pasteur.
190	Deaf and Dumb school.
300	Le Petit Séminaire de Montréal.
180	Students in Theology.
198	St Mary's College, Jesuits.
3058	Christian Brothers schools.
4005	Schools of the Ladies of la Congrégation de Notre-Dame.
1528	Orphans' school at General Hospital.
754	Schools of les Sœurs de la Providence.
153	La Maîtrise.
6146	Other schools and academies under control.
65	Jacques-Cartier Normal school.
145	Model school attached.
140	Academy of the Ladies of the Sacred Heart.
2629	Other common schools.
19651	Total.

TABLE E.

STATEMENT of the number of pupi's who have attended the schools kept by the Christian Brothers in Montreal, 1878-79.

St. Laurent School.....	756
St. Jacques do	594
Ste. Anne do	631
St. Joseph do	779
St. Bridget do	547
School at the Bishops' Palace.....	143
	—
Total.....	3450

TABLE F.

GENERAL statement of the number of pupils who have attended the schools of the Ladies of la Congrégation de Notre-Dame in the city and suburbs of Montreal, 1878-79.

Villa Maria.....	100
Mont Ste. Marie.....	204
St. Denis Academy.....	223
St. Antoine do	122
Notre-Dame School.....	136
Visitation do	753
St. Laurent do	354
St. Antoine do	212
St. Félix do	179
Bonsecours do	202
Ste. Anne do	436
St. Mary's convent school.....	291
St. Joseph School.....	477
St. Patrick's do	452
St. Gabriel do	325
Ontario street do	700
St. Paul do	114
	—
Total.....	5370

TABLE G.

SYNOPTICAL TABLE of the five grand divisions, 1878-79.

FIRST DIVISION.

	Schools.	Professors.	Pupils.
Universities	3	87	807

SECOND DIVISION.

No.		Schools.	Professors.	Pupils.
	Schools of the second degree, comprising :			
1	Colleges.....	244	1343	36787
2	Boys' Academies.....			
3	Girls' "			
4	Mixed "			

THIRD DIVISION.

	Schools.	Professors.	Pupils.
Normal Schools.....	3	51	327

SYNOPTICAL TABLE of the five grand divisions, 1878-79.—Continued.

FOURTH DIVISION.

No.	SPECIAL SCHOOLS.	Schools.	Professors.	Pupils.
	Special schools comprising :			
1	Schools of sciences applied to the arts.....	2	10	88
2	School of arts and manufactures.....	12	27	1352
3	Institutions for the blind.....	1	6	54
4	Institutions for the Deaf and Dumb.....	2	37	274
		17	80	1768

FIFTH DIVISION.

SECTION.	PRIMARY SCHOOLS.	Schools.	Professors.	Pupils.
1st Section.....	Superior Primary schools, comprising :			
10.....	Boys' model schools.....	365	1197	34730
20.....	Girls' " ".....			
30.....	Mixed " ".....			
40.....	Dissentient model schools.....			
50.....	Independent " ".....			
2nd Section.....	Primary schools, comprising :			
10.....	Primary Common Schools.....	4159	4159	167964
20.....	Dissentient " ".....			
30.....	Independent " ".....			
		4524	5356	202694

TABLE H.

RECAPITULATION OF THE FIVE GRAND DIVISIONS.

No.		Schools.	Professors.	Pupils.
1	Universities.....	3	87	807
2	Schools of the second degree.....	244	1343	36787
3	Normal schools.....	3	51	327
4	Special schools.....	17	80	1768
5	Primary schools.....	4524	5353	202694
		4791	6917	242383

TABLE I.
STATISTICAL SYNOPSIS of the Examination Boards, year 1878.

BOARD OF EXAMINERS OF	Number of days examination lasted.	Number of candidates examined.	Average number of teachers examined each day.	Number of diplomas granted for		For second class academies.		For 1st class model schools.		For 2nd class model schools.		For 1st class primary schools.		For 2nd class primary schools.		Number of candid tes passed and nature of diplo- mas.			Grand total.	Number of candidates rejected.
				Male teachers.	Female teachers.	Male teachers.	Female teachers.	Male teachers.	Female teachers.	Male teachers.	Female teachers.	Male teachers.	Female teachers.	Male teachers.	Female teachers.	Academies.	Model schools.	Primary schools.		
Beauce.....	4	20	5	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	8	.....	.....	11	.....	.....	19	19	1
Bonaventure.....	3	4	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	4	4	.....
Charlevoix and Saguenay.....	2	18	9	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	14	.....	.....	4	.....	.....	18	18	.....
Chicoutimi.....	4	6	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	6	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	6	6	.....
Gaspé.....	6	13	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	3	.....	.....	13	13	.....
Kamouraska.....	3	33	11	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	21	.....	12	.....	.....	33	33	.....
Montreal (Catholics).....	6	230	38	.....	.....	.....	.....	5	19	.....	.....	9	104	3	38	.....	26	154	80	50
Montreal (Protestants).....	4	35	9	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	1	6	5	5	.....	3	17	20	1

TABLE I.—Continued.
STATISTICAL SYNOPSIS of the Examination Boards, year 1878.

BOARD OF EXAMINERS OF	Number of days examination lasted.	Number of candidates examined.	Average number of teachers examined each day.	Number of diplomas granted for 1st class academies.		For second class academies.		For 1st class model schools.		For 2nd class model schools.		For 1st class primary schools.		For 2nd class primary schools.		Number of candidates of passed and nature of diplomas.			Grand total.	Number of candidates rejected.
				Male teachers.	Female teachers.	Male teachers.	Female teachers.	Male teachers.	Female teachers.	Male teachers.	Female teachers.	Male teachers.	Female teachers.	Male teachers.	Female teachers.	Academies.	Model schools.	Primary schools.		
Ottawa	2	42	21	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	3	.....	12	16	.....	.....	31	31	11
Pontiac.....	2	21	11	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	3	7	.....	.....	13	19	8
Quebec (Catholics).....	4	143	36	.....	.....	.....	.....	3	.....	1	6	.....	38	.....	44	.....	10	82	92	11
Quebec (Protestants)	2	16	8	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	3	10	.....	.....	16	16	.....
Richmond (Catholics).....	4	12	3	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	6	.....	.....	5	.....	.....	11	11	1
Richmond (Protestants) .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Rimouski.....	6	46	8	.....	.....	.....	.....	10	.....	.....	.....	22	.....	.....	4	.....	10	26	36	0
St. Hyacinthe.....	4	69	17	.....	.....	.....	.....	2	.....	.....	.....	47	.....	.....	7	.....	8	54	62	7

TABLE I.—*Concluded.*

STATISTICAL SYNOPSIS of Examination Boards, year 1879.

BOARD OF EXAMINERS OF	Number of days examination lasted.	Number of candidates examined.	Average number of teachers examined each day.	Number of diplomas granted for 1st class academies.		For second class academies.		For 1st class model schools.		For 2nd class model schools.		For 1st class primary schools.		For 2nd class primary schools.		Number of candidates passed and nature of diplomas.	Grand total.	Number of candidates rejected.	
				Male teachers.	Female teachers.	Male teachers.	Female teachers.	Male teachers.	Female teachers.	Male teachers.	Female teachers.	Male teachers.	Female teachers.						
Beauce	4	14	4	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	6	.....	8	.....	14	.....	1
Bonaventure	4	16	4	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	10	.....	4	.....	15	15	1
Charlevoix and Saguenay	3	12	4	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	9	.....	2	.....	11	11	1
Chicoutimi	3	9	3	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	6	.....	1	.....	7	7	2
Gaspé	3	5	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	1	.....	2	.....	4	4	1
Kamouraska	4	33	8	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	16	.....	13	.....	29	29	4
Montreal (Catholics)	10	249	25	.....	4	.....	.....	2	18	5	6	3	77	4	35	4	129	154	95
Montreal (Protestants)	8	57	7	2	.....	1	.....	2	3	2	.....	2	5	4	13	3	24	34	23
Ottawa	2	38	19	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	4	8	.....	17	.....	29	29	9

TABLE J.
LIST OF PENSIONED TEACHERS.

NAMES.	Paid for 12 months expired 30th June, 1879.	\$ cts.
Allan, Thomas.....	Paid for 12 months expired 30th June, 1879.....	61 20
Anctil, Henriette.....	do.....	20 40
Arnold, Hezekiah.....	do.....	91 80
Angers, Georgina.....	do.....	91 80
Allard, Angélique.....	do.....	17 00
Béchar, Léa.....	do.....	45 00
Biscoe, James L.....	do.....	95 20
Boisvert, Adeline.....	do.....	27 20
Bouchard, Alexis.....	do.....	22 10
Bernard, A. P.....	do.....	6 80
Bélair, G. P.....	do.....	20 40
Beaubien, René.....	do.....	11 90
Boucher, Louis.....	do.....	35 70
Bouffard, Ursule.....	do.....	39 10
Buten, Virginio.....	do.....	42 50
Bérubé, Victoria.....	do.....	44 20
Bélanger, Pierre.....	do.....	40 80
Beaudouin Ursule.....	do.....	47 60
Baril, Adèle.....	do.....	47 60
Béliveau, Marguerite.....	do.....	47 60
Bonin, Joseph.....	do.....	47 60
Bourassa, Pierre.....	do.....	61 20
Blais, Elmire.....	do.....	6 80
Beauchemin, F. X. A.....	do.....	44 20
Beaudry, Félix.....	do.....	71 40
Baril, Emmélie.....	do.....	74 80
Bérubé, Dame Louis.....	do.....	20 40
Blais, Joseph.....	do.....	85 00
Blais, Emmélie.....	do.....	41 20
Boulet, Elénore.....	do.....	23 80
Boulet, Julienne.....	do.....	30 60
Béliveau, Elodie.....	do.....	61 20
Béliveau, Céline.....	do.....	20 40
Baril, Eulalie.....	do.....	20 40
Bourgeois, Zé.....	do.....	71 40
Béliveau, Elmire.....	do.....	30 60
Carr, Hormino.....	do.....	17 00
Casault, Julienne.....	do.....	40 80
Colgan, W.....	do.....	40 80
Côté, Marcel.....	do.....	10 20
Charbonneau, F. X. A.....	do.....	71 40
Côté, Justine.....	do.....	91 80
Couillard de Beaumont, Julie.....	do.....	95 20
Carrier, Henriette.....	do.....	91 80
Comtois, Geneviève.....	do.....	68 00
Court au, Mlle. A.....	do.....	23 80
Dubé, Anna.....	do.....	30 60
Dalziel, Rosalie.....	do.....	74 80
Dumont, L.....	do.....	15 30
Dostocher, Dame L. A.....	do.....	37 40
Doré, Aurélie.....	do.....	13 60

TABLE J.—Continued.
PENSIONED TEACHERS.

NAMES.	Paid for 12 months expired 30th June, 1879.	\$ cts.
Dupont, Edwidge.....	Paid for 12 months expired 30th June, 1879.....	30 60
Duval, Dame A. Laplante	do	61 20
Dupuis, Marguerite.....	do	22 10
Devost, Geneviève	do	20 40
Dowse, Francis.....	do	81 60
Drolet, Pierre	do	68 00
Desparois, Lucie	do	74 80
Dubuc, Léocadie	do	91 80
Duff, Anastasie	do	78 20
Dumais, Démerisse.....	do	44 20
Dupuis, Angèle	do	10 20
Dumont, Adéline	do	23 80
Doncourt, Madg	do	34 00
De Tonnancourt, Emelie	do	95 20
Dupont Louise.....	do	17 00
Durocher, Mathilde.....	do	51 00
Duquet, J	do	74 80
Fortin, F	do	68 00
Fréreau, Clémence.....	do	39 10
Fournier, Mathilde.....	do	57 80
Gleason, John.....	do	95 20
Guay, P	do	17 00
Gagné, Elizabeth.....	do	30 60
Gagné, Julie.....	do	54 40
Gagnon, Aurélie	do	23 80
Gravel, B.....	do	54 40
Gilbert, François.....	do	88 20
Gagnon, André	do	20 40
Gouin, A.....	do	42 50
Gagné, Emelie.....	do	44 20
Hughes, John.....	do	37 40
Hughes, Catherine.....	do	68 00
Harman, Justin.....	do	51 00
Héroux, Sophie.....	do	34 00
Jodoin, Joseph.....	do	78 20
Jutras, Emelie	do	61 20
Kérouack, Léon	do	54 40
Lepage, Gracieuse.....	do	6 80
Labelle, Marguerite.....	do	13 60
Létourneau, Hélène.....	do	34 00
Liévin, Louise	do	42 50
Létourneau, Eléonore.....	do	42 50
Lamb, Catherine.....	do	44 20
Langlois, Magloire	do	47 60
Lesieur, Desaulniers.....	do	41 20
Lamontagne, Marie.....	do	23 80
Lafrance, Apolline.....	do	54 40
Lafrance, Marie	do	40 80
Lambert, Seraphine.....	do	57 80
Lacerte, Dorothée	do	64 60
Lemire, Elizabeth.....	do	68 00

TABLE J.—*Continued.*

PENSIONED TEACHERS.

NAMES.	Paid for 12 months expired 30th June, 1879.	\$ cts.
Lizotte, Marie.....	Paid for 12 months expired 30th June, 1890....	87 40
Lavoie, Elizabeth.....	do	6 80
Lindsay, Chs. J.....	do	81 80
Labonté, J. Ed.....	do	91 80
Leblanc, M. Eléonore... ..	do	27 20
Lafontaine, Cléoplie.....	do	23 80
Langlois, Malvina.....	do	30 60
Lesage, Hélène.....	do	20 40
Langlais, Philomène.....	do	17 00
Michaud, Mélanie.....	do	23 80
Martin, John.....	do	32 30
Manseau, Isidore.....	do	28 80
Malenfant, Dame Veuve.....	do	12 60
McGoldrick, John.....	do	20 00
McElkin, Lydia.....	do	25 20
McManus, John.....	do	37 40
Migneault, Victor.....	do	57 80
Malherbe, Emelie.....	do	51 00
McKerty, Michel.....	do	54 40
McKeough, Mary.....	do	51 00
McKercher, John.....	do	91 80
Nabaces, C.....	do	40 00
O'Meara, Matthew.....	do	30 60
Oatt, Francis.....	do	80 00
O'Donnell, P. R.....	do	39 10
Perrault, Dame F. X.....	do	47 80
Pineau Ursule.....	do	20 40
Pelletier, Avila.....	do	20 40
Pothier, Thersile.....	do	15 30
Puise, Rodolphe.....	do	47 60
Picard, Wilhelmine.....	do	27 20
Poisson, Marie.....	do	23 80
Proulx, Joseph.....	do	5 10
Richard, Dame O.....	do	30 40
Rhéaume, Henriette.....	do	20 40
Raymond Demerisse.....	do	17 00
Reece, Anna.....	do	17 00
Rivard, Adèle.....	do	17 00
Ryan, James.....	do	40 80
Ramsay, William.....	do	51 00
Riher, Edesse.....	do	51 20
Raymond, Hermine.....	do	57 80
Ricavy, Héloïse.....	do	64 60
Reid, Mary Jane.....	do	74 80
Robin, Geneviève.....	do	64 60
Robertson, John B.....	do	88 40
Robitaille, Emelie.....	do	91 80
Rioux, Julie.....	do	17 00
Roy, Louis.....	do	98 60
Rivard, Louise.....	do	27 20
Rivard, Louise Elisa.....	do	78 20

TABLE J.—*Fin.*
PENSIONED TEACHERS.

NAMES.	Paid for 12 months expired 30th June, 1879.	\$ cts.
Rouleau, Edesse.....	Paid for 12 months expired 30 June, 1879.....	47 60
St. Michel, L. F.....	do	30 60
Scott, Robert.....	do	20 00
Scott, Montaigne.....	do	30 60
Soucy, Elizabeth.....	do	15 30
St. Jacques, Julie.....	do	64 60
Sheehan, Thomas.....	do	68 00
Toussaint, Lucie.....	do	37 40
Tremblay, Germain.....	do	37 40
Thauvette, Marcelline.....	do	13 60
Talon, Adélaïde.....	do	40 80
Thibault, Marianne.....	do	40 80
Tanguay, Clothilde.....	do	24 60
Trépanier, Sophie.....	do	95 20
Uprichard, W.....	do	20 00
Vallières, Adélaïde.....	do	95 20
Vallée, Angélique.....	do	68 00
Vannier, Basile.....	do	51 00
Vallières, Augustin.....	do	57 80
Vésina, M. Délima.....	do	20 40
Wolff, A. C.....	do	44 20
Young, Marguerite.....	do	15 20
Quimet, Hon. G.....	To pay unclaimed pensions.....	102 30
	Total.....	8,000 00

APPENDIX No. V

DISTRIBUTION LIST OF THE FUNDS

FOR

Superior Education and Poor Municipalities

SUPERIOR Education List for the year 1878-79.

COUNTIES.	Classical colleges.	Industrial colleges.	Model schools.	Mixed academies.	Girls academies.	Number of pupils.	Grant.
ARGENTEUIL.							\$ cts.
St. André (Académie Bonin).....				1		85	100 00
ARTHABASKA.							
Arthabaskaville (St. Christophe)....		1				135	250 00
Stanford.....			1			42	50 00
St. Christophe.....			1 (c)			114	100 00
St. Norbert.....			1			72	50 00
Victoriaville.....			1 (c)			106	100 00
L'ASSOMPTION.							
L'Assomption	1					254	1500 00
"					1 (c)	174	75 00
St. Henri de Masconche.....					1 (c)	108	80 00
L'Assomption, village.....			1 (g)			40	40 00
St. Lin					1 (c)	171	100 00
St. Roch de l'Achigan.....			1 (b)			70	50 00
"			1 (c)			190	80 00
BAGOT.							
St. Hugues					1 (c)	130	80 00
Acton-Vale.....			1 (b)			124	50 00
"			1 (c)			205	100 00
Ste. Rosalie			1			79	80 00
St. Simon.....			1 (b)			50	50 00
St. Ephrem d'Upton			1 (c)			165	100 00

SUPERIOR Education List for the year 1878-79.—Continued.

COUNTIES.	Classical colleges.	Industrial colleges.	Model schools.	Mixed academies.	Girls academies.	Number of pupils.	Grant.
BEAUCHE.							\$ cts.
Sto. Marie.....		1				130	300 00
"					1 (c)	130	250 00
St. George			1			60	50 00
St. Joseph.....			1 (b)			32	60 00
"					1 (c)	136	250 00
St. Pierre de Broughton.. ..			1			56	50 00
St. François						25	50 00
St. Sébastien.....			1				40 00
BEAUHARNOIS.							
Beauharnois, town.....				1 (g)		184	160 00
St. Timothé.....				1 (g)		90	150 00
St. Clément (Beauharnois, town)....					1 (c)	280	120 00
St. Timothé.....					1 (c)	100	100 00
Sto. Cécile de Valleyfield.....					1 (c)	326	150 00
"			1 (b)			267	115 00
St. Louis de Gonzague			"			120	50 00
"			1 (c)			98	56 00
BELLECHASSE.							
St. Michel		1					175 00
St. Michel					1 (c)	100	125 00
St. Charles			1 (c)			66	100 00
St. Gervais			1 (c)			90	80 00
"			1 (b)			87	40 00
St. Raphaël.....			1			94	50 00
St. Valier			1 (g)			62	50 00
"			1 (b)			50	50 00

SUPERIOR Education List for the year 1878-79.—Continued.

COUNTIES.	Classical colleges.	Industrial colleges.	Model sch ols.	Mixed academies.	Girls academies.	Number of pupils.	Grant.
BERTHIER.							
Berthier.....				1 (b)		115	200 00
“					1 (g. o)	117	100 00
St. Cuthbert					“	160	50 00
Lanoraie			1 (c)			160	70 00
“			1 (b)			110	70 00
St. Barthélemi.....			1			15	50 00
St. Gabriel			1 (b)			81	50 00
“			1 (c)			94	50 00
St. Norbert			1 (m)			129	40 00
BONAVENTURE.							
Carleton.....			1 (m)			68	100 00
Maria.			1 (m)			64	70 00
Nouvelle.....			1			67	50 00
St. Bonaventure d'Hamilton.....			1 (m)			54	60 00
Carleton.....					1 (c)		150 00
CHAMBLY.							
Longueuil		1				220	250 00
Chambly		1				103	400 00
Boucherville.....					1 (c)	123	60 00
Chambly					“	120	120 00
Longueuil					“	312	225 00
Boucherville			1 (b)			110	60 00
Chambly (canton).....			1 (m)			98	60 00
St. Bruno.....			1 (m)			73	60 00
St. Hubert.....			1 (b)			50	50 00
“					1 (c)	108	40 00

SUPRIOR Education List for the year 1878-79. — *Continued.*

COUNTIES.	Classical colleges.	Industrial colleges.	Model school.	Mixed academies.	Girls academies.	Number of pupils.	Grant.
CHAMPLAIN.							
Ste. Anne de la Pérade.....					1 (c)	150	100 00
Batiscan			1 (b & g)			144	45 00
Champlain, village.....					1 (c)	66	70 00
“			1 (b)			65	60 00
Ste. Geneviève.....			1 (m)			120	70 00
St. Maurice			1 (m)			65	60 00
St. Narcisse.....			1 (m)			111	60 00
St. Stanislas			1 (m)			122	70 00
Ste. Anne de la Pérade, village.....			1 (b)			131	100 00
CHARLEVOIX.							
Baie St. Paul.....				1 (b)		113	140 00
“					1 (c)	170	160 00
Eboulements....			1 (b).			65	70 00
Malbaie.....			1 (c)			96	100 00
St. Agnès.....			1 (m)			70	50 00
St. Irénée.....			1 (m)			67	60 00
St. Urbain.....			1 (m)			52	40 00
St. Etienne.....			1 (b)			60	40 00
CHATEAUGUAY.							
Châteauguay			1 (c)			82	75 00
St. Jean Chrysostôme No. 2.....			1 (m)			255	100 00
St. Joachim de Châteauguay			1 (b)			47	40 00
Ste. Martine			“			75	50 00
“			1 (g)			78	40 00
Ste. Philomène.....			1 (g)			54	60 00

SUPERIOR Education List for the year 1878-79.—Continued.

COUNTIES.	Classical colleges.	Industrial colleges.	Model schools.	Mixed academies.	Girls Academies.	Number of pupils.	Grant.
CHICOUTIMI.							\$ cts.
Chicoutimi.....	1					95	2000 00
Bagotville (St. Alphonse).....			(1 b & g)			30	50 00
Chicoutimi.....					1 (e)	70	150 00
Grande Baie (St. Alexis).....			1 (g)			56	50 00
Hébertville.....			1 (m)			30	70 00
Notre-Dame de Laterrière.....			1 (m)			75	70 00
Ste. Anne.....			1 (m)			80	40 00
Grande Baie (St. Alexis).....			1 (b)			73	50 00
St. Jérôme.....			1 (m)			56	40 00
COMPTON.							
Hereford.....			1 (e)			73	100 00
DEUX MONTAGNES.							
St. Eustache.....				1 (b)		106	150 00
St. Benoit					1 (e)	86	120 00
St. Eustache.....					1 (e)	144	75 00
Ste. Scholastique.....					1 (e)	120	150 00
St. Joachim.....			1 (m)			78	70 00
St. Placide			1 (m)			45	40 00
St. Hermas.....			1 (m)			97	50 00
DORCHESTER.							
St. Anselme.....			1 (b)			60	40 00
Ste. Claire			1 (m)			54	100 00
St. Anselme.....			1 (e)			65	70 00

SUPERIOR Education List for the year 1878-79.—Continued.

COUNTIES.	Classical colleges.	Industrial colleges.	Model schools.	Mixed academies.	Girls academies.	Number of pupils.	Grant.
DRUMMOND.							
Grantham (Drummondville).....			1 (b)			57	50 00
St. Germain de Grantham.....			1 (m)			110	50 00
St. Pierre de Durham (Village L'A- venir).....			1 (m)			69	50 00
Drummondville.....			1 (o)			94	60 00
Kingsley (St. Félix).....			1			43	40 00
GASPÉ.							
Grande Rivière.....			1 (m)			64	60 00
Cap Chate.....			1 (m)			65	60 00
Percé.....			1 (m)			65	70 00
Ste. Anne des Monts.....			1 (m)			60	65 00
Magdalen Islands.....			1 (o)			66	100 00
Fox River.....			1 (m)			72	40 00
HOCHÉLAGA.							
Pointe-aux-Trembles.....				1 (b)		63	150 00
Côteau St. Louis.....				1 (b)		285	70 00
Longue Pointe.....					1 (o)	56	55 00
Pointe-aux-Trembles.....					1 (o)	115	150 00
Côte des Neiges.....					1 (se)	110	40 00
".....			1 (o)			130	60 00
St. Henri.....			1 (o)			620	70 00
".....			1 (b)			590	80 00
St. Jean-Baptiste.....			1 (b)			330	140 00
Sault-aux-Récollets.....			1 (b)			62	50 00
Académie Marie-Rose (St. Jean-Bte).....			1 (o)			504	100 00
St. Gabriel.....			1 (o)				50 00

SUPERIOR Education List for the year 1878-79.—Continued.

COMTÉS.	Classical colleges.	Industrial colleges.	Model schools.	Mixed academies.	Girls academies.	Number of pupils.	Grant.
HUNTINGDON.							\$ cts.
Huntingdon.....					1 (c)	50	100 00
Hemmingford.....			1 (c)			20	70 00
St. Anicet.....			1 (b)			50	50 00
"			(c)			83	50 00
IBERVILLE.							
St. Alexandre.....			1 (c)			93	50 00
"			1 (b)			43	60 00
St. Athanase.....			1 (c)			90	100 00
Ste. Brigide.....			1 (m)			88	50 00
St. Grégoire le Grand.....			1 (m)			86	40 00
St. George de Henriville			1 (c)			114	40 00
"			1 (b)			98	70 00
ISLET.							
L'Islet.....		1				135	250 00
"					1 (c)	95	150 00
St. Roch des Aulnais.....			1 (c)			34	50 00
St. Aubert.....			1 (c)			97	115 00
JACQUES-CARTIER.							
St. Laurent	1					312	450 00
Lachine					1 (c)	318	180 00
Pointe Claire.....					1 (c)	118	75 00

SUPERIOR Education List for the year 1878-79.—Continued.

COUNTIES.	Classical colleges.	Industrial colleges.	Model schools.	Mixed academies.	Girls academies.	Number of pupils.	Grant.
JACQUES-CARTIER.—Continued.							\$ cts.
Ste. Geneviève, No. 1.....					1 (e)	114	100 00
St. Laurent					"	175	170 00
Lachine			1 (b)			220	100 00
Pointe Claire.....			"			45	60 00
Ste. Anne du Bout de l'Ile.....			1 (g)			90	45 00
"			1 (b)			90	60 00
Ste. Geneviève, No. 1			"			92	50 00
JOLIETTE.							
Joliette (town)	1					268	800 00
St. Ambroise.....					1 (e)	72	75 00
St. Charles.....					"	306	100 00
St. Paul de l'Industrie.....					"	93	80 00
Ste. Elisabeth			1 (b)			79	70 00
St. Félix de Valois.....			"			98	50 00
Ste. Elisabeth			1 (e)			138	100 00
Ste. Mélanie			1			86	70 00
KAMOURASKA.							
Ste. Anne de la Pocatière.....	1					174	2,000 00
Kamouraska				1 (b)		40	75 00
"				"	1 (e)	120	80 00
Rivière Ouëlle.....					"	110	100 00
"			1 (b)			65	50 00
St. Alexandre			1			70	50 00
St. André			1 (b)			51	70 00

SUPERIOR Education List for the year 1878-79.—Continued.

COUNTIES.	Classical colleges.	Industrial colleges.	Model schools.	Mixed academies.	Girls academies.	Number of pupils.	Grant.
KAMOURASKA.—Continued.							\$ cts.
Ste. Anne de la Pocatière.....	1 (c)	.....	.....	126	190 00
St. Paschal	1	.....	.....	136	60 00
LAPRAIRIE.							
Laprairie (village).....	1 (b)	.....	120	200 00
" "	1 (c)	155	90 00
St. Constant.....	1	.....	.....	105	70 00
St. Isidore.....	1 (b)	.....	.....	68	60 00
St. Jacques le Mineur.....	1	.....	.....	100	80 00
St. Philippe.....	1	.....	.....	77	70 00
LAVAL.							
Laval (St. Vincent de Paul)	1	.....	.....	.....	147	175 00
St. Martin	1 (c)	98	50 00
"	1 (b)	.....	.....	93	70 00
Ste. Rose	"	118	70 00
"	1 (c)	.....	.....	140	75 00
St. Vincent de Paul.....	"	154	50 00
LÉVIS.							
Lévis.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	294	1,200 00
Lévis.....	1 (c)	300	100 00
St. Joseph	"	408	200 00
St. Nicolas	"	115	150 00
Etehemin	1 (c)	.....	.....	268	100 00
Lauzon	1 (b)	.....	.....	398	200 00

SUPERIOR Education Lists for the year 1878-79.—Continued.

COUNTIES.	Classical colleges.	Industrial colleges.	Model schools.	Mixed academies.	Girls academies.	Number of pupils.	Grant.
Lévis—Continued.							\$ cts.
St. Henri			1			25	50 00
St. Jean Chrysostôme			1			53	50 00
St. Lambert			1			60	150 00
St. Nicolas			1 (b)			64	60 00
St. Romuald (Etchemin)			"			84	70 00
" (New Liverpool)			(c)			108	60 00
Lotbinière.							
Lotbinière			1 (c)			75	70 00
Ste. Croix					1 (c)	118	120 00
Leclercville			1			62	40 00
St. Agapit			1			45	50 00
Ste. Agathe No. 2			1			26	40 00
St. Antoine de Tilly			1			90	70 00
St. Apollinaire			1			35	70 00
St. Flavien			1			82	50 00
St. Jean des Chaillons			1			37	40 00
St. Louis Lotbinière			1 (b)			43	150 00
St. Sylvestre			1 (c)			80	100 00
Maskinongé.							
Rivière du Loup No. 1			1 (c)			216	50 00
" "			1 (b)			116	60 00
St. Léon			1			68	50 00
St. Paulin			1 (c)			37	100 00
Ste. Ursule			"			48	100 00

SUPERIOR Education List for the year 1878-79.—Continued.

COUNTIES.	Classical colleges.	Industrial colleges.	Model schools.	Mixed academies.	Girls academies.	Number of pupils.	Grant.
MÉGANTIC.							\$ cts.
Nelson.....			1			45	50 00
St. Calixte de Somerset			1 (c)			84	120 00
“			1 (b)			31	80 00
St. Ferdinand d’Halifax			1 (c)			48	120 00
Ste. Julie de Somerset.....			1			40	50 00
MISSISQUOI.							
West Farnham	(c)	1				216	200 00
St. Romuald le Farnham.....			1 (c)			226	70 00
MONTCALM.							
Rawdon			1 (c)			52	45 00
“			1 (b)			34	45 00
St. Esprit			1 (c)			176	50 00
St. Liguori.....			“			103	100 00
MONTMAGNY.							
St. Thomas		1				40	140 00
“				1 (b)		190	200 00
“					1 (c)	200	180 00
Berthier			1			102	50 00
Cap St. Ignace			1			90	40 00
Ile aux Grues			1			107	50 00
St. François (Rivière du Sud).....			1 (c)			60	60 00

SUPERIOR Education List for the year 1878-79.—Continued.

COUNTIES.	Classical colleges.	Industrial colleges.	Model schools.	Mixed academies.	Girls academies.	Number of pupils.	Grant.
MONTMORENCY.							\$ cts.
Ste. Famille.....					1 (c)	66	90 00
St. Jean.....				1 (b & g)		120	100 00
Château-Richer			1 (b)			115	40 00
“			1 (c)			75	60 00
Ste. Brigitte Laval.....			1			25	40 00
Ste. Famille			1 (g)			132	60 00
St. Joachim.....			1			101	50 00
St. Laurent.....			1 (b)			57	60 00
“			1 (c)			82	100 00
St. Pierre.....			1			34	60 00
Ste. Pétronille.....			1			25	40 00
Ste. Anne de Beaupré.....			1 (c)			57	50 00
MONTREAL.							
Ste. Marie.....	1					280	1750 00
School of Sciences applied to the arts.....						10	2500 00
Commercial Academy.....				1 (b)		335	500 00
St. Denis Academy (St. Denis street)					1	240	90 00
Marianites (St. Hubert).....			1 (c)			108	100 00
St. Jacques (Montreal).....			1 (c)			675	650 00
Maitrise St. Pierre.....			1 (b)			118	150 00
Catholic Commissioners.....						1895	1600 00
Sacré-Cœur, Montreal (Ontario St.)..			1 (c)			700	125 00
Academy, Palace street.....			1 (c)			125	40 00
St. Bridget.....						291	100 00
Sacré-Cœur (St. Catherine street) Montreal.....							40 00

SUPERIOR Education List for the year 1878-79.—*Continued.*

COUNTIES.	Classical colleges.	Industrial colleges.	Model schools.	Mixed academies.	Girls academies.	Number of pupils.	Grant.
NAPIERVILLE.							
St. Cyprien.....				1 (b)		108	100 00
"					1 (c)	167	90 00
St. Michel.....			1 (c)			90	70 00
St. Patrice de Sherrington.....			1			90	70 00
St. Rémi.....			1 (c)			60	60 00
NICOLET.							
St. Grégoire.....				1 (c)		186	175 00
Béancour			1			70	60 00
Gentilly.....			1 (c)			85	135 00
Nicolet Town.....			"			160	60 00
St. Célestin.....			"			103	80 00
Ste. Gertrude.....			1 (g)			42	60 00
Ste. Monique.			1 (c)			89	50 00
St. Pierre les Becquets.....			1			73	50 00
OTTAWA.							
Hull.....			1 (b)			250	200 00
Maniwaki (N. D. du Désert).....			1 (c)			148	70 00
Montebello.....			"			147	200 00
N. D. de Toutes-Grâces (Hull).....			"			79	200 00
St. André Avelin.....			1			80	50 00
Aylmer.....			1 (c)			71	200 00
Waterloo.....			"			145	120 00
Buckingham			"			55	70 00
Pointe à Gatineau.....			1 (b)			130	50 00
Bygon			1 (m)			76	40 00

SUPERIOR Education List for the year 1878-79.—Continued.

COUNTIES.	Classical colleges.	Industrial colleges.	Model schools.	Mixed academies.	Girls academies.	Number of pupils.	Grant.
PORTNEUF.							\$ cts.
Pointe-aux-Trembles.....					1 (c)	140	220 00
Cap Santé.....			1			80	65 00
Deschambault.....			1 (b)			60	80 00
".....			1 (c)			84	140 00
Grondines, No. 2.....			1			84	50 00
Pointe-aux-Trembles			1 (b)			73	60 00
Portneuf.....			1 (g)			78	45 00
".....			1 (b)			79	50 00
St. Augustin.....					1	46	75 00
St. Basile.....			1			73	50 00
Ste. Catherine.....			1			47	50 00
St. Jean Beureuils.....			1			85	50 00
QUEBEC (CITY).							
School of arts and design.....				1 (b)		275	1000 00
Ecole du Patronage.....			1 (b)			160	200 00
Catholic Commercial (Christian Brothers).....			3 (b)			2300	486 00
Com. school, St. John's Suburbs (Fecteau).....			1			40	75 00
Educational Society.....						442	944 00
Sœurs de Charité.....			1 (g)			54	100 00
Sœurs du Bon Pasteur.....			1 (g)			550	100 00
Sœurs de la Congrégation.....			1 (c)			1085	100 00
St. Sauveur.....			1 (c)			647	200 00

SUPERIOR Education List for the year 1878-79.—*Continued.*

COUNTIES.	Classical Colleges.	Industrial colleges.	Model schools.	Mixed academies.	Girls academies.	Number of pupils.	Grant.
QUEBEC (CITY).— <i>Continued.</i>							\$ cts.
St. Sauveur (The Brothers).....	1 (b)	.....	.....	600	200 00
Orphan Asylum of Sisters of Charity	1 (c)	.....	.....	66	50 00
N. D. de la Garde (Cap Blanc).....	1 (m)	.....	.....	153	100 00
Mrs. Côté's school (St. Roch).....	150	70 00
QUEBEC (COUNTY).							
St. Colombar.....	1 (b & g)	.....	160	200 00
Beauport.....	1 (b & g)	.....	.....	76	50 00
Cap Rouge.....	1 (b)	.....	.....	70	100 00
".....	1 (g)	.....	.....	62	40 00
Charlesbourg.....	1 (b)	.....	.....	87	40 00
".....	1 (g)	.....	.....	80	40 00
St. Ambroise.....	1	.....	.....	49	50 00
Sillery.....	1 (c)	.....	.....	132	188 00
Charlesbourg, N. D. des Laurentides.....	1 (c)	.....	.....	101	100 00
Ancienne Lorette.....	1	.....	.....	58	45 00
Ste. Foye.....	1	.....	.....	70	70 00
Bellevue.....	1 (c)	.....	.....	128	150 00
RICHELIEU.							
Sorel, town.....
".....	1 (b)	.....	300	330 00
".....	1 (c)	508	350 00
St. Aimé.....	1 (c)	146	60 00
".....	1 (b)	.....	.....	161	130 00
St. Ours, town.....	1 (b)	.....	.....	108	70 00
".....	1 (c)	.....	.....	160	80 00

SUPERIOR Education List for the year 1878-79.—Continued.

COUNTIES.	Classical colleges.	Industrial colleges.	Model schools.	Mixed academies.	Girls academies.	Number of pupils.	Grant.
RIMOUSKI.							\$ cts.
Rimouski.....	1					136	2000 00
St. Germain.....				1 (c)		176	300 00
Matane.....			1			120	50 00
Ste. Angèle de Mérici.....			1			62	50 00
Ste. Cécile du Bio.....			1			100	60 00
St. Fabien.....			1			112	50 00
Rimouski (Orphelinat).....						29	50 00
St. Octave de Métis.....						115	50 00
St. Simon.....						111	50 00
McNider (L'Assomption).....			1			102	50 00
ROUVILLE.							
Ste. Marie.....		1				218	700 00
St. Césaire.....		1				216	275 00
“					1 (c)	174	75 00
St. Hilaire					1 (c)	82	80 00
Ste. Marie.....					1 (c)	142	110 00
St. Hilaire			1 (b)			54	60 00
St. Mathias			1			70	50 00
Ste. Angèle.....			1				40 00
ST. HYACINTHE.							
St. Hyacinthe (town).....	1					266	800 00
St. Denis.....					1 (c)	120	90 00
St. Hyacinthe.....					1 (c)	187	160 00

SUPERIOR Education List for the year 1878-79.—Continued.

COUNTIES.	Classical colleges.	Industrial colleges.	Model schools.	Mixed academies.	Girls academies.	Number of pupils.	Grant.
ST. HYACINTHE.—Continued.							\$ cts.
St. Charles.....			1			122	100 00
St. Denis.....			1 (b)			69	60 00
St. Hyacinthe (town) Girouard academies					1 (b)	122	40 00
ST. JOHN'S.							
St. Johns (town).....				1 (b)		313	300 00
" "					1 (c)	329	180 00
Lacolle			1 (b & g)			91	60 00
Sta. Maguerite, l'Acadie.....			1			95	60 00
St. Valentin.....			1			83	90 00
ST. MAURICE.							
Yamachiche.....				1 (b)		160	250 00
"					1 (c)	138	100 00
Pointe du Lac.....			1			110	70 00
St. Sévère.....			1			78	50 00
Shawinigan			1			80	50 00
SHERBROOKE.							
Sherbrooke.....	1					132	2000 00
"					1 (c)	467	300 00
SOULANGES.							
Les Cèdres (Soulanges).....					1 (g & o)	79	70 00
Côteau Landing.....			1			95	60 00
Côteau du Lac (St. Ignace).....			1 (b)			51	50 00

SUPERIOR Education List for the year 1878-79.—Continued.

COUNTIES.	Classical colleges.	Industrial colleges.	Model schools.	Mixed academies.	Girls academies.	Number of pupils.	Grant.
SOULANGES.—Continued.							\$ cts.
Côteau du Lac (St. Ignace).....			1 (c)			79	50 00.
St. Joseph.....			1 (b)			38	60 00
St. Polycarpe.....			1 (b)			37	60 00
".....			1 (c)			108	80 00.
St. Zotique.....			1			110	60 00.
" (Rivière Beaudet).....			1 (m)			75	40 00.
STANBREAD.							
Conticook.....					1 (c)		300 00.
TÉMISCOUATA.							
Cacouna.....					1 (c)	95	130 00.
Fraserville (Rivière du Loup).....					"	130	100 00.
Trois-Pistoles, No. 1.....					"	132	100 00.
Fraserville (village).....			1 (b)			90	60 00.
N. D. du Portage.....			1			65	45 00.
St. Arsène.....			1			68	70 00.
Cacouna.....			1 (b)			48	50 00.
Trois-Pistoles.....			"			26	70 00.
Ile Verte.....			1 (b)			86	50 00.
Ile Verte.....			1 (g)				50 00.
TERREBONNE.							
Ste. Thérèse.....	1					275	1500 00.
St. Jérôme.....		1				206	275 00.
Ste. Thérèse.....					1 (c)	184	80 00.
Terrebonne.....					"	138	80 00.
Ste. Anne des Plaines.....			1 (b)			101	70 00.
St. Jérôme.....			1 (c)			200	100 00.

SUPERIOR Education List for the year 1878-79.—Continued.

COUNTIES.	Classical colleges.	Industrial colleges.	Model schools.	Mixed academies.	Girls academies.	Number of pupils.	Grant.
THREE RIVERS.							\$ cts.
Three Rivers.....	1					272	2000 00
“ (Educational Society)		1				639	500 00
“ (town).....					1 (c)	396	200 00
VAUDREUIL.							
Rigaud (Bourget’s college).....	1					180	800 00
Ste. Marthe.....				1 (b & g)		72	80 00
Vaudreuil.....				1 (b)		82	100 00
“				1 (c)		96	80 00
Rigaud.....			1 (c)		1 (c)	60	70 00
VERCHÈRES.							
Varennas.....		1				130	225 00
Verchères.....		1				121	200 00
Belœil					1 (c)	95	80 00
Varennas					“	97	70 00
Belœil.....			1 (b)			78	50 00
St. Antoine.....			1			116	50 00
St. Marc.....			1 (m)			44	50 00
WOLFE.							
Wotton, St. Hypolite.....			1 (c)			48	125 00
YAMASKA.							
Baie du Febyre.....				1 (b)		154	150 00
“ “			1 (c)			101	70 00

SUPERIOR Education List for the year 1878-79.—*Fin.*

COUNTIES.	Classical colleges.	Industrial Colleges.	Model schools.	Mixed academies.	Girls academies.	Number of pupils.	Grant.
YAMASKA.— <i>Continued.</i>							
St. David	1 (b)	.....	.....	65	50 00
St. François du Lac (village).....	1 (m)	.....	.....	121	60 00
“ “	1 (c)	.....	.....	66	50 00
St. Thomas de Pierreville.....	1 (b)	.....	.....	88	70 00
St. Michel d'Yamaska.....	1 (c)	.....	.....	66	60 00
St. David.....	1 (c)	.....	.....	100	50 00
St. Guillaume d'Upton.....	1 (c)	.....	.....	62	50 00

DISTRIBUTION of the supplementary grant awarded to poor municipalities
for 1877-78 and 1878-79.

COUNTIES.	MUNICIPALITIES.	1877-8	1878-9
Argenteuil.....	Harrington, No. 1, p.....	20	20
do	“ 2, p.....	20	20
do	Arundel, p.....	20	20
do	Morin Township, p.....	20	20
do	“ [diss], c.....	15	20
do	Grenville, No. 2 [diss], c.....	20	20
do	Wentworth, p.....	20	20
do	Chatham, No. 1, [diss], c.....	20	20
do	Grenville, No. 3, p.....	20	20
do	Chatham, No. 1, p.....	15	15
do	St. Andrew [diss], c.....	15	15
do	Gore, p.....	15	15
do	Lachute [diss], c.....	20	20
do	Grenville, No. 1 [N], p.....	.....	15
Arthabaska.....	Ste. Clothilde, c.....	25	25
do	St. Louis de Blanford, c.....	25	25
do	Chester East, Ste. Hélène, c.....	25	20
do	St. Valère de Bulstrode, c.....	20	20
L'Assomption.....	St. Lin [diss], p.....	15	15
Bonaventure.....	Miguasha, mixed.....	20	20
do	New-Richmond, c.....	20	20
do	Port Daniel, c.....	20	20
do	“ [diss], p.....	20	20
do	Hope, p.....	20	20
do	Ristigouche, c.....	20	20
do	“ Indians, c.....	40	40
do	St. Alexis de Matapédia, c.....	40	40
do	St. Charles de Caplan, c.....	20	20
do	Hamilton (St. Bonaventure).....	15	.....

DISTRIBUTION of the supplementary grant awarded to poor municipalities
for 1877-78 and 1878-79.—*Continued.*

COUNTIES.	MUNICIPALITIES.	1877-8	1878-9
Bonaventure.....	St. Laurent de Matapédiac, c.....	20	20
do	Paspébiac, c.....	15	15
do	Hamilton & Cox, [diss], p.	25	15
do	Hope [diss], p. c.....	20	20
do	New-Richmond, Pointe St. Louis.....	20	20
do	Shoolbred, p.....	20	20
Beauce.....	Sacré Cœur de Jésus.....	25	20
do	Forsyth.....	10	.....
do	St. Côme.....	30	25
do	Saints Anges.....	25	20
do	St. Honoré de Shenley.....	30	15
do	Aylmer, St. Sébastien.....	25	45
do	Jersey.....	15	15
do	St. Séverin	25	20
Bellechasse.....	St. Cajetan.....	25	25
do	Buckland.....	25	25
do	Mailloux.....	25	25
Berthier.....	St. Michel des Saints, c.....	30	25
do	St. Damien, c.....	20	20
do	St Gabriel, [diss], p.....	20	20
Brome.....	Sutton, [diss].....	30	30
do	Farnham East, [diss].....	60	60
Bagot.....	Acton-Vale	30	.....
Chicoutimi.....	St. Fulgence, Harvey	20	20
do	Ste. Anne.....	20	20
do	St. Jérôme.....	15	15
do	Ouïatchouan.....	25	25
do	St. Jean, Anse.....	25	25
do	Chicoutimi, Village.....	80	80
do	St. Gédéon.....	25	25

**DISTRIBUTION of the supplementary grant awarded to poor municipalities
for 1877-78 and 1878-79.—Continued.**

COUNTIES.	MUNICIPALITIES.	1877-8	1878-9
Chicoutimi	St. Prime.....	25	25
do	St. Félicien.....	25	25
do	Metabetchouan.....	20	20
do	St. Cyrille, Kinogami.....	40	40
do	St. Joseph d'Alma.....	25	25
do	Bourget, n,		30
Charlevoix.....	Hébertville		30
do	St. Siméon.....	20	20
do	St. Fidèle.....	20	20
do	Ste. Agnès.....	20	20
do	St. Urbain.....	20	20
do	Settrington, St. Hilarion.....	20	20
do	Petite Rivière.....	20	20
do	St. Placide.....	20	20
do	DeSalles.....	20	20
do	Callières, Baie des Rochers	20	20
Champlain.....	St. Luc.....	20	15
do	St. Prosper.....	20	15
do	Ste. Flore [new].....		15
Chateauguay	St. Malachie, [diss], c.....	25	25
do	Howick, [diss], c.....	15	15
Compton	Hereford.....	20	20
do	Marston, Piopolis (diss), c.....		20
do	Marston	20	20
do	Newport, p.....	20	20
do	Clifton, p.....	20	20
do	Clifton East, p.....	20	20
do	St. Romain, Winslow North	25	25
do	South Winslow.....	20	20
do	Ditton, La Patrie.....	45	45

**DISTRIBUTION of the supplementary grant awarded to poor municipalities
for 1877-78 and 1878-79.—Continued.**

COUNTIES.	MUNICIPALITIES.	1877-8	1878-9
Compton	Whitton, p.....	20	20
do	Notre-Dame de Chesham, c.....	55	55
do	Compton [diss], St. Thomas (c).....	60	60
do	West Bury, p.....	15	15
Deux-Montagnes.....	St. Columban (c).....	25	25
Dorchester.....	Ste. Justine.....	20	15
do	Ste. Germaine.....	25	15
do	St. Léon de Standon.....	20	15
do	St. Malachie.....	20	15
do	St. Edouard de Frampton West.....	15	10
do	Cranbourne [new].....	.....	15
Drummond	West Wickham, St. Jean.....	20	20
do	St. Germain.....	50	25
do	Wendover & Simpson.....	40	25
do	Wickham East.....	20	20
do	St. Fulgence, Durham South [diss].....	20	20
do	Kingsey Falls [diss].....	20	20
do	Durham, p	25	25
Gaspé	Isle Bonaventure.....	20	20
do	Barachoir, p.....	15	15
do	Barachoir [diss], c.....	20	20
do	St. George de Malbaie.....	20	20
do	Douglass.....	20	20
do	Cloridormes.....	20	40
do	Haldimand, p.....	20	20
do	" [diss], c	20	20
do	Anse à Valeau.....	25	25
do	Cap Rosier.....	20	20

**DISTRIBUTION of the supplementary grant awarded to poor municipalities
for 1877-78 and 1878-79.—Continued.**

COUNTIES.	MUNICIPALITIES.	1879	1880
Gaspé	Grande Vallée.....	20	20
do	Mont Louis.....	20	20
do	Grande Grève.....	20	20
do	Gaspé Nord.....	20	20
do	Roseville, Sydenham South, [diss].....	20	20
do	Cap aux Os.....	20	20
do	York	20	20
do	York & Gaspé South, [diss].....	20	20
do	La Magdeleine.....	20	20
do	Cap Chatte.....	20	20
do	Little Pabos.....	20	20
do	Magdalen Islands.....	60	60
do	Newport	15	15
do	Roseville.....	20	20
do	Malbaie, St. Pierre [new].....	.....	20
do	Grand Arbour.....	.....	15
Huntingdon.....	Hemmingford [diss].....	20	20
do	Huntingdon [diss]	30	30
do	Godmanchester [diss]	20	20
do	Havelock, p.....	20	20
do	" [diss].....	20	20
Iberville	St. Grégoire le Grand [new].....	.....	50
L'Islet.....	Ste. Perpétue.....	20	20
do	St. Eugène.....	20	15
do	St. Pamphile.....	20	20
do	St. Cyrille	20	15
do	Ashford.....	20	20
Joliette.....	St. Ambroise [diss], p.....	20	20
do	St. Félix de Valois [diss], p.....	20	20

DISTRIBUTION of the supplementary grant awarded to poor municipalities
for 1877-78 and 1878-79.—Continued.

COUNTIES.	MUNICIPALITEIS.	1877-8	1878-9
Joliette.....	Ste. Béatrix.....	20	15
do	St. Côme.....	20	15
do	Ste. Emmélie.....	20	15
Kamouraska.....	Mont Carmel.....	20	20
do	St. Onésime.....	20	20
do	St. Eleuthère, lake Poegamook.....	20	20
Lotbinière.....	St. Narcisse de Beaurivage.....	20	20
do	St. Giles	25	25
do	Ste. Agathe, No. 2.....	20	20
do	Ste. Agathe, No. 1 [new].....		20
Lévis	Village de Lauzon.....	50	50
do	Bienville	30	30
do	St. Etienne.....	30	25
do	St. Joseph de Lauzon [district No. 5].....	20	20
Laprairie	Laprairie [diss], p.....	20	20
do	St. Constant [diss], p.....	20	20
Mégantic	Inverness [diss].....	50	60
do	Sacré-Cœur de Marie.....	30	30
do	Inverness Ouest.....	25	25
do	St. Ferdinand d'Halifax [diss], p.....	20	20
do	Notre-Dame de Lourdes, Somerset.....	15	35
do	Leeds [diss], new.....		25
Montmorency	Les Crans	35	35
do	St. Tite des Caps.	30	30
do	St. Adolphe.....	30	30
do	Ste. Brigitte, Laval.....	25	25
do	Ste. Pétronille.....	40	
do	St. Joachim, La Concession.....	25	25
do	St. Pierre.....	20	

**DISTRIBUTION of the supplementary grant awarded to poor municipalities
for 1877-78 and 1878-79.—Continued.**

COUNTIES.	MUNICIPALITIES.	1877-8	1878-9
Maskinongé.....	Hunterstown.....	25	25
do	Peterborough, St. Paulin.....	25	25
do	St. Didace	25	20
do	St. Alexis.....	20	20
do	St. Paulin.....	.....	15
Missisquoi.....	St. Damien [diss], c.....	75	75
do	Dunham [diss], c.....	60	60
Montmagny.....	Grosse Isle.....	30	30
do	St. Paul de Montmini, c.....	25	25
Montcalm	Chertsey, c.....	25	25
do	Kilkenney [diss], p.....	15	15
do	Wexford, c.....	25	25
do	Doncaster, c.....	20	20
do	Kilkenny, c.....	20	20
Nicolet.....	St. Léonard, c.....	20	15
do	St. Wenceslas, c.....	20	15
do	Ste. Brigitte des Saults, c.....	30	30
do	Ste. Marie.....	20	20
do	Ste. Perpétue.....	20	20
do	St. Samuel.....	20	20
do	Ste. Eulalie.....	30	25
do	St. Célestin, No. 2, c.....	20	20
do	Ste. Sophie de Lévrard, c.....	20	15
do	Ste. Ursule [diss], new, p.....		15
Ottawa.....	Ripon, c.....	30	25
do	Montebello, c.....	30	25
do	Hardley [diss], p.....	30	25
do	Wright & Northfield [diss], p.....	30	30

DISTRIBUTION of the supplementary grant awarded to poor municipalities
for 1877-78 and 1878-79.—*Continued.*

COUNTIES.	MUNICIPALITIES.	1877-8	1878-9
Ottawa.....	Eardley, new, c.....	.....	15
do	Bouchette, c.....	60	50
do	N D. de Laus, c	60	60
do	Hartwell, c.....	40	40
do	Wakefield, p.....	30	15
do	Cantley, p.....	30	30
do	Rivière Gatineau, c.....	25	25
do	East Templeton [diss], p.....	20	20
do	Smeyerstad, c	20	20
do	St. Malachie, c.....	20	15
do	Lac Ste. Marie [Hincks], c.....	45	40
do	Notre-Dame du Désert (diss), c.....	20	20
do	St. Edouard de Wakefield, c.....	20	20
do	Aylwin, p.....	20	20
do	Aumond	20	20
do	St Etienne de Chelsea, c.....	20	20
do	Hull Township, p.....	20	20
do	Ste. Cécile de Masham [diss], p.....	15	15
do	Papineauville [diss], p.....	15	15
do	Ste. Elizabeth, c.....	.....	20
Pontiac	Leslie, p	20	20
do	Mansfield, p.....	25	25
do	Quyon, p.....	20	20
do ..	Onslow Nord, p.....	20	20
do	Litchfield, p.....	20	20
do	Thorne.....	15	15
do	Aldfield, p.....	20	20
do	Clarendon, p.....	20	20

**DISTRIBUTION of the supplementary grant awarded to poor municipalities
for 1877-78 and 1878-79.—Continued.**

COUNTIES.	MUNICIPALITIES.	1877-8	1878-9
Pontiac	Lowe, p.....		15
do	Sheen, c.....		15
Portneuf.....	St. Raymond, c.....	80	80
do	Ste. Catherine, c.....	40	40
do	St. Ubalde, c.....	25	25
do	Portneuf [diss], p.....	20	20
do	Ste. Jeanne.	10	10
Quebec.....	Tewkesbury, No. 1, c.....	25	25
do	St. Dunstan, p.....	20	20
do	do [diss], c.....	25	25
do	St. Gabriel East, p.....	30	30
do	do East, No. 2 [Mill Hill, No. 4), p.....	30	30
do	do West, c.....	30	30
do	Stoneham, c.....	25	25
do	do [diss], p.....	20	20
do	St. Sauveur, c.....	45	45
do	do [diss], p.....	20	20
do	St. Félix du Cap Rouge, c.....	30	30
do	St. Roch Nord, [diss].....	20	20
do	Ste. Foye [LaSnette], c.....	20	20
do	Tewkesbury, No. 2, mixed.....	20	20
do	Beauport [diss], p.....	20	20
do	La Roche Plate, c.....	20	20
Rimouski.....	Ste. Angèle de Mérici, c.....	25	25
do	St. Valérien, c.....	25	25
do	St. Moïse, c.....	35	30
do	St. Gabriel, c.....	25	25
do	Ste. Félicité.....	25	25
do	Cherbourg, c.....	25	25

DISTRIBUTION of the supplementary grant awarded to poor municipalities
for 1877-78 and 1878-79.—Continued.

COUNTIES.	MUNICIPALITIES.	1877-8	1878-9
Rimouski	St. Ulric, c.....	20	20
do	St. Donat, c.....	20	20
do	Ste. Blandine, c.....	20	20
do	Dalibaire	15	15
do	Les Capucins	15	15
do	St. Anaclet.....	15	15
do	St. Simon.....	20	20
Richmond	Stoke.....	50	50
do	Brompton Falls, [diss].....	50	50
do	Windsor Mills, “	35	35
do	Cleveland, “	30	30
do	Shipton, “	30	30
do	Danville, “	20	20
do	Windsor, “	30	20
Sherbrooke	Lennoxville [diss].....	50	50
Saguenay.....	Tadoussac.....	25	25
do	Escoumains.....	25	25
do	Sault au Cochon.....	25	25
do	Petites Bergeronnes.....	25	25
do	Mille Vaches.....	20	20
do	Pointe aux Esquimaux.....	40	40
do	Isle d'Anticosti.....	40	40
do “	Les Grandes Bergeronnes.....	20	20
do	La Baie, d'Anticosti.....	20	20
do	Ste. Marguerite.....	30	30
do	Moulin de Baude.....	25	25
do	Betsiamis.....	40	40
do	Anse aux Fraises, Anticosti.....	.....	25

**DISTRIBUTION of the supplementary grant awarded to poor municipalities
for 1877-78 and 1878-79.—Continued.**

COUNTIES.	MUNICIPALITIES.	1877-8	1878-9
Saguenay.....	Rivière aux Canards, c.....	25	25
do	Bourg Boissonnault, c.....	25	25
do	Rev. Hamilton, Protestant School of the Labrador Coast.....		50
Shefford.....	Granby, [diss], c.....	30	30
do	do Village [diss], c.....	30	30
do	Ely Sud	45	45
do	Ste. Pudentienne, c.....	30	30
do	Ely North.....	40	40
do	St. Alphonse, c.....	20	20
do	Ste. Anne de Stukely.....	20	20
do	Roxton.....	50	50
St. Maurice	Shawenigan, St. Mathieu, c	25	25
do	St. Elie, c.....	40	35
do	St. Sévère, c.....	25	25
Stanstead.....	Heatley [diss], c.....	40	40
do	Coaticook [diss], c.....	50	50
do	Barford [diss], c.....	40	40
do	Barnston [diss], Stanhope, c.....	50	50
St. Jean.....	Lacolle.....	30	30
Témiscouata	St. Jean de Dieu, c.....	25	25
do	Ste. Françoise, c.....	25	25
do	St. Honoré, c.....	25	25
do	Notre Dame du Lac, c.....	20	20
do	Ste. Rose du Dégel, c.....	25	25
do	Notre-Dame du Portage, c.....	20	15
do	St. Louis des Ha! Ha! c.....	30	30
do	St. François-Xavier, c.....	25	25

DISTRIBUTION of the supplementary grant awarded to poor municipalities for 1877-78 and 1878-79.—*Continued and concluded.*

COUNTIES.	MUNICIPALITIES.	1877-8	1878-9
Témiscouata.....	St. Paul de la Croix, e.....	25	25
do	St. Clément, e.....	30	30
do	N. D. des Sept Douleurs, e.....	25	25
do	St. Antonin.....	10	10
do	St. Hubert, e.....	20	25
do	St. Modeste.....	15	15
Terrebonne.....	St. Hypolite, e.....	40	35
do	St. Sauveur [dias], p.....	20	20
do	Ste. Agathe [Beresford], e.....	25	20
do	Ste. Adèle.....	20	15
do	Ste. Marguerite, e.....	25	20
Wolfe.....	Garthly, e.....	40	40
do	Ham North, e.....	25	25
do	Ham South, e.....	25	25
do	St. Camille, e.....	20	20
do	Woodon, e.....	20	20
do	St. Gabriel de Stratford, e.....	30	30
do	Wolfestown, St. Fortunat, e.....	30	30
do	do St. Julien, e.....	25	25
Yamaska.....	St. Bonaventure.....	20	15

APPENDIX No. VI.

MINUTES OF THE PROCEEDINGS

OF THE

COUNCIL OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION.

[TRANSLATION.]

CATHOLIC COMMITTEE.

SITTINGS OF 12TH, 13TH, 14TH AND 15TH NOVEMBER, 1879.*Wednesday, the 12th.*

Present:—The Superintendent in the chair; His Grace the Archbishop of Quebec; their Lordships the bishops of Three Rivers, Rimouski, St. Hyacinthe, Sherbrooke, Ottawa and Chicoutimi; Hon. P. J. O. Chauveau, Sir N. F. Belleau, Hon. Mr. Justice Jetté, P. S. Murphy, Esq., Dr. H. LaRue and Vicar-General Moreau, representing the Bishop of Montreal.

I.—Read a letter from the Bishop of Montreal, authorizing Vicar-General Moreau to represent him in the Committee, and a letter from Hon. Mr. Ryan, apologizing for being unable to attend the meeting.

II.—Read the minutes of the last meeting, which were adopted, as amended, by the following resolution:

Moved by Hon. Mr. Chauveau:

“ That in the resolution in reference to the report of Mr. l'abbé Verrean, dated 13th May, 1879, all the words after the word “*demande*” be struck out.”—Carried.

III. - The Bishop of Sherbrooke announced that Rev. Mr. Masson had withdrawn his resignation as member of the Richmond Board of Examiners.

IV.—The following petition was read :

To the Catholic Committee of the Council of Public Instruction.

The undersigned respectfully represents :

That Jean Crépeault, Esq., School Inspector, has become unable, through illness, to efficiently perform the duties of his office any longer.

That for the same reason, he was unable to inspect all the schools of his extensive district, comprising the counties of Bellechasse, Montmagny and l'Islet.

That the annual salary of the said Jean Crépeault is \$850.

That the said Jean Crépeault has no private means and that it would be advisable to give him a small allowance for the remainder of his days.

Therefore, the undersigned takes the liberty of proposing that, out of the said sum of \$850, that of \$250 be allowed the said J. Crépeault on condition that he inspect the schools of the parish in which he resides, St. Valier, and those of the parishes of St. Michel and Berthier and report, in the usual manner upon such schools.

That the counties of Bellechasse and Montmagny be added to the inspection district of C. Vien, Esq., inspector, whose annual salary would be increased by \$400.

That the county of L'Islet be added to the inspection district of G. Tanguay, Esq., whose annual salary would be increased by \$200.

That this arrangement be only temporary and remain in force only so long as the Committee deems it expedient.

That the Government be informed of the above facts and be requested to adopt the present suggestions.

The whole respectfully submitted.

GÉDÉON OUMET,

Superintendent.

Quebec, 12th November, 1879.

On motion of His Grace the Archbishop, the conclusions of the petition were adopted, and the Superintendent instructed to submit the matter to Government and take the steps necessary in such cases.

V.—The following petition was read :

To the Catholic Committee of the Council of Public Instruction.

The undersigned represents :

That school inspector, Samuel Boivin, is addicted to intemperate habits which have prevented him from efficiently performing the duties of his office.

That since he has been inspector, his conduct has given rise to frequent complaints against him.

That the undersigned has often reprimanded the said Samuel Boivin for his conduct, for his delays in the performance of his duties and for his intemperate habits.

Therefore, the undersigned is compelled to ask that the said Samuel Boivin be dismissed from his office, and, in conclusion, requests that the Committee do recommend the Government to dismiss him.

The whole respectfully submitted.

GÉDÉON OUIMET,
Superintendent.

Quebec, 12th October, 1879.

Moved by Mr. Justice Jetté :

“ That this petition be referred to the Standing Sub-committee, with instructions to take proceedings against inspector Boivin according to law.”—Carried.

VI. — The following petition was read :

To the Catholic Committee of the Council of Public Instruction.

The undersigned represents : That upon reliable authority, he is informed that Messrs. T. Tremblay and L. M. Laplante, both school inspectors, are addicted, since a long time, to intemperance and that, in consequence of this unfortunate habit, they cannot properly perform the duties of their office ;

That it is of the greatest importance that the conduct of school inspectors should be beyond reproach ;

Therefore, the undersigned prays that an investigation be held, according to law, upon the conduct of these officers.

The whole respectfully submitted.

LOUIS GIARD,
Secretary.

Quebec, 12th November, 1879.

On motion of Mr. P. S. Murphy, this petition was referred to the standing sub-committee.

VII.—The sub-committee appointed to examine school books reported as follows :

11th November, 1879.

The sub-committee for the examination of the books submitted for the approval of the council of Public Instruction has the honor to report as follows :

Present.—His Grace the Archbishop of Quebec, Chairman, Hon. P. J. O. Chauveau, Mgr. Langevin, Bishop of Rimouski, and Mgr. A. Racine, Bishop of Sherbrooke.

Child's Catechism of Sacred History. Examination deferred until continuation is submitted.

Histoire de France, Printed by Rolland, simply a reprint of a book prepared in France, for France. Not superior to the histories already approved.

Book-keeping by the Ladies of *La Congrégation N.-D. de Montréal*. Approved.

Histoire-sainte. Printed by Rolland. Approved with the recommendation that in another edition the engravings be replaced by better ones.

Enseignement du dessin linéaire by the Ladies of *La Congrégation N. D. de Montréal*. Approval, deferred until examined by the Council of Arts and Manufactures.

Blancs pour les examens de grammaire, 4 books. Approved.

(Signed.)

† E. A. ARCHBISHOP OF QUEBEC.

This report was adopted, except in so far as it relates to *l'Histoire Sainte*, printed by Rolland, Montreal, to which the Committee does not deem it advisable to give its approval.

VIII.—Moved by Hon. Mr. Chauveau, seconded by the Bishop of Rimouski:

"That when the examination of a work submitted for the approval of the committee is referred to some person whose assistance it would be advisable to obtain, on account of his special knowledge of the subject, the Superintendent do exact from the authors, editors or others who ask the approval, such sum as he may deem a proper remuneration for the person appointed to examine such work."—Carried.

IX.—Moved by the Bishop of Rimouski:

"That the commission for the examination of candidates for the position of school inspector be authorized to hold another meeting for examination."—Carried.

X.—Moved by Hon. Mr. Chauveau:

“ That the said commission be authorized to prepare a programme for the examination of candidates for inspectorship as soon as possible.”

Moved in amendment, by the Bishop of Rimouski :

“ That, seeing the inadvisability of programmes for competitions, the said commission, while adopting a programme for its own guidance, shall not subject the candidates to it.”

For the amendment:

The Bishop of Three Rivers, the Bishop of St. Hyacinthe, the Bishop of Rimouski and Vicar-General Moreau.

*Against:—*His Grace the Archbishop, the Bishop of Ottawa, the Bishop of Chicoutimi, the Bishop of Sherbrooke, Hon. Mr. Chauveau, Sir N. F. Belleau, Hon. Mr. Justice Jetté, Mr. Murphy and Dr. LaRue.

The amendment was, therefore, lost and the main motion carried.

XI.—The committee decided to recommend the Government to appoint as member of the Board of Examiners for the district of Gaspé, Reverend Joseph Omer Normandin, *curé* of Grande Rivière, in the place of Reverend P. J. Saucier, who has left the county, and as members of the Board of Examiners of St. Hyacinthe, the Reverend Alexis Xyste Bernard, priest and canon, and Henri St. Germain, Esq., physician, in the place of Reverend L. Misaël Archambeault and of S. Bertrand, who have resigned.

XII.—The Committee unanimously resolved to recommend to the Government, as a matter of public interest and as a question of urgency :

1o. To provide means for giving school inspectors the same salary as in the year 1877-78.

2o. To provide means for giving the Superintendent the amount usually granted for books to be distributed as prizes in the schools.

3o. To provide means for giving the normal schools the usual amount of \$46,000 per annum.

XIII.—The Committee adopted the following by-laws:

By-laws of the Catholic Committee of the Council of Public Instruction in accordance with the 29th Vict., chap. 48, sect. 2.

Whenever it shall be represented to the Superintendent, by a special report of a school inspector, accompanied by a statement of his reasons therefor, that a male

or female teacher teaches within the limits of such inspector's district, without having the knowledge and aptness necessary for teaching, although such teacher holds a diploma or certificate of capacity from a Board of Examiners, the Superintendent shall notify such teacher that he or she will have to appear *de novo* before the Board of Examiners, at the time specified, and the Superintendent shall notify, in writing, to the Board of Examiners, the name of such teacher who is so obliged to pass a new examination.

The said Board of Examiners shall examine *de novo* the said teacher, at such time and at such of its meetings as it shall indicate to the teacher, upon the subjects prescribed by law and the by-laws in force, according to the degree of teaching for which the teacher has already received a diploma; and, if the examination is deemed satisfactory by such Board of Examiners, it shall give a new certificate to the candidate; but, if the Board cannot grant such new certificate, the first certificate or diploma obtained shall be null and void.

Every such teacher who shall refuse or neglect to comply with the order of the Superintendent or with that of the said Board of Examiners, without a valid reason, which such Board of Examiners shall admit or reject, shall forfeit his diploma or certificate and all his rights to teach in the future.

Nevertheless, such teacher may, at the expiration of one year after his being rejected by the said Board of Examiners, again come up for examination under the conditions of the law, and obtain a certificate of capacity, if deemed worthy of it.

The said Board of Examiners shall send in a report of its proceedings to the Department of Public Instruction, together with the vouchers of the examination.

And it was resolved, that the Superintendent do submit these by-laws to the approval of the Lieutenant-Governor in Council.

Thursday, the 13th.

The same members were present:

XIV.—The whole of this meeting was employed by the Committee in revising the distribution lists of the Superior Education Fund and of the Fund for poor municipalities, prepared by the Superintendent.

Friday, the 14th.

XIV *bis*.—The Committee continued to revise the distribution lists of the funds commenced the day before.

XV.—On the item of \$70, granted to the boys' model school, at St. Alexandre, county of Iberville, His Grace the Archbishop moved that this grant be reduced to \$50.

A vote was taken on the motion with the following result :

For :—His Grace the Archbishop, the bishops of Three Rivers, Ottawa, Sherbrooke, St. Hyacinthe and Rimouski, Vicar-General Moreau, Dr. LaRue, P. S. Murphy, Esq, Sir N. F. Belleau, Mr. Justice Jetté.

Against :—Hon. Mr. Chauveau.

The motion was carried.

XVI.—The item of \$60, granted the model school of St. George (Beauce), was reduced to \$50, and the Superintendent was requested not to pay the said grant until the accounts of the municipality were settled to his satisfaction.

XVII.—The item of \$70, granted to St. Denis (Kamouraska), was struck out, as the school Commissioners of the said parish had not yet submitted to the decision of the Superintendent.

XVIII.—The Committee resolved to grant, for this year only, out of the poor municipalities' fund, the sum of \$50, to the municipality of St. Grégoire-le-Grand (Iberville), owing to the losses incurred by this parish, by the destruction of their account books by fire.

XIX.—On motion of Sir N. F. Belleau, the Committee authorized the Superintendent to retain a sum not exceeding 25 per 100, out of the usual grant of such municipalities as had not forwarded their Superior Education report within the delay fixed by law.

Saturday, the 15th.

XX.—On motion of the Bishop of Three Rivers, the Committee approved of the amended distribution lists of the Superior Education fund and of the poor municipalities' fund.

XXI.—Sir N. F. Belleau moved :

“ That, seeing the growing requirements of Superior Education in this Province, the Superintendent be authorized to request an additional amount from the Government, and that such amount be at least two thousand dollars, so that the total sum distributed by this Council for this year, be at least equal to that of last year.”—Carried.

XXII.—Moved by the Bishop of Chicoutimi:

“ That the Board of Examiners of Chicoutimi be authorized to grant, in addition to elementary school diplomas, model school diplomas for the counties of Chicoutimi, Charlevoix and Saguenay.”—Carried.

XXIII.—Moved by the Bishop of Rimouski:

“ That the Board of Examiners of Rimouski be authorized to grant elementary school diplomas for the counties of Temiscouata and Saguenay.”—Carried.

XXIV.—Mr. Chauveau gave notice that, at the next meeting of this Committee, he will move,

That, in future, every institution receiving a grant out of the Superior Education Fund with the exception of Classical Colleges who shall refuse to receive the visits of the inspectors, be deprived of such grant.

XXV.—Sir N. F. Belleau gave notice that at the next meeting of this Committee, he will move :

1o. That in future no grant be made out of the Superior Education fund, to aid in the erection or repair of school buildings, or to pay debts contracted for the erection or repair of buildings, but that such erection and repairs be made only in accordance with the school laws, and the debts be also paid in accordance with the said laws.

2o. That in order to secure a more equitable distribution of the moneys voted by the Legislature for the encouragement of Superior Education in this Province, it is advisable that the Committee of the Council be put in possession, by the proper authority, of the amount of the special grants made by the Legislature to any person, association or corporation, praying aid from this committee from and out of the Superior Education fund and of the amount collected during the past year, either by assessment, monthly contributions, or from any other source.

GÉDÉON OUMET,
President.

LOUIS GIARD,
Secretary.

PROTESTANT COMMITTEE.

SITTING OF THE 28TH MAY, 1879.

Which day the quarterly meeting of the Protestant Committee of the Council of Public Instruction was held. Present: The Lord Bishop of Quebec, Principal Dawson, L.L.D., F.R.S., &c., Dr. Cameron, M.P.P., the Hon. L. R. Church, R. W. Heneker, Esq., the Hon. Judge Dunkin, the Hon. J. Ferrier, and the Hon. G. Ouimet, Superintendent of Public Instruction.

The Hon. Judge Dunkin was requested to act as Chairman of the meeting.

The minutes of the former meeting were read and confirmed.

The Hon. the Superintendent of Public Instruction stated, that, by an order in Council, the Right Reverend William Bennett Bond, Lord Bishop of Montreal, was appointed a member of the Council of Public Instruction.

A letter was read from James G. Black, Esq., Chairman of Board of Trustees, Thurso, Ottawa County, P.Q., setting forth the present state of the school there, the subjects taught, and the intention of the trustees to make it a first-class graded Academy, and asking a grant from the Fund for Superior Education. The Secretary was instructed to write Mr. Black, that the usual returns must be made to the Department of Public Instruction, and that the claims of said school at Thurso would be considered, when the distribution of the fund for Superior Education was made on the 4th September next.

A letter from Dr. Cornish, President of the Board of Examiners, Montreal, regarding the recent examinations there for teachers' diplomas, and the granting of an academy diploma to Mr. F. S. Haight, M.A., teacher, Montreal, having been laid before the Committee, it was resolved:

"That the teacher referred to by the Montreal Board be passed as recommended."

"That the Montreal Board be authorized to grant a diploma for an Academy to Mr. Haight on such examination as they may deem necessary."

"That the Secretary, in concert with Dr. Cornish, be authorized to select from the published list some elementary work on Book-Keeping and the use of the Globes, for the examination of Model School Teachers, and to advertise the same, and also that the Linear Drawing be restricted to Freehand Drawing. as in one of Smith's Elementary Books."

A letter from Gerald H. Brabazon, Esq., Secretary, Board of Examiners, Pontiac, regarding the recent examination for teachers' diplomas held at Portage du Fort, having been laid before the Committee, it was resolved:

"That the teacher referred to by the Pontiac Board be passed as recommended."

A letter from Mr. Forde, teacher, Model School, Clarendon, complaining of the action of the Pontiac Board of Examiners, at the late examination by the said Board, for teachers' diplomas, was referred to the Hon. the Superintendent of Public Instruction for inquiry, and to report thereon at next meeting.

On the motion of the Hon. L. R. Church, it was resolved :

"That Bolton McGrath be requested to visit and report specially upon the character of the work being done in the Clarendon schools and Portage du Fort, and the relative efficiency of each, and the claims of each to a grant from the Superior Education Fund."

The Reports of Messrs. Emberson and Weir, Inspectors of Academies and Model Schools, were read, and tabular returns of their inspection laid on the table.

The Lord Bishop of Quebec, on behalf of the sub-Committee which had examined these returns, presented a written report recommending, in addition to other matters, that the Committee should settle the classification for grants. Mr. Heneker, one of the sub-Committee, gave verbal explanations of the method adopted in preparing the returns. As the question seemed to involve difficulty, it was, on the motion of the Hon. James Ferrier, seconded by Dr. Church, resolved :

"That the reports and returns of the Inspectors of Academies and Model Schools be referred back to the same sub-Committee, viz: R. W. Heneker, Esq., the Lord Bishop of Quebec, and Dr. Dawson, with instructions to prepare a classified list of the Academies and Model Schools for the final approval of this Committee at its next session."

On motion of the Lord Bishop of Quebec, it was resolved :

"That the Sub-Committee above-named be requested to report on the advisability of establishing a uniform set of text-books in all Model Schools and Academies, and to recommend, if they deem the project feasible and advisable, a series of text books for the information of the Committee."

"That the same Sub-Committee be instructed to prepare a form for the tabulation of the results of Inspectors' reports."

Mr. Heneker reported verbally that he had received from the Hon. the Superintendent of Public Instruction, a statement of the moneys at the disposal of the Council, and that he wished to examine the same and report thereon at the next meeting. It was agreed to receive the statement after examination by Mr. Heneker.

There was laid before the Committee a communication from the School Commissioners of the Village of Dunham, intimating their intention of establishing in the said Village of Dunham, a first class graded school, and of guaranteeing a thousand dollars for its support, and soliciting a grant of four hundred dollars from the Fund for Superior Education. The Secretary was instructed to say in reply:

“That the request is under consideration of the Committee, with every desire to encourage the laudable effort being made by the trustees, but that, until the meeting in September, it cannot give any definite assurance as to the amount of the grant.”

It was Resolved:—

“That the next meeting of the Committee be held on Thursday the 4th September.”

It was Resolved:—

“That the Committee on Medical Matriculation be instructed to bring the following suggestions for legislation in amendment of the Medical Act under the notice as well of the Government as of the College of Physicians and Surgeons, with the urgent request that attention be given to the same, and that Drs. Cameron and Church be added to that Committee.”

RECOMMENDATIONS FOR LEGISLATION.

(1). That any Bachelor of Arts of any British or Canadian University, on presenting his Diploma and paying the usual Examination Fee, shall be exempted from the Matriculation Examination of the College of Physicians and Surgeons, and shall be duly enregistered as a Student of Medicine.

(2). That any student having matriculated in Medicine in any University in the Province of Quebec, shall, in like manner, be exempted, provided that the subjects of examination in such University shall have been previously submitted to the Council of the College of Physicians and Surgeons and approved thereby.

The Committee are requested also to confer with the Superintendent of Education, and the Sub-Committee of the Catholic Committee, and such other bodies as may be necessary, with reference to similar provisions as to entrance on the study of the Legal, Notarial and other Professions.

The accounts of the Contingent Fund were examined, together with the vouchers and found correct, the balance at the credit of the Committee in the Montreal Bank being nine hundred and eighty-five dollars and forty-two cents, (\$985.42).

The Secretary's account for incidental expenses from 6th December, 1878, to date, amounting to \$6.92 was ordered to be paid. Accounts of Inspectors' travelling expenses in inspecting Academies and Model Schools, having been laid before the Committee, were ordered to be handed to the Hon. the Superintendent of Public Instruction for payment.

It was agreed:—

“That this Committee would call attention to the provision on the part of the Dominion Government in aid of Military drill in the Colleges, Academies and Schools, and would recommend to the Principals or Trustees of such Institutions to place themselves in communication with the Department of Militia on the subject.”

The following statement, with accompanying letter, from the Auditor General of the Dominion, regarding the arrears of Marriage License Fees was obtained at Ottawa through the Hon. Hon. James Ferrier.

MARRIAGE LICENSES.—QUEBEC.

	Receipts.	*Expenditure.
1867-68.....	\$ 3,676.....	\$ 180 02
69	3,159.....	270 08
70.....	3,074.....	134 37
71	3,339.....	149 01
72.....	2,500.....	202 04
73.....	1,139.....	94 97
	<hr/> 16,887	<hr/> 1,030 49

* Expenditure means cost of collection only.

Copy-Letter.

Ottawa, May 7th, 1879.

Dear Sir,

I enclose a statement which may be of some service with reference to your enquiry of this morning.

Yours truly,

(Signed) J. L. McDougall.

Addressed to

HON. JAMES FERRIER,
Senate.

It was resolved:—

“That Mr. Ferrier, Dr. Cameron, Dr. Church, and Mr. Lynch be a Committee to confer with the Local Government, and otherwise act as they may deem advisable, with a view to the means of obtaining for the use of Protestant education in connection with this Committee, the sum of arrears of Marriage License Fees from 1867 to 1873, inclusive, now in the hands of the Dominion Government.”

Draft of a letter intended to be addressed by the Bishop of Quebec to some member of the Government, but which, finding that a meeting of the Protestant Committee could be obtained before his departure for Europe, he submitted to the Committee, as containing his views:

Quebec, 30th July, 1879.

To the Superintendent of Public Instruction,

SIR,—In the debates of the Legislative Assembly, as reported in the *Morning Chronicle*, I perceive that Mr. Langelier intimated that it was the intention of the Government to bring in a bill for the abolition of inspectors of schools, and the substitution of inspection of schools. And in Mr. Joly's answer to Mr. Church, while admitting that the question is not a fundamental one, he gave the House to understand that good faith required the Government to press it.

It would certainly appear to a plain man that inspection without inspectors was a mistake. The Bill will probably throw some light upon this. But I cannot wait for the Bill. I am leaving shortly for Europe; and what I have to say, I must say at once; though I find myself at some disadvantage in criticizing the substance, whilst I have only the shadow before me. I presume, however, that, as in lieu of the payment of inspectors, a grant is to be made to the schools best kept up, some sort of inspection is to be made, in order to ascertain what schools are best kept up, by officials, not selected for the office they hold by reason of their special acquaintance with educational methods.

You must permit me to say, that it is impossible to regard this as any inspection at all. And the Government appear, when they have not election pledges to redeem, to be of the same opinion; for, unless I am greatly mistaken, Mr. Langelier took credit for the increased efficiency which would be secured by an additional expenditure, which he proposed for the payment of inspectors in other departments, rightly no doubt. The general principle that where public money is expended, the Government should ascertain through its own officials that the money is well expended is incontrovertible. And the stringent application of this principle is of more urgent necessity in educational than in any other affairs.

I had thought it indeed a fundamental axiom, in all systems where the Government undertook to aid Public Instruction, that Government Inspection formed the backbone of the system.

It has been usual no doubt to make grants to institutions of high position, such as chartered Universities, without insisting on inspection. And the reason is obvious. The very existence of these bodies is proof that they are in trustworthy hands. They are founded by men who have shewn their interest in education, and

their personal disinterestedness, by the sacrifices they have made, and they are administered by cultivated men, who have taken education for their life's vocation. But I do not claim for these institutions any exemption from the universal obligation of those who receive public money to account for their use of it. The only difficulty lies in finding competent inspectors.

With elementary schools the case is different. Here inspection, skilled inspection, is absolutely necessary, if the money is not to be wasted.

The justification of a Department of Public Instruction, for elementary education at least, is not so much Government aid as Government control. If the inhabitants of our villages were possessed of the requisite zeal, and knowledge, they could and would provide, through their municipal system, all the education required. But the fact that they do not possess the zeal, makes them willing to accept the public money. And the fact that they do receive the Government money, makes them so far amenable to Government control.

And for the application of this control. It is not easy for the Government to provide that there shall be a body of experts in every village; but it is possible for the Government to provide a central body of instructed men, competent to say what education ought to be, and versed in the methods of its attainment. The Government grant is the only lever by which this central body can bring its weight so to bear upon local managers as to raise the standard of education; and the inspectors are the indispensable agents for the application of this lever.

I do not say that the system of inspection now existing cannot be improved. I think it can. And under the reform of the department introduced by Mr. DeBoucherville, one step was taken for its improvement. The inspectorships are no longer political appointments. No inspector can be now appointed who has not been recommended by the Council of Public Instruction. And the Council will certainly recommend the candidate they deem to be most competent, without any regard to political influence. This change has not produced its effect as yet; because the Council, (I speak as it observed of the Protestant Committee of the Council,) because the Council has had no opportunity to exercise the powers conferred upon them. Other steps might be taken, doubtless, for the improvement of this branch of the Department; but the inspection will not be what it ought to be and might be, until the inspectors receive specific instructions for the details of their inspection from the Council, and the grants are awarded by the Council informed by the inspectors' reports.

Of the necessity for, and efficiency of such inspection, it would be easy to furnish examples.

When I was appointed a member of the Council of Public Instruction, I came with the personal knowledge that in some cases schools drawing grants from the Superior Education Fund were inferior to schools classed as elementary, and a strong suspicion that the same was true of other schools. I had nothing however, in the majority of cases, to go upon but surmise; and surmise, however well founded, in an insufficient ground for action.

Under Mr. DeBoucherville's administration, the Protestant Committee of the Council of Public Instruction, procured a special inspection of those schools paid out of the Superior Education Fund, that we might know whether they were really giving Superior Education or not.

The Council fixed the standard of what ought to be considered Superior Education, and used the inspector to ascertain the facts.

The result shewed, that some of these schools were giving Superior Education, but that others were no more than elementary schools, though receiving money granted for Superior Education.

These last were warned that if they did not improve, they could only be classed as elementary schools.

A second inspection showed that some schools failed to improve; and that a great improvement had been made in many.

The report is now under the consideration of the Protestant Committee of the Council, and it shows the healthy working of inspections; it forms a reliable basis for action, in that it shows where money given for superior education is not used for that purpose; and it acts as a stimulus to improvement in those schools that can be improved.

This relates to superior education. I can give similar proof of the beneficial effects of outside inspection upon elementary schools.

In this case the inspection I shall instance is not Government inspection; but that is irrelevant, as the point I am endeavoring to prove is not that Government inspection, as at present, conducted is perfect, but that inspection in itself is a thing desirable. The schools, however, are Government schools. They are the schools of the minority. And I intend to say nothing against the Inspectors of the Districts; they are French; they are Roman Catholics; and, for reasons that will be appreciated, their inspection, where made at all, is nominal.

These schools are subvented by societies within our Church. It was felt, by those administering the growth of these societies, that they were walking in the

dark. They had no means of knowing whether their money was well spent or wasted. They appointed an Inspector, and his first report informed them that, in some cases at least, their money was wasted. The teachers were inefficient; system there was none; and the attainment what might be expected. The Inspector visited, and reported regularly. Informed by him, the societies communicated with the local managers; and, under this influence, the schools have improved generally, and greatly; those in my mind's eye when I spoke of the money given being wasted, having become of the best; employing two young men as teachers, who went straight from that employment to a University, where they have both distinguished themselves by their ability and attainments.

Permit me now to say one word concerning the Protestant Committee of the Council of Public Instruction.

The members of that body were appointed, I suppose, because they were considered to be competent advisers in the matter of education.

If they are considered incompetent they can be removed. If their advice is not approved it can be rejected. But it does seem a little odd that a vital portion of the organism under their charge should be removed without their advice having been asked.

I will say nothing about the other members, but when I consider that Dr. Dawson,—selected for his present position, as Principal of McGill College, by Sir Edmund Head, (no mean authority in these matters) on account, not merely of his great scientific attainments, but for his acknowledged skill in the administration of a Provincial Department of Public Instruction,—is a member of that Committee, the action of the Government in proposing such a revolution in the Department as the abolition of School Inspectors without consulting the Committee, presents itself to me as similar to what that of a body of men, not specially versed in the laws of health, but finding themselves ultimately responsible for the health of a patient, placed under the charge of a carefully chosen body of physicians and surgeons, one of whom was a man of marked eminence in his profession, would be—if they were to determine, by way of alleviating the patient's condition, to remove his heart without condescending to take the opinion of the physicians in charge, as to the probable effect of such an operation.

I have the honor to be,

Sir,

Your obedient Servant,

J. W. QUEBEC.

At a special meeting of the Protestant Committee of the Council of Public Instruction, held at the usual place of meeting, on Wednesday, the 30th day of July, 1879, were present: His Lordship the Bishop of Quebec, Hon. James Ferrier, Hon. L. R. Church, Dr. Dawson, Dr. Heneker, W. W. Lynch, M.P.P., Dr. Cameron, M.P.P., and the Hon. the Superintendent of Education.

In the absence of the Chairman, Dr. Dawson was requested to act as Chairman; and in the absence of the Secretary, Mr. Lynch was requested to act as Secretary.

The Hon. Superintendent explained that he had called the meeting at the request of His Lordship the Bishop of Quebec and Dr. Church, who read a letter expressive of his views on the reported legislation of the Government concerning education, which had been prepared at a time when he was not certain whether a meeting of the Committee would be held, and if held, whether he would be able to attend it. The letter was intended for submission to the Government.

It was moved by His Lordship the Bishop of Quebec, seconded by Dr. Heneker, and resolved:

“That the Superintendent be requested to inform the Government that this Committee deprecate organic changes in the system of education without giving this Committee an opportunity of expressing their opinion thereon, and especially in the direction of gratuitous instruction, so called, and to assure the Government that this Committee are anxious to offer all the assistance in their power towards the rendering of inspection effective and economical.”—Carried.

Moved by Hon. Mr. Church, seconded by Dr. Cameron, and resolved:

“That in view of the fact that the McGill Normal School has created a staff of teachers, relying upon a continuance of its annual grant, this Committee hopes that the Government will reconsider its intention of reducing the grant to Normal Schools, especially as the Schools are about to re-open and their arrangements are made for the coming year upon the basis of the usual grant being continued.”

The Hon. Superintendent submitted to the Committee a correspondence with the Hon. the Provincial Secretary, with reference to the desire of the Executive Council to have a conference with this Committee; and this Committee agrees with pleasure to such conference for to-morrow (Thursday) at 1 p.m., at the rooms of the Hon. the Speaker of the Legislative Council.

The Chairman read a letter from the Hon. Mr. Justice Dunkin, regretting his inability to attend this meeting of the Committee.

The Chairman was requested to bring under the notice of the members of the Government in the conference with them, the above resolutions and also the following matters :

1st. The satisfaction of the Committee with and confidence in the Honorable Superintendent, and regrets that the Government should consider it their duty to reduce his salary.

2nd. That the unexpended balances are imperatively required by the Committee for administrative purposes.

At the time appointed, the Committee met the members of the Government, and at their request fully explained its views on the subjects referred to in the above minutes, and were assured by the Hon. the Premier, that they would receive the earnest consideration of the Government.

COPY of minutes of proceedings of a meeting of the Protestant Committee of the Council of Public Instruction held on Wednesday the 26th November, 1879.

EDUCATION OFFICE, Quebec,
26th November, 1879.

Which day a special meeting of the Protestant Committee of the Council of Public Instruction was convened on the call of the Honble. the Superintendent of Public Instruction : present, The Right Reverend Bishop Bond, Principal Dawson LL.D., F. R. S., etc., R. W. Heneker, Esq., The Venerable Archdeacon Leach, LL.D., Dr. Cook, The Honble. W. W. Lynch, and The Honble. G. Ouimet, Superintendent of Public Instruction.

In the absence of the Chairman, Dr. Dawson was requested to take the Chair.

The minutes of the ordinary meeting of the 28th May, and of the special meeting of the 30th July last were read and confirmed.

In the absence of the Lord Bishop of Quebec Mr. Heneker read the following Report of the Sub-Committee appointed to consider the Reports of the Inspectors of Academies and Model Schools :—

“The Sub-Committee appointed to consider the reports of the Inspectors of Academies and Model Schools, have gone carefully through the summaries, and the detailed analyses of the several schools.

They find it somewhat difficult to determine the relative efficiency of the schools because, in their classification of the same, the Inspectors have amalgamated

the intellectual state of the school with the educational spirit of the managers, as evinced by the state of the buildings and apparatus, and with the tone, manners, and method of the school.

While the Sub-Committee thinks it of importance that all these matters should be reported, they find it absolutely necessary that they should be kept distinct.

It would appear, moreover, that only selected pupils were examined. This the Sub-Committee consider a defect. They are unable to judge of the condition of the schools, unless all are examined, that they may know, (1) how many pupils are professing to learn a given subject, and (2) how many of these have satisfied the examiner.

Under these circumstances the Sub-Committee can only suggest that the Committee should take the schools in order and decide their grants, with reference, in each case, to the Inspectors' reports.

Furthermore they would recommend, that, in order to exhibit a clear statement of the kind, quality and degree of instruction given in each school, a digested method of examination should be prepared and sanctioned by the Committee for future use.

And they are of opinion that this would be facilitated by the adoption of a uniform set of text books."

(Signed), J. W. QUEBEC.

May 27th, 1879.

There were also laid before the meeting by the same Sub-Committee—"Forms for exhibiting the state of Instruction in each class of the Schools inspected."

The Committee agreed to receive the above Report and to adopt the recommendation, that, in the future Reports by Inspectors of Academies and Model Schools, the Educational matter be kept distinct from School appliances, &c.

The Committee further agreed to re-appoint the Sub-Committee with the addition of Dr. Leach's name, and to refer thereto the consideration of the Forms for exhibiting the state of Instruction in each class of the Schools inspected, and the adoption of a uniform set of Text-Books, said Sub-Committee to meet in Montreal during the Christmas holidays.

In regard to Medical Matriculation and entrance Examination on the study of the Legal, Notarial and other Professions, Dr. Dawson stated that a Bill had been introduced during the late Session of the Provincial Legislature, but that it had failed to pass. The Sub-Committee on this subject was reappointed.

The Secretary was instructed to call the notice of Colleges and Academies to the provisions of the Dominion Government in aid of Military Drill in such Institutions.

The Hon. Mr. Lynch stated that he had brought under the notice of the late Government, the arrears of Marriage License Fees, now in the hands of the Dominion Government, but that nothing had as yet been done in regard to this matter.

It was resolved to re-appoint the Sub-Committee on this subject, omitting the name of the Hon. W. W. Lynch, and adding that of R. W. Heneker, Esq.

On the motion of R. W. Heneker, Esq., seconded by the Venerable Archdeacon Leach, it was unanimously resolved to adopt the following Resolutions which had been passed by the Catholic Committee :—

“The Committee resolve unanimously, that the following requirements, are, in the public interest, of a nature so urgent that they ought to be pressed upon the attention of the Government, with a view to immediate action.

“1st. The continuance of the salaries of the School Inspectors, the same as in the year 1877-78.

“2nd. Granting to the Superintendent the customary subsidies for prize-books.

“3rd. Granting to the Normal Schools the usual subsidy of \$46,000.”

On the motion of R. W. Heneker, Esq., seconded by the Venerable Archdeacon Leach, it was resolved :—

“That a Sub-Committee be appointed to confer with a Sub-Committee of the Roman Catholic Committee, on the subject of Inspection, as well as on any other matters bearing on the general question of Education, and that the Hon. the Superintendent be requested to act on both of these Sub-Committees as convened. Said Sub-Committee to consist of R. W. Heneker, Esq., Dr. Church, The Lord Bishop of Quebec, Dr. Cook and Dr. Dawson.

The revenue from the marriage license fees after deducting \$200 for management amounted for the past year to \$5,314. Of this sum \$5,000 were appropriated to University Education as follows :

McGill University.....	\$2,500
Morrin College.....	1,250
University of Bishop's College, Lennoxville.....	1,250
	<hr/>
	\$5,000

The balance of the marriage license fees amounting to \$314 being added to the grant from the fund for Superior Education, viz : \$9,986.13 leaves a total of \$10,294.13 for distribution this year.

The Committee after carefully examining and considering the Reports and Returns of Inspectors of Academies and Model Schools in connection with the annual Returns from the different Educational Institutions for Superior Education, agreed to recommend the payment of the following sums annexed to each.

UNIVERSITIES AND COLLEGES.

McGill University.....	\$ 1,650
Morrin College.....	500
St. Francis College, Richmond.....	1,000
University of Bishop's College, Lennoxville.....	1,000
	<hr/>
	\$4.150

ACADEMIES.

Class I.

Stanstead (Ladies' College).....	\$ 600
Huntingdon.....	600
Lachute, Argenteuil.....	500
Coaticook.....	400
	<hr/>
	\$2,100

Class II.

Granby, Shefford.....	\$ 300
Sherbrooke	300
Compton, (Ladies College).....	300
Bedford, Missisquoi.....	300
Clarendon, Pontiac.....	200
	<hr/>
	\$1,400

Class III.

St. Johns, St. Johns.....	\$ 150
Magog, Stanstead.....	150
Cookshire, Compton.....	150
Dunham, Missisquoi.....	150
Inverness, Megantic.....	150
Sweetsburg, Missisquoi.....	150
Knowlton, Brome....	150
Danville, Richmond.....	150
	<hr/>
	\$1,200

Class IV.

Hatloy, Stanstead.....	\$ 100
Frelighsburg, Missisquoi.....	100
	<u>\$200</u>
Total for Academies.....	\$4,900

Berthier-en-haut was ranked class III, and Waterloo, (Shefford), class IV, but, as there were no returns from these Academies, no amount could, in the meantime, be recommended to be paid them.

MODEL SCHOOLS.

Class I.

Lacolle, St. Johns.....	\$ 100
Barnston, Stanstead.....	80
Sutton, Brome.....	75
St. Henri.....	75
Valleyfield, Beauharnois.....	75
LaPêche, Ottawa.....	75
	<u>\$480</u>

Class II.

Clarendon, Pontiac.....	\$ 50
Clarenceville, Missisquoi.....	50
Mansonville, Brome.....	50
Stanbridge, Missisquoi.....	50
Cowansville, Missisquoi.....	50
Philipsburg, Missisquoi.....	50
Bury, Compton.....	50
Marbleton, Wolfe.....	50
Maple Grove, Megantic.....	50
City of Hull.....	50
Leeds, Megantic.....	50
St. Dunstan, Quebec.....	50
Three Rivers, St. Maurice.....	50
	<u>\$650</u>
Total for Model Schools.....	\$1,130

Total for Superior Education \$10,180, leaving a balance unexpended of \$114.13.

There were no returns from Ulverton and St. Etienne, and in consequence no grants were made to them.

The usual special grants to the High School, Montreal, \$1,185. The High School, Quebec, \$1,285, were recommended to be paid.

On the recommendation of Mr. Inspector Emberson, it was agreed to offer a grant, from the Fund for Superior Education, to the best Protestant School fulfilling the requirements of a Model School in the county of Montcalm, to be reported on by Inspector Duval.

The Secretary laid before the Committee the Returns from examining Boards for Teachers' Diplomas of the Examinations held in May and November last, together with suggestions from Dr. Cornish, President Board of Examiners, Montreal, that Linear Drawing, the use of the Globes, and Book-keeping be, in future, omitted from the examination, that a simpler form of Diploma be prepared for all grades and offering to draft such for the sanction of the Committee. The Secretary was instructed to write Dr. Cornish, that as Drawing, the use of the Globes, and Book-keeping are required by Law, they cannot be omitted from the examinations, but that they may be made as simple as necessary, and to ask him to have the kindness to prepare a draft form of Diploma for all grades of Teachers.

Letters were read from Inspectors Fothergill and Hubbard regarding the deficiency of Candidates for Teachers' Diplomas in Scripture Knowledge. It appears also from the Returns of Inspectors of Academies and Model Schools, that in several of them there is no reading of the Holy Scriptures, nor any instruction therein. The Committee agreed to refer the question of Scripture Instruction to the sub-Committee on Inspection.

Communications from Inspector Lyster, and Mr. Ruel, Secretary Board of Examiners, Carleton, Bonaventure, were read, from which it appears, that, in some instances, Protestant Teachers have received Diplomas from the Board of Examiners, Bonaventure, without complying with the new Regulations. The Secretary was instructed to write Messrs. Lyster and Ruel, that in future all Protestant Candidates for Teachers' Diplomas must be examined on the printed papers issued by this Committee.

The question of the inconvenience, in the County of Gaspé, of the present times, viz: May and November, fixed for the examination of Candidates for Teachers' Diplomas referred to in Mr. Lyster's letter, was reserved for future consideration.

The Secretary was directed to reply to the note of Mr. Forde, Teacher, Model School, Clarendon, inquiring whether a first-class Diploma from the National Board of

- Education, Ireland, was equivalent to a Model School Diploma of this Province—that, the Committee require all Teachers to hold Provincial Diplomas.

Application from Messrs. Alexander and Hugh Elliott, for a grant from the Fund for Superior Education to School No. 5, Clarendon, was refused on the ground of its close proximity to the Clarendon Academy.

Letters were read from Mr. James G. Black, Thurso, making application for a grant from the Fund for Superior Education to the School at Thurso, and from Mr. Wm. Uprichard for an increase of the grant to the Model School of LaPêche.

Several sets of School Books from Adam Miller & Co., Publishers, Toronto, and a proposal from said firm to furnish to Teachers in this Province, the Journal of Education published by them, were referred to the Sub Committee on Inspection, &c.

The Secretary submitted a statement of the contingent fund showing a balance at the credit of the Committee of \$1,671.55, which was examined and found correct.

The following accounts were submitted and ordered to be paid, viz:—Secretary's contingent expenses, \$9.62; J. Lovell, Esq., printing examination papers, \$39.50; Wm. Stanley & Co., account books, \$2.72.

Messrs. Emberson and Weir were appointed Inspectors of the Protestant Academies and Model Schools in the Province of Quebec receiving grants from the fund for Superior Education, on the same terms as previously, viz: each to receive \$250 in addition to his present salary, the time of inspection to be fixed by Sub-Committee on Academy text-books, etc.

There being no further business, the Committee adjourned to meet on Wednesday the 24th February, 1880, or sooner, if necessary on the call of the Chairman.

GEORGE WEIR,
Secretary, P. C. of the C. of P. I.

Certified a true copy

this 1st day of Dec., 1879.

GEORGE WEIR.

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FINANCIAL STATEMENT

OF THE

SUPERINTENDENT OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION

FOR THE

PROVINCE OF QUEBEC,

Showing the Warrants received and the Expenditure

FOR THE

FISCAL YEAR ENDED 30th JUNE,

1879.

PRINTED BY ORDER OF THE LEGISLATURE.



QUEBEC:

PRINTED BY CHARLES FRANÇOIS LANGLOIS,
PRINTER TO HER MOST GRACIOUS MAJESTY THE QUEEN.

1879.

“COMMON SCHOOLS.”—Continued.

TO WHOM PAID.	COUNTY AND MUNICIPALITY.	\$	cts.	\$	cts.	\$	cts.
	Brought over.....		542 08		1614 97		
	L'Assomption.—Continued.						
L. O. Laporte.....	Isle Bouchard.....		13 26				
J. O. Lamarche.....	Mascouche.....						\$ 291 77
do	do [diss].....						24 47
F. X. O'Brien.....	Repentigny.....		316 24				
J. B. F. Marin.....	St. Lin.....		114 28				\$ 337 14
Thomas Henderson.....	do [diss].....						13 12
St. J. Marion	St. Paul.....		250 26				
D. Lamarche.....	St. Roch.....		172 08				
N. Pierre Héty.....	St. Sulpice		327 68				
	Arthabaska.		98 98		1934 86		
Charles J. Powell.....	Arthabaskaville.....		94 82				
David Bergeron.....	Blandford.....		69 22				
George Dauth.....	Bulstrode.....		99 48				
P. H. Larue.....	Chénier.....						\$ 121 17
Olivier Dagenais.....	do						121 17
Cyrille Fournier.....	Chester North.....		242 34				
Pierre Roux.....	Chester East.....		101 30				
Cyrille Rouleau.....	Chester West.....		200 52				
L. Lavergne.....	Stanfold.....		177 66				
Rex. F. X. Lessard.....	St. Albert.....		320 00				
Camille Gélinas	Ste. Clothilde.....		24 09				
Isaye Pouliot.....	St. Christophe.....		48 18				
P. LeBel.....	St. Norbert.....		107 14				
James R'ddle.....	Tingwick.....		110 66				\$ 98 42
do	do [diss].....						54 44
F. H. Héroux	Victoriaville.....		152 46				
			185 08				

Warwick.....	Bayot.	231 70	2215 03
J. W. Alexander	Actonvale.....	240 14	
do	St. André.....	94 28	
Ls. Philie.....	St. Dominique.....	310 40	
P. Fafard.....	St. Ephrem Parish.....	100 82	
do	do Village.....	79 96	
J. V. Poitras.....	Ste. Hélène.....	150 28	
E. Lafontaine.....	St. Hugues.....	289 62	
W. Desmarais	St. Liboire.....	185 58	
A. Gauthier.....	St. Pie.....	450 40	
Joseph Léveillé.....	Ste. Rosalie.....	206 62	
Alfred Brien.....	St. Simon.....	247 92	
Paul Decelles.....	St. Théodore.....	160 54	2316 56
P. V. deBoucherville.....	Beauharnois Parish.....	208 58	
J. Leduc.....	do Village.....		\$ 174 26
George Ellis.....	do do [diss].....		10 54
St Théophile Verner.....	St. Etienne.....	184 80	\$ 129 00
F. Turner.....	do [diss].....		13 48
E. L. Normandin.....	St. Louis.....	142 48	
J. Syrons.....	do [diss].....		\$ 316 44
G. Chalifoux.....			95 52
L. Gervais.....	St. Stanislas.....	411 96	
B. Boyer.....	St. Timothée.....	100 84	
William Todd.....	Valleyfield	321 96	\$ 331 45
	do [diss].....		53 03
		385 08	
			1815 70
Alfred Roy.....	Beaumont.....		\$ 74 16
George H. Couture.....	do		74 16
H. Lamontagne.....	Buckland.....	148 32	
do	Mailloux.....	159 62	
Stanislas Brousseau.....	St. Cajetan.....	73 64	
Ed. Bi'odeau.....	St. Charles.....	171 70	
		280 40	
	Carried over.....	\$833 68	10097 14

“COMMON SCHOOLS.”—Continued.

TO WHOM PAID.	COUNTY AND MUNICIPALITY.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
	Brought over.....	833 68	10097 14	
	Bellechasse.—Continued.			
B. M. McKenzie.....	St. Gervais.....			
Célestin Bouchard.....	do			\$ 164 03
				164 03
Loais Kemneur.....	St. Lazare	328 06		
F. A. Mercier.....	St. Michel Village.....	267 92		
Ephrem Gagnon.....	do Parish.....	159 48		
P. K. Gagnon.....	St. Raphael.....	117 66		
François Bélanger.....	St. Valier.....	264 30		
		189 22		
			2260 32	
	Beauce.			
Gervais Roy.....	Aylmer.....	140 66		
H. Catellier.....	Aubert.....	270 14		
Ludger Beaudoin.....	Broughton			\$ 154 87
E. Bélanger.....	do			154 87
Magloire Beaudoin.....	Forsyth.....	309 74		
Matthew Moonan.....	Jersey.....	149 74		
Klézar Doyean.....	Lambton.....	46 00		
David Cathcart.....	Medgermette.....	198 06		
Barnabé Tanguay.....	Shenley.....	46 20		
Rev. D. Lemieux.....	Saints Anges.....	124 62		
Philéas Lussard.....	Sacré Cœur de Jésus	109 22		
John Fréber.....	do do [dix].....			\$ 67 16
				17 26
Léger Veilleux.....	St. Come	84 42		
Jean Roy.....	St. Ephrem.....	79 40		
L. Miville DeChêne.....	St. Eusèbe.....	219 88		
Joseph Denis.....	St. François.....	228 88		
L. G. A. LeGendro.....	St. Frédéric.....	517 16		
E. Vézina.....	St. Joseph.....	200 78		
Joseph Morin.....	Ste. Marie.....	159 62		
		364 36		

Rev. J. O. S. Nand	St. Sévériu.....	57 79	3519 30
François Gosselin.....	St. Victor.....	234 82	
<i>Berthier.</i>			
Oet. Lavallée.....	Berthier Parish.....	291 56	2001 38
B. E. Pelland.....	do ville.....	\$ 160 91	
Timothy Palston.....	do [dias].....	25 19	
D. Guevremont.....	Isle St. Ignace.....	186 10	
Blandonné Cardin.....	Isle Madame.....	78 58	
Pierre Casaubon.....	Isle Dupas.....	25 98	
Dr. D. Marsolais.....	Lavaltrie.....	51 94	
Antoine Caire.....	Lanoraie.....	170 40	
F. B. Rouleau.....	St. Barthelemi.....	264 42	
Chs. O. Tranchemontagne.....	St. Cuthbert.....	325 86	
J. A. Ecrement.....	St. Damien.....	405 46	
George Dubeault.....	St. Gabriel.....	146 76	
Wm. Goudie.....	do [dias].....	380 42	
Chs. LaRose.....	St. Michel.....	21 56	
Thadé M. Dechêne.....	do	253 34	
J. N. Roch.....	St. Norbert.....		
<i>Bonaventure.</i>			
Ed. Boudreau.....	Carleton	131 16	
W. L. Kempfer.....	Cox.....	\$ 207 22	
P. D. Loisel.....	do [dias].....	68 07	
Walter C. Ross.	Hope.....	\$ 53 05	
Andrew S. Young.....	do	55 85	
J. M. Kelly.....	do [dias].....	33 84	
Joseph Roussey.....	do [dias].....	31 04	
Alexis Poirier.....	Hamilton.....	\$ 92 34	
George Ross.....	do [dias].....	18 08	
Archd. McEwen.....	Miguasha.....		
James S. Duncsn.....	Mann		
Henry Lodge.....	Matapedia.....		
J. F. Guité.....	Maris	\$ 262 85	
Richard Brash.....	do [dias].....	14 81	
Carried over.....		\$1092 67	18478 23

“COMMON SCHOOLS.”—Continued.

TO WHOM PAID.	COUNTY AND MUNIC PALITY.	\$	cts.	\$	cts.	\$	cts.
	Brought over.....		1892 67		18478 23		
	Bonaventure.—Continued.						
Ed. Arseneau.....	Nouvelle.....		147 80				
Solomon Cyr.....	New Richmond and diss.....						\$ 151 36
Richard Brash.....	do [diss].....		212 22				60 86
			116 10				
P. D. Loisel.....	Paspebiac.....						
Wm. A. McPherson.....	Port Daniel.....						\$ 123 34
William McDonald.....	do [diss].....		177 92				54 58
			74 68				
do Peter Ingram.....	Ristigouche.....		50 00				
Rev. Oct. Drapeau.....	do Indian School.....		66 50				
William Gray.....	Shoolbred.....		85 58				
Jérémie Pitre.....	St. Alexis.....		102 46		2125 93		
Solomon Poirier.....	St. Charles.....						
	Brome						
John McFarlane.....	Brome.....		453 52				
J. N. Holland.....	Bolton East.....		251 88				
H. O. Knowlton.....	Bolton West.....		121 90				
R. Hutchins.....	Farnham East.....						\$ 253 90
A. C. Dupry.....	do [diss].....						87 38
Narcisse Couture.....	do [diss].....		350 58				59 30
			282 86				
S. J. Blanchard.....	Polton.....						
Hugène A. Dyer.....	Sutton.....						\$ 314 80
J. T. Langlois.....	do [diss].....		408 20				93 40
	Chambly.						
La. Normandin.....	Boucherville.....		276 76				
W. Vallée.....	Chambly Parish.....		240 66				
Cornellie Urie.....	do Canton.....		61 25				

John Taylor.....	Chambly Canton [diss].....	16 67	1363 40
L. Marchand.....	Longueuil, ville.....	270 52	
Alexis Fourange.....	do Parish.....	114 42	
Timothy Sauriol.....	St. Bruno.....	129 48	
Aimé Lambert.....	St. Basile.....	79 62	
François Robert.....	St. Hubert.....	131 56	
O. Mailoux.....	St. Lambert.....	42 46	
Chicoutimi.			
Lucien Tremblay.....	Bagotville Village.....	56 76	2170 06
do	do Parish.....	150 78	
M. Claveau.....	Chicoutimi Village.....	180 92	
do	do Parish.....	351 56	
Louis Foreade.....	Grande Baie.....	169 36	
Edmond Boudreault.....	Harvey.....	68 70	
Elzéar Ouellet.....	Hébertville.....	134 04	
Paschal Bergeron.....	Jonquières.....	167 54	
Jean Tremblay.....	Laterrière.....	171 30	
Augustin Potvin.....	Metabetchouan.....	77 28	
G. Lufroid Paradis.....	Quiatchouan.....	110 40	
Jean Gauthier.....	Sté. Anne, Tremblay.....	150 52	
Abol Savard.....	St. Félicien.....	30 66	
J. C. Lindsay.....	St. Gédéon.....	45 44	
Rev. Paul Dubé.....	St. Jean.....	\$ 39 74	
Rev. Jos. N. Boulianne.....	do	39 74	
Jos. P. Gagnon.....	St. Jérôme.....	\$ 71 43	
Joseph Pruneau.....	do	71 43	
Arthur Boulanger.....	St. Joseph.....	142 86	
E. Saint Hilaire.....	St. Prime.....	29 22	
		53 24	
Charlevoix.			
O. A. Clément.....	Baie St. Paul.....	405 20	26006 56
Rev. Frs. Cinq-Mars.....	Callières.....	10 78	
François McNicol.....	DeSalles.....	48 44	
Arsène Tremblay	Eboullements.....	274 68	
S. Perron.....	Isle aux Coudres.....	93 26	
Th. Forgues.....	Malbaie.....	318 00	
Joseph Lavoie.....	Petite Rivière.....	77 54	
George Warren.....	Pointe au Pic.....	66 42	
Ant. Bouchard.....	Settrington.....	111 96	
Carried over.....		\$1406 28	

“COMMON SCHOOLS.”—Continued.

TO WHOM PAID.	COUNTY AND MUNICIPALITY.	\$	cts.	\$	cts.	\$	cts.
	Brought over.....			1406	28	20006	56
	Charlevoix.—Continued.						
Alexis Gaudreault	St. Agnès.....			209	74		
Achille Bhéroux.....	St. Fidèle.....			105	58		
G. Lajoie.....	St. Irénée.....			129	50		
Zéphirin Côté.....	St. Placide.....			65	32		
S. Guérin	St. Siméon.....			48	44		
Jos. Girard.....	St. Urbain.....			111	04		
	Châteauguay.					2075	90
Jos. Alf. Allard.....	Châteauguay.....	\$ 241	96				
Andrew Watt.....	do [diss].....	28	13				
David R. Hay.....	Howick	\$ 114	82			270	14
J. J. L. Déromo.	do [diss].....	21	16				
M. Boyce.....	St. Antoine.....					135	98
J. J. L. Déromo.....	St. Jean Chrysostôme No. 1.....	\$ 190	04			140	26
Wm. Hope.....	do do No. 1 and St. Urbain [diss].....	42	65				
	do do No. 2.....	\$ 221	00			232	69
S. J. Lewis.....	do do No. 2 [diss].....	33	04				
do	St. Malachie.....	\$ 313	30			254	04
A. McEnabern.....	do [diss].....	23	04				
Rev. M. Thibodeau.....	do [diss].....	14	72				
James P. Murphy.....	Sto. Martine.....	\$ 289	95			251	96
	do [diss].....	17	83				
Basile Vannier.....	Sto. Philomène.....	\$ 193	07			307	28
George McClenaghan.....	do [diss].....	7	37				
J. Pelletier.....						201	04
George Johnstone.....							

St. Urbain		206 15	2099 34
Champlain.			
G. P. Lanouette.....	Batiscan.....	170 14	
V. R. Lamothe	Champlain Village.....	71 56	
do	do Parish.....	136 36	
Hypolite Montplaisir.....	Cap de la Magdeleine.....	159 22	
Robt. Rowley.....	Fairmont.....	14 02	
Lac Ducharme.....	Mont Carmel.....	160 90	
J. E. Douville	Ste. Anne Lapérade Village.....	120 38	
Achille Bochet.....	do do Parish.....	251 04	
Jérôme Deschênes	Ste. Flore.....	103 62	
Rob. Trudel.....	Ste. Geneviève	295 72	
Oréus Beaudouin.....	St. Las.....	95 32	
Joseph Grenier.....	St. Maurice.....	\$ 181 10	
P. Duprat.....	do	181 10	
A. N. Dostaler.....	St. Narsisse.....	362 20	
Flavien Gravel.....	St. Prospère	190 78	
A. J. Lacourcière.....	St. Stanislas.....	148 96	
W. Moussette.....	St. Tite.....	351 04	
		198 82	2830 08
Compton.			
George Beloin.....	Auckland.....	33 76	
Chs. Patton.....	Bury	157 80	
C. L. Farnsworth.....	Compton.....	370 40	
H. E. Cairns.....	Clifton.....	112 02	
do	Clifton East.....	52 00	
Théophile Lachance.....	Ditton (La Patrie).....	160 90	
Edward S. Baker.....	Eaton.....	278 44	
John B. Nichols.....	Hereford.....	159 74	
John Scott.....	Hampden.....	28 50	
Alex. McKinnon.....	Lingwick.....	104 02	
George McLeod.....	Marston	78 24	
E. H. Wilford.....	Newport.....	120 00	
André Aubé.....	N. D. des Bois.....	41 30	
Argée Blais.....	Winslow North.....	91 18	
John A. McDonald	do South	\$ 118 22	
William Béliveau.....	do [diss].....	8 40	
Jeremiah Doremus.....	Westbury.....	126 62	
Malcolm McAuley	Whitton.....	47 16	
		28 98	
Carried over.....			1991 06
			\$35003 14

“COMMON SCHOOLS.”—Continued.

TO WHOM PAID.	COUNTY AND MUNICIPALITY.	\$	cts.	\$	cts.
	Brought over.....			35003	14
	<i>Drammond.</i>				
J. T. Caya.....	Drammondville.....	74	04		
E. T. Paterson.....	Durham.....	94	03		
J. C. Armstrong.....	Durham South.....			\$ 188	24
A. Guy.....	do [diss].....			41	35
J. T. Caya.....	Grantham.....	229	69		
E. Brown.....	Kingsey.....	87	43		
do	do [diss].....			\$ 235	84
				11	82
W. W. Towne.....	Kingsey Falls.....	247	66		
Astoino Grégoire.....	do [diss].....			\$ 81	55
				13	25
J. H. Bourbonnière.....	St. Germain.....	94	80		
G. Atkinson.....	St. Pierre.....	259	74		
E. J. Atkinson.....	do [diss].....			\$ 219	85
				3	01
John McCaig.....	Wickham East.....	222	86		
M. Léonard.....	do West.....	66	90		
Jos. Lafontaine.....	Wendover and Simpson.....	56	02		
Léop. Poirier.....	do [diss].....			\$ 49	81
				49	81
	<i>Dorchester.</i>	90	62		
				1533	49
Pierre Paquet.....	Cranbourne.....	77	66		
Rev. J. A. Rainville.....	Standon.....			\$ 19	81
Rev. Paul Dubé.....	do			19	81
J. M. Ouellet.....	St. Anselmo.....	39	62		
P. Plante.....	St. Bernard.....	288	00		
E. Evans.....	do [diss].....			\$ 218	25
				18	13
P. E. Marquis	Sto. Claire.....	236	38		
		522	22		

V. Lacroix	St. Edouard.....	\$ 205 84		
John Bartholomew.....	do [diss].....	33 64	239 48	
Rev. J. A. Rainville.....	Ste. Germaine.....	\$ 47 40		
J. S. Ouellet.....	do	47 40	94 80	
Isidore Lacasse.....	Ste. Hénédine.....		160 26	
C. A. Gonest.....	St. Isidore.....		321 16	
Rev. Henri deBrie.....	Ste. Justine.....		52 72	
Rev. J. A. Rainville.....	St. Léon.....	\$ 58 57		
J. E. Richard.....	do	58 57	117 14	
James N. Farrell.....	St. Malachie	\$ 186 05		
John Dillon.....	do [diss].....	32 15	218 20	
Léon Lafamme.....	Ste. Marguerite.....		209 56	2372 20
Deux Montagnes.				
J. Barnabé.....	St. Augustin.....	\$ 189 42		
Alexander McGeech.....	do [diss].....	16 94	266 36	
Jos. Girouard.....	St. Benoit.....		209 48	
John Hanna	St. Columban.....	\$ 43 90		
William Hart.....	do	43 90	87 80	
John Hanna.....	St. Carut No. 1.....	\$ 40 59		
do	do No. 1 [diss].....	14 09	54 68	
Samuel Chartier.....	do No. 2.....		29 10	
C. H. Champagne.....	St. Eustache.....	\$ 360 91		
Duncan McPherson.....	do and St. Joseph [diss].....	21 84	382 75	
P. Elie Clairoux.....	St. Hermas.....		169 74	
L. P. Bolair.....	St. Joseph		154 53	
Edouard Carrière.....	St. Joachim.....	\$ 44 42		
John Morrin.....	do [diss].....	10 36		
Chas. Robertson.....	do [diss].....	4 75	59 53	
J. B. L. Villemure	St. Jérôme No. 4.....		32 98	
D. Léonard.....	Ste. Monique.....		107 80	
Damase Léroux.....	Ste. Placide.....		152 22	
Antoine Fortier.....	St. Scholastique.....		285 72	1932 69
Carried over.....				\$10841 52

“COMMON SCHOOLS.”—Continued.

TO WHOM PAID.	COUNTY AND MUNICIPALITY.	\$	cts.	\$	cts.
	Brought over...			408	11 52
	<i>Gaspé.</i>				
Edouard Borne.....	Aubert.....		146 88		
Alexis Malenin.....	Anse à Grisfond.....		88 18		
J. B. Jalbert.....	Anse à Valenau.....		37 42		
Joseph O. Ste. Croix ..	Barachoir.....	\$ 28 79			
John Lawrence.....	do	29 17			
Thomas J. Touzel	do [dias].....	16 20			
Peter J. Duval.....	Bonaventure Island.....		74 16		
P. Célestin Bélanger.....	Claryformos.....		15 58		
Joseph Smith.....	Cap aux Os.....		34 16		
Philéas Roy.....	Cap Chats.....		25 32		
J. A. LeBel.....	Cap Rosiers.....		101 56		
Philip Ahearn.....	Cap Désespoir.....	\$ 91 22			
J. J. H. Balleine.....	do [dias].....	58 79			
Thomas Morris.....	Douglas.....	\$ 52 73			
Michael Kennedy.....	do	52 73			
Charles Esnouf.....	Grande Grève.....		105 46		
Louis Fournier.....	Grande Vallée.....		59 10		
J. O. Sirois.....	Grande Rivière.....		37 40		
Wm. Miller.....	Gaspé North.....		208 06		
W. H. Annett.....	Gaspé South.....	\$ 70 50			
Francis G. Eden.....	do	47 14			
Rev. Majorique Bolduc.....	do and Roseville [dias].....	23 75			
Nicholas Bailey.....	Haldimand.....	\$ 35 99			
Rev. Jos. H. Simard.....	do [dias].....	5 03			
Rev. Majorique Bolduc.....	do [dias].....	4 18			
Richard Boulet.....	La Madeleine.....		45 20		
Thomas S. Vardon.....	Malbait.....		15 58		
			23 61		

Joseph Lemieux.....	Mont Louis.....	59 62	
Thomas S. Vardon.....	Magdalen Island.....	128 44	
Grégoire Grenier.....	Newport.....	85 32	
William Flynn.....	Percé.....		\$ 188 16
James T. Tuso.....	do [diss].....	22 62	
George Manger.....	Pabos.....	210 78	
Thomas Soucy.....	Petit Pabos.....	82 81	
H. A. L. Touzel.....	Roseville.....	14 80	
F. X. Blouin.....	Rivière au Renard.....	13 70	
Jos. J. Létourneau.....	Ste. Anne des Monts.....	83 64	
Rev L. A. Lamontagne.....	St. George.....	157 80	
Jean N. Arseneau.....	St. Pierre l'Etang.....	22 34	
Fredk. Coffin.....	York.....	136 62	\$ 26 73
C. LeBoutillier.....	do [diss].....	31 06	4 32
	Huntingdon.		
John Davidson.....	Dundee and diss.....		
Peter McFarlane.....	Elgin.....	205 46	
A. A. Fergusson.....	Franklin.....	145 58	
Robt. Hyndman.....	Godmanchester and diss.....	187 14	\$ 256 21
John McHugh.....	do [diss].....	266 90	10 69
A. McCallum.....	Huntingdon.....		\$ 69 07
William Hassan.....	do [diss].....	99 10	30 03
S. Churchill.....	Havelock.....		\$ 146 81
S. J. Lewis.....	do [diss].....	180 10	39 79
T. Cottingham.....	Hemmingford.....		\$ 207 16
Patrick Clanoy.....	do [diss].....	311 44	104 28
Arthur Herdman.....	Hinchinbrooke.....		\$ 297 42
D. H. McCann.....	do [diss].....	317 02	19 60
J. J. Crevier.....	St. Anicet No. 1.....		\$ 172 34
D. Y. Smyth.....	do No. 2.....		65 51
John F. McGowan.....	do No. 2.....		8 40
Samuel B. B. Carson.....	do 1 and 2 [diss].....		41 09
Angus McPherson.....	do 1 and 2 [diss].....	344 78	57 44
	Hochelaga.		
N. M. LeCavalier.....	Côte des Neiges.....	109 38	
	Carried over.....	\$109 38	
		2476 61	
			2063 52
			45381 63

“COMMON SCHOOLS.”—Continued.

TO WHOM PAID.	COUNTY AND MUNICIPALITY.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
	Brought over.....	100 39	45381 65	
	Hochelaga.—Continued.			
Pierre David.....	Côte St. Louis.....		\$ 280 84	
C. Bewernick.....	do [diss].....		6 84	
Jacques C. Joubert.....	Côte St. Michel.....	287 68	\$ 50 00	
Louis Sicard.....	do	100 00	50 00	
Dr. A. D. Aubry.....	Côte St. Paul.....	300 28	\$ 276 66	
O S. Clark.....	do [diss]		23 62	
Ant. Lafond.....	Côte Visitation.....		\$ 39 53	
Alexander Lewthwaite.....	do [diss].....		9 38	
Wm. Nesbitt.....	do [diss].....	59 74	10 83	
Cyrille Gagnon.....	Haut du Sault.....	43 38		
J. M. Côté.....	Hochelaga..		\$ 115 18	
T. B. Bourbonnière.....	do [diss].....		22 62	
Louis Dntour.....	Longue Pointe.....	137 80		
N. M. LeCavalier.....	N. D. de Grâce.....	131 30	\$ 138 88	
Wm. Ramsay.....	do [diss].....		91 58	
George Cooke.....	Outremont	220 46		
Chs. Brin.....	Pointe aux Trembles	31 84		
Jean Desjardins.....	Rivière des Prairies.....	136 76		
Augustin Gauthier.....	Sault au Récollet.....	101 18		
P. DesRivières.....	Sto. Canegondo.....	169 10	\$ 148 51	
G. N. Ducharme.....	do		148 51	
J. L. Proulx.....	St. Gabriel and diss.....	297 02	\$ 206 22	
James McConnell.....	do [diss]		32 62	
A. DeSève.....	St. Henri	238 81	\$ 425 40	

Thomas J. Bedford.....	St. Henri [dias].....	71 36		
Adolphe Normandin.....	St. Jean Baptiste.....	\$ 206 09	496 76	
A. O. Marion.....	do.....	267 87		
W. McConnell.....	do [dias].....	37 62		344 00
	L'Islet.		572 48	
Nazaire Caron.....	Ashford.....		59 22	
Chs. Marcotte.....	L'Islet.....		371 18	
Zéphirin Morin.....	St. Aubert.....		179 48	
Jos. O. Aubut.....	St. Cyrille.....		133 52	
Maximilien Guimont.....	St. Eugène.....		159 22	
Antoine Fournier.....	St. Jean Port Joli.....		316 36	
Nazaire Caron.....	Ste. Louise.....		173 12	
Rev. Jos. B. Souldard.....	Ste. Perpétue.....		50 00	
R. Blanchet.....	St. Pamphile.....		63 38	
Guill. Pelletier.....	St. Roch.....		250 02	1755 50
	Iberville.			
L. H. Trudeau.....	Henryville.....	\$ 225 22		
L. Elliott Miller.....	do [dias].....	23 86		
J. B. H. Beauregard.....	Iberville.....	\$ 169 99	249 08	
W. M. Ryder.....	do [dias].....	24 43		
A. A. L. Brien.....	St. Alexandre.....		194 42	
J. B. H. Beauregard.....	St. Athanase.....		428 98	
Guillaume D. Lamarche.....	Ste. Brigitte.....	\$ 255 40	277 80	
John Reid.....	do [dias].....	11 91		
George Lindley.....	do [dias].....	9 04		
	St. Grégoire.....	\$ 152 08	276 38	
L. A. Anger.....	do.....	152 08		
J. O. Pion.....	St. Sébastien.....	\$ 210 09	304 16	
J. E. Godreau.....	do [dias].....	60 83		
W. G. Lewis.....	Joliette.		270 92	2001 74
Barth. Vézina.....	Joliette.....	\$ 372 80		
Isaac Cruchet.....	do [dias].....	22 87	395 67	
	Carried over.....		\$395 67	52592 89

“COMMON SCHOOLS.”—Continued.

TO WHOM PAID.	COUNTY AND MUNICIPALITY.	\$	cts.	\$	cts.	\$	cts.
	Brought over.....			395	67	52582	80
	<i>Juliette.</i> —Continued.						
M. Lavoie.....	St. Alphonse.....			164	42		
Olivier Vigneault.....	St. Ambroise.....						
William Lawlor.....	do [diss].....						
Russell Woods.....	do [diss].....						
André Beauséjour.....	St. Béatrix.....			242	60		
Venant Gaudet.....	St. Oéme.....			120	40		
J. B. Chevigny.....	St. Charles.....			83	78		
Pierre Robillard.....	St. Emmelle.....			156	10		
Joseph P. Brissonne.....	St. Elizabeth.....			70	66		
M. Crépeau.....	St. Félix.....			357	54		
William Stevens.....	do [diss].....						
U. Lippé.....	St. Jean.....			415	08		
Eugène Tellier.....	St. Mélanie.....			297	80		
Joseph Laporte.....	St. Paul.....			201	04		
Hercule Coutu.....	St. Thomas.....			252	34		
				239	36		
						2936	79
	<i>Jacques Cartier.</i>						
Geo. Boileau.....	Ile Bizard.....			108	44		
L. Forest.....	Lachine ville.....						
do.....	do Parish.....						
Robert E. Parke.....	do Parish and ville [diss].....						
P. A. Valois.....	Pointe Claire.....			349	24		
Thos. Grenier.....	St. Anne de Bellevue.....			191	16		
G. Madore.....	St. Anne du bout de l'Isle.....			76	58		
Geo. Boileau.....	St. Geneviève No. 1.....			90	38		
Jules Lauzon.....	do No. 2.....			122	08		
Yvariste Chaurette.....	do No. 3.....			48	70		
				99	62		

N. M. LeCavaller.....	St. Laurent.....	\$ 333 05		
do	do [diss].....	45 01		
	<i>Kamouraska.</i>		378 06	1464 26
P. Langlais.....	Kamouraska		296 24	
P. X. Anctil.....	Mont Carmel.....		127 92	
Chs. A. E. Gagnon.....	Rivière Ouelle.....		261 82	
Alexandre Gagnon.....	St. Alexandre.....		228 96	
Alfred C. Marquis.....	St. André.....		225 74	
Jean B. Ouellet.....	Ste. Anne Village.....		125 06	
Heepice Deejardins.....	Ste. Anne Parish.....		277 28	
Honorat Dumais.....	St. Denis.....		127 28	
Joseph Lebel.....	St. Eleuthère.....		25 96	
Paul Dessaint.....	Ste. Hélène.....		181 70	
Th. Oct. Michaud.....	St. Onésime.....		100 00	
Théodore Lévesque.....	St. Pacôme.....		241 96	
Ant. Blondeau.....	St. Paschal.....		417 42	
J. O. Chamberland.....	St. Philippe.....		128 70	2766 04
	<i>Laprairie.</i>			
L. Grondin.....	Laprairie Parish.....		220 40	
A. J. A. Roberge.....	do Village.....	\$ 153 34		
William J. Dart.....	do do [diss].....	10 18	103 52	
F. E. Arnould.....	St. Constant.....	\$ 227 98		
John T. Adam.....	do [diss].....	18 52	246 50	
F. T. Langevin.....	St. Isidore		235 58	
A. M. Martin.....	St. Jacques.....		238 32	
J. E. Jolivet.....	St. Philippe.....		227 78	1332 10
	<i>Lotbinière.</i>			
C. A. Lemay.....	Lotbinière.....		276 50	
C. E. Bernard.....	Lecleroville.....		82 08	
Isaie Demers.....	St. Agapit		85 32	
E. Croteau.....	St. Apollinaire.....		199 10	
L. Lefevre.....	St. Antoine.....		234 94	
Amable Lafamme.....	Ste. Agathe No. 1.....		38 58	
do	do No. 2.....		97 92	
La. Lemay.....	Ste. Croix.....		293 52	
C. E. Bernard.....	Ste. Emmelle.....		64 80	
	Carried over.....		\$1372 76	61142 08

“COMMON SCHOOLS.”—Continued.

TO WHOM PAID.	COUNTY AND MUNICIPALITY.	\$	cts.	\$	cts.	\$	cts.
	Brought over.....			1372	76	61142	08
	Lolbinière.—Continued.						
Esèbe Cinq-Mars.....	St. Edouard.....			155	46		
Fabien Garneau.....	St. Flavien.....			182	48		
Magloire Dubé.....	St. Giles.....			95	84		
F. O. Verville.....	St. Jean Deschaillons.....			\$ 163	51		
J. O. Mailhot.....	do.....			\$163	51		
Eugène Boissonneau.....	St. Narcisse.....			327	02		
Damase Bourgault.....	St. Patrick.....			59	62		
L. A. Gauthier.....	do.....			\$ 47	09		
Joseph B. Orr.....	do [diss].....			46	20		
				69	83		
Jean Lessard.....	St. Sylvestre South.....			163	12		
Rev. J. O. D. Nand.....	St. Séverin.....			146	82		
				57	79	2500	91
	Laval.						
Louis Sauriol.....	Bord à Plouffe.....			109	62		
H. Vanier.....	Bas du bord de l'eau.....			38	84		
Antoine Lacroix.....	Côte St. Antoine.....			51	18		
Firmin Hotte.....	Côte St. Elzéar.....			48	06		
A. B. Papineau.....	Haut de St. Martin.....			42	72		
L. Seers.....	St. Dorothée.....			94	94		
Aimé Masson.....	St. François.....			112	20		
Léandre Descôtes.....	St. Martin Village.....			107	78		
Guésime Dagenais.....	do bas.....			37	02		
S. Chartrand.....	St. Rose Village.....			95	68		
do.....	do Parish.....			224	44		
Alph. Lozeau.....	St. Vincent de Paul.....			301	30	1203	68
Philéas Desj'n.....	Blenville.....			127	28		

Joseph Bittner.....	Etchemin.....	212 86	
Léon Roy.	Levis and diss.....	\$ 843 03	
Thomas A. Anderson	do [diss].....	25 95	
Cyrille Samson.....	Lauzon.....	868 98	
Frs. Labrie.....	N. D. de la Victoire	361 82	
Evangeliste Desrochers.....	St. Etienne.....	78 62	
Chs. LeTellier.....	St. David.....	99 48	
Onésime Carrier.....	St. Henri	63 48	
Cyrille Samson.....	St. Joseph.....	314 04	
George Giroux.....	St. Jean Chrysostôme.....	156 24	
O. Dion.....	St. Lambert.....	221 70	
Ignace Paquet.....	St. Nicolas.....	203 00	
Louis St. Hilaire.	St. Romuald.....	305 98	
Pierre Cantin	St. Thélesphore.....	176 76	
		34 66	3224 90
	Montmorency. .		
Octave Laberge	Ange Gardien	136 24	
J. F. Blackburn.....	Château Richer.....	315 21	
Rev. Ant. Gauvreau.....	Les Crans.....	\$ 12 73	
Aug. N. Vézina.....	do	12 73	
		25 46	
Rev. F. X. Méthot.....	Laval.....	\$ 49 54	
Ferdinand Bédard	do	49 54	
Mathias Lachance.....	St. Adolphe.....	99 08	
François Simard.....	Ste. Anne.....	21 94	
Basile Marquis.....	Ste. Famille.....	124 42	
Rev. Cy. Bérubé.....	St. Féról.....	108 32	
Xavier Lemelin.....	St. François.....	128 70	
Jes. Fortin	St. Joachim.....	71 70	
Winoslas Turcotte.....	St. Jean.....	119 88	
Jérémie Audette.....	St. Laurent.....	279 75	
Rev. A. C. H. Paquet.....	Ste. Pétronille.....	128 96	
Pierre Goulet	St. Pierre.....	47 78	
F. X. Côté.....	do	48 12	
		96 24	
Rev. L. Marceau.....	Ste. Tito.....	\$ 43 01	
Rev. F. X. Garneau	do	123 05	
	Montcalm.	166 06	1869 71
Jules Brault.....	Chertsey.....	140 36	
	Carried over.....	\$146 36	70041 31

“COMMON SCHOOLS.”—Continued.

TO WHOM PAID.	COUNTY AND MUNICIPALITY.	\$	cts.	\$	cts.	\$	cts.
	Brought over.....			146	36	70061	31
	Montcalm.—Continued.						
Noé Forget.....	Doncaster.....			93	79		
Jean B. Lavoie.....	Kilkenny.....						
Frs. Thérien.....	do.....						
John English.....	do [diss].....						
				168	44		
J. H. Burns.....	Rawdon.....						
Michael S. Kelly.....	do [diss].....						
				204	30		
Ludger Piquette.....	St. Alexis.....			176	64		
Chs. Dulpé.....	St. Esprit.....			199	62		
L. L. Desaulniers.....	Ste. Julienne.....			145	06		
J. E. Cloutier.....	St. Jacques No. 1.....			115	72		
do.....	do No. 2.....			241	96		
W. B. DesRochers.....	St. Liguori.....			192	86		
James Green.....	Wexford.....			63	90	1748	65
	Montreal.						
M. C. Desnoyers.....	Catholic Commissioners.....			10127	54		
Wm. Luna.....	Protestant Commissioners.....			3737	12	13864	66
	Mequatic.						
Joseph Vigneau.....	Halifax North.....			275	22		
A. Schambler.....	do South.....						
Robert Kerr.....	do do [diss].....						
				356	76		
Thomas Flood.....	Ireland North.....						
Henry Mooney.....	do.....						
				58	56		
Chs. H. Peniston.....	Ireland South.....			112	60		

W. H. Lambly.....	Inverness.....	\$ 167 50	210 92	2317 22	
J. B. Rousseau.....	do [diss].....	43 42	94 54		
P. A. Drolet.....	Inverness West.....		222 88		
William Hume.....	Leeds.....		134 80		
Levissten Cummins.....	Leeds South		212 10		
W. J. Smyth.....	Nelson.....		74 02		
Joachim Delisle.....	Sacré Cœur de Marie.....		252 74		
Michel P. Cloutier.....	Somerset North.....		312 08		
P. Vigneau.....	do South.....				
	<i>Missisquoi.</i>				
W. Stevenson.....	Cowansville.....		84 66	2093 11	
H. C. Hyde.....	Clarenceville.....		162 88		
Geo. D. Baker.....	Dunham Township and diss.....	\$ 279 94			
Rev. J. Boaudry.....	do [diss].....	20 17	309 11		
J. Gear.....	Dunham Village.....		13 38		
E. E. Spencer.....	Frelsburg.....		207 16		
C. U. Dufresne.....	Farnham West.....	\$ 87 13			
Henry Bowker.....	do [diss].....	24 81			
G. A. Truax.....	do [diss].....	18 34	120 78		
Joseph Robidoux.....	N. D. des Anges.....	\$ 241 91			
George Sulley.....	do [diss].....	115 63	357 54	2093 11	
W. Thomson	Philipsburg.....		172 48		
George Sulley.....	St. Damien.....	\$ 177 74			
H. Guillette.....	do [diss].....	194 34	372 08		
C. U. Dufresne	St. Romuald.....	\$ 161 04			
Henry Bowker.....	do [diss].....	10 00	171 04		
J. Collins.....	St. Thomas.....		113 00		
J. M. Bayeur.....	Hunterstown.....		116 76		
A. T. Lafrenière.....	Maskinongé.....		270 14		
J. O. Hénault.....	Peterborough.....		42 22		
Charles L. Augé.....	Rivière du Loup Village.....		130 26	2093 11	
Eug. Vadeboncoeur.....	do Parish.....		240 62		
A. O. Lavele.....	St. Alexis.....		82 58		
	Carried over.....		\$891 58		
			90084 95		

“COMMON SCHOOLS.”—Continued.

TO WHOM PAID.	COUNTY AND MUNICIPALITY.	\$	cts.	\$	cts.	\$	cts.
	Brought over.....		891 58		90084 95		
	<i>Muskegongé.—Continued.</i>						
Elzéar Germain.....	St. Didace.....		242 86				
Alfred Lafrenière.....	St. Justin.....		204 04				
L. N. Gélinas.....	St. Léon.....		233 90				
J. M. Bayeur.....	St. Paulin.....		140 28				
E. A. F. Fusey.....	St. Ursule.....		\$ 282 79				
William Corbet.....	do [dias].....		14 55				
	<i>Montmagny.</i>		247 34		1960 90		
A. L. Bollanger.....	Berthier.....		183 26				
Fredk. Montizambert, M.D.....	Grosse Isle.....		50 00				
Wilfrid Lavoie.....	Isle aux Grues.....		82 98				
W. Vallée.....	Montmagny Village.....		196 36				
Théophile Nicole.....	do Township.....		119 08				
Ed. Laverigne.....	St. François.....		\$ 104 74				
J. S. Gendron.....	do.....		104 74				
C. Solyme Gamache.....	St. Ignace.....		209 48				
W. Guay.....	St. Pierre.....		425 72				
Nap. Bélanger.....	St. Thomas.....		167 80				
			375 74		1810 42		
	<i>Nicolet.</i>						
A. O. Désilets.....	Béancœur.....		341 44				
H. Tourigny.....	Gentilly.....		350 92				
E. Tremblay.....	Nicolet ville.....		227 52				
do.....	do Parish.....		190 42				
Edouard Thibodeau.....	St. Angèle.....		182 74				
N. Rivet.....	St. Brigitte.....		71 18				
Rev. O. Marquis.....	St. Célestin No. 1.....		\$ 42 94				
Uameliste Désilets.....	do No. 1.....		43 94				
P. Métiévier.....	do No. 2.....		85 88				
			123 08				

Rev. C. A. Barolet.....	Ste. Eulalie.....	16 88	3031 12
Oct. Moussette.....	Ste. Gertrude.....	201 56	
J. A. Poirier.....	St Grégoire.....	350 12	
Ludger Désilets.....	St. Léonard.....	97 02	
H. Tourigny.....	Ste. Marie.....	23 64	
J. H. Biron.....	Ste. Monique.....	290 78	
Onésime Rousseau.....	Ste. Perpétue.....	34 16	
Félix Bédard.....	St. Pierre.....	317 16	
Antoine Doucet.....	St. Samuel.....	17 02	
Rezene Couture.....	Ste. Sophie.....	64 92	
Em. Champagne.....	St. Wincelas.....	94 68	
Napierville.			
R. Lamarre.....	Sherrington.....	\$ 237 92	1517 96
Samuel Hay.....	do [diss].....	12 36	
A. Morizel.....	St. Cyprien.....	\$ 406 87	
James A. Manning.....	do [diss].....	18 21	
L. D. Lafontaine, M.D.....	St. Edouard.....		
Félix LaBelle.....	St. Michel.....	\$ 144 02	
James Brown.....	do [diss].....	13 90	
C. Bédard.....	St. Rémi.....	\$ 340 82	
Wm. Dunn.....	do [diss].....	18 80	
Ottawa.			
B. N. Reid.....	Aylwin.....	75 39	
Sister E. Curran.....	Aylmer.....	227 02	
Mathias Joanis.....	Ange Gardion.....	\$ 134 93	
P. S. Vernier.....	do [diss].....	25 43	
Frs. Nadon.....	Bouchette.....	160 26	
J. B. Blais.....	do.....	\$ 44 61	
John O. Smith.....	Buckingham [diss].....		
Tréan de Coeli.....	Cantley.....	\$ 118 87	
David Blackburn.....	do [diss].....	18 51	
Alex. Smith.....	do [diss].....	15 94	
Nathan Jowsey.....	Eardley.....	\$ 116 36	98405 35
Anthimo Perrier.....	do [diss].....	20 10	
Carried over.....		\$935 55	

“COMMON SCHOOLS.”—Continued.

TO WHOM PAID.	COUNTY AND MUNICIPALITY.	\$	cts.	\$	cts.	\$	cts.
	Brought over.....			935	55	98405	35
	Ottawa.—Continued.						
James McAuley.....	Egan and Kensington.....			31	30		
Eusèbe Faure.....	Hincks.....			54	62		
J. B. St. Pierre.....	Hartwell.....			86	36		
David Stewart.....	Hull Township.....			132	60		
Edouard E. Madore.....	Hull City.....	\$	538 92				
Thomas Harper.....	do [diss].....		60 70				
James Martin.....	Lowe.....			599	62		
H. McLean.....	Lochaber.....	\$	193 77	295	32		
do.....	do [diss].....		36 89				
William Bennett.....	Masbam.....			230	66		
J. L. Taillefer.....	Montebello.....			107	42		
James McAuley.....	Maniwaki.....			104	80		
E. Ippersule.....	N. D. de Bonsecours.....			77	14		
Jos. Smeyers Stassardt.....	Pointe à Gatineau.....			57	92		
J. B. St. Pierre.....	Ripon.....			164	16		
Wm. Uprichard.....	River Gattineau.....			183	00		
H. Beauchamp.....	Smeyersstadt.....	\$	32 45	8	24		
Edwin Mason.....	do [diss].....		17 65				
Arthur Hillman.....	Ste. Angélique.....	\$	153 51	50	00		
J. Cummings.....	do [diss].....		72 21				
P. A. Quesnel.....	St. André.....			225	73		
Ovide Bélanger.....	Ste. Cécile.....			243	12		
P. P. N. E. Pellissier.....	St. Edouard.....			135	32		
John Stapleton.....	St. Etienne.....	\$	122 53	32	98		
John Barnes.....	do [diss].....		59 49				
John Plunkett.....	St. Joseph.....			182	02		
Martin Murphy.....	St. Malachi.....			40	66		
				66	72		

Edwin Mason.....	Templeton.....	\$ 120 84	227 54	4545 10
do	do [diss].....	97 70		
John Stevenson.....	Wakefield and diss.....	\$ 71 70		
A. Hamilton.....	do [diss].....	21 61	93 31	
E. N. de Tilly.....	Wright and Northfield.....	\$ 162 39	179 10	4545 10
James Woodrow.....	do do [diss].....	16 71		
Terence Smith.....	Allumettes.....		195 20	
James Moore.....	Aldfield.....		27 01	
Michael Hayes.....	Aberdeen.....		6 92	
William Shirley.....	Bristol.....		280 78	
James T. Pattison.....	Bryson.....		44 94	
Hugh Matheson.....	Clarendon.....		519 10	
W. Bessette.....	Chichester.....		77 66	
John Honan.....	Calumet.....	\$ 118 18		
John Turnbull.....	do [diss].....	22 08		
			140 26	
G. B. Anderson.....	Leslie.....		51 56	
Jas. Carswell.....	Litchfield.....		34 54	
George McLean.....	Lower Litchfield.....		19 36	
John Turnbull.....	Mansfield.....		102 03	
W. H. Meredith.....	Onslow South.....		105 94	
Robert McKinney.....	Onslow North.....	\$ 36 33		
Jeremiah O'Meara.....	do	32 04		
William Mooney.....	do [diss].....	15 10		
Robert McKinney.....	do [diss].....	23 45		
			106 92	
John Nicol.....	Pontiac.....		22 86	
C. J. Rimer.....	Portage du Fort.....		84 68	
W. H. Meredith.....	Qayon.....		66 10	
John Donnelly.....	Sheen		47 20	
H. Lang.....	Shawville.....		28 32	
John C. O'Connor.....	Ste. Elisabeth.....	\$ 53 77		
John Mullin.....	do	53 77		
			107 54	
Joseph Martin.....	Thorne.....		81 04	2002 47
James Coghlan.....	Watham.....		52 46	
	Carried over.....			\$104952 92

“COMMON SCHOOLS.”—Continued.

TO WHOM PAID.	COUNTY AND MUNICIPALITY.	\$	cts.	\$	cts.	\$	cts.
	Brought over.....				104952 92		
	Portneuf.						
S. Delisle.....	Cap Santé.....		261 42				
J. D. S. Paquin.....	Deschambault.....		311 94				
Olivier Gauvreau.....	Ecureuils.....		72 72				
Joseph Blais.....	Grondines No. 1.....		123 26				
Louis Côté.....	do No. 2.....		71 96				
Aug. Langlois.....	Pointe aux Trembles.....		204 94				
F. X. T. Hamelin.....	Portneuf.....		\$ 182 16				
Francis White.....	do [diss].....		50 38				
	St. Augustin.....		232 48				
Félix East.....	St. Alban.....		244 16				
Jos. Savard.....	St. Basile.....		203 26				
Eustache Germain.....	St. Catherine.....		261 30				
Pierre Julien.....	St. Casimir.....		164 04				
H. Fournier.....	St. Jeanne.....		246 64				
Joseph Rhéaume.....	St. Raymond and diss.....		137 66				
Jos. Goulet.....	do [diss].....		\$ 356 54				
John Hewton.....	do [diss].....		44 09				
R. C. Panet.....	do [diss].....		20 55				
	St. Ubalde.....		421 18				
A. Gédéon Trottier.....	St. Ubalde.....		60 26		3017 22		
	Quebec.						
Et. Cambray.....	Beauport Village.....		76 50				
do.....	do Parish.....		\$ 430 84				
Wm. Pennington.....	do do [diss].....		19 04				
	Charlesbourg.....						
Pierre Villeneuve.....	Cap Rouge.....		449 88				
Onésime Voyer.....	Jorette (Aneienne).....		312 08				
J. Dufresne.....	Quebec City, Catholic Commissioners.....		123 00				
C. M. Hamel.....	do Protestant Commissioners.....		290 00				
A. N. McQuarrie.....	do.....		4991 42				
			781 46				

Sophie Vermette.....	Quebec City.....	30 00	
Lt.-Col. C. E. Montisambert.	do Citadel School, B Battery.....	50 00	
Joseph Bédard.....	Roche Platte.....	11 04	
Bernard Connors.....	Stoneham..... \$ 24 24		
William Craig.....	do [diss]..... 22 82		
		47 06	
Rev. G. Giroux.....	St. Ambroise.....	440 92	
Jos. Cantillon.....	Millery (St. Columban)..... \$ 504 87		
Alfred Wheeler.....	do do [diss]..... 37 09		
		631 96	
Ulric L'Heureux.....	St. Foye..... \$ 165 10		
A. W. Colley.....	do [diss]..... 45 94		
George Anderson.....	St. Dunstan..... \$ 20 07		
Andrew Fitzgerald.....	do [diss]..... 26 01		
		211 01	
George Todd.....	St. Gabriel West.....	46 08	
Wm. McBain.....	do East No. 1.....	124 68	
James Hicks.....	do East No. 2.....	80 00	
F. E. Blondeau.....	St. Roch North..... \$ 298 50		
Thos. O'Neill.....	do [diss]..... 54 82		
		348 32	
Ant. Rousseau.....	St. Sauveur..... \$1246 96		
J. L. Bell.....	do [diss]..... 32 32		
		1279 26	
Elie Plamondon.....	Tewkesbury No. 1.....	28 44	
John Devino.....	do No. 2.....	13 76	
		10382 62	
	<i>Rimouski.</i>		
J. B. Lebel.....	Cherbourg..... \$ 25 00		
Thomas Otis.....	do..... 25 00		
		50 00	
Olivier Bélanger.....	Capucins.....	32 10	
Joseph Verreault.....	Dalibaire.....	21 56	
D. McFugan.....	Metis.....	72 08	
Zéph. Lanouette.....	McNider.....	286 22	
Jos. Paront.....	N. D. du Sacré Cœur.....	104 63	
A. St. Laurent.....	Rimouski Village..... \$ 77 02		
C. F. Parent.....	do do..... 77 02		
		151 01	
L. S. LaRoche.....	do Parish..... \$ 234 28		
T. D. E. Grondin.....	do do..... 117 14		
		351 42	
	Carried over.....	\$1072 10	118352 76

O. Dupré.....	St. Robert.....	196 88	2620 31	
J. B. Paquette.....	St. Roch.....	126 24		
J. B. A. Marchessault.....	Ste. Victoire.....	263 90		
Richmond.				
Jos. H. Rankin.....	Brompton.....	\$ 77 09	111 18	
Octave Hupé.....	do [diss].....	17 65		
Noël Ouellet.....	do [diss].....	16 44		
George L. Ridout.....	Cleveland.....	\$ 215 63	274 42	
J. Ledoux.....	do [diss].....	58 79		
Timothy Leat.....	Danville.....	\$ 37 53	80 66	
F. A. Brien.....	do [diss].....	43 13		
John Main.....	Melbourne Township.....		297 42	35 06
Samuel Hethrington.....	do Village.....			
Timothy Lect.....	Shipton.....	\$ 250 60	305 86	
F. A. Brien.....	do [diss].....	55 26		
C. W. Maynard.....	Stoko.....		32 99	142 08
J. B. G. Milotte.....	St. George.....			
F. Stevens.....	Windsor.....	\$ 28 18	68 26	
James McCree.....	do.....	24 05		
Ed. St. Onge.....	do [diss].....	10 03	75 52	
James McCree.....	Windsor Mills.....	\$ 18 19		
J. S. Brown.....	do.....	20 50		
Ed. St. Onge.....	do [diss].....	36 83	217 42	
E. Gauthier.....	Abbotsford.....	\$ 93 12		
Philippe Dupuis.....	do and diss.....	108 71		
O. Crossfield.....	do [diss].....	13 59	284 94	
J. O. Pion.....	Ango Gardien.....	\$ 142 47		
Pierre Lajoie.....	do.....	142 47	98 70	607 02
A. D. D. Besette.....	Richelieu (N. D. de Bonsecours).....			
J. A. Gigault.....	Rougemont.....		202 08	156 88
Amédé Guillette.....	Ste. Angèle.....			
J. A. Authier.....	St. Hilaire.....		\$1567 04	126131 94
Carried over.....				

“COMMON SCHOOLS.”—Continued.

TO WHOM PAID.	COUNTY AND MUNICIPALITY.	\$	cts.	\$	cts.	\$	cts.
	Brought over.....		1567 01		126131 94		
	Route.—Continued.						
M. Lemonde.....	St. Jean Baptiste.....						\$ 126.82
J. N. Mondor.....	do						126 82
S. Bertrand.....	St. Mathias.....		253 64				
La Gation.....	Ste. Marie and diss.....		121 96				\$ 311 80
T. Riendeau.....	do [diss].....						2 56
	Sherbrooke.		314 42		2257 06		
	Ascot.....		330 54				
R. M. Hart.....	Lennoxville.....		90 78				
do	Orford.....		109 08				
Geo. E. Nagle.....	Sherbrooke, Catholic Commissioners.....		349 88				
Elisée Noël.....	do Protestant Commissioners.....		225 72		1106 00		
R. Davidson.....							
	Shefford.						
Leonard W. Weed.....	Ely North.....						\$ 90 90
W. L. Davidson.....	do [diss].....						20 28
			111 18				
F. X. David.....	Ely South.....						\$ 124 04
N. Darby.....	do [diss].....						40 50
			164 54				
G. E. McIndoe.....	Granby Village.....						\$ 55 08
F. Gation.....	do [diss].....						58 68
			113 76				
J. A. Tomkins.....	Granby Township.....						\$ 93 74
J. H. Mayotte.....	do [diss].....						92 12
S. Lapalme.....	Roxton.....		185 86				
J. P. Leonard.....	Shefford.....		413 01				
L. H. Knowlton.....	Stukeley South.....		434 42				
			67 68				

Ant. Andet.....	Stukeley North.....	\$ 140 43	164 07	
E. A. Brown.....	do [diss].....	23 64		
Eusèbe Chagnon... ..	St. Alphonse and diss.....	\$ 90 23		
Alexander Gray....	do [diss].....	6 39		
Cyrille Busière.....	St. Anne.....			
Napoléon Fontaine.....	St. Cécile.....	\$ 130 70	123 26	
Amos H. Chartier.....	do [diss].....	18 52		
Stanislas Bouchard.....	Sto. Pudentienne.....			
P. S. Grandpré.....	St. Valerien.....			
J. F. Léonard.....	Waterloo.....			
St. Hyacinthe. ●				
Magloire Benoit.....	La Présentation.....	\$ 119 42	238 84	
Alexis Millet.....	do	119 42		
N. Sylvestre.....	St. Barnabé.....			
J. E. LeBlanc.....	St. Charles.....			
La Brin.....	St. Damase.....			
A. Durocher.....	St. Denis No. 1.....		160 92	
do	do No. 2.....			
M. O. Bernier.....	St. Hyacinthe Parish.....			
H. R. Blanchard.....	do ville.....	\$ 471 10		
G. F. Burnett.....	do do [diss].....	15 40		
J. O. Guertin.....	do le Confesseur.....		152 72	
F. Lessard.....	St. Jude.....			
Stanstead.				
Marcus Child.....	Barford and diss.....	\$ 115 44		
Alfred Goyette.....	do [diss].....	9 90		
Hiram Howe.....	Barnston.....	\$ 318 55	125 34	
D. Mullins.....	do [diss].....	12 75		
John Lorimer.....	Beebe Plain.....			
Otis Shurtliff	Coaticook.....	\$ 39 62		
J. B. Gendreau.....	do [diss].....	111 02		
W. H. Cowhard.....	Dixville.....		331 30	
Carried over.....				
				41 70
				150 64
				48 58
			\$697 56	
			2351 62	
			2495 05	
			134341 67	

“COMMON SCHOOLS.”—Continued..

TO WHOM PAID.	COUNTY AND MUNICIPALITY.	\$	cts.	\$	cts.	\$	cts.
	Brought over.....		697 56		134341 67		
	Stanstead.—Continued.						
L. E. Parker.....	Hatley						\$ 280 52
Césaire Courtemanche.....	do [dis].....						20 52
H. St. Louis.....	Magog.....		301 04				
D. A. Mansur.....	Stanstead.....		152 48				
			480 66		1631 74		
	Saguenay.						
4 Jacques Duguay.....	Anticosti.....		60 00				
P. V. Dupuis.....	Betsiamits		71 68				
Rev. O. L. Parent.....	Bergeronnes		37 80				
do	Petites Bergeronnes.....		8 38				
David Onellet.....	Escoumains.....		95 06				
Rev. F. Gendron.....	Moulin de Baude.....		31 94				
J. A. Puize.....	Mille Vaches.....		53 12				
P. Vigneau.....	Pointe aux Esquimaux.....		111 94				
Auguste Gaudreault.....	Rivière au Canard.....		25 58				
Rev. P. O. Pelletier.....	Sault au Cochon.....						\$ 20 00
Louis Harper.....	do		40 00				20 00
Rev. F. Gendron.....	Ste. Marguérite.....		12 91				
do	Tadoussac.....		28 98		577 39		
	Soulanges.						
Fra. Lalonde	Coteau Landing.....						\$ 240 87
Ralph Sullivan.....	do [dis].....						18 87
J. H. Thibault.....	St. Clot.....		259 74				
Abraham Charest	St. Ignace.....		187 28				
Arcade Bissonnette.....	St. Joseph.....		218 26				
A. M. Pharand.....	St. Polycarpe.....		274 94				
			354 80				

A. M. Pharand.....	St. Thélesphore.....	\$ 124 55		
James Helps.....	do [diss].....	39 69	163 64	1403 06
St. Maurice.				
F. X. Bellemare.....	Gatineau.....		303 12	
Ant. Garceau.....	Pointe du Lac.....		190 52	
Maj. Lesage.....	Shawenegan.....		154 42	
C. H. Contu.....	St. Elie.....	\$ 30 65		
Théracée Beaulieu.....	do	30 65	61 30	
L. Genest LaBarre.....	St. Etienne.....		334 28	
Pierre Lacerte.....	St. Sévère.....		106 76	
J. G. A. Frigon.....	Three Rivers, city.....	\$ 809 23		
Alex. Houliston.....	do do [diss].....	173 91		
L. A. Camirand.....	do banlien.....		983 14	
J. Milot	Yamachiche.....		109 62	
			317 94	2561 10
St. Jean.				
Jos. H. Roy.....	Blairfinadie.....	\$ 110 84		
Co J. B. Brault.....	do	116 68		
Co Andrew Brownrigg.....	do [diss].....	5 84		
			233 36	
Wm. Harty.....	Lacolle.....	\$ 274 48		
Roswell Caulfield.....	do [diss].....	155 12		
			429 60	
Stanislas Côté.....	St. Jean ville.....		413 38	
Edouard Langlois.....	do Parish.....		115 16	
J. B. Many.....	St. Luc.....	\$ 97 29		
Henry Egglefield.....	do [diss].....	6 59		
			103 88	
Lucien Gagnon.....	St. Valentin.....	\$ 250 31		
Louis Roussy.....	do [diss].....	28 63		
			278 94	1574 32
Temiscouata.				
J. B. Beaulieu.....	Cacouna.....		234 42	
M. Deschênes.....	Fraserville.....	\$ 174 31		
J. B. Fergusson.....	do [dias].....	25 83		
			200 14	
Félix T. Rouleau.....	Isle Verte.....		395 46	
A. P. Beaulieu.....	N. D. du Lac.....		140 78	
			\$970 80	142089 88
	Carried over.....			

“COMMON SCHOOLS.”—Continued.

TO WHOM PAID.	COUNTY AND MUNICIPALITY.	\$	cts.	\$	cts.
	Brought over.....	970	80	142089	88
	<i>Temiscouata</i> .—Continued.				
Isaïe Michaud.....	N. D. du Portage.....	79	88		
John Fraser.....	N. D. des Sept Douleurs.....	43	90		
M. Deschênes.....	Rivière du Loup.....	152	48		
Elie Mailloux.....	St. Arsène.....	187	02		
William Queen.....	St. Antonin.....	153	90		
Théophile Ouellet.....	St. Clément.....	171	12		
Eug. Duret.....	St. Eloi.....	147	26		
G. H. Deschênes.....	St. Epiphane.....	163	78		
C3 Narcisse Bélanger.....	St. François.....	75	84		
C3 Bruno Dumais.....	St. François Xavier.....	47	40		
Cléophas LeBel.....	St. Honoré.....	33	76		
P. H. Pelletier.....	St. Louis.....	42	08		
H. Boucher.....	St. Jean de Dieu.....	41	75		
P. A. Gamache.....	St. Modeste.....	121	56		
Thomas Terrault.....	St. Paul La Croix.....	124	28		
Antoine Dumont.....	St. Rose.....	49	74		
P. Fournier.....	Trois Pistoles No. 1.....	268	06		
George Aubut.....	do No. 2.....	175	72		
	<i>Terrebonne</i> .			3050	33
J. O. Lallier.....	Beresford.....	188	06		
Philibert Lefleur.....	Ste. Adèle.....	203	92		
F. Villeneuve.....	Ste. Anne.....	236	42		
Rev. J. L. Gaudet.....	St. Hyppolite.....	110	12		
Alphonse Léonard.....	St. Janvier Village.....	42	74		
D. Desroches.....	do Parish.....	91	06		
do.....	do bas.....	30	40		
E. Marchand.....	St. Jérôme Village.....	150	54		
F. X. St. Michel.....	do Parish.....				
John Saunders.....	do St. Sauveur and St. Hyppolite [dies].....	304	80		
		26	02		

Théophile Legault.....	Stc. Marguërite.....	61 25	
John Griffin.....	Ste. Sophie.....	\$ 146 45	
James Lauder.....	do [diss].....	45 03	
Elie Desjardins.....	St. Sauveur.....	192 08	
James W. Jackson.....	do [diss].....		
A. Séguin.....	Ste. Thérèse Village.....	230 23	
C. Jérôme.....	do do		
E. C. Germain.....	do Parish.....	169 48	
Alexander Millar.....	do do [diss].....		
O. Forget.....	Terrebonne ville.....	165 06	
N. C. Siquard.....	do Parish.....	68 19	
		108 58	
			2388 24
	Verchères.		
A. E. Gervais.....	Contrecoeur.....	235 46	
C. P. Germain.....	St. Antoine.....	215 98	
L. Malo.....	Ste. Julie.....	149 74	
A. H. Archambault.....	St. Marc.....	145 06	
A. H. Bernard.....	Varennes Village.....	145 30	
do	do Parish.....	181 08	
Aimé Géofrion.....	Verchères.....	355 72	
			1428 34
	Vaudreuil.		
Julien Montpetit.....	Isle Perrot.....	121 44	
A. Phaneuf.....	Rigaud Village.....	119 02	
Joseph Sabourin.....	do Parish.....		\$ 292 21
John McFaul.....	do do [diss].....		27 67
Moyse Ménard.....	Ste. Justine.....	319 88	
Ostave Crevier.....	St. Lazare.....	152 36	
Ant. Lefebvre.....	Ste. Marthe.....	141 98	
A. B. Grisdale.....	do [diss].....		\$ 261 40
			13 28
		274 68	
D. Brulé.....	Vaudreuil.....		\$ 224 25
E. A. Hodgson.....	do [diss].....		67 79
		292 04	
	Wolfc.		
			1429 00
T. C. Csgood.....	Dudswell.....	113 64	
	Carried over.....	\$113 64	150385 79

“COMMON SCHOOLS.”—Continued.

TO WHOM PAID.	COUNTY AND MUNICIPALITY.	\$	cts.	\$	cts.	\$	cts.
	● Brought over		113 64		150385 79		
	Wolfe.—Continued.						
Ed. Grenier.....	Garthby.....						\$ 21 10
George Fournier.....	do						21 10
			42 20				
Pat. Blais	Ham North.....		135 46				
E. S. Dorche.....	Ham South.....						\$ 36 37
Robert Mackay.....	do and Weedon [diss].....						6 20
			42 57				
B. Hurtbise	St. Gabriel.....		64 80				
J. B. C. Miquelon.....	St. Camille.....		78 70				
Luc Gosselin.....	St. Fortunat.....		97 54				
Maxime Phénix.....	Wotton.....		234 68				
A. Guénette.....	Weedon.....		162 51				
R. Boulanger.....	Wolfestown.....		173 78		1145 88		
	Yamaska.						
J. L. Belcourt.....	Baie du Fevre.....		349 48				
Ol. Salois.....	St. Bonaventure.....		148 58				
J. D. Pepin.....	St. David.....		381 04				
O. H. Coutu.....	St. François Village.....		69 48				
do	do Parish.....		233 00				
P. C. Vanasse.....	St. Guillaume.....		328 84				
F. X. Rivard.....	St. Michel Village.....		47 02				
Alphège Cardin.....	do No. 2.....		42 60				
Joseph Salvas.....	do No. 3.....		28 32				
do	do No. 4.....		24 94				
Rev. P. A. Lebrun.....	St. Pie.....		161 30				
George T. Folster.....	St. Thomas de Plerreville.....		404 68				
G. P. Rousseau.....	St. Zéphirin.....		201 30				
					2420 58		
	Expenditure on Common Schools.....				\$153052 25		

30th June, 1879.....	Share of unexpended balance deposited at credit of Catholic Committee of Council of Public Instruction	898 40			
" "	Share of unexpended balance deposited at credit of Protestant Committee of Council of Public Instruction.....	149 35		1047 75	
	Total Common Schools.....		\$155000 00		155000 00
	SUPERIOR EDUCATION.				
	CATHOLIC INSTITUTIONS.				
	Arthabaska.				
Frère Symphorian.....	Arthabaskaville.....	250 00			
L. Lavergne.....	Stanford.....	50 00			
Sœur St. Philippe de Néri.....	St. Christophe, convent.....	150 00			
P. LeBel.....	St. Norbert.....	60 00		510 00	
	Argentueil.				
Rev. L. Z. Champoux.....	St. Andrews.....	100 00		100 00	
	L'Assomption.				
Rev. G. V. Villeneuve.....	L'Assomption, college.....	1500 00			
Sœur Ste. Isabelle.....	do convent.....	100 00			
J. Z. Martel.....	do boys.....	40 00			
Ludger Vaillancourt.....	L'Achenaie.....	50 00			
J. O. Lamarche.....	Mascouche, boys.....	70 00			
Sœur St. Philippe de Bénéti.....	do convent.....	80 00			
Sœur Marie Cécile.....	St. Lin, convent.....	100 00			
J. B. F. Marin.....	do boys.....	40 00			
D. Lamarche.....	St. Roch, boys.....	70 00			
Sœur Marie Eudoxie.....	do convent.....	100 00		2150 00	
	Bagot.				
J. W. Alexander.....	Actonvale, boys.....	50 00			
Sœur Marie St. Paul.....	do convent.....	130 00			
Sœur Marie St. Etienne.....	St. Hugues, convent.....	100 00			
Joseph Léveillé.....	Ste. Rosalie	90 00			
Alfred Brien.....	St. Simon.....	50 00		420 00	
	Carried over.....		\$3180 00		155000 00

SUPERIOR EDUCATION.—Continued.

TO WHOM PAID.	COUNTY AND MUNICIPALITY.	\$	cts.	\$	cts.	\$	cts.
	Brought over.....			3180	00	155000	00
	<i>Leauce.</i>						
E. Bélanger	Broughton.....		50		00		
Rev. H. Catellier	St. George.....		60		00		
E. Vézina	St. Joseph, boys.....		60		00		
Sœur St. Thomas	do convent.....		250		00		
Sœur Ste. Catherine	St. Marie, convent.....		270		00		
Frère Austin.....	do collège industriel.....		300		00		
Gervais Roy.....	St. Sébastien.....		50		00		
				1040	00		
	<i>Bellechasse.</i>						
Edmond Bilodeau.....	St. Charles, girls.....		50		00		
Sœur Marie St. Norbert.....	St. Gervais, convent.....		80		00		
E. M. McKenzie	do boys.....		55		00		
F. A. Mercier.....	St. Michel, collège industriel.....		200		00		
Sœur Marie Ste. Croix.....	do convent.....		150		00		
P. Xavier Gagnon.....	St. Raphaël.....		60		00		
François Bélanger.....	St. Valier, girls.....		35		00		
do	do boys.....		35		00		
				665	00		
	<i>Bonaventure.</i>						
Ed. Boudreau.....	Carleton, boys.....		100		00		
Sœur Marie des Anges	do convent.....		150		00		
Alexis Poirier.....	Hamilton.....		60		00		
J. F. Guité.....	Maria.....		70		00		
				380	00		
	<i>Beauharnois.</i>						
J. Leduc.....	Beauharnois, boys.....		160		00		
Sœur Marie du St. Esprit.....	do convent.....		120		00		
Sœur M. Michel	St. Louis, convent.....		56		00		
E. L. Normandia.....	do boys.....		50		00		

Evangeliste Vachon.....	St. Stanislas.....	70 00		
L. Gervais.....	St. Timothée, boys.....	160 00		
Sœur M. Maxime.....	do convent.....	100 00		
Sœur Marie de la Présentation.....	Valleyfield, convent.....	115 00		
B. Boyer.....	do boys.....	115 00		
	<i>Berthier.</i>		946 00	
Rev. J. B. Champeaux.....	Berthier, boys.....	200 00		
Sœur Ste. Candide.....	do convent.....	100 00		
Sœur Marie Prospère.....	Lanoraie, convent.....	70 00		
Antoine Caisso.....	do boys.....	70 00		
F. E. Rouleau.....	St. Barthélemi.....	50 00		
Sœur Marie St. Vincent de Paul.....	St. Cuthbert, convent.....	50 00		
Sœur Marie St. Justine.....	St. Gabriel, convent.....	50 00		
George Dubault.....	do boys.....	50 00		
André Lapierre.....	St. Norbert.....	50 00		
	<i>Chambly.</i>		690 00	
La. Normandin.....	Boucherville, boys.....	60 00		
Sœur St. Joachim.....	do convent.....	75 00		
Sœur St. Guillaume.....	Chambly, convent.....	120 00		
J. C. Ulric.....	do canton.....	60 00		
Rev. A. Thibault.....	do collège industriel.....	400 00		
Rev. G. Thibault.....	Longueuil, collège industriel.....	250 00		
Sœur Marie St. François de Sales.....	do convent.....	250 00		
Timothée Sauriol.....	St. Bruno.....	60 00		
François Robert.....	St. Hubert, boys.....	50 00		
Rev. J. Ed. Duprat.....	do convent.....	50 00		
Sœur Marie Joseph Herman.....	Hereford, convent. Compton.....	100 00	1375 00	
	<i>Chicoutimi.</i>		100 00	
Lucien Tremblay.....	Bagotville.....	50 00		
Rev. J. B. Z. Bolduc.....	Chicoutimi, collego.....	2000 00		
Rev. D. Rasine.....	do convent.....	150 00		
Louis Forcade.....	Grande Baie, girls.....	50 00		
do.....	do boys.....	50 00		
Joseph Caron.....	Hébertville.....	50 00		
Jean Tremblay.....	Laterrière.....	70 00		
Jean Gauthier.....	Ste. Anne.....	70 00		
		50 00		
	<i>Carried over.....</i>		2490 00	
			\$10866 00	155000 00

SUPERIOR EDUCATION.—Continued.

TO WHOM PAID.	COUNTY AND MUNICIPALITY.	\$	cts.	\$	cts.	\$	cts.
	Brought over.....			10866 00		155000 00	
	<i>Champlain.</i>						
G. P. Larouette.....	Batiscan.....		45 00				
Sœur St. Louis.....	Champlain, convent.....		70 00				
V. R. Lamothe.....	do boys.....		60 00				
Rev. L. E. A. Dupuis.....	Ste. Anne Lapérade, convent.....		100 00				
J. J. Juville.....	do boys.....		90 00				
Robert Trudel.....	Ste. Geneviève.....		70 00				
P. Duprat.....	St. Maurice.....		70 00				
A. N. Dostaler.....	St. Narcisse.....		70 00				
A. J. Lacourcière.....	St. Stanislas.....		70 00	645 00			
	<i>Charlevoix.</i>						
O. A. Clément.....	Baie St. Paul, boys.....		140 00				
Sœur Ste. Cathérine de Sienna.....	do convent.....		100 00				
Arène Tremblay.....	Eboulements, boys.....		70 00				
Sœur Ste. Hélène.....	Malbaie, convent.....		100 00				
Alexis Gaudreault.....	Ste. Agnès.....		50 00				
G. Lajoie.....	Ste. Irénée.....		60 00	520 00			
	<i>Châteauguay.</i>						
Sœur St. Aimé.....	Châteauguay, convent.....		80 00				
Jos. A. Allard.....	St. Joachim.....		50 00				
S. J. Lewis.....	St. Jean Chrysostôme No. 2.....		100 00				
Basil Vunier.....	Ste. Martine, girls.....		50 00				
do.....	do boys.....		50 00				
J. Pelletier.....	Ste. Philomène, boys.....		60 00	390 00			
	<i>Dorchester.</i>						
Jos. B. Roy.....	Ste. Claire.....		100 00				
Sœur St. Pierre.....	St. Anselme.....		70 00	170 00			

<i>Drummond.</i>				
J. T. Oaya.....	Drummondville, boys.....	60 00		
Sœur Marie du St. Nom de Jésus.....	do girls.....	50 00		
J. H. Bourbonnière.....	St. Germain.....	50 00		
G. A. Kinson.....	St. Pierre.....	50 00		
			210 00	
<i>Deux Montagnes.</i>				
Sœur Oulmet.....	St. Benoit, convent.....	120 00		
Sœur St Jude	St. Eustache, convent	40 00		
C. H. Champagne.....	do boys.....	180 00		
P. Elie Clairoux.....	St. Hermas.	50 00		
Etouard Carrière.....	St. Joachim	70 00		
Damase Léroux.....	St Placide.....	50 00		
Antoine Fortier.....	St. Scholastique, boys.....	10 00		
Sœur Marie de Sto. Anastasie.....	do convent	150 00		
			800 00	
<i>Gaspé.</i>				
Philéas Roy.....	Cap Chatte.....	60 00		
J. O. Sirois.....	Grande Rivière.....	60 00		
Sœur Ste. Anne.....	Ile de la Magdeleine, convent.....	100 00		
W. Flynn.....	Perce.....	70 00		
Jos. J. Létourneau.....	Ste. Anne des Monts	80 00		
			370 00	
<i>Huntingdon.</i>				
Sœur Ste Marie de la Victoire.....	Huntingdon convent.....	100 00		
Sœur M. Julie du Sacré Cœur.....	Heraunigford, convent.....	70 00		
Sœur M. Emelie.....	St. Anicet, convent	50 00		
J. J. Grevier.....	do boys.....	50 00		
			270 00	
<i>Packington.</i>				
Pierre David	Coteau St. Louis, boys.....	70 00		
Sœur Marie de la Présentation	do convent	50 00		
Sœur de l'Annunciation.....	Côte St. Paul, convent	50 00		
Sœur M. Jacques	Côte des Neiges, convent	60 00		
Rev. L. Turvet.....	Côte St Michel	50 00		
Louis Dutoit.....	Longue Pointe, boys	50 00		
Sœur Ste. Thérèse de Jésus.....	do convent.....	60 00		
Sœur St François d'Assise	Pointe aux Trembles, convent.....	150 00		
Chs. Brin.....	do boys	150 00		
Antoine Gauthier.....	Sault au Récollet, boys.....	50 00		
Madame Stanislas Tomassini.....	do convent.....	150 00		
		890 00	14241 00	165000 00
	Carried over.....			

SUPERIOR EDUCATION.—Continued.

TO WHOM PAID.	COUNTY AND MUNICIPALITY.	\$	cts.	\$	cts.	\$	cts.
	Brought over.....	890	00	14241	00	155000	00
	<i>Hochelaga.—Continued.</i>						
Sœur St. Hilaire.....	St. Gabriel, convent.....	50	00				
Sœur Mario Mélanie.....	St. Henri, convent.....	70	00				
A. Desève.....	do boys.....	80	00				
Alexis O. Marien.....	St. Jean Baptiste, boys.....	140	00				
	<i>L'Islet.</i>			1230	00		
Frère Chrysostôme.....	L'Islet, collège industriel.....	250	00				
Sœur St. Barthélemy.....	St. Aubert, convent.....	75	00				
Antoine Fournier.....	St. Jean Port Joli, boys.....	50	00				
Guill. Pelletier.....	St. Roch, girls.....	50	00				
	<i>Iberville.</i>			425	00		
L. H. Trudeau.....	Henryville.....	70	00				
Rev. Sœur St. Paul.....	do convent.....	60	00				
A. A. L. Brien.....	St. Alexandre, boys	70	00				
Sœur M. de la Présentation.....	do convent.....	50	00				
Sœur Ste. Odile.....	Ste. Athanase, convent.....	100	00				
Guillaume D. Lamarche.....	Ste. Brigitte.....	50	00				
J. O. Pion.....	St. Grégoire.....	73	87				
	<i>Jacques Cartier.</i>			473	87		
L. Forest.....	Lachine, boys.....	100	00				
Sœur Marie Eulalie.....	do convent.....	180	00				
Sœur St. Pierre Damien.....	Pointe Claire, convent.....	75	00				
P. A. Valois.....	do boys.....	60	00				
Thos. Grenier.....	Ste. Anne du bout de l'Isle, boys.....	60	00				
do	do do girls.....	50	00				
Geo. Boileau.....	Ste. Geneviève, boys.....	50	00				
Sœur M. de la Rédemption.....	do convent	100	00				

Sœur M. de St. Alphonse.....	St. Laurent, convent.....	170 00		
Rev. L. Géoffion	do collège industriel.....	500 00	1345 00	
<i>Joliette.</i>				
Rev. C. Boudry	Joliette, college.....	800 00		
Sœur St. Remuald.....	do convent.....	100 00		
Sœur Marie Philomène.....	St. Ambroise, convent.....	90 00		
Sœur Marguërite du Sacré Cœur.....	St. Elizabeth, convent.....	100 00		
Joseph P. Brissette.....	do boys.....	70 00		
M. Crépeau.....	St. Félix.....	50 00		
Eugène Tollier.....	Sto. Mélanie.....	70 00		
Sœur Marie des Anges.....	St. Paul, l'Industrie, convent.....	80 00	1360 00	
<i>Kamouraska.</i>				
P. Langlais.....	Kamouraska, boys.....	75 00		
Sœur St. Maximin.....	do convent.....	90 00		
Sœur Marie Stanislas.....	Rivière Ouelle, convent.....	100 00		
Chs. A. E. Gagnon.....	do boys.....	50 00		
Alexandre Gagnon.....	St. Alexandre.....	70 00		
Alfred C. Marquis.....	St. André.....	70 00		
Sœur Ste. Cathérine de Sionne	Sto. Anne Lapocatière, convent.....	190 00		
Rev. J. B. Z. Bolduc	do do college.....	2000 00		
Rev. P. Patry.....	St. Paschal	50 00	2695 00	
<i>Lotbinière.</i>				
Sœur Ste. Sophie.....	Lotbinière, convent.....	70 00		
C. A. Lemay.....	do boys.....	150 00		
C. E. Bernard.....	Leclercville.....	50 00		
Isaïe Demers	St. Agapit.....	50 00		
L. Lefevre.....	St. Antoine.....	70 00		
E. Croteau.....	St. Apollinaire.....	70 00		
Amable Leflamme.....	Sto. Agathe No. 2.....	50 00		
Sœur Ste. Bibianne.....	Sto. Croix, convent	120 00		
Fabien Garnou.....	St. Flavien	50 00		
J. O. Mailhot.....	St. Jean Deschaillons	70 00		
Sœur Marie de Bonsecours.....	St. Sylvestre, convent.....	100 00	850 00	
<i>Laprairie.</i>				
A. J. A. Roberge.....	Laprairie, boys.....	200 00		
Sœur St. Narcisse.....	do convent.....	90 00		
Carried over.....		\$290 00	22619 87	155000 00

SUPERIOR EDUCATION.—Continued.

TO WHOM PAID.	COUNTY AND MUNICIPALITY.	\$	cts.	\$	cts.	\$	cts.
	Brought over.....		290 00		22619 87		155000 00
	L'aprairie.—Continued.						
F. E. Arnould.....	St. Constant.....		70 00				
Frs. T. Langevin.....	St. Isidore, boys.....		70 00				
A. M. Martin.....	St. Jacques le Mineur.....		80 00				
J. B. Jolivet.....	St. Philippe.....		70 00				
	Laval.				580 00		
Sœur Marie de St. Ephrem.....	St. Martin, convent.....		60 00				
Léandre Descôtes.....	do boys.....		70 00				
S. Chautaud.....	Ste. Rose, boys.....		70 00				
Sœur Marie de St. Basile.....	do convent.....		75 00				
Sœur M. Jude.....	St. Vincent de Paul, convent.....		50 00				
Rev. N. Lavallée.....	do collège industriel.....		200 00		525 00		
	Lévis.						
Sœur des Séraphins.....	Etchemin, convent.....		100 00				
Cyrille Samson.....	Lauson, boys.....		200 00				
Rev. Achille Vallée.....	Levis, collège classique.....		1200 00				
Sœur Marie de Bonsecours.....	do convent.....		100 00				
Onésime Carrier.....	St. Henri.....		70 00				
George Giroux.....	St. Jean Chrysostôme.....		50 00				
Sœur Marie St. Clément.....	St. Joseph, convent.....		200 00				
Onésime Dion.....	St. Lambert.....		150 00				
Ignace Paquet.....	St. Nicholas, boys.....		70 00				
Sœur St. Paschal.....	do convent.....		150 00				
Damien Légaré.....	St. Romuald, boys.....		70 00		2360 00		
	Montmorency.						
J. F. Blackburn.....	Château Richer, boys.....		70 00				
do.....	do convent.....		60 00				

Sœur Marie de Jésus.....	Sto. Anne, convent.....	50 00		
Sœur Ste. Mechtilde.....	Ste. Famille, convent.....	90 00		
Baile Varquis	do boys.....	60 00		
Wenceslas Turcotte.....	St. Jean.....	100 00		
Jos. Fortin.. ..	St. Joachim.....	60 00		
Jérémie Audette... ..	St. Laurent, boys.....	60 00		
Sœur St. André	do convent.....	100 00		
François X. Côté.....	St. Pierre.....	60 00		
Rev. C. H. Paquet.....	Ste. Pétronille.....	50 00		
	<i>Missisquoi.</i>		760 00	
Rev. J. B. Villeneuve.....	Farnham West, collège industriel.....	200 00		
Sœur Marie du St. Esprit.....	do convent.....	70 00		
	<i>Markinongé.</i>		270 00	
Sœur St. François Xavier.....	Rivière du Loup No. 1, convent.....	50 00		
Cha. L. Augé.....	do do boys	70 00		
L. N. Gélinas.....	St Léon.....	50 00		
Sœur Ste. Cathérine.....	St Paulin, convent.....	100 00		
Sœur St. Cyprien.....	Ste. Ursule, convent.....	100 00		
	<i>Montreal.</i>		370 00	
Rev. Stephanus Robert.....	Collège Ste. Marie.....	1750 00		
M. C. De-noyers.....	Ecole des Sciences et des Arts.....	2500 00		
do	Catholic Commissioners.....	1630 00		
do	Académie Commerciale.....	500 00		
Frère Christian of Mary.....	Frères des Ecoles Chrétiennes.....	250 00		
Madame C. Aschner.....	Convent du Sacré Cœur.....	50 00		
Sœur St. Alexis.....	Rue St. Denis, convent.....	90 00		
H.n. G. Ouimet (Attorney).....	Marianites, convent.....	100 00		
Rev. P. Leblanc.	St. Jacques, convent.....	690 00		
Rev. P. Drouet.....	Maitrise St. Pierre.....	170 00		
Sœur Ste. Albanase	Sacré Cœur, convent.....	125 00		
Frère Flaminien.....	Académie de l'Evêché.....	100 00		
Rev. F. V. Trépannier.....	Towards defraying expenses to Europe in interest of institutions for Deaf Muter.....	25 00		
	<i>Montmagny.</i>		7980 00	
A. L. Bellanger.....	Berthier.....	50 00		
Wilfrid Lavoie.....	Isle aux Grues.....	50 00		
Sœur La Trinité.....	St. François, (Rivière du Sud) convent.....	70 00		
	Carried over.....	\$170 00	35464 87	165000 00

SUPERIOR EDUCATION.—Continued.

TO WHOM PAID.	COUNTY AND MUNICIPALITY.	\$	cts.	\$	cts.	\$	cts.
	Brought over.....		290 00		22619 87		155000 00
	<i>Laprairie.—Continued.</i>						
F. E. Arnould.....	St. Constant.....		70 00				
Frs. T. Langevin.....	St. Isidore, boys.....		70 00				
A. M. Martin.....	St. Jacques le Mineur.....		80 00				
J. B. Jolivet.....	St. Philippe.....		70 00				
					680 00		
	<i>Laval.</i>						
Sœur Marie de St. Ephrem.....	St. Martin, convent.....		60 00				
Léandre Descôtes.....	do boys.....		70 00				
S. Chautaud.....	St. Rose, boys.....		70 00				
Sœur Marie de St. Basile.....	do convent.....		75 00				
Sœur M. Jude.....	St. Vincent de Paul, convent.....		60 00				
Rev. N. Lavallée.....	do collège industriel.....		200 00				
					525 00		
	<i>Lévis.</i>						
Sœur des Séraphins.....	Etchemin, convent.....		100 00				
Cyrille Samson.....	Lauzon, boys.....		200 00				
Rev. Achille Vallée.....	Levis, collège classique.....		1200 00				
Sœur Marie de Bonsecours.....	do convent.....		100 00				
Onésime Carrier.....	St. Henri.....		70 00				
George Giroux.....	St. Jean Chrysostôme.....		60 00				
Sœur Marie St. Clément.....	St. Joseph, convent.....		200 00				
Onéime Dion.....	St. Lambert.....		150 00				
Ignace Paquet.....	St. Nicholas, boys.....		70 00				
Sœur St. Paschal.....	do convent.....		150 00				
Damien Légaré.....	St. Romuald, boys.....		70 00				
					2360 00		
	<i>Montmorency.</i>						
J. F. Blackburn.....	Château Richer, boys.....		70 00				
do.....	do convent.....		60 00				

Sœur Marie de Jésus.....	Sto. Anne, convent.....	60 00		
Sœur Ste. Mechtilde.....	Sto. Famille, convent.....	90 00		
Baile Varquis	do boys.....	60 00		
Wenceslas Turcotte.....	St. Jean.....	100 00		
Jos. Fortin.....	St. Joachim.....	60 00		
Jérémie Audette...	St. Laurent, boys.....	60 00		
Sœur St. André	do convent.....	100 00		
François X. Côté.....	St. Pierre.....	60 00		
Rev. C. H. Paquet.....	Sto. Pétronille.....	50 00	760 00	
Missisquoi.				
Rev. J. B. Villeneuve.....	Farnham West, collège industriel.....	200 00		
Sœur Marie du St. Esprit.....	do convent.....	70 00	270 00	
Maskinongé.				
Sœur St. François Xavier.....	Rivière du Loup No. 1, convent.....	50 00		
Chs. L. Augé.....	do do boys	70 00		
L. N. Gélinas...	St Léon.....	50 00		
Sœur Ste. Cathérine.....	St Paulin, convent.....	100 00		
Sœur St. Cyprien....	Sto. Ursule, convent.....	100 00	370 00	
Montreal.				
Rev. Stephanus Robert.....	Collège Ste. Marie.....	1750 00		
M. C. De-noyers.....	Ecole des Sciences et des Arts.....	2500 00		
do	Catholic Commissioners..	1630 00		
do	Académie Commerciale.....	500 00		
Frère Christian of Mary.....	Frères des Ecoles Chrétiennes.....	250 00		
Madame C. Aschner.....	Convent du Sacré Cœur.....	50 00		
Sœur St. Alexis.....	Rue St. Denis, convent.....	90 00		
H.n. G. Ouimet (Attorney).....	Marianites, convent.....	100 00		
Rev. P. Leblanc.	St. Jacques, convent.....	690 00		
Rev. P. Drouet.....	Maitrise St. Pierre.....	170 00		
Sœur Ste. Athanase	Sacré Cœur, convent.....	125 00		
Frère Flamien.....	Académie de l'Evêché.....	100 00		
Rev. P. V. Trépannier.....	Towards defraying expenses to Europe in interest of institutions for Deaf Muter.	25 00	7980 00	
Montmagny.				
A. L. Bellanger.....	Berthier.....	50 00		
Wilfrid Lavoie.....	Isle aux Grues.....	50 00		
Sœur La Trinité.....	St. François, (Rivière du Sud) convent.....	70 00		
Carried over.....		\$170 00	35464 87	165000 00

SUPERIOR EDUCATION.—Continued.

TO WHOM PAID.	COUNTY AND MUNICIPALITY.	\$	cts.	cts.	\$	cts.
	Brought over.....		170 00		35464 87	156000 00
	Montmagny.—Continued.					
C. Dufresne.....	St. Thomas, collège industriel.....		140 00			
Nap. B. langer.....	do boys.....		212 00			
Sœur Sto. Blandine.....	do convent.....		190 00		712 00	
	Montcalm.					
Michael S. Kelly.....	Rawdon, boys.....		50 00			
Sœur Marie de la Purification.....	do convent.....		50 00			
Sœur Marie du Calvaire.	St. Esprit, convent.....		50 00			
Sœur Marie Louise.....	St. Jacques, convent.....		170 00			
Sœur Marie Euphrasie.....	St. Liguori, convent.....		120 00		440 00	
	Megevie.					
Sœur Marie de la Providence.....	Halifax North, convent.....		150 00			
W. J. Smyth.....	Nelson.....		50 00			
Sœur Mario de la Conception.....	Somerset South, convent.....		120 00			
P. Vigneau.....	do boys.....		80 00			
Michel P. Cloutier.....	Somerset North.....		50 00		450 00	
	Napierville.					
A. Merizzi.....	St. Cyprien, boys.....		100 00			
Sœur Marie François d'Assise.....	do convent.....		90 00			
L. D. Lafontaine, M.D.....	St. Edouard.....		60 00			
Sœur Marie Emelie	St. Michel, convent.....		90 00			
R. Lamarre.....	St. Patrick (Sherrington).....		80 00			
Sœur Marie Euphrasie.....	St. Rémi, convent.....		70 00		490 00	
	Nicolet.					
A. O. Desilets.....	Béancourt.....		80 00			

Sœur St. Pierre	Gentilly, convent.....	150 00		
Sœur St. Joseph.....	Nicolet, convent....	60 00		
Sœur Ste. Jeanne de Chantal.....	St. Célestin, convent.....	80 00		
Sœur St. Rite.....	St. Grégoire, convent.....	200 00		
Octave Moussette.....	Ste. Gertrude.....	60 00		
Sœur Ste. Eulalie.....	Ste. Monique, convent.....	50 00		
Félix Bédard.....	St. Pierre les Becquets.....	50 00		
Em. Champagne.....	St. Wenceslas, boys.....	50 00	780 00	
Ottawa.				
Sœur E. Curran.....	Aylmer, convent.....	200 00		
Sœur Ste. Thérèse.....	Buckingham, convent.....	70 00		
E. E. Madore.....	Hull City, boys.....	200 60		
Sœur Moreau.	do convent.....	200 00		
Sœur Marie du Sauveur.....	Maniwaki, convent.....	70 00		
J. L. Taillefer.....	Montebello, convent.....	200 00		
Jcs. Smeyers Stassardt.....	Pointe à Gatineau, boys.....	50 00		
P. A. Quenel.....	St. André Avellan.....	50 00		
Sœur Marie du Crucifix.....	Waterloo, convent.....	120 00	1160 00	
Portneuf.				
S. Delisle.....	Cap Santé.....	70 00		
J. D. S. Paquin.....	Deschambault, boys.....	100 00		
Sœur Ste. Josephine.....	do convent.....	150 00		
Olivier Gauvreau.....	Ecureuils.....	50 60		
Louis Côté.....	Grondines.....	50 00		
F. X. T. Hamelin.....	Portneuf, boys.....	50 00		
do	do girls.....	45 00		
Augustin Langlois.....	Pointe aux Trembles, boys.....	60 00		
Sœur St. Etienne.....	do convent.....	220 00		
Délina Germain.....	St. Alban.....	40 00		
Julio Noël.....	St. Augustin.....	50 00		
Pierre Julien.....	Ste. Cathérine	50 00		
Eustache Germain.....	St. Basile.....	50 00	925 00	
Quebec City.				
Frère Alphonse.....	Ecole de dessin.....	1000 00		
Rev. T. E. Hamel.....	Ecole du Patronage.....	200 00		
C. N. Hamel.....	Catholic Commissioners for Ecoles des Frères Chrétiennes.....	486 00		
Etienne Fecteau.....	Ecole Commerciale.....	75 00		
Dame Vitaline Côté.....	Model School, Richardson street.	70 00		
Carried over.....		\$1831 00	40181 87	135000 00

SUPERIOR EDUCATION.—Continued.

TO WHOM PAID.	COUNTY AND MUNICIPALITY.	\$	cts.	\$	cts.	\$	cts.
	Brought over.....	1831	00	43481	87	155000	00
	Quebec City.—Continued.						
C. N. Hamel.....	Société d'Education.....	914	00				
Sœur St. Jean.....	Sœurs de Charité.....	100	00				
do	do (Orphélinat).....	50	00				
Sœur St. Vincent de Paul.....	Sœurs du Bon Pasteur.....	100	00				
Sœur de la Visitation.....	Sœurs de la Congrégation.....	100	00				
Sœur St. Octave.....	St. Sauveur, convent.....	200	00				
Ant. Rousseau.....	do Ecoles des Frères Chrétiennes.....	200	00				
				3525	00		
	Quebec County.						
Et. Cambray.....	Beauport.....	50	00				
Onésime Voyer.....	Cap Rouge, boys..	100	00				
do	do girls.....	40	00				
Rev. A. Godbout.....	Cap Blanc.....	50	00				
Pierre Villeneuve.....	Charlesbourg, boys	50	00				
Sœur St. Joseph.....	do convent.....	100	00				
J. Dufresne.....	Lorette, Ancienne.....	45	00				
Rev. Frs. Boueher.....	do (Indian School) boys.....	75	00				
do	do do girls.....	75	00				
Jos. Cantillon.....	Sillery, (St. Columba) boys.....	200	00				
Sœur Marie St. Cyrille.....	do do convent.....	188	00				
Rev. Guill. Giroux.....	St. Ambroise.....	50	00				
Ulric L'Heureux.....	St. Foye.....	70	00				
Sœur Ste. Eulalie.....	do Bellevue convent.....	150	00				
				1243	00		
	Rimouski.						
A. N. D. St. Aubin.....	Matane	50	00				
Zéph. Lanouette.....	MacNider.....	50	00				
Monsieur Langevin.....	Rimouski, college.....	2000	00				
Sœur Marie du St. Sacrement.....	do orphélinat, convent.....	50	00				
Sœur St. Léon.	do convent.....	250	00				

Sœur M. E. Turgeon.....	Rimonski, Sœurs des Petites Ecoles.....	100 00	
Sœur Ste. Elizabeth.....	do Sœurs de la Congrégation.....	50 00	
F. X. Gagné.....	Ste. Angèle.....	50 00	
Arthur Chamberland.....	Ste. Cécile.....	60 00	
Jos d'Anjou.....	St. Fabien.....	50 00	
Ludger Richard.....	St. Octave.....	50 00	
Hilaire Fortin.....	St. Simon	60 00	2820 00
Rev. L. L. Dupré.....	Sorel, college.....	1200 00	
W. H. Chapdelaine.....	do boys.....	330 00	
Sœur Ste. Dothée.....	do convent.....	350 00	
Sœur Marie de l'Incarnation.....	St. Aimé, convent	80 00	
Antoine Nadeau.....	do boys.....	150 00	
Arsène Godard.....	St. Ours, boys.....	70 00	
Sœur Noëlia de Marie.....	do convent.....	100 00	2280 00
Rev. A. Lemay.....	St. Césaire, collège industriel.....	200 00	
Sœur Marie des Sept Douleurs.....	do convent.....	75 00	
Sœur M. de Chantal.....	St. Ililaire, convent.....	80 00	
J. A. Authier.....	do boys.....	60 00	
Rev. F. X. Jeannotte.....	Ste. Marie, collège classique... ..	700 00	
Sœur Marie Ste. Agnès.....	do convent.....	110 00	
S. Bertrand.....	St. Mathias.....	50 00	1375 00
Jos. P. Scarry.....	Richmond.....	50 00	50 00
J. E. Leblanc.....	St. Charles.....	100 00	
A. Durocher.....	St. Denis, boys.....	70 00	
Sœur Ste. Marie Anne.....	do convent.....	100 00	
Sœur M. de l'Annonciation.....	St. Hyacinthe, convent.....	160 00	
Rev. J. S. Raymond.....	do college.....	800 00	
F. Lessard.....	Ste. Jude.....	50 00	1280 00
Monseigneur Racine.....	Sherbrooke, collège classique.....	2000 00	
Sœur Ste. Lucie.....	do convent.....	300 00	2300 00
	Carried over.....		\$55354 87
			155009 00

SUPERIOR EDUCATION.—Continued.

TO WHOM PAID.	COUNTY AND MUNICIPALITY.	\$	cts.	\$	cts.	\$	cts.
	Brought over.....			55354	87	153000	00.
	<i>St. Jean.</i>						
Wm. Harty.....	Lacolle.....	65	00				
Stanislas Côté.....	St. Jean, boys.....	350	00				
Sœur Ste. Séraphine.....	do convent.....	190	00				
Jos. H. Roy.....	Ste. Marguérite.....	60	00				
Lucien Gagnon.....	St. Valentin.....	90	00				
				755	00		
	<i>St. Maurice.</i>						
Ant. Garceau.....	Pointe du Lac.....	70	00				
Maj. Lesage.....	Shawonagan.....	55	00				
Pierre Lacerte.....	St. Sévère.....	50	00				
J. Milot.....	Yamachiche, boys.....	275	00				
Sœur Ste. Marie Joseph.....	do convent.....	100	00			550	00
	<i>Shefford.</i>						
S. Lapalme.....	Roxton.....	75	00				
J. F. Léonard.....	Waterloo.....	100	00			175	00
David Ouellet.....	Escoumains, Saguenay.....	50	00			50	00
	<i>Soulanges.</i>						
Frs. Lalonde.....	Côteau Landing.....	60	00				
Sœur Ste. Julie.....	Les Cèdres, (Soulanges) convent.....	80	00				
Arcade Bissonnette.....	do do boys.....	60	00				
Abraham Charest.....	St. Ignace, (Côteau du Lac) boys.....	70	00				
Sœur Michel Ange.....	do do convent.....	50	00				
Sœur Marie Mathilde.....	St. Polycarpe, convent.....	100	00				
A. M. Pharaud.....	do boys.....	75	00				
Frs. Lalonde.....	Côteau Landing.....	00	00			555	00

Sœur Marie St. Jean Baptiste.....	Coaticooke, convent, Stanstead.....	300 00	300 00	
<i>Temiscouata.</i>				
J. B. Beaulieu.....	Cacouna, boys.....	50 00		
Sœur Marie de la Victoire.....	do convent.....	140 00		
Sœur Ste. Mathilde.....	Fraserville, convent.....	100 00		
M. Deschênes.....	do boys.....	60 00		
Félix T. Rouleau.....	Ile Verte, girls.....	60 00		
do	do boys.....	50 00		
Isaye Michaud.....	N. D. du Portage.....	43 00		
Élie Mailoux.....	St. Arsène.....	70 00		
Sœur Marie Ste. Mathilde	Trois Pistoles, convent.....	100 00		
P. Fournier.....	do boys.....	70 00	745 00	
<i>Terrebonne.</i>				
F. Villeneuve.....	Ste. Anne des Plaines, boys.....	70 00		
E. Marchand.....	St. Jérôme, collège industriel.....	300 00		
Sœur Marie Marguerite.....	do convent.....	100 00		
Sœur Ste Adélaïde.....	Ste. Thérèse, convent.....	90 00		
Rev. A. Nantel.....	do collège industriel.....	1500 00		
Sœur St. Martin.....	Terrebonne, convent.....	80 00	2140 00	
<i>Three Rivers.</i>				
Rev. L. Richard.....	Collège classique.....	2000 00		
Rev. Chs. O. Caron.....	Société d'Education (collège industriel).....	500 00		
Sœur St. Henri.....	Three Rivers, convent... ..	200 00	2700 00	
<i>Vaudreuil.</i>				
Rev. F. Chouinard	Rigaud, collège Bourget.....	800 00		
Sœur Marie Clémentine.	do convent.....	70 00		
Ant. Lefebvre.....	Ste. Marthe.....	160 00		
D. Brulé.....	Vaudreuil, boys.....	130 00		
Sœur Marie Martino	do convent.....	90 00	1190 00	
<i>Veckèrea.</i>				
Sœur Marie de Bonsecours.....	Bolœil, convent.....	90 00		
C. P. Germain.....	St. Antoine.....	50 00		
A. H. Archambault.....	St. Marc.....	50 00		
Sœur Marie de St. Julien.....	Varenes, convent.....	80 00		
Carried over.....			64514 87	153000 00

SUPERIOR EDUCATION.—Continued.

TO WHOM PAID.	COUNTY AND MUNICIPALITY.	\$	cts.	\$	cts.	\$	cts.
	Brought over	270 00		61514 87		155000 00	
	Verchère, co.—Continued.						
Rev. A. Baril.....	Varennes, collège industriel.....	260 00					
Aimé Géofrion.....	Verchères, collège industriel.....	200 00		730 00			
Sœur St. Calixte.....	Wotton, convent, Wolfe.....	150 00		150 00			
	Yamaska.						
St J. L. Belcourt.....	Baie du Febvre, boys.....	150 00					
4 Sœur Ste. Madelaine.....	do convent.....	70 00					
Sœur Marie St. Patrice.....	St. David, convent.....	50 00					
J. D. Pepin.....	do boys.....	50 00					
O. H. Coutu.....	St. François du Lac.....	60 00					
Sœur St. Joachim.....	do convent.....	50 00					
Sœur Marie de la Présentation.....	St. Michel, convent.....	60 00					
Geo. T. Folster.....	St. Thomas, Pierreville.....	75 60		565 00			
	Total Catholic Institutions.....			\$05859 87			
	PROTESTANT INSTITUTIONS.						
	Universities.						
W. C. Baynes.....	McGill, Montreal.....	4150 00					
George Welf.....	Morrin, Quebec.....	1750 00					
Ed. Chapin.....	Bishops, Lennoxville.....	2250 00					
Chr. A. Tanner.....	St. Francis, Richmond.....	1000 00		9150 00			

High Schools.				
William Dale.....	Quebec High School.....	1285 00		
Wm. Lunn.....	Montreal High School.....	1185 00	2470 00	
<hr/>				
Academies.				
A. Lee Holmes.....	Stanstead, Wesleyan Ladies College.....	600 00		
Jas. Watson.....	Huntingdon.....	600 00		
Geo. L. Meikle.....	Lachute College, Argenteuil.....	500 00		
W. H. Carter.....	Compton, Ladies College.....	400 00		
H. Hubbard.....	Sherbrooke.....	400 00		
Hobart Butler.....	Bedford, Missisquoi.....	300 00		
Otis Shurtieff.....	Coaticook, Stanstead.....	300 00		
G. E. McIndoe.....	Granby, Sheffield.....	300 00		
W. W. Lynch.....	Knowlton, Brome.....	300 00		
James O'Connor.....	Lacolle, St. Jean.....	300 00		
W. H. Lambly.....	Inverness, Megantic.....	250 00		
J. H. Taylor.....	Cookshire, Compton.....	200 00		
W. L. Mills.....	St. John, St. John.....	200 00		
J. F. Leonard.....	Waterloo, Sheffield.....	200 00		
Chs. Forneret.....	Berthier, Berthier.....	150 00		
Rev. A. J. Balfour.....	Matley, Stanstead.....	150 00		
Hugh Matheson.....	Clarendor, Pontiac.....	150 00		
Sr Sherman N. Boright.....	Sutton, Brome.....	150 00		
Ralph Merry.....	Magog, Stanstead.....	150 00		
Rev. T. W. Fyles.....	Sweetsburg, Missisquoi.....	100 00		
Timothy Lect.....	Danville, Richmond.....	100 00		
J. Gear.....	Dunham, Missisquoi.....	100 00		
E. E. Spencer.....	Freligsburg, Missisquoi.....	100 00	6000 00	
<hr/>				
Model Schools.				
E. D. Duverniet.....	Clarenceville, Missisquoi.....	75 00		
S. J. Blanchard.....	Mansonville, Brome.....	75 00		
J. C. Baker.....	Stanbridge, Missisquoi.....	75 00		
Thos. Jas. Bedford.....	St. Henri, Hochelaga.....	75 00		
William Todd.....	Valleyfield, Beauharnois.....	75 00		
W. Uprichard.....	La Pesche, Ottawa.....	60 00		
W. Stevenson.....	Cowansville, girls, Missisquoi.....	50 00		
S. A. Hurd.....	Eaton, Compton.....	50 00		
H. B. Street.....	Philipsburg, Missisquoi.....	50 00		
Chas. Patton.....	Bury, Compton.....	50 00		
E. T. Paterson.....	Durham, Ulverton, Drummond.....	50 00		
William Hume.....	Leeds, Megantic.....	50 00		
Rev. Thos. L. Ball.....	Maple Grove, Megantic.....	50 00		
			83579 87	155000 60

SUPERIOR EDUCATION.—Continued.

TO WHOM PAID.	COUNTY AND MUNICIPALITY.	\$	cts.	\$	cts.	\$	cts.
	Brought over.....		785 00	83579 87		155000 00	
	<i>Model Schools.—Continued.</i>						
Rev. Thos. S. Chapman.....	Marbleton, Wolfe.....		50 00				
Thos. Harper.....	Hull, Ottawa.....		50 00				
J. H. Burns.....	Rawdon, Montcalm.....		50 00				
George Anderson.....	St. Dunstan, Quebec.....		50 00				
John Barnes.....	St. Etienne, Chelsea.....		50 00				
Alex. Houlston.....	Three Rivers.....		50 00				
John Rollit.....	Grenville, girls, Argenteuil.....		50 00				
J. F. Leonard.....	Warden, Shefford.....		50 00				
Hugh Matheson.....	Clarendon, Pontiac.....		50 00	1235 00			
	Total Superior Education.....			\$84814 87		81811 87	
	<i>NORMAL SCHOOLS.</i>						
	<i>Jacques Cartier Normal School.</i>						
Rev. H. A. B. Verreau	Principal, 12 months salary to 30th June, 1879, at \$1200 per annum		1200 00				
Rev. J. O. Godin.....	do do at 600 do		600 00				
J. O. Casgrain.....	Prof. of Agriculture, do do at 1100 do		1100 00				
D. Boudrias	Professor, do do at 1150 do		1150 00				
W. Fahey.....	do do at 950 do		950 00				
G. Gervais.....	do do at 600 do		600 00				
S. Aubin	do do at 350 do		233 34				
do	do do at 500 do		166 67				
A. de Bonpart.....	do do at 600 do		600 00				
O. Pelletier.....	do do at 300 do		300 00				
Rev. H. A. B. Verreau.....	General expenses and contingencies of said institution.....		8166 66				
	Total Jacques Cartier Normal School			16006 67			

<i>McGill Normal School.</i>					
W. H. Hicks.....	Principal, 12 months salary to 30th June, 1879, at \$2000 per annum.....	1999 92			
Jas. McGregor.....	do do at 1600.....	1800 00			
S. P. Robins.....	do do at 375.....	375 00			
F. W. Hicks.....	do do at 1250.....	1249 92			
do	do do at 150.....	75 00			
Miss Jane Swallow	do do at 650.....	649 92			
R. J. Fowler.....	do do at 400.....	399 96			
H. Bird.....	do do at 250.....	249 96			
P. J. Darey	do do at 750.....	750 00			
Jas. Cooper.....	do do at 400.....	399 96			
W. C. Baynes	do do at 400.....	399 96			
do	General expenses and contingencies of said institution.....	6850 40			
	Total McGill Normal School.....		15200 00		
<i>Laval Normal School.</i>					
Rev. P. Lagacé.....	Principal, 12 months salary to 30th June, 1879, at \$1200 per annum.....	1200 00			
F. X. Toussaint.....	do do at 1160.....	1160 00			
N. Lacasse.....	do do at 1100.....	1100 00			
J. Létourneau.....	do do at 800.....	800 00			
J. B. Cloutier.....	do do at 1000.....	1000 00			
D. McSweeney.....	do do at 1000.....	1000 00			
G. Gagnon.....	do do at 500.....	500 00			
F. X. R. Saucier.....	do do at 120.....	70 00			
O. Cloutier.....	do do at 120.....	50 00			
C. Lefèvre.....	do do at 600.....	600 00			
T. G. Rouleau.....	do do at 100.....	100 00			
Jos. Rouleau.....	do do at 60.....	60 00			
Rev. P. Lagacé.....	General expenses and contingencies of said institution.....	8093 33			
	Total Laval Normal School.....		15733 33		
	Total Normal Schools.....			4000 00	
<i>JOURNALS OF EDUCATION.</i>					
L'ger Proussseau.....	French Journal, covers and contents.....	2674 42			
do	English Journal, covers and contents.....	1325 58			
	Total.....		4000 00		
	Carried over			4000 00	
					\$289814 87

INSTITUTIONS FOR DEAF-MUTES.

TO WHOM PAID.	INSTITUTION.	\$	cts.	\$	cts.	\$	cts.
	Brought over.....					289814	87
	INSTITUTIONS FOR DEAF-MUTES.						
Rev. Alf. Bélanger.....	Catholic, male Institution for Deaf-Mutes, Montreal.....	5135	50				
Sœur St. Philippe de Jésus.....	do female do	5135	50				
Fred. McKenzie.....	Protestant do	1729	00				
	Total.....			12000	00		
							12000 00
	SUPERANNUATED TEACHERS PENSIONS.						
	Amount paid for 12 months to 30th June, 1879.....						
Allan, Thomas.....	do	61	20				
Anettil, Henriette.....	do	20	40				
Arnold, Hesekiah	do	91	80				
Angers, Georgina.....	do	91	80				
Allard, Angélique.....	do	17	00				
Béchar, Léa.....	do	45	00				
Biscoe, James L.....	do	95	20				
Boisvert, Adeline.....	do	27	20				
Bouchard, Alexis.....	do	22	10				
Bernard, A. P.....	do	6	80				
Bélair, G. P.....	do	20	40				
Beaubien, Reiné.....	do	11	90				
Boucher, Louis.....	do	35	70				
Bouffard, Ursule.....	do	39	10				
Butoan, Virginie.....	do	42	50				
Bérubé, Victoria.....	do	44	20				
Bélanger, Pierre	do	40	80				
Beaudouin, Ursule.....	do	47	60				
Baril, Adèle.....	do	47	60				
Béliveau, Marguerite.....	do	47	60				
Bonin, Joseph.....	do	47	60				
Bourassa, Pierre.....	do	61	20				

SUPERANNUATED TEACHERS PENSIONS.—Continued.

TO WHOM PAID.	OBJECT.	\$	cts.	cts.	cts.
Durocher, Mathilde.....	Brought over.....	3045	50		301814 87
Duquet, J.....	Amount paid for 12 months to 30th June. 1879.....	51	00		
Fortin, F.....	do.....	74	80		
Frégon, Clémence.....	do.....	68	00		
Fournier, Mathilde.....	do.....	39	10		
Gleason, John.....	do.....	57	80		
Gusay, P.....	do.....	95	20		
Gagné, Elizabeth.....	do.....	17	00		
Gagné, Julie.....	do.....	30	60		
Gagnon, Aurélie.....	do.....	54	40		
Gravel, B.....	do.....	23	80		
Gilbert, François.....	do.....	54	40		
Gagnon, André.....	do.....	88	20		
Gouin, A.....	do.....	20	40		
Gagné, Emélie.....	do.....	42	50		
Hughes, John.....	do.....	44	20		
Hughes, Catherine.....	do.....	37	40		
Harnan, Justin.....	do.....	68	00		
Héroux, Sophie.....	do.....	51	00		
Jodoin, Joseph.....	do.....	34	00		
Jutras, Emélie.....	do.....	78	20		
Kerouack, Léon.....	do.....	61	20		
Lepage, Gracienne.....	do.....	51	40		
Laballe, Marguerite.....	do.....	6	80		
Létoirneau, H.ène.....	do.....	13	60		
Liévin, Louise.....	do.....	34	00		
Létourneau, Eléonore.....	do.....	42	50		
Lamb, Catherine.....	do.....	42	50		
Langlois, Magloire.....	do.....	44	20		
Loisier, Desaulniers.....	do.....	47	60		
Lamontagne, Marie.....	do.....	44	20		
Lafrance, Apolline.....	do.....	23	80		
Lafrance, Marie.....	do.....	51	40		
Lambert, Éléophane.....	do.....	40	80		
do.....	do.....	57	80		

Lacerte, Dorothée.....	64 60	.....	.....	.....	.....
Lemire, Elizabeth.....	68 00	.....	.....	.....	.....
Lizotte, Marie.....	37 40	.....	.....	.....	.....
Lavoie, Elizabeth.....	6 80	.....	.....	.....	.....
Lindsay, Chas J.....	81 60	.....	.....	.....	.....
Labonté, J. Ed.....	91 80	.....	.....	.....	.....
Leblanc, M. Eléonore.....	27 20	.....	.....	.....	.....
Lafontaine, Cléophris.....	23 80	.....	.....	.....	.....
Langlois, Malvina.....	30 60	.....	.....	.....	.....
Lesage, Hélène.....	20 40	.....	.....	.....	.....
Langlais, Philomène.....	17 00	.....	.....	.....	.....
Michaud, Mélanie.....	23 80	.....	.....	.....	.....
Martin, John.....	32 30	.....	.....	.....	.....
Manseau, Isidore.....	28 60	.....	.....	.....	.....
Malenfant, Dame Veuve.....	13 60	.....	.....	.....	.....
McGoldrick, John.....	20 00	.....	.....	.....	.....
McElkin, Lydia.....	25 20	.....	.....	.....	.....
McManus, John.....	37 40	.....	.....	.....	.....
Migneault, Victor.....	67 80	.....	.....	.....	.....
Malherbe, Emelio.....	51 00	.....	.....	.....	.....
McKerty, Michel.....	54 40	.....	.....	.....	.....
McKeough, Mary.....	51 00	.....	.....	.....	.....
McKercher, John.....	91 80	.....	.....	.....	.....
Nabases, C.....	40 00	.....	.....	.....	.....
O'Meara, Matthew.....	30 60	.....	.....	.....	.....
Oatt, Francis.....	85 00	.....	.....	.....	.....
O'Donnell, P. R.....	39 10	.....	.....	.....	.....
Perrault, Dame F. X.....	47 60	.....	.....	.....	.....
Pineau, Ursule.....	20 40	.....	.....	.....	.....
Pelletier, Avila.....	20 40	.....	.....	.....	.....
Pothier, Thersile.....	15 30	.....	.....	.....	.....
Puize, Rodolphe.....	47 00	.....	.....	.....	.....
Picard, Wilhelmine.....	27 20	.....	.....	.....	.....
Poissen, Mario.....	23 80	.....	.....	.....	.....
Proulx, Joseph.....	5 10	.....	.....	.....	.....
Richard, Dame O.....	30 60	.....	.....	.....	.....
Rhéaume, Henriette.....	20 40	.....	.....	.....	.....
Raymond, Demerisse.....	17 00	.....	.....	.....	.....
Reece, Anna.....	17 00	.....	.....	.....	.....
Rivard, Adèle.....	40 80	.....	.....	.....	.....
Ryan, James.....	51 00	.....	.....	.....	.....
Ramsay, William.....	61 20	.....	.....	.....	.....
Richer, Edesse.....	57 80	.....	.....	.....	.....
Raymond, Hermine.....		.....	.....	.....	.....
Carried over.....	\$6314 30	.....	.....	.....	.....
		.....	.....	.....	301814 87

SUPERANNUATED TEACHERS PENSIONS.—Continued.

TO WHOM PAID.	OBJECT.	\$	cts.	\$	cts.	\$	cts.
	Brought over.....	6314	30			301814	87
Ricavy, Heloise.....	Amount paid for 12 months to 30th June, 1879		64 60				
Roid, Mary Jane.....	do		74 80				
Robin, Genevieve.....	do		64 80				
Robertson, John B.....	do		58 40				
Robitaille, Emelie.....	do		91 80				
Rioux, Julie.....	do		17 00				
Roy, Louis.....	do		98 60				
Rivard, Louise.....	do		27 20				
Rivard, Louise Eliza.....	do		78 20				
Rouleau, Edesra.....	do		47 60				
St. Michel, L. F.....	do		30 60				
Scott, Robert.....	do		20 00				
Scott, Montaigne.....	do		30 60				
Stacy, Elizabeth.....	do		15 30				
St. Jacques, Julie.....	do		64 60				
Shoahan, Thomas.....	do		68 00				
Toussaint, Lucie.....	do		37 40				
Tremblay, Germain.....	do		37 40				
Thauvelto, Marcelline.....	do		13 60				
Talon, Adelaide.....	do		40 80				
Thibault, Marianne.....	do		40 80				
Tanguay, Clothilde.....	do		64 60				
Trépannier, Sophie.....	do		95 20				
Uprichard, W.....	do		20 00				
Vallières, Adélaïde.....	do		95 20				
Vallée, Angelique.....	do		68 00				
Vannier Basile.....	do		51 00				
Vallières, Augustin.....	do		57 80				
Vézina, M. Délima.....	do		20 40				
Wolf, A. C.....	do		44 20				
Yung, Marguerite.....	do		15 30				
Quimet, Hon. G.....	do		102 10				
	To pay outstanding pensions.....						
	Total Superannuated Teachers Pensions.....			8000	00		

PRIZE BOOKS.

A. Côté & Co	Miscellaneous books to be distributed as prizes.....	550 70
Dawson Brothers	do	3265 75
Rev. H. R. Casgrain	do	1700 00
Oscar Dunn	do	875 00
Jas Marmette	do	130 00
W. H. Blumhart	do	132 50
Rev. M. Boliue	do	1310 00
E. Vincent	do	800 00
Rev. S. Robert	do	60 80
T. Levesque	do	15 75
Binding do		

Total Prize Books 6500 00

6500 00

SCHOOL INSPECTORS SALARIES.

For the 12 months ending 30th June, 1879.

Alexander, W. J.	Catholic Schools of Sharnford, Bryme, Missisquoi, Stan-	1000 00
Archambault, J. N. A.	stead, and part of Bagot, at \$1000 per annum.....	900 00
Bégin, Désiré	Counties of Richelieu, Verchères and Chambly, at.....	750 00
Béland, P. H.	County of Rimouski, at.....	800 00
Bélisle, S.	Counties of Lotbinière and part of Megantic, at	800 00
Carrier, Ed.	Counties of Charlevoix and Saguenay, at.....	850 00
Grépaault, J.	Counties of Lévis and Dorchester, at.....	850 00
Delage, J. B.	Counties of Bellechasse, Montmagny and L'Islet, at.....	900 00
Dorval, A. D.	Counties of Rouville, St. Hyacinthe, and part of Bagot,	950 00
Emberon, P. C.	at	
Fontaine, Adolphe	Counties of L'Assomption, Montcalm, and part of Ber-	1000 00
Forbergall, Rev. M. M.	thier, at	800 00
Grandin, L.	Counties of Huntingdon and parts of Argenteuil, Châtea-	400 00
Guy, Auguste	uguay, and Protestant Schools of the City of Mon-	800 00
Hubbard, H.	tréal, at.....	800 00
Janeau, P. R.	Counties of Joliette and Berthier, at.....	900 00
Lacour, L.	Counties of Quebec, Portneuf and Lévis, Protestant	1000 00
	Schools, at.....	
	Counties of Beauharnois, Laprairie and Châteauguay, at	400 00
	Counties of Ottawa	800 00
	Counties of Richm	800 00
	County of Sherbrooke, F	900 00
	at.....	
	Counties of Portneuf and Quebec City, Catholic Schools,	1000 00
	at.....	
	County of Bonaventure, Catholic Schools, at	650 00

Carried over.....

210314 87

\$11150 00

SCHOOL INSPECTORS SALARIES.—Continued.

TO WHOM PAID.	OBJECT.	\$	cts.	\$	cts.	\$	cts.
Lyster, Rev. W. G.....	Brought over.....	14150	00	.....	.....	316314	87
Laplante, L. M.....	Counties of Bonaventure and Gaspé, Protestant Schools, at.....	500	00				
Lefebvre, David.....	Counties of Nicolet and Yamaska, at.....	850	00				
Lamarche, Z. H.....	Counties of Champlain and part of Portneuf, at.....	800	00				
Lévesque, L. N.....	Counties of Iberville, St Jean and Napierville, at.....	800	00				
Magrath, B.....	County of Arthabaska, at.....	800	00				
McLoughlin, J. A.....	Counties of Ottawa and Pontiac, Protestant Schools, at.....	700	00				
McMahon, M.D., Felix S.....	Counties of Missisquoi, Bromo, and Protestant Schools of Shelburne, at.....	800	00				
Pilon, Anthimo.....	Counties of Jacques Cartier, Hochelaga, Vaudreuil, Soulanges, and Catholic Schools of Montreal City, at 1000	1000	00				
Painchaud, J. B. F.....	Counties of Laval, Terrebonne, Deux Montagnes and part of Argenteuil, at.....	800	00				
Prémont, Joseph.....	Isles de la Magdeleine, at.....	125	00				
Savard, Edouard.....	Counties of Montmorency and Quebec, Catholic Schools, at.....	800	00				
Stenson, M.....	County of Chicoutimi, at.....	700	00				
Tremblay, T.....	Counties of Richmond, Wolfe, Compton, Stanstead and Sherbrooke, Catholic Schools, at.....	1000	00				
Thompson, W.....	County of Gaspé, Catholic Schools, at.....	700	00				
Tanguay, George.....	Counties of Megantic, Dorchester, Beauce, Wolfe and Compton, Protestant Schools, at.....	700	00				
Tétrault, Ambroise.....	Counties of Kamouraska and Temiscouata, at.....	1000	00				
Vien, G. S.....	Counties of Maskinongé and St. Maurice, at.....	800	00				
Brault, Calixto.....	Counties of Beauce, and part of Megantic, at.....	800	00				
	Counties of Jacques Cartier, Soulanges and Vaudreuil, at 800	800	00				
	Special Inspector, \$250, and travelling expenses \$64.59	314	59				
	do do do 55.00	305	00				
	Deposited at credit of Protestant Committee of Council of Public Instruction.	18	35				
	Deposited at credit of Catholic Committee of Council of Public Instruction.....	2501	86				
				28625	00		
				3134	80		
	Total School Inspectors.....			\$31759	80		
						31759	80

POOR MUNICIPALITIES.			
Argenteuil.			
David Staniforth.....	Arundel.....	20 00	
John Ostrom.....	Chatham, No. 1.....	\$ 15 00	
Gédéon Sarasin.....	do No. 1 [diss].....	20 00	
John Rogers.....	Gore.....	35 00	
A. B. Filior.....	Grenville, No. 2 [diss].....	15 00	
James Reid.....	do No. 3.....	20 00	
John Shaw.....	Harrington, No. 1.....	20 00	
Wm. Byrns.....	do No. 2.....	20 00	
Jos. Lavigne.....	Lachute [diss].....	20 00	
Wm. Burns.....	Morin.....	\$ 20 00	
Isaac Jekill.....	do [diss].....	15 00	
Joseph Bryerton.....	St. Andrews [diss].....	35 00	
Charles Vary.....	Wentworth.....	15 00	
		20 00	240 00
Athabaska.			
Pierre Roux.....	Chester East.....	25 00	
David Bergeron.....	Elandford.....	25 00	
Camille Gélinas.....	Ste. Clothilde.....	25 00	
George Danth.....	Bulstrode.....	20 00	95 00
Thomas Henderson.....	St. Lin [diss] L'Assomption.....	15 00	15 00
Bonaventure.			
Alexis Poirier.....	Hamilton.....	\$ 15 00	
George Ross.....	do [diss].....	25 00	
Andrew S. Young.....	Hope.....	\$ 20 00	
Joseph Roussy.....	do [diss].....	20 00	
Archd. McEwen.....	Miguasha.....	40 00	
Solomon Cyr.....	New Richmond.....	20 00	
Rev. J. Gagné.....	do (Indian school).....	20 00	
P. D. Loisel.....	Paspebiac.....	15 00	
A. McPherson.....	Port Daniel.....	\$ 20 00	
William McDonald.....	do [diss].....	20 00	
Peter Ingram.....	Restigouche.....	40 00	
		20 00	
		\$215 00	350 00
	Carried over.....		348074 67

POOR MUNICIPALITIES.—Continued.

TO WHOM PAID.	COUNTY AND MUNICIPALITY.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
	Brought over.....	215 00	350 00	348074 67
	<i>Bonaventure.—Continued.</i>			
Rev. O. A. Drapeau.....	Restigouche (Indian school).....	40 00		
William Gray.....	Shoolbred.....	10 00		
Solomon Poirier.....	St. Charles.....	20 00		
Jérémie Pitre.....	St. Alexis.....	40 00		
do	St. Laurent	20 00		
	<i>Brome.</i>		315 00	
66 Narcisse Couture.....	Farnham East [diss]	60 00		
66 J. P. Langlois	Sutton [diss]	30 00		
	<i>Beauce.</i>		90 00	
Gervais Roy.....	Aylmer.....	26 00		
Magloire Beaudouin.....	Forsyth.....	10 00		
Matthew Moonan.....	Jersey.....	15 00		
Barnabé Tanguay.....	Shenley.....	30 00		
Rev. D. Lemieux.....	Saints Anges.....	25 00		
Philéas Lessard.....	Sacré Cœur de Jésus.....	25 00		
Léger Vielleux.....	St. Côme.....	30 00		
Rev. J. O. Naud.....	St. Séverin	20 00		
	<i>Bellechasse.</i>		180 00	
H. Lamontagne.....	Buckland.....	25 00		
do	Mailloux.....	25 00		
Stanislas Brousseau.....	St. Cajetan.....	25 00		
	<i>Berthier.</i>		75 00	
Thadé M. Dechêne.....	St. Michel.....	30 00		
J. A. Kereement.....	St. Damien ...	20 00		

Wm. Goudie.....	St. Gabriel [diss].....	20 00		70 00	
J. W. Alexander.....	Actonvale, Bagot.....	30 00		30 00	
	Chicoutimi.				
M. Claveau.....	Chicoutimi Village.....	80 00			
Augustin Potvin.....	Metabetchouan.....	20 00			
G. Lufroid Paradis.....	Eniatchouan.....	25 00			
Jean Gauthier.....	Ste. Anne.....	20 00			
Rev. H. Kerouac.....	St. Cyrille.....	80 00			
Edmond Boudreault.....	St. Fulgence.....	20 00			
Abel Savard.....	Ste. Félicien.....	25 00			
J. C. Lindsay.....	St. Gédéon.....	25 00			
Arthur Boulanger.....	St. Joseph.....	25 00			
Rev. Jos. N. Boulianne.....	St. Jean.....	25 00			
Joseph Pruneau.....	St. Jérôme.....	15 00			
E. Saint Hilaire.....	St. Prime.....	25 00			
	Charlevoix.		385 00		
67 Rev. W. Tremblay.....	Callières.....	20 00			
François McNicol.....	Desallies.....	20 00			
Joseph Lavoie.....	Petite Rivière.....	20 00			
Ant. Bouchard.....	Settrington.....	20 00			
Alexis Gaudreault.....	Ste. Agnès.....	20 00			
Achille Bhéreur.....	St. Fidèle.....	20 00			
Zéphirin Côté.....	St. Placide.....	20 00			
S. Guérin.....	St. Siméon.....	20 00			
Rev. Amb. Fafard.....	St. Urbain.....	20 00			
	Compton.		180 00		
Rev. M. Beaudry.....	Compton [diss].....	60 00			
H. E. Cairns.....	Clifton.....	20 00			
do	Clifton East.....	20 00			
André Aubé.....	Chesham (N. D. des Bois).....	55 00			
F. X. F. Rivard.....	Ditton (La Patrie).....	45 00			
John R. Nichols.....	Hereford.....	20 00			
George McLeod.....	Marston.....	20 00			
R. H. Wilford.....	Newport.....	20 00			
Argée Blais.....	Winslow North.....	25 00			
John A. McDonald.....	Winslow South.....	20 00			
	Carried over.....	\$305 00	1705 00		348074 67

POOR MUNICIPALITIES.—Continued.

TO WHOM PAID.	COUNTY AND MUNICIPALITY.	\$	cts.	\$	cts.	\$	cts.
	Brought over.....			1705 00		348074 67	
	Compton.—Continued.						
Malcolm McAuley.....	Whitton.....		20 00				
Jeremiah Doremus.....	West Bury.....		15 00				
	Champlain.			340 00			
Oréus Beaudouin.....	St. Luc.....		20 00				
Flavien Gravel.....	St. Prospère.....		20 00				
	Châteauguay.			40 00			
J. J. L. Dérome.....	Howick [diss].....		15 00				
James P. Murphy.....	St. Malachie [diss].....		25 00				
				40 00			
William Hart.....	St. Columban, Deux Montagnes.....		25 00				
	Dorchester.			25 00			
V. Lacroix.....	St. Edouard.....		15 00				
J. S. Ouellet.....	Ste. Germaine.....		25 00				
Rev. Henri de Brie.....	Ste. Justine.....		20 00				
J. E. Richard.....	St. Léon.....		20 00				
James N. Farrell.....	St. Malachie.....		20 00				
				100 00			
E. T. Paterson.....	Durham.....		25 00				
A. Guy.....	Durham South.....		20 00				
Antoine Grégoire.....	Kingsey Falls [diss].....		20 00				
J. H. Bourbonnière.....	St. Germain.....		50 00				
John McCaig.....	Wickham East.....		20 00				
M. Léonard.....	Wickham West.....		20 00				

Leopold Poirier.....	Wendover and Simpson.....		40 00	195 00	
Gaspé.					
J. B. Jalbert	Anse à Valeau.....		25 00		
John Lawrence.....	Barachoir.....	\$ 15 00			
Thos. J. Touzel	do [diss]	20 00			
J. A. LeBel.....	Cap Rosier.....		35 00		
Joseph Smith.....	Cap aux Os.....		20 00		
Philéas Roy.....	Cap Chatte... ..		20 00		
Michael Kennedy.....	Douglass.....		20 00		
Louis Fournier.....	Grande Vallée.....		20 00		
Charles Esnouf.....	Grande Grève.....		20 00		
Wm. Miller.....	Gaspé North.....		20 00		
Nicholas Bailey.....	Haldimand	\$ 20 00			
Rev. Majorique Bolduc.....	do [diss].....	20 00			
Peter J. Duval.....	Isle Bonaventure.....		40 00		
Richard Boulet.....	La Magdeleine.....		20 00		
Paul Duolos	Magdalen Island.....		60 00		
Joseph Lemieux.....	Mont Louis.....		20 00		
Grégoire Grenier.....	Newport.....		15 00		
Thomas Soucy.....	Petit Pabos.....		20 00		
H. A. L. Touzel.....	Roseville	\$ 20 00			
Louis Bouchard.....	do [diss].....	20 00			
Rev. L. A. Lamontagne.....	St. George.....		40 00		
Fredk. Coffin.....	York.....	\$ 20 00			
C. E. LeBoutillier.....	do and Gaspé South [diss].....	20 00			
Huntingdon.					
John McHugh.....	Godmanchester [diss].....		20 00	495 00	
Patrick Clarcy.....	Hemmingford [diss].....		20 00		
William Hassan.....	Huntingdon [diss].....		30 00		
John W. Curran.....	Havelock.....		20 00		
S. J. Lewis.....	do [diss].....		20 00	110 00	
L'Islet.					
Nazaire Caron.....	Ashford.....		20 00		
Jos. O. Aubut.....	St. Cyrille.....		20 00		
Maximilien Guimont.....	St. Eugène.....		20 00		
Carried over.....			\$60 00	3050 00	348074 67

POOR MUNICIPALITIES.—Continued.

TO WHOM PAID.	COUNTY AND MUNICIPALITY.	\$	cts.	\$	cts.	\$	cts.
	Brought over.....		60 00		3050 00		348074 67
	<i>L'Islet.</i> —Continued.						
R. Blanchet.....	St. Pamphile.....		20 00				
Rev. Jos. B. Souldard.....	Sto. Perpétue.....		20 00		100 00		
	<i>Joliette.</i>						
Russell Woods.....	St. Ambroise [diss].....		20 00				
André Beauséjour.....	Ste. Béatrix.....		20 00				
Venant Gaudet.....	St. Côme.....		20 00				
Pierre Robillard.....	Ste. Emmelle.....		20 00				
William Stevens.....	St. Félix.....		20 00		100 00		
	<i>Kamouraska.</i>						
F. X. Anctil.....	Mont Carmel.....		20 00				
Joseph Lehel.....	St. Elouthero.....		20 00				
Th. Oct. Michaud.....	St. Onésime.....		20 00		60 00		
	<i>Lotbinière.</i>						
A. Laflamme.....	Ste. Agathe, No. 2.....		20 00				
Magloire Dubé.....	St. Giles.....		25 00				
Eugène Boissonneau.....	St. Narcisse.....		20 00		65 00		
	<i>Levis.</i>						
P. Bégin.....	Bienville.....		30 00				
Cyrille Samson.....	Lauson.....		50 00				
Evangeliste Desrochers.....	St. Etienne.....		30 00				
Cyrille Samson.....	St. Joseph.....		20 00		180 00		
	<i>Laprairie.</i>						
W. J. Dart.....	Laprairie [diss].....		20 00				

John T. Adam.....	St. Constant [diss].....		20 00		40 00	
	<i>Megantic.</i>					
J. B. Rousseau.....	Inverness [diss].....		50 00			
P. A. Drolet.....	Inverness West.....		25 00			
Rev. Prudent Dubé.....	N. D. de Lourdes.....		15 00			
Joachim Delisle.....	Sacré Cœur de Marie.....		30 00			
Robert Korr.....	Halifax South [diss].....		20 00		110 00	
	<i>Montmorency.</i>					
Aug. N. Vézina.....	Les Crans.....		35 00			
Mathias Lachance.....	St. Adolphe.....		30 00			
Ferdinand Bédard.....	Laval.....		25 00			
Jos. Fortin.....	St. Joachim.....		25 00			
Rev. C. H. Paquet.....	Ste. Pétronille.....		40 00			
Pierre Goulet.....	St. Pierre.....		20 00			
Rev. L. Marceau.....	St. Tite.....		30 00		205 00	
	<i>Missisquoi.</i>					
Rev. J. Beaudry.....	Dunham [diss].....		60 00			
H. Guillette.....	St. Damien [diss].....		75 00		135 00	
	<i>Maskinongé.</i>					
J. M. Bayeur.....	Hunterstown.....		25 00			
J. O. Hénault.....	Peterborough.....		25 00			
A. O. Lavoie.....	St. Alexis.....		20 00			
Els. Germain.....	St. Didace.....		25 00		95 00	
	<i>Montmagny.</i>					
F. Montizambert.....	Grosse Isle.....		30 00			
Théophile Nicole.....	St. Paul.....		25 00		55 00	
	<i>Montcalm.</i>					
Jules Brault.....	Chertsey.....		25 00			
Noé Forget.....	Doncaster.....		20 00			
Fra. Thérien.....	Kilkenny.....	\$ 20 00				
John English.....	do [diss].....	15 00				
	<i>Wexford.....</i>		35 00			
James Green.....	Wexford.....		25 00		105 00	
	<i>Carried over.....</i>				\$4280 00	348074 67

James Woodrow.....	Wright and Northfield [diss].....	30 00		
John Stevenson.....	Wakefield.....	30 00	620 00	
Pontiac.				
James Moore.....	Aldfield.....	20 00		
Hugh Matheson.....	Clarendon.....	20 00		
G. B. Anderson.....	Leslie.....	20 00		
Jas. Carswell.....	Litohfield.....	20 00		
John Turnbull.....	Mansfield.....	25 00		
James Moore.....	Onslow North.....	20 00		
W. H. Meredith.....	Quyoun.....	20 00		
Joseph Martin.....	Thorne.....	15 00	160 00	
Portneuf.				
Francis White.....	Portneuf [diss].....	20 00		
Pierre Julien.....	Ste. Cathérine.....	40 00		
Joseph Rhéaume.....	Ste. Jeanne.....	10 00		
Jos. Goulet.....	St. Raymond.....	80 00		
A. Gédéon Trottier.....	St. Ubalde.....	25 00	175 00	
Quebec.				
Wm. Pennington.....	Beauport [diss].....	20 00		
Onésime Voyer.....	Cap Rouge.....	30 00		
Jos. Bédard.....	Roche Plate.....	20 00		
Bernard Connors.....	Stoneham.....	\$ 25 00		
Wm. Craig.....	do [diss].....	20 00		
		45 00		
George Anderson.....	St. Dunstan.....	\$ 20 00		
Andrew Fitzgerald.....	do [diss].....	25 00		
Ulric L'Heureux.....	Ste. Foye.....	45 00		
Wm. McBain.....	St. Gabriel East No. 1.....	20 00		
James Hicks.....	do No. 2.....	30 00		
George Todd.....	do West.....	30 00		
Thos. O'Neill.....	St. Roch North [diss].....	30 00		
Ant. Rousseau.....	St. Sauveur.....	20 00		
J. L. Bell.....	do [diss].....	45 00		
Elie Plamondon.....	Tewkesbury No. 1.....	20 00		
John Devine.....	do No. 2.....	25 00		
		20 00	400 00	
	Carried over		\$5835 00	349074 67

POOR MUNICIPALITIES.—Continued.

TO WHOM PAID.	COUNTY AND MUNICIPALITY.	cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
	Brought over.....	.....	5835 00	348074 67
	<i>Rimouski.</i>			
Thomas Otis.....	Cherbourg.....	25 00		
Olivier Bélanger.....	Capucins.....	15 00		
Joseph Verreault.....	Dalibaire.....	15 00		
F. X. Gagné.....	Ste. Angèle.....	25 00		
Basile Ouellet.....	St. Anaclet.....	15 00		
Michel Servais.....	Ste. Blandine.....	20 00		
Clovis Morneau.....	St. Donat.....	20 00		
J. B. Lebel.....	Ste. Félicité.....	25 00		
Thos. Croft.....	St. Gabriel.....	25 00		
Abel Lavoie.....	St. Moïse.....	35 00		
Hilaire Fortin.....	St. Simon.....	20 00		
Ed. Talbot.....	St. Ulric.....	20 00		
E. Arthur Chamberland.....	St. Valerien.....	25 00	285 00	
	<i>Richmond.</i>			
Noël Ouellet.....	Brompton [diss].....	50 00		
J. Ledoux.....	Cleveland [diss].....	30 00		
F. A. Brien.....	Danville [diss].....	20 00		
do	Shipton [diss].....	30 00		
Edmond St. Onge.....	Windsor [diss].....	30 00		
do	Windsor Mills [diss].....	35 00		
	<i>St. Maurice.</i>		195 00	
Maj. Lesage.....	Shawenagan.....	25 00		
C. H. Contu.....	St. Elie.....	40 00		
Pierro Lacerte.....	St. Sévère.....	25 00		
	<i>Lennoxville [diss] Sherbrooke.....</i>	50 00	90 00	
Rev. J. B. Allard.....			60 00	

Shefford.				
Léonard W. Weed.....		40 00		
F. X. David		45 00		
J. H. Mayotte.....		30 00		
F. Gatién.....		30 00		
S. Lapalme.....		50 00		
Enéebe Chagnon.....		20 00		
Cyrille Busière		20 00		
Stanislas Buchand.....		30 00		
			265 00	
Saguenay.				
Rev. O. L. Parent.....		25 00		
Rev. Jos. Pinel.....		20 00		
Rev. C. L. Parent.....		20 00		
Rev. Père Arnaud.....		40 00		
David Ouellet.....		25 00		
Jacques Duguay.....		40 00		
J. A. Pélissier.....		20 00		
Rev. F. Gendron.....		25 00		
P. Vigneau.....		40 00		
Rev. C. L. Parent.....		25 00		
Auguste Gaudreault.....		25 00		
Louis Harper.....		30 00		
Rev. F. Gendron.....		25 00		
			385 00	
Stanstead.				
Barnston [diss].....		50 00		
Barford [diss].....		40 00		
Coaticook [diss].....		50 00		
Hatley [diss].....		40 00		
			180 00	
Wm. Harty.....		30 00		
			30 00	
Témiscouata.				
N. D. du Lac.....		20 00		
N. D. du Portage.....		20 00		
N. D. des Sept Douleurs.....		25 00		
St. Antonin.....		10 00		
St. Clément.....		30 00		
St. François.....		25 00		
		\$180 00		
Carried over.....			7315 00	
				848074 67

POOR MUNICIPALITIES.—Continued.

TO WHOM PAID.	COUNTY AND MUNICIPALITY.	\$	cts.	\$	cts.	\$	cts.
	Brought over.....		130 00		7315 00		348074 67
	<i>Témiscouata,—Continued.</i>						
Bruno Dumais.....	St. François Xavier.....		25 00				
Cléophas LeBel.....	St. Honoré.....		25 00				
Rev. J. B. Monteuil.....	St. Hubert.....		20 00				
H. Boucher.....	St. Jean de Dieu.....		25 00				
P. H. Pelletier.....	St. Louis.....		30 00				
P. A. Gamache.....	St. Modeste.....		15 00				
Thomas Terrault.....	St. Paul Lacroix.....		25 00				
Antoine Dumont.....	St. Rose.....		25 00		320 00		
	<i>Terrebonne.</i>						
J. O. Lallier.....	Beresford.....		25 00				
Philibert Lafleur.....	St. Adèle.....		20 00				
Rev. J. L. Gaudet.....	St. Hypolite.....		40 00				
Théophile Legault.....	St. Marguerite.....		25 00				
James W. Jackson.....	St. Sauveur [d'as].....		20 00		130 00		
	<i>Wolfe.</i>						
George Fournier.....	Garthby.....		40 00				
Pat. Blais.....	Ham North.....		25 00				
E. S. Dorche.....	Ham South.....		25 00				
J. Z. C. Miquelon.....	St. Camille.....		20 00				
B. Hurtubise.....	St. Gabriel.....		30 00				
Luo Gosselin.....	St. Fortunat.....		30 00				
R. Boulanger.....	Wolfestown.....		25 00				
A. Guenette.....	Weedon.....		20 00				
Ol. Balois.....	St. Bonaventure, Yamaska.....		20 00		215 00		
	Total Poor Municipalities.....				28000 00		8000 00

BOOK DEPOSITORY.

C. Darveau.....	Books	Ing.....	382 75
Quebec Bank.....	J. A. I	notes	1653 75
J. A. Langlais.....	Books		161 12
Oscar Dunn	To pay	counts.....	1731 98
do	Livres	et exercices.....	1850 00
	Insurance.....		120 00
	Refunds to School Municipalities.....		208 98
J. C. Langellar	Travelling expenses.....		25 00
do	Salary, 12 months at \$2 per day.....		730 00
Aug. Raymond.....	Salary, 12 months at \$1.50 per day.....		547 50
do	Ink.....		24 68
L. A. Beaudet.....	Travelling Agent.....		310 00
Aug. J. Huot.....	do		323 50
	Rent of gas meter, blank receipts and sundries.....		8 10
L. P. Morin.....	Preparing geographical maps.....		351 00
Minister of Agriculture.....	Registration of maps.....		7 00
Hubert Larue, M.D.	Manuel d'Agriculture.....		594 72
Dawson Brothers.....	Books and merchandise.....		1745 80
Dawson & Co.....	Journal.....		6 00
E. A. Pfeiffer.....	Rent of Depository and taxes.....		400 40
J. S. Peters	Packing cases.....		13 00
F. W. Roy.....	do		45 22
W. M. Blumhart.....	Books and stationery.....		185 20
	City District Telegraph Co.....		10 00
	Furnishings and carpets.....		126 22
	6 boîtes des blocs modèles.....		30 00
	Freight and customs duties.....		17 20
	Books.....		269 02
	Desks, &c		31 50
	Stationery.....		93 95
	Maps, books, &c		137 25
	Books		62 00
	Tableaux.....		75 00
	Sawing firewood and general work.....		50 45
	Books and merchandise.....		1300 00
	Hardware goods.....		7 02
	Books.....		61 02
	Bill of Exchange.....		29 75
	School requisites.....		30 80
	2 leather trunks.....		25 00
	Books and stationery		1010 68
	Tinsmith's work.....		9 47
Carried over.....			\$14762 03
			356071 67

BOOK DEPOSITORY.—Continued.

TO WHOM PAID.	OBJECT.	\$	cts.	\$	cts.
	Brought over	14762	03	356074	67
Jas. Campbell & Son	Books	61	93		
Michel Blais	1 box with maps	7	20		
Rev. J. B. Z. Bolduc	Books	209	20		
John D. Emaek	Slates	48	90		
T. Lemieux	Books and stationery	1250	00		
Elz. Vincent	Petit Catéchisme et Histoire Sainte	98	40		
J. G. Hodgins	Maps, &c.	50	80		
Ford & Anderson	Plumber's work	20	05		
Chs. Montminy	Engraving	7	00		
Canadian School Apparatus Co.	School requisites	87	67		
	Total Book Depository			16603	18
30th June, 1879	Expenditure for year ending 30th June, 1879			\$372677	85
	Balance on hand at credit of Depository			46	96
				\$372724	81
	EXPENDITURE.				
	Common Schools	155000	00		
	Superior Education proper				
	High Schools of Quebec and Montreal				
	Compensation to R. C. Institutions for High Schools				
	Transferred from Marriage License Fund by Protestant Committee of Council of Public Instruction				
	Appropriation from Fund at disposal of Protestant Committee				
	Jacques Cartier Normal School	84814	87		
	McGill Normal School	15066	67		
	Laval Normal School	16200	00		
	Journals of Education	15733	38		
	Institutions for Deaf-Mutes	4000	00		
	Superannuated Teachers Pensions	12000	00		
		8000	00		

Prize Books.....	6500 00			
School Inspectors Salaries.....	31759 80			
Poor Municipalities.....	8000 00			
Book Depository.....	16603 18			
Expenditure for the year ending 30th June, 1879.....		\$372077 85	372677 85	
Balance on hand at credit of Depository.....			46 96	
			\$372724 81	
WARRANTS RECEIVED FOR				
Common Schools.....	155000 00			
Superior Education.....	78410 00			
Normal Schools.....	46000 00			
Journals of Education.....	4000 00			
Institutions for Deaf-Mutes	12000 00			
Superannuated Teachers Pensions.....	8000 00			
Prize Books.....	6500 00			
School Inspectors Salaries.....	31759 80			
Poor Municipalities.....	8000 00			
Book Depository.....	6500 00			
Book Depository receipts from sales and balance on 1st July, 1878.....	10150 14			
	\$360319 94			
RECEIPTS.				
Besides the above receipts there was transferred from Marriage License Fund \$6226, and \$173.87 from Fund at disposal of Protestant Committee of Council of Public Instruction.....	6404 87			
Receipts for year ending 30th June, 1879.....		\$372724 81	372724 81	
REVENUE.				
RECEIPTS.				
Jacques Cartier Normal School, pupils fees, &c.....	2000 00			
McGill Normal School, pupils fees, &c.....	1333 37			
Journals of Education, subscriptions.....	20 20			
Teachers subscriptions to Pension Fund.....	900 87			
Miscellaneous, books, maps, school acts, &c.....	97 35			
To Warrant, balance in Banque Nationale at credit of Protestant Committee of Council of Public Instruction.....	7 56			
		\$4449 35	4449 35	

EXPENDITURE.

		\$	cts.	\$	cts.	\$	cts.
	—						
	Of the above revenue there was deposited at credit of Protestant Committee of Council of Public Instruction.....		1340 03				
	At credit of Catholic Committee of Council of Public Instruction.....		2000 00				
	At credit of Honorable Provincial Treasurer.....		1108 42				
				\$449	35	449	35
	MARRIAGE LICENSE FUND.						
	Management of Fund.....		200 00				
	Transferred to Superior Education Fund.....		6226 00				
				\$6426	00	6426	00
H. J. Machin.....							

DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION,

Quebec, 1st July, 1879.

GÉDEON OUMET,

Superintendent.

J. H. RICHARDSON,

Accountant.

SESSION 1879-80.

Nos.		
1	Report of the Medical Proprietary Directors of the Quebec Lunatic Asylum for 1878-79.	[Printed.]
2	Report of the Commissioner of Agriculture and Public Works, ending 30th June, 1879.	[Printed.]
3	Public Accounts for fiscal year, ended 30th June, 1879.	[Printed.]
4	Report of the Commissioner of Crown Lands for 1878.	[Printed.]
5	Report of the Superintendent of Public Instruction for 1877-78.	[Printed.]
6	Annual Returns of Literary Institutions, Hospitals and Charities.	
7	Municipal Returns of the Province of Quebec for 1878.	
8	Judicial Statistics of the Province of Quebec for 1878.	
9	Statement showing the appointments made in the Civil Service since last Session, the 20th July 1878.	

 LIST OF SESSIONAL PAPERS.—Continued.

Nos.	
10	Report of the Commission of Internal Economy of the Legislative Assembly for the 12 months ending 31st May, 1879.
11	Copies of the accounts of L. Pelletier and others, wood-rangers for the last 3 years.
12	Correspondence in reference to the selection of a house and site for the Boy's Model School in parish St. Denis, &c., &c., &ct.
13	Record of the <i>Enquête</i> held on the conduct of Flavien Belleville, Esq., Justice of the Peace in the district of Saguenay.
14	Report of Walter Shanly in the matter between Duncan MacDonald and the Government. [Printed.]
15	Correspondence respecting the payment of \$500,000 by the Dominion of Canada. [Printed.]
16	Petitions or complaints against Alexis Paquet of St. Isidore, county of Beauce.
17	Copy of Concession Deed of the Notre-Dame-des-Anges farm by the Government to Charles Smith or others.
18	Superannuation of the Clerk of the Legislative Assembly of the Province of Quebec, &c., &c. [Printed.]
18	Supplementary return for order in council ordering the Superannuation of the Clerk.
19	Receipts and payments of the Province of Quebec for year ended 30th June, 1879.—Also, from 1st July to 11th of August, 1879.
20	Statement showing the amounts paid by the Government for expenses and pay of militia from 2nd March, 1878. [Printed.]
21	Reports relating to the discharge of a certain number of patients from the Asylum of St. Jean-de-Dieu. [Printed.]

LIST OF SESSIONAL PAPERS.—Continued:

Nos.	
22	Petitions to the Government touching the rebuilding of the Chaudière Bridge in the county of Levis.
23	Notices calling for tenders for the publication of an Illustrated Journal of Agriculture, &c., &c.
24	Copies of the order in council appointing J. J. Curran, Esq., Secretary of the Commission for the codification of the Statutes. [Printed.]
25	Statement showing the names of the Justices of the Peace in each district and date of their appointment.
26	Statement of all the sums of money paid by each city, town or village in virtue of sect. 3, chap. 8, 39 Vict., &c., &c. [Printed.]
27	Statement of expenses incurred for the last general elections in May, 1878. [Printed.]
28	Reports, plans and books of reference forwarded to the Government since 1st May, 1878, relating to Quebec and Lake St. John Railway.
29	Colonization grant since last session showing the amount expended in each county. [Printed.]
30	Number of cancellations made by the Crown Lands Department since the 2nd March, 1878, to date.
30	Statement showing all the confiscations of licenses to settlers in this Province by the Crown Lands Department since 1873 to date.
31	Statement of the sums expended for immigration since confederation, salaries and amounts expended by Agents for pamphlets, notices, circulars, &c. [Printed.]
32	Amounts paid as salaries or fees to the Commissioners named to consolidate the Public Statutes of the Province since nomination.

LIST OF SESSIONAL PAPERS.—Continued.

Nos.	
33	Amounts refunded to the Messrs. Hall, by the Crown Land or by any other Department. [Printed.]
34	Amount paid to Alex. Sands and G. J. Elliott, since 2nd March, 1878, for the arrest of George Bartley.
35	Copies of the last advertisements, calling for tenders for the heating of the Government buildings with copy of the specifications, &c., tenders received—contract or agreements for the supplying of cord-wood.
36	Copies of report made by H. M. Whitman, Esq., of prosecutions under the license law, up to the 29th November, 1878, &c., &tc., &c.
37	Copies of the contract for the furnishing of the Normal School at Montreal, tenders and correspondence relating to said contract. [Printed.]
38	Statement of the cost of the two terms of the Criminal Court for district of Joliette, held in September, 1878, and January, 1879.
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